PUZZLES TRICKS WITH ANSWERS

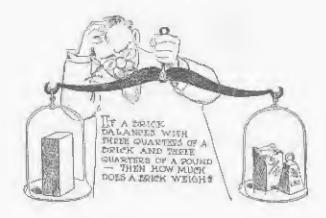
CYCLOPEDIA OF PUZZLES

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OF

PUZZLES

SAM LOYD



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PREFACE

The Cyclopedia of Puzzles presents to that legion of people, young and old, who delight in puzzle-solving, a comprehensive collection of puzzles garnered during many years of pleasant labor in the fields of Puzzledom. All the best of modern puzzle creations, as well as those of ancient origin, together with their solutions, are gathered in the Cyclopedia.

Almost every page may be regarded as a little family puzzle department in itself, containing as it does a variety of puzzles, simple and difficult, mathematical and otherwise. A lover of puzzles browsing through the pages, whether he be the veteran solver or the youngster who is just beginning to agitate his grey matter with riddles and word puzzles, will find abundance to feed upon.

Puzzling is a pastime of very ancient growth, rich in historical associations, and embracing much that is romantic, as well as scientific. The Cyclopedia abounds in those classical tidbits which, collectively, give us as true a history of the art and literature of puzzledom as may be written.

I have always treated and considered puzzles from an educational standpoint, for the reason that they constitute a species of mental gymnastics which sharpen the wits and train the mind to reason along straight lines. As a school for cleverness and ingenuity designed to make of study a recreation, and as an aid to both scholar and teacher, I dedicate this work to the school-children of America.

SAM LOYD.

NOTES

The Cyclopedia of Puzzles contains over 5,000 puzzles, tricks, conundrums, riddles, etc., of which about 1,000 are illustrated.

Solutions to the puzzles are printed in the last pages—from page 340 to page 384 in consecutive order. To find the solution of a puzzle turn to the solution pages, and note at the top the numbers of the puzzle pages to which they apply. It will then be a simple matter to locate the sought-after solution. For example: The first solution page, 340, as noted at its top, contains answers to puzzles appearing on pages 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14. Many of the characles and word puzzles throughout the book are accompanied by their solutions expressed in simple numerical cipher; that is, the letters of the alphabet are represented by numbers in corresponding order. For instance, the word "CYCLOPEDIA" would be expressed by 3, 25, 3, 12, 15, 16, 5, 4, 9, 1.

Such puzzles as are accompanied by their answers are not duplicated in the solution pages.

A PRIZE OFFER

A number of puzzles in the book have been selected as "Prize Puzzles," so of course their solutions are withheld.

A prize of one hundred (\$100) dollars will be awarded to the person who sends in the best set of correct answers to these "Prize Puzzles" before the first of January, 1915.

A feature of the contest lies in the fact that each solver must in the first place discover the "Prize Puzzles," which can be identified through the absence of their solutions, so do not write and ask which they are. That is for you to find out.

As the reader proceeds through the book he should make notes of such puzzles as he discovers have no given solutions. If complete, that will be the list of "Prize Puzzles."

There are no conditions attached to this prize offer other than that a contestant's solutions must be sent collectively-the answers to the complete set of "Prize Puzzles" forwarded in one envelope, and posted not earlier than December 1, 1915, and not later than January 1, 1915, addressed to SAM LOYD, New York Press Club, New York City.

If you do not succeed in securing answers to all of the "Prize Puzzles," nevertheless be sure to send in your best efforts, for a number of complimentary prizes will be awarded among those who rank highest in the contest.

The first prize of \$100 will go to the author of the best received. Best means best from every possible standpoint, correctness, method of expression, etc.

Mr. Loyd will personally superintend examination of all answers.

To be eligible to enter this contest it is not necessary to own outright a copy of the Cyclopedia of Puzzles. Several members of a family may send in their individual papers while working from the same volume.

years B. C., while ex- one to train parrots!"

pounding the problem of subdividing he circle to King Ptolemy, was interrupted by the irate monarch exclaiming; "I am wearied by such dull lessons, and refuse to burden my memory with stupid rules!" Whereupon the great mathematician replied: "Then your majesty will graciously permit me to resign the position of Imperial instructor. for none but a fool knows of a Royal Road to Mathematics."

'Right you are, Enc!" interjected Beppo, the court jester, as he pushed his way to the blackhoard," and, in accepting the position so gracefully tendered, I will proceed to demonstrate how the great principles of higher mathematics can be taught by simple kindergarten methods which children may understand and remember."

"Philosophers say:" 'what is

ISTORY TELLS HOW everything should be explained so pher, who flourished 300 who teaches rules would be a good

> "Dry mathematical problems are more digestible when presented in palatable form, and the mind becomes stored with valuable information when the Illustrations are gleaned from the classical tid-bits of history,

'Mathematics, which constitutes the most important branch of learning, forms the groundwork of the arts and sciences, and is so essential to the successful man of affairs, as well as the development of a clear brain, that parents should realize the advantage of encouraging an early love for puzz'es, tricks and problems among their children.'

"With the kind permission of your majesty," continued Beppo, "we will now clucidate the subdivision of the circle by asking Tommy Riddles, the court crier, learned with pleasure is never for- whose learning is limited to the gotten, but knowledge can not be science of simple addition, to show beaten into the head with a worm- into how many pieces it is possible wood club. "Pupils should not be to divide a German Pancake with made to commit rules to memory; seven straight cuts of a knife?'

"Furthermore, to add a point to Euclid, the Greek math- that they can formulate rules in the moral of the story of the sword ematician and philoso- their own language. A pedagogue of Damocles, which is shown to be suspended over our heads by a single thread, we will proceed to unpress it indelibly upon the memory by connecting it with a scientific and practical problem: Why is the blade of that scimeter always shown to be curved?"

Noting with pleasure the presence of the 'Pons asinorum,' the ass's bridge problem, which my distinguished predecessor has made famous as his 47th proposition, which proves that the square described on the long side of a rightangled triangle, termed the hypothenuse, is equal to the sum of the squares of the other two sides, I will ask the author of the 47th proposition to tell how many rails of equal length it would require to enclose a right-angled triangular field if one of the three sides was 47 rnils long?

"The clown's 47th proposition" will doubtless prove that many good mathematicians have much yet to learn regarding the wonderful principles of Pons asinorum which may be said to underlie the foundations of mathematics and geometry.

Note, -"Pous asinorum" originally applied to 5th proposition-First Book of Euclid-that "The angles at the base of an isosceles triungle tre equal to one anuther."



Proposition: Can you mark off exactly 50 points

were ten little dummies which you were to knock over with base balls. The man said take as many throws as you like at a cent a piece and stand as close as you please. Add up the numbers on all the men that you knock out and when the sum amounts to exactly 50, neither more nor less, von get a gemine Maggie Cline cigar with a gold band, worth a quarter.

Our money gave out before we learned how to win, and we noticed that lots of people didn't smoke any more Maggie Cline's than we did. The man who run the business said he didn't mind telling us that people give good -- to all, without -let their prediadices rain their or --- .

My chum and I were taking in the chances. An Irishman would althem from winning.

made exactly 50 points, and won a Maggie Cline cigar with a gold hand around it?

Puzzle of the Iceman

word ending in i-c-c.

At the time of the summer the iceman, whom no one should accuse of - or - . put up a that with-toward none he would

Accordingly, he supplied the poliside shows the other day, when we ways soak the coon, while the dark- ician with-, the lawyer with-, struck what the man told us was the les had it in for that Chinaman, and the doctor with a ---, the judge squarest game in the world. There as a matter of fact every one had with ---, the builder with a --their race prejudices which kept and a ---, the gambler and his --in their den of - with -, the Can you show how we might have bridal party with ---, the clergyman with a ---, the cat with -the drinker with —, the geologist. with -, the woodman with athe sailor with a -, the dentist with a ---, the dressmaker with a Every blank is to be filled with a ---, and no one with the ---

> But in spice of all his efforts to supply ide to ---, some people objected so srougly to his -, that at an - in his -, put the effect they applied to the - for - regarding a --- by which they might either push him into a --- or over



their names into a wonderful patchquilt puzzle, which they are going mence wherever you please and go from square to square, and see how many names you can discover. Beginning at N, for example, as shown by the lines, you can spell NANCY, but when you find all of the others you will know just how many scholars went to this school in Puzzle-

Sammy's Sketch-Book



If you can only draw a little bit you might find lots of things worth showing. Sammy spent a few days on the farm and filled his sketch-book full of interesting things. Here is tilts to the left. I drew that moon what he calls "pastural still life," The second view represents "a moving picture" of the same seene, show- clouds behind the moon." Who ever ing the animals getting up on their heard of clouds behind the moon! feet. As an elementary drawing The moon is always behind the lesson, you are invited to sketch the clouds, but I drew it to make her moving scene as it appeared to Sani- mad. my. Upon second thought 1 give P. S.—I sketched some hop vines

The children have worked all of that part of his letter which described this picture:

"P. S .- I want to say that the first to present to their teacher. Com- thing I did after getting here was to go to the barnyard, and I found that the story that horses and cows never lie down to sleep is a fake. I send you a picture I made of them as they were lying in the barnyard. I watched them a long time, and they never moved, except the cow, which had a piece of chewing gam in her mouth, and to be certain that the horse wasn't dead I bullered 'Shoot' And you ought to see them scramble to their feet."

> P. S.-Do you remember how Houdin, the famous magician, used to exercise his memory by glancing in a store-window and then telling how many things he could recall having seen during a one minute's inspection. He said most people went through the world without noticing anything. Did you notice the moon in my picture? It tipped the wrong way! The moon always to make fun of Nelly; she wrote a poem and spoke about "the fleecy

and what they call pole beans, but do you know how to tell which are the hop vines? Hop vines always twine round to the left, while the others twist round to the right. You learn fors of things in the

P. S.—The Smith boy was down here Sunday, I asked him how many eggs he thought a peacock hid. lie counted a brood of little ones and said "ten," I then told him that precocks don't lay eggs. A peacock is a a gentleman peacock, the peahens lay eggs. "You might just as well ask how many eggs does a rooster lay !" But Smithy is a city champ and don't know loss of things.

P. S.-Do you see that chicken looking at the dog? how do 1 know its a dog? because a cat can't have a white tip to her tail. If a cat has any black on her at all, the tip of her tail is black, while if a dog has any white anywhere, the tip of his tail will be white. You never saw a chicken meandering by moonlight in your life, nor did you ever see a hen with spurs | Did you think of that ?

P. S.—I drew this picture to see if you can illustrate the difference between a horse or a cow getting up; but talking about that chicken, can you tell why it is like a farmer? Can you tell that it is a large chicken? What parts of an army do you see? Why does it remind you of the gas man? What parts of a mountain do you see? What part of a kite? What part of a will? What part of a needle? What should it lay on the dressing table? What else does that chicken show that is interesting? Show the source of a river, three nicknames, something on a canal and part of a table.

P. S .- I won't wait to see how you draw the horse and cow getting on to their feet, because I guess a person has to live in the country to learn that a horse always raises bow end up first, while a cow gets up stern end first. The first horse and cow must have begun to get up that way, oh an awful long time ago, and all other little horses and cows did the same as their parents.





My first's the heart of honest trade,

Cypher Ans. 19, 16, 5, 3, 21, 12.

34. It is the belief of the ancients

35. He has my R. N. as a mono-

36. He broughht orses to Hannah,

40. In adusting the hahy-jump-

41. The calmest man is sometimes

42. Away they went and over the

43. The sale must commence at

44. Would you bid a cow or ox

45. What do you call Mr. Rarey?

46. The only animal taken was a

48. After singing a "te deum,"

49. The Ojibbeway retired and

50. They made a hue-and-cry.

51. You should see Parepa Rosa

52. Socrates consideredd a warm-

the Mosquite led on his troops.

Kangaroo. (An island.)

three crows on the bedpost.

38. I am her stupid sister.

fell out. (A country.)

race-course spun.

lake.)

to a hunter.

CONCEALED GEOGRAPHY.

It then becomes a public theft.

1, 20, 9, 15, 14.

Here is another Rail Road Puzzle, which illustrates a pretty mathematical principle and at the same When 'tis judiciously displayed, time points a moral and adorns But when 'tis of its head bereft. a tale which all might ponder over

to advantage:

"I am satisfied that some cows have more sense than the average man," soliloquized Casey, in his philosophical way. "My old brindle was standing on the long bridge the other day, placidly looking into that heroes' souls soar to islands of the water, when she spied the the blessed. lightning express, just twice the length of the bridge away from the gram on all his note-paper. end, coming at a ninety-mile an hour clip. Now, she did not waste untelopes to Carrie. the forty-eleven-millionth part of a second in alle speculation; she just as if alive. made a dash towards the advancing train and saved herself by the narrow margin of one foot, whereas, if mented, from a wren demented she had followed the human instinet of running away from the eys, I adjusted the baby, so that it train, three inches of her rear would have been caught on the bridge!"

"It would be a great thing if some made irate. (An island.) prograstinators, who never can make up their minds one way or the other, were placed in the position of my old brindle cow, so they had to one o'clock.

think quick!

"It is a pretty problem to reckon bury their dead? the gait of that cow, and to tell how far she was standing from the mid- A horse-tamer, I call him. (A dle of the long bridge! Can you country.) figure it out?"

A. REBUS.

A term for scolding, backwards read, Will give what all good people dread:

A character so base, that none The epithet would call their own. Rail-Liar.

A vessel reversed will give the but ah, of no avail, (A territory.) highest point, and a child's toy, Pot-top.

Spell one word with the letters: her bandbox. To Love Ruin. (Revolution.)

Why is a watch like a river? Because it doesn't run long without winding.

A REBUS.

Fair Bessie promised to bestow My first upon her lover, And much I hope that no dark Around the pair may hover.

Sweet Bessy's age is just eighteen. Of gold she has my second; On bearing off the lovely prize How many beaux have reckoned.

And now my riddle I'll conclude, And hope you'll not me quiz, For what I say is very true-My whole fair Bessy is. Cypher Ans. 8, 1, 14, 4, 19, 15,

What pudding makes the best

Tom went out, his dog with him; he went not before, behind, nor on one side of him, then where did he

Why was Moses the most wicked

Why are crockery-ware dealers different from other merchants? 37. A Psyche in marble he adored Because it won't do for them to

Why is a baby like wheat? Be-39. Kute can't tell a wren ce- cause it is first cradled, then thrashed and finally becomes the flower of

What is the difference between a hungry man and a glutton? One longs to cat and the other cats too

Through the Custom House.

Because theirs is a hard case.

so ant to follow them.

47. The moment I walked I saw men mean. Why must chimney-sweep ng be a very agreeable business? Because

bag. O soldier, your boaty. (A it suits (soots) every one who tries it.

worn out.

cricketer? A good batter,

go? On the other side.

man that ever lived? Because he broke all the commandments at once.

grack up their goods.

the family.

On what toe does a corn never come? The misuletoc.

Where lies the path of duty?

Why should turtles be pitied?

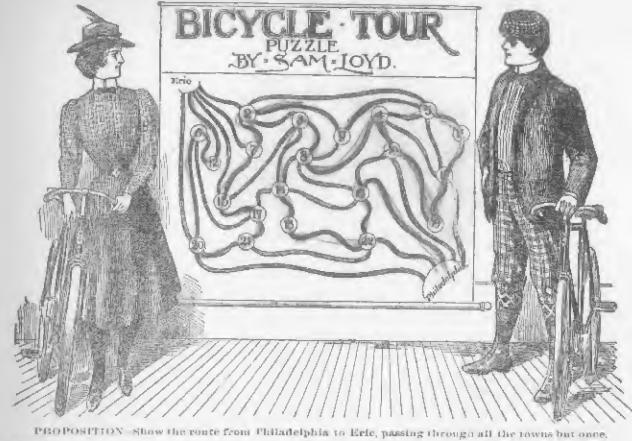
Why should young ladies set good examples? Because young men are

Why should the male sex avoid the letter A? Because it makes

Why is a joke less durable than a church bell? Because after it has been told (toll'd) a few times it is

Why is Ireland likely to become the richest country in the world? cram entomological specimens into Because its capital is always doubling (Dublin).

Why should you never tell a man to take a back scat? Because, if von do, he'll be likely to take af-53. King William wrote a letter



sociation have done so

to impact an actistic finish to many popular routes for the benefit of those who rate by the wheel or auto. Whether it is intended to round off along the paths, to throw poppy and colemially added

The map shows twenty-three promineut cities of the State of Pensylproblem is a very simple one: merely start on your summer outing and go from Philadelphia to Erie, passing through every one of the cities but once and without going over any road twice. That is all there is to it. The cities are num-

DW THAT THE L. A. figures. In this trip the usual mile in fifteen minutes encumbered W and Good Roads As- practice of getting there by the "shortest route possible, etc.," will

A Bicycla Mishap. Here is another metty bicycle puzzie which confronted Fred and the harsh corners and convert the cross state tour which was to cul- cribed. straight lines into graceful curves, minute at Erle. They had gone or to induce the mulicious fiends who some distance when Fred's sprocket scatter tire-puncturing carpet tacks wheel broke off in such a way that temporary repairs were out of sunflower seeds instead, is not made the question, and they were so reclear, but the idea is a good one, and mote from any hope of other assuggests the accompanying artistic sistance that it was deemed to be a map, with a prefty puzzle in- mere question of reaching home in the shortest possible time. The young lady could be depended upon to maintain a five-minute clip to varia connected by bicycle routes of the finish. Fred was an expert more or less artistic design. The rider who could keep up a threeminute speed when riding upon his own wheel-lest if he rade her wheel it reduced his speed to three and a hulf minutes

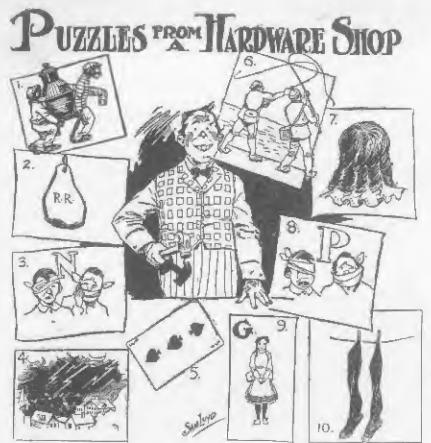
It was evident when the arcident orenred that some walking must be done. She could walk a mile in bered so as to enable solvers to des- twenty minutes, handicapped by cribe their routes by a sequence of leading a wheel. He could walk a

with the broken wheel.

An extra sprocket wheel was at much toward bettering be dispeased with. Just get there home and could be attached in ten the Lievele paths of the without minding the evelometer, minutes, so assuming they left home country, it is being suggested by the and get an answer by giving the at 10 A. M. and returned at precisely press that something might be done sequence of towns passed through 6 P. M., the problem is to tell how far they have travelled by their cyclomoters, if they had gone as far away from home as was possible in his best girl on that same circuitous accordance with the conditions des-



ing pan a matchless affair.



Here is a collection of pictorial rebuses representing well known articles which we see in a hardeware store. This puzzle is designed for the little folks who should soon be able to originate puzzles on similar

The Cashier's Problem



The bank cashier could tell some interesting experiences which occur to enliven the routine of ordinary business, and of some pretty problems of a very puzzling nature. What would you do, for instance, when an old gent, who, like the majority of mortals, is averse to figuring, pushes in a check for 200 dollars and says: "Give me some one dollar bills, ten times as many twos, and they will see in Wonderland, nothing the balance in fives!" I say, what in the entire category of her jingling would you do?

more than the description of the monstrosity of the "Horse with his head where the tail should be." The very suggestion is so inconceivably funny and gives such scope for flights of imagination that it will be a grand puzzle to discover who can make the best transformation, according to the well-known lines: See! see! what shall I see?

A horse's head where his tail should be.

We reverse the order of things in this puzzle, and will put the cart before the horse so as to give the answer showing the horse's head where his tail ought to be; now exercise your artistic ability and make a sketeli showing the simplest way to transform the picture and place things where they belong.

An Illustrated Proverb.



Here is a pictorial proverb, given to sharpen the wits of the little ones: Pazzles of this kind form the stepping stones to problems of greater difficulty.

A Rebus

Short was my life, and brilliant my

Behead me, I in lovely green appear; Behead again, I once was made to Save

My chosen inmates from a watery Cipher Answer.-19, 16, 1, 18, 11.

A Conumdram



Elementary Lessons in Algebra

If all of those little boys were scated on one arm of the see saw, how many girls would it require on the other end to keep the balance even?

A tecter tater illustration gives a clearer idea of the algebraic meaning of the two sides of an equation than could be acquired from months of hard study. Let us illustrate the first principle of algebra which tells us that like quantities added or subtracted from both sides of the balance do not change the equilibrium. We will solve the puzzle by the prin-ciple of cancellation. There are five boys on one arm of the balance and three on the other, so we cancel off three from each end. Then as there are three girls on one end and six on the other, we will cancel off three from both sides so as to leave two boys balancing with three girls. Startling as it may look, we find that two of those little boys weigh the same as three girls, so if the eight little boys were placed on one arm of the see-saw it would require twelve of the fat girls to balance them! You see to make the picture deceptive the little boys were filled with lead.

Why is a game of tennis like a party of children? There is always a racket.

What sweetmeat is like a person proposed for some office? The candied date (candidate).

Why is a sick Hebrew like an emerald?

Because he is a Jew ill.

Why is the printer like the post-

Because he distributes letters.

What is the difference between a sun-honnet and a Sunday bonnet? A day's difference.



Perhaps you may know That centuries ago My name the world was unknown; But now 'tis allow'd In the midst of a crowd I am nict with in every town

Though varied each lot, In life I have got, Yet nothing my course e'er endangers; And wherever I go So familiar I grow That I am nodded to even by strangers, My first, gentle lady, you give to the

> I am cunning and bold, For young or for old fear not, but bawl out aloud; Pugnacious, you'll say, For I knock down by scores in a

I lie and mislead, So I pray you take heed; My art's like a point of a thistle; Be nice in your choice, And my whole, when a contract or Take Franklin's advice, And don't pay too much for your

Cipher Answer. - 5, 1, 18, 14, 5, Cipher Answer,-1, 21, 3, 20, 9, 15. 14, 5, 5, 18.

A Rebus

In every hedge my second is, Express with four letters a sent-As well on every tree, ence of four words containing four-And when the schoolboy acts amiss, It often is his fee,

My first, likewise, is always wicked, Although it does no sin. My total for my first is fitted,

Is made of brass or tin. Cipher Answer. -3, 1, 14, 4, 12, 5. 19, 20, 9, 3, 11.

To show how little the patrons of the turf know about the theory of let readers seek a solution to the fol-mons running horse Cocumber?

A Charade

Who now breathes the fond wish

You perceive is needed in my

Whom with ardent affection, and

In my snug little second, secure from

We the helpless and innocent find;

You should give, the agreement to

A Puzzle,

Why are unprotected grates like

Because they are destitute of-

youth

of his soul;

the storm.

teen letters.

insolent beggars?

honor and truth,

bargain you form,

Answer .- 1 O U O.

lowing elementary problem: If the odds are 7 to 3 against Apple Pie and 6 to 5 against Bumble Bee, what odds as practiced at the race track, should be the odds against the fa-

Among the curious things which

Mother Goose tells the young tolks

rhymes excites the juvenile mind

A Charade.

A word, I know, will quickly show

And when transposed, will be dis-

Transposed aright, 'twill bring to

What hides them from our view.

"A Horse's Head Where His Tail

Ought To Be."

Cipher Answer.—5, 12, 9, 12.

What wicked people are;

A name they always share;

What all would wish to do,

If altered now, 'twill fairly show

closed

light.



ERE is a very pretty trick performed by Miss Carre Schwitzer, which rivals Betsy Ross' feat of producing a five

pointed star with one clip of the soissors. When Admiral Schwitzer asked his daughter to suggest an ensign for the Swiss navy, Carre scized an odd shaped remnant of red wall paper and skillfully divided it in two pieces which would fit together so as to form the Swiss flag with the white cross, as shown in her left hand.

When she was told of Betsy Ross' feat she said she could go her one better. She took a Swiss flag, as here shown, and cut it in two pieces which would fit together and form a perfect square.



Of course if you can make a Swiss flag from a square, it is just as easy to reverse the operation-cut a square in two pieces which will form the flag.

Carre performed other feats with the Swiss flag which we will take occasion to mention. When she had

Pilatus and wished to signal the fleet that a storm was rolling down the mountain, she took a square piece of bunting and cut it into two pieces which would fit together and form My first would surely have to pay the following flag-



In the Swiss language this tells of an approaching storm. Literally translated it says; "There will be a bot time in the old town to-night." Just to see how clever Miss Schwitzer was, try to cut the signal flag in two pieces which will form a perfect

Miss Schwitzer always acted on the square and was much respected on that account. She taught her Sunday School class how to cut three little squares into the fewest possione big square, and also the way to a Swiss cross, more recently known as the Greek cross. Try both of these



William Tell asked her how to charge of the signal station on Mt. make a Maltese cross and she replied "pull its rail." She founded the order of the red cross.



There are two very beautiful puzzles connected with this cross, which are worth knowing: Cut the cross in two pieces which will form a rectangle, or cut it in three pieces which will make a perfect square.

We shall take early occasion to mention some of the marvelons feats performed by Carrè Schwitzer in outting Swiss cheeses, and juggling with pans of milk at her Swiss milk factory, near the chalk hills of Luzeme.

A Charade

If you a journey ever take, No matter when or where, Before you can get there. My second you would scarcely see If London through you go; But still 'tis what I hope you are: Few better things I know. I say my whole with secret pain, Though hoping soon to meet again Cipher Answer .- 6, 1, 18, 5, 23, 5. 12, 12.

A Rebus

To warn you of danger before you we stand.

Which we're sanctioned to do by the heads of the land.

Our counsel unasked we most gladly

Some virtuous impression to make on your heart,

ble number of pieces so as to form But if you trespass, as you surely will find,

cut the three squares so as to form A punishment justly for sinners de-

Cipher Answer.—16, 18, 9, 5, 19, 20: 10, 20, 18, 9, 16, 5, 11,

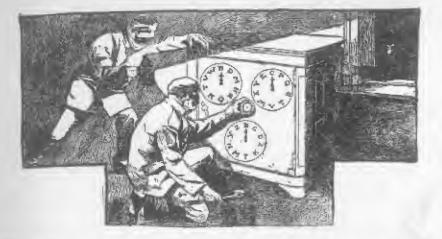
A Riddle.

A hundred and fifty, when joined to

Makes a fine garment that warms you and me.

Cipher Answer. -- 3, 12, 15, 1, 11.

THE LITERARY BURGLARS



combination lock, per-

puzzle pure and simple, and, indeed,

oldest writers on the subject as puz-

zle-locks. A combination lock is

nothing but a puzzle, and its safety

depends entirely upon the difficulty,

or rather the improbability of a per-

son guessing the right combination.

on opening a safe by guessing the

three letter word which serves as

the key. You can see that there

are but ten letters on each dial, so

you can open the safe by finding a

three-letter dictionary word, one let-

As comparatively few persons un-

derstand anything about the principle

of a safe lock, it will be of general

interest to give a simple explanation

first combination lock ever made; and

despite of the thousands of patents

and great improvements made of late

years, the principle is always the

same. I have taken out numerous

patents on improvements to make

who have large sums of money

locked up in their safes would feel

more apprehension if they under-

stood the real nature of a combina-

tion lock. It might baffle a burglar

for a month, but is just as likely

to be opened in from one to twenty

minutes. On several occasions when

I was called in to open a safe lock

the trick did not require fifteen min-

Look at the construction of the

of the inside workings:

ter of which is shown on each dial.

Here are two literary burglars bent

HE principle of a safe 1867 I was so lucky as to open three link, of the kind most French safe locks in less than half generally known as a an hour, but then at that time the French locks were absolutely worthrains to the nature of a less.

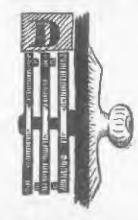
Let us take an inside view of that such locks are referred to by the lock the burglars are working on.



Each outside dial connects with a round disk or tumbler with a slot which must be placed in position to receive that crooked hook which we call the dog. You cannot turn the middle handle which draws the bolt until all three of the disks are in press against that little square dog. their proper position at the same them safer, but bankers and others time, and you can only tell when they are in their correct position by knowing the proper letters to which the lock is set. If there are only ten letters on each dial and there are but the slots. three tumblers, the burglar will probably open the safe in fifteen minutes, for 10 x 10 x 10 gives but I with a pen my first display; 1,000 possible changes, so the changes are he will hit it in 500 trials.

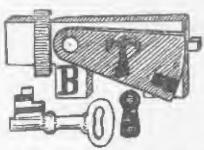
I give this primitive illustration of a three tumbler lock, because it is For those who'd hope for many years. During the Paris Exhibition of the same that A. C. Hobbs, the fa-

mous American expert, brought to me somewhere about 1851, when he picked the great Brahmah lock in London and won two hundred guincas.



The tumblers are placed upon one pin now, which is a great improvement. The dog (marked D) falls from its own weight into the nitches when they are placed in proper position. You can only turn the one handle, placing the tumblers in position one at a time. Turning three times forward, twice backwards and then one forward again.

The tumblers of the ordinary key locks are guarded much in the same



In the above illustration the bolt is kept from being drawn back to the right by the tumblers marked T. They turn on the round pin and The key therefor at the same time that it pushes the bolt back must have stop or wards which will raise the numblers exactly to the correct height to receive that square pin in

A Riddle

My next increases day by day. My whole is fraught with anxious fears

Cipher Answer.-4, 15, 20, 1, 7, 5.



PROPOSITION-What is the difference in weight of six dozen dozen pounds of feathers and half a dozen dozen pounds of guid?



ing the temerity to question the is asked with all seriousness, with correctness of the accepted answer prizes for the best explanations just which is that "a pound is a pound to encourage correct work, it is safe the world over. It recently so to say that it will be discovered that nile puzzlist, had the antique gem pearance in 1614. sprung upon him and gave an anssails of his doting old grandfather.

Of course, you have asked and dozen pounds of gold?

ERE IS ONE OF THE been asked so often regarding the old-time problems of our difference between six dos. pounds

pounds of feathers and half a dozen instances which will be mentioned.

Now, in this particular case, I searched through the musty corners great - grand - daddies of feathers and ball a dozen pounds of my brain to select a few antique which has been passed of gold, that the answer comes illustrations, with a rich chestnutty down through successive spontaneously without a moment's flavor, to revive, or rather arouse generations without any one's hav- hesitation, and yet, if the question that interest which one of those good old familiar puzzles never fails to elicit and which are often associated with pleasant memories of the long ago. My object, however, was happened, however, that a little no one has really attempted to prove also to show that by giving a new boy from Boston, who was a juve- the old problem since its first ap- set of teeth to some of these old saws, to prove that their sharpness Now what is the difference in has been overlooked by many of our wer which took the wind out of the weight between six dozen dozen puzzlists, in this as well as in other



EAKING ABOUT MY my first, and as a matter of fact most successful puzzle, I wish to say that it was origin-

ated nearly half a century ago under the following circumstances:

I was returning from Europe many years ago in company with Andrew G. Curtin, the lamous war Governor of Pennsylvania, who was returning from his post in Russin as a prospective Presidential canidate. We were walking the deck of the steamer, discoursing on the curious White Horse monument on Uppington Hill Berkshire England If you know nothing about that weird relic of the early Saxons the accompanying sketch will afford an excellent idea of its appearance.

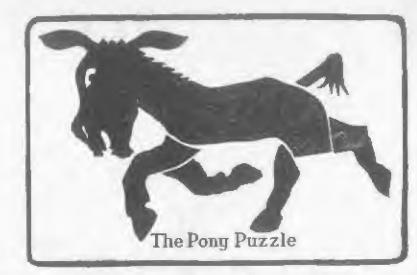


It represents the figure of a colossal white horse, several hundred feet long, engraved on the side of the mountain, about a thousand feet above the level of the sea, so that it can be clearly distinguished horse was the emblem of the Saxons, of to-day can solve it.

It looks like a patch of snow on the side of the mountain, but it is in reality produced by the green of a horse.

tion of this piece of ancient history, because it is but fair that Ethelred and Alfred should receive their share of the anothemes generally hurled at the inventor of the Pony Puzzle by those who see the answer.

After the white horse had been banteringly exclaimed



capital subject for a puzzle."

such a capital theme, I should have not require a five-dollar bill to probeen supremely stupid if I had not mote and to place on the market. evolved something in response to the challenge. So, with my seis- me into saying so much about the sors and a piece of silhoutte paper, pedigree of this old mag that I will I speedily improvised the accom- have to carry over to another time panying figure of a horse, which we some remarks of practical utility christented "The Pony Puzzle."

improve the parts and general form puzzles or other inventions to the of the old horse, and I realy did modify it in the version which I afterward published, but somehow I love the old mag best as first devised, with all its faults, so I now present it as it actually occurred ning from pole to pole. to me.

The world has been moving rapidly during the last decade, and used to be. In those days very few, at a disance of some fifteen miles. probably not one out of a thousand, taken in. It is more than a thousand years actually mastered the puzzle, so old, and is supposed to have been it will be a capital test of the acucarved there by the soldiers of men of the past compared with Ethelred and Alfred after their vic- that of the present generation, to

Trace an exact copy of the figure, very carefully, and then try to ur- give to a lady? A husband. turf being removed so as to show range them together so as to make That is all there is to it, but the en- he requires bailing out. I am thus prolix in the descrip- tire world laughed for a year over the many grotesque representations hood? When she lies at the wharf, of a horse which can be made with those six pieces.

> of "The Pony Puzzle," which re- former has shavers to raise. of more or less importance, and de- peck.

"Now, Loyd, there would be a voted much time and money, to my sorrow, upon the "big things." More Many a good puzzle idea has money is made from little things come from just such a tip; so, with like "The Pony Puzzle," which do

The garrulity of old age has led which I desire to offer to such as It would be a simple matter to are ambitious to present their public.

> Why are washerwomen great travelers? Because they are continually crossing the line and run-

What is the largest room in the world? The room for improvement.

Why is a street car like the heart puzzlers are much sharperthanthey of a coquette? Because there is always room for one more to be

When may a man be said to breakfast before he gets up? When he takes a roll in bed.

Why are teeth like verbs? Betory over the Danes, as a white see how many of our clever wits cause they are regular, irregular, and defective.

What is it that a gentleman has as shown, and cut out the six pieces not, never can have, and yet can

Why is a man just imprisoned the white chalk beneath in the form the best possible figure of a horse. like a boat full of water? Because

When does a ship tell a false-

What is the difference between a mother and a harber? The lat-I sold over one thousand millions ter has razors to shave and the

minds me to say that, whereas I Why are fowls the most economihave brought out many puzzles, cal things a farmer can keep? Bethoroughly discussed, the governor and patented numerous inventions cause for every grain they give a



PROPOSITION-Into how many pieces, of various sizes, is it possible to divide a pie with six straight cuts of a knife?



the recently formed Pie Trust: It having come to the knowledge

harity's Pension Français was cutting too many pieces out of one pie, which conflicts with Article V. of the by-laws, which says: "A dered a strike among the boarders ter Mary Janel until the grievance was corrected.

The sketch shows the madame explaining the limit of possibilities in dividing a No. 6 union pie, which problem will appeal directly to the hearts of the American pie-loving people irrespective of the beauty and importance of the proposition from a mathematical standpoint.

straight-cut-rule which affords an second pieces.

SHOWING HOW apportunity of varying the size and mathematics may be number of pieces according to cirdiscussed in a digestible curastances. As a matter of fact, form, let us look into the opportunity in the generally the following unique of pie of variable size is generally utilized to advantage by clever the new regime introduced by landladies who have mastered the problem. The star boarders, and such as pay their bills promptly, of the Boarders' Protective Union get the big pieces with plenty of that the chef of Madame O'Fla- nice crust, while such as are badly in arrears get frozen out, so far as pie is concerned. And what a volume of sentiment and appreciation can be expressed by the large union pie must be divided with six thick piece which the hostess serves straight cuts of a knife," the walk- to the young doctor who is suping delegates of the association or- posed to be attentive to her daugh-

But we are not dealing with the lessons and morals to be found between the crusts of a boarding house pie, we are giving a kindergarten illustration of Euclid's rule, which says in mathematical lingo; "Every line must intersect every other line, but no two intersections must coincide." which to the young folks Madame O'Flaharity is discours- not up in mathematical lore may ingupon the advantages of extending be interpreted as meaning that "the the greatest possible latitude to old tolks must be helped first and the practical application of the six- the children should not ask for

Royal Road.

The following free translation of a German poem, which appeared during the last century in a Heidelberg college p aper, shows the high estimation placed upon the study of puzzles in that eminent seat of

Children must be busy. Always something learning; Toys and playthings for their secrets, Inside-outward turning.

While the top is spinning The scholars wonder all, How it stands erect unaided, Why it does not fall.

While the top is humming, Still the wonder grows, By what art the little spinner Whistles as it goes.

Children learn while playing; Joining sport with learning; Pastimes, often more than lessons, Into knowledge turning.

Puzzles, tricks and riddles, Make the children clever, Leading by the Royal road, where Study is a pleasure.



PROPOSITION-Tell whether the cat or dog should win this race, and why.



NY years ago, when Barnum's Circus was of a truth "the greatest show on earth," the famous showman

got me to prepare for him a series of prize puzzles for advertising pruposes, which became widely known as the Questions of the Sphynx, on account of the large prizes offered to any one who could master them,

Barnum was particularly pleased with the problem of the cat and dog race, and published it far and wide that on a certain first day of April he would give the answer and award the prizes, or, as he aptly put it, 'let the cat out of the bag, for the benefit of those most concerned."

The wording of the puzzle was as follows:

"A trained cat and dog run a race, 100 feet straightnway and return. The dog leaps three feet at each bound and the cat but two, but then she makes three leaps to his two, Now, under those circumstances, what are the probabilities or possibilities in favor of the one that gets back first?

It looks childlike and bland, as Bret Harte would say, but the fact of the answer to be made public on the first of April, and the sly reference to "letting the cat out of the bag, " was enough to intimate to the public that the great showman had some funny answer up his sleeve. Can you solve the puzze?

A Study in Division.

Here is a cute little arithmetical study, told in the style of Mother Goose, which shows how in the days of auld lang syne the pedagogues were wont to punish the dunces in true Mikado fashion by mcking the punishment fit the crime.

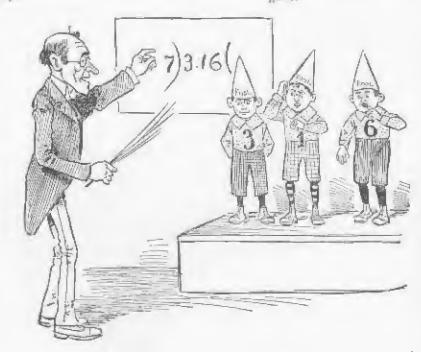
The sketch shows three little dunces who failed ignominiously to do that simple sum in division on the blackboard, so, as the story

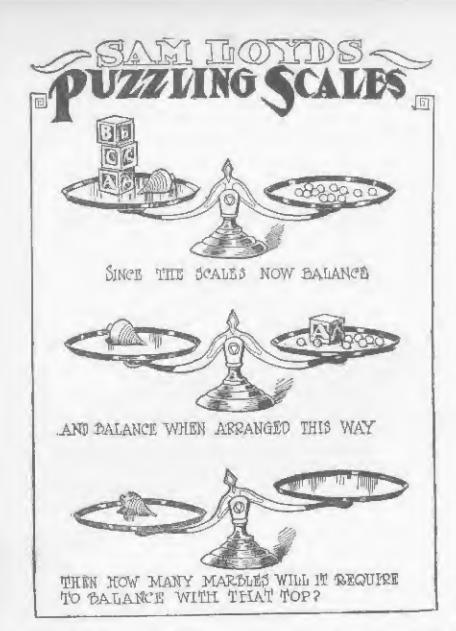
"Those stupid boys, who were so dumb.

They could not do a simple sum, Were marked with numbers three, one, six.

And teld those numbers they could IIIIX.

And find by many changes tried A sum which seven would divide! You will say the answer is so plain That all who fail, dunce caps should





Elementary Lessons in Algebra.

To some people the idea of adding a be to x v z, or multiplying letters together, seems the height of absurdity, and they fail to grasp the simplicity of algebra,

In the above puzzle we find a capital illustration of the principle of substitution and the adding of like quantities to both sides of an equation without affecting the equilibrium, so to speak, and an explanation of the reason for so doing to obtain other values. It shows the truth of the algebra axiom that "things which are equal to the same things are equal to each other."

In the first instance we see that a top and three cubes weigh equal to tion a top alone equals a cube and equal to the top!

eight marbles. Now let us add three cubes to each side of the second scales, and as the addition of equal quantities to both sides of an equation does not change their relative values, we have the same equilibrium. By the addition of three cubes to the second pair of scales we have produced the identical values as shown by the first scales. In the first case a top and three cubestwelve marbles; in the second illustration we have proved that a top and three cubes = four cubes and eight murbles; therefore if four cubes and eight murbles weigh the same as twelve marbles, four cubes =four marbles, so a marble weighs just as much as a cube. It proves therefore that one cube and eight twelve marbles. In the second equa- marbles, or nine marbles weighs

A Rebus

The Catholic Church my first main-

My next consists of poles and chains. Distinctive whole-may'st thou ne'er brand

With foul disgrace our native land. Cipher Answer,-13, 1, 19, 19, 1, 3, 18, 5.

A Rebus

Add two-thirds of an inn to a couple of asses,

You'll then see a brute that all other SHIDMSSUL. Cipher Answer.-1, 19, 19, 1, 19,

19, 9, 14.

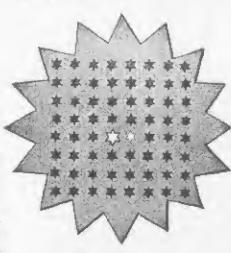
A Rebus

My first denotes a company, of any art or trade,

My second is a holy maid, whose yows to God are made;

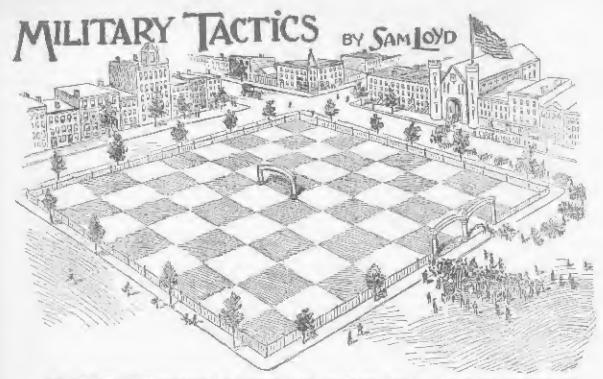
My third, though hollow in the bead, can make a wondrous sound,

My whole creates a cheerful laugh when mirth and wit go round. Cipher Answer .- 3, 15, 14, 21, 14, 4, 18, 21, 13.



Here is an astronomical puzzle which is supposed to show the erratic path of the comet Heclai, Commencing with the small white star, show the shortest possible course through the exact center of all of the black stars so as to mark them all off and end with the big star.

In how few moves, in straight lines, could the comet Heclai destroy the entire constellation of sixty-two stars, beginning from and ending with the white stars?



PROPOSITION-Show how a military division could enter at gate No. t, march across all of the sixty-four squares and leave by the other gate, after passing under the triumphal arch.

ders during a military procession to again! see the hero who whapped the mind has ever been entirely disdog, and, as a matter of course, no a public park. boy ever forgets his first dog. It

When the Civil War came on in predicted that General Scott would quell the war in short order. But of active service, and was compelled to transfer the leadership to Mc- fewest possible number of turns.

father's holding me up on his shoul- military tactics to get them out guessed it.

British at Chippewa and Lundy's scathing criticism of what were many other equally good ideas, let Lane. I do not think that my termed our holiday parade soldiers. us look at the following puzzle which

abused of the impression then cre- ful chess player, and now recall the Paddy's Pig." You see the garden ated, that General Scott was the fact of building a curious chess gate was left open so that his pig-ship greatest man that ever lived. The puzzle, which I intended to present entered and rooted up sixty-four idea was probably intensified a year to him, if occasion occurred, to it- hills of potators and escaped by the later when, during our war with lustrate the military tactics of a same gate, after making what might Mexico, in 1847, father gave me a division of soldiers passing through be called 21 right-angled moves

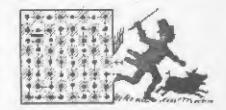
It does not require a knowledge was given to me on the day of the of the game, as it is a puzzle, pure battle of Monterey, and was ap- and simple; but to facilitate expropriately christened "Monterey planation, I have taken the liberty of marking the park off into squares, which resemble a checker board. 1861. I, in common with others, The problem, bowever, is quite pretty: Show how a military division should enter at gate No. 1, our hero, who was born in 1788, was march through all of the squares too old and infirm to stand the brunt under the triumphal arch, and out through gate No. 2, making the

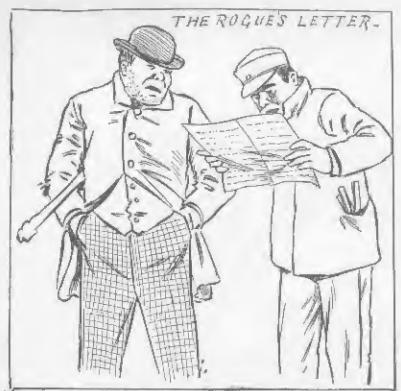
Mark an 8 x 8 diagram of 64

S SHOWING HOW Many yet live, however, who resquares upon a piece of paper and our earliest impressions member the sensation created by then essay with a pencil to pass over cling to us through life. General Scott's remarkable saying every square beginning and ending I recall that in addition to Secretary of War Stanton, to the at the gutes shown, and it is safe to the pardonable pride effect that; "While we have scores of to say you will make several atwhich all Americans felt in the name commanders who could march a tempts before you get the shortest of General Winfield Scott, my in- division of soldiers into a park, not possible answer, which is so pretty fantile imagination was fired by my one of them knew enough about that you will know when you have

As a further elucidation of this The remark was accepted as a same scheme which is suggestive of I know the veteran hero as a skill- we will term "The Wanderings of without crossing that black bar,

I am sure that the trick can ! done in less than twenty-one move and it is given as a puzzle for you to find out the fewest possible number of turns that the pig had to make to get all of the " murphies."





I think it was Sherlock Holmes, or some other noted detective, who recovered the booty from some great bank robbery by playing burglar and joining the gang. He tells about re-ceiving a rogue's letter which gave the names of certain cities which were to be visited, and which could readily be deciphered by the initiated. By way of illustration, let us look at the following rogue's letter, purporting to come from a noted pedestrian:

Dear Jim-I won the race. The track was at the Olympic, level and hard as cobalt. I more than won, for my position was central-eight before and eight behind. They had all a start from a half to a mile-to them a considerable advantage, but I can win on a run or walk and overtake and meander by-or kill-the best of them, Treading from early day to night the roads we follow.

ELLSWORTH."

It is a mixed-up sort of an epistle which will tax the ingenuity of our young puzzlists to decipher.

A Charade

I needed three and four.

two, three, four, five,

And started for the door, Thinking I would go for a three, four and five. I had not gone a square, When by chance I total there,

A Rebus

When grandpa wished my first to

My second he would always take, And handle it with skill,

Now, with your first tell me the

So guess it if you will,

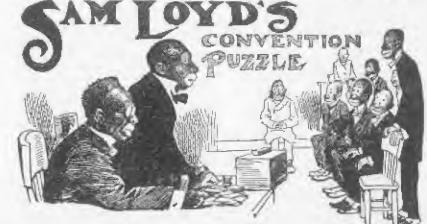
When can a moth grind corn?

Cipher Answer .- 16, 5, 14, 11, 14,

When he is a miller?

more; For whole and second are the same,

Does oft express what goes before; Curtail my last, and mark the pains Of industry to hoard a store, Curtailed again, my head replace, And you will greet a boyish face,



tary, "the call for a standing vote showed the motion to be carried by a majority equal to one-third of the By which I mean, you know, my one, opposition, but as that result was due to a lack of chairs to permit eleven this meeting?

wish to report that we find the minority has defeated the motion by a majority of one vote." Can you tell just how many votes were cast at

A Rebus

Deceitful, Godless, prone to deeds accursed

Must be the man whose ways are not

When sterile winter holds its chilly My second may be seen on yonder

Those who the path of honesty for-

My whole at last will surely over-

Cipher Answer.—10, 21, 19, 20,

A Square Word Charade

The first cliffs tower o'er the sea, Second, third, in land of Jews Did fourth away a vast débris And discovered Santa Cruz.

When speaks the fifth from her tower Hearts faint or break that feel its power.

Answer to the above:

CHALK HELEN ALIVE LEVEL KNELL

A Rebus

My whole a poet's name displays, Whose fame will last for ever-

Decapitate, and what remains

Cipher Answer .- 4, 1, 14, 20, 5.

"Mr. Chairman," said the secre- members from sitting down so as to record their votes in the negative, we

WHAT HAPPENED.



Here is a rolliesome little puzzle for the young folks, which presents possibilities for considerable humor and originality. The mischievous boy has been teasing the elephant at the circus, when the chain which held the elephant's hind leg broke and something happened! Just what that something was is left to the imagination and artistic ability of the

The elephant may have sat down upon that boy, or swallowed him, or stood upon his head, or in fact done anything which occurs to you. The only stipulation is that the picture must be cut into only two pieces, which are to be fitted together so as to explain what happened in the most humorous way, and the same will be reproduced as the answer to the puzzle.

Tell the North by Your Watch,

The following bit of valuable information is so closely akin to a puzzle that it is well worth giving at this season for the benefit of those who may utilize the same during their summer outings,

The incident occurred to me some years ago, but as the fact of every watch being a reliable compass is not generally known, it is worth telling. All you have got to do is to lay your watch flat in the palm of your hand, with the hour hand pointing in the direction of the sun, as shown in the accompanying sketch. The point

exactly midway between the hour by an American gentleman, when I hand and the figure 12 will be due expressed a wish to know which point

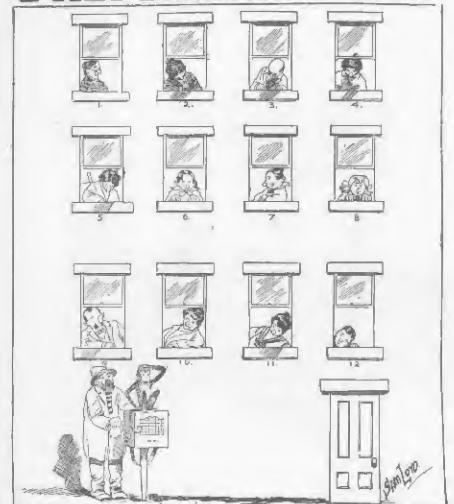
It is well to remember, however, that during the time from six in the afternoon to six in the morning our rules gives the north point instead of the south. In the southern hemissphere the rule will be reversed.

Some years ago, while taking a walk just outside of London. I was friend was quite surprised that I did accosted by a stranger, who asked to not know this. Thinking very posbe directed to a certain locality. I told him I was not acquainted with the names of the streets, but that if he would walk on east he would reach the desired place. I took out my watch and figured out the proper direction, at which he expressed great surprise, so I explained the method to him. I few days later I read the following paragraph in London Amali is proud of having been the Trullis

"EVERY WATCH A COMPASS. "A few days ago I was standing my American friend as a citizen."

was the north. He at once pulled out his watch, looked at it, and pointed to the north. I asked him whether he had a compass attached to his watch. 'All watches,' he replied, 'are compasses.' Then he explained to me how this was. (The modus operandi is explained above.) My American silily I was ignorant of a thing that every one else knew, and happening to meet Mr. Stanley, I asked that eminent traveler whether he was aware of this simple mode of discovering the points of the contpass. He said that he had never heard of it. I presume, therefore, that the world is in the same state of ignorance. home of the inventor of the compass. I do not know what town boasts of

THE MONKEYS PUZZLE



Can't Be Done.

You can't stand for five minutes without moving, if you are blindfolded.

You can't stand at the side of a room with both your feet lengthwise touching the wainscoting.

You can't get out of a chair without bending your body forward, or putting your feet under it; that is, if you are sitting squarely on the chair, and not on the edge of it.

You can't break a match if the match is laid across the nail of the middle finger of either hand, and passed under the first and third fingers of that hand, despite its securing so easy at first sight.

You can't stand with your heels against the wall and pick up some-

thing from the floor.

Don't try to rub your ear with your elbow, for it will be a failure, It takes a clever person to stand up when placed two feet from a wall with his hands behind his back and his head against the wall.

A Rebus

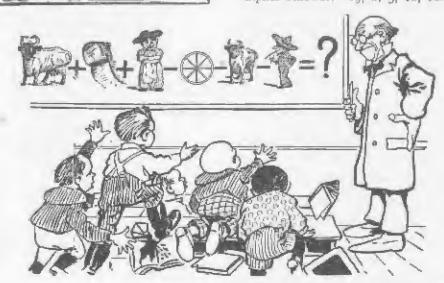
I dwell where mighty billows roar, Though sometimes cast upon the share:

Beheaded, then, alas! you'll find A name terrific to the mind; Behead once more, if 'tis your pleas-

And I become a simple measure. Cipher Answer.—19, 8, 5, 12, 12.

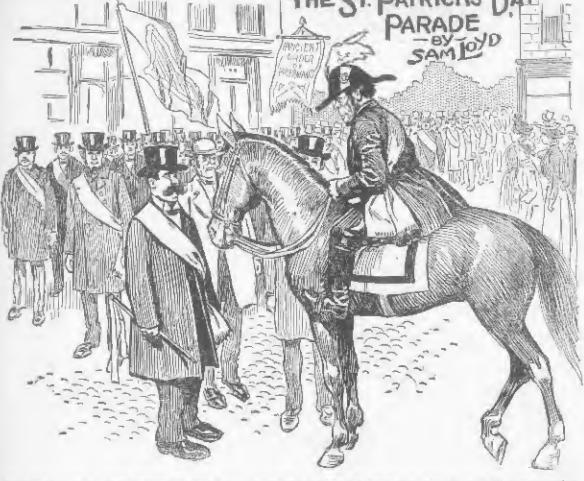
Here is the original story of the Seignor and the monkey house as told by an eye witness. You see, the organ had seen its best days and was sadly out of tune, but the Seignor's staying powers were inexhaustible and nothing short of a contribution from each of the tenants would bribe him to cease the eternal grind and move to other quarters.

Now that his andience is ready to capitulate, can you show Jocko the shortest possible route to clamber from window to window with his little tin cup to collect his dues, resting at last on his master's shoulder? The windows are numbered to facilitate a description of the monkey's



the names of all the articles, and simple puzzle.

Here is an elementary study in as to tell what remains. If you guess then cancel out all the - articles so arithmetic wherein you write down the names correctly it becomes a very



PROPOSITION-How many man were in the parade if it was always one man short in the last rank?

come famous. The Grand Mar- stricken funoral procession. day parade since he had become a row, as eleven would not do.

NENT THE RECENT that there was a vacancy in their for Casey in the last line. Then, St. Patrick's Day parade ranks which it was difficult to fill. although it strikes us as a silly an interesting and cu- In fact, it was such an entrassing superstition, it became whispered rious puzzle developed vacancy that it broke up the parade through the lines that every time which bids fair to be- and converted it into a panic they started off. Casey's "dot and

forth that "the members of the arranged themselves ten abreast, and that Casey's ghost was marching Honorable and Ancient Order of did march a block or two in that that no one was bold enough to Hibernians will parade in the after- order with but nine men in the last bring up the rear. noon if it rains in the morning, but row where Casey used to walk on St. Patrick's Day. Casey boasted of "the little fellow with the limp," of a century in every St Patrick's ize upon the basis of nine men to the saint.

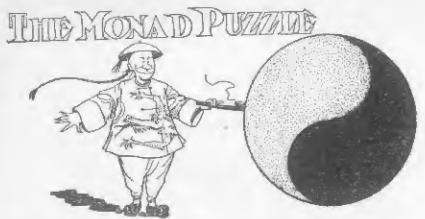
But again was Casey missed, and on with the immortal procession, seven, and then with five, four, object to out of school hours. and when the boys met again to do three and even two, but it was found honor to themselves and St. Pat- that each and every formation alrick on the 17th of March, they found ways came out with a vacant space

carry one" step could be heard, and shall issued the usual notice setting The lads, according to custom, the boys were so firmly convinced

The grand marshal, however, was will parade in the morning if it rains account of an intrediment in his left a quick-witted fellow, who speedily in the afternoon," which gave rise foot. The music of the Hibernian laid out that ghost by ordering the to the popular impression that rain band was so ampletely drowned by men to march in single file, so, if is to be counted as a sure thing on the calls regarding what had become Casey did follow in spirit, be brought up the rear of the longest procession that he "had marched for a quarter that it was deemed best to reorgan- that ever did honor to his patron

The question involved in this puzzle is to determine just how I will pass over the curious inter- the procession halted when it was many mer there must have been in pretations which may be found to discovered that the last row came the procession. It is a pretty probthe above remark, and say that old out with but eight men. There was lem which will interest the young age and pneumonia having over- a hurned attempt to form with folks despite of its going somewhat taken Casey at last, he had marched eight men in each row; again with into simple arithmetic, which many





the cross does to a Christian. It is if he were investigating the Keely the sign of Deity, and represents motor. eteruity,-the everlasting, as Chinese scholars express it .- and is to-day an the opinion that the sign has some object of veneration to over 400, recondite mathematical significance, 000,000 people.

Pacific Railway Company as a scal and trade-mark at the time of the organization of the company, and appears on all of its freight cars, quarters, and from the four figures bonds, stock certificates and adver- we develop the quadrature of the tisements, and it is familiar to every- eight diagrams of Feuh-hi." This one who has occasion to use the time- was written more than three thoutables.

of Chief Henry McHenry, who says he had no conception of its Chinese significance, but merely intended it to represent certain mathematical proportions. This fact I have only just learned, so it will be interesting to know how far Mr. McHenry's views coincide with my own as given in the puzzle connected with it.

The best thing I ever heard about the sign was told to me by P. H. Tighe, the famous manufacturer of base balls, who got the idea of the two-piece cover from the shape of the monail.

Attention was first called to the significance of the symbol by Rev. W. S. Holt, who is a thorough Chinese scholar, and is familiar with its meaning through his connection with Chinese missions. Several works have been written on the symbol which prove its great antiquity, and in them are given the various interpretations which oriental scholars

HE sign of the great Mo- explanations are so mixed up with mad, which was unwit- oriental theology, such, for instance, tingly adopted as its seal as the Yin and Yan, the male and by the Northern Pa- female forces of nature, and "the cific Railway Company, illimitable as adverse to the great means to a Chinaman exactly what extreme," that the reader feels as

One writer on the subject is of and quotes ancient Chinese works as It was adopted by the Northern saying: "The illimitable produces the great extreme. The great extreme produces the two principles. The two principles produce the four sand years ago, and yet, so far as It was adopted at the suggestion I can harn, has never been con-

nected with the mathematical "squaring of the circle," although it looks very much like it, and is suggestive of the following propositions:-

The first proposition is given as a simple puzzle for young folks. With one continuous line, divide the black and white parts of the Monad (the Yin and the Yan), into four pieces of the same shape and

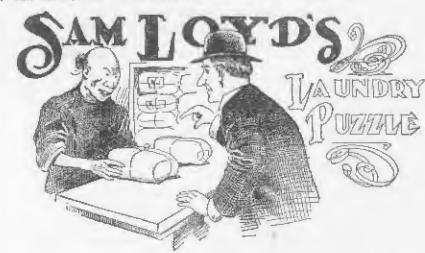
The second proposition is to divide by one straight cut the Yin and the Yau, (supposing them to be two pieces already, each into two pieces of the same size. This can also be done by those without any great mathematical ability.

The third proposition is to prove the "affinity" between the Monad and the "good-luck" sign, by converting the two horseshoes, as shown in Figures 1 and 3, into a perfect Monad, in the shortest possible way.



A Charade

My first, my second, and my whole, Are every one the same; In point of meaning, each and all. An oft repeated name.



their Ungerie, consisting of thirty have put upon it. As a rule, these but one-third of the collars, it should other package.

Charlie and Freddie having sent cost but twenty-seven cents. As four culls cost the same us five colpieces, to the wash, Freddie calls for lars, Hop Lee, who is a poor mathethe same and explains that as his matician, wants to know how much bundle contains half of the cuffs and he must charge Charlie for the



which will lit together and form a perfect square

COURSE, ANY ONE a puzzle or trick to a party of friends is ac-

quainted with Alec and his limbit of showing, or attempting to show, that he knows all about the trick before it has been explained. In case he happens to have seen the before those who take interest in such matters have a chance to try it. Even when it is new to him, he aims to show how it resembles something else which he can readily demonstrate to be superior to this one. Generally his explanation reminds us of the Persian proverb of "He who knows not, and knows not that is a pleasure to squelch him, as in of the square to be formed. the following instance:

pieces of similar shape and size.

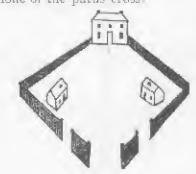
In response to Alec's buisterous who has ever presented offer to explain the puzzle to every one, Harry promptly replies:

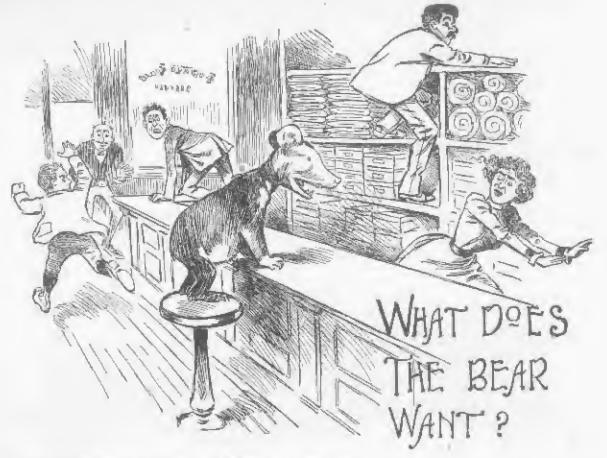
"All right! the puzzle is to cut this paper into the fewest possible gether so as to form a perfect square. I have forgotten the answer myself, but my friend here has kindly puzzle, he gives away the answer volunteered to explain it, so as to enable you all to win the handsome prizes which have been offered."

The puzzle is not so easy as it looks, and is liable to haffle an expert à long time before he hits upon the correct answer. The student will speedily discover that the principle of our old friend Pythagoras' problem is the key to the he knows not, is a nuisance," and it situation, in that it gives the size none of the paths cross!

Of course, there are innumerable Harry is about to show his young ways of doing the feat by cutting friends a clever cutting puzzle, the paper into many pieces, so you when he is rudely interrupted by will readily discover one of these Alec the Terrible, who believes it to answers. Herein, however, lies the be what is familiarly known among merit of the modern school of puzzpuzzlists as the famous old Mitre les which gives great scope for inpuzzle, which I sprang upon the genuity and skill, for while any one public over fifty years ago, wherein may find a fairly good answer a the paper is to be divided into four more clever puzzlist has an oppurtunity to discover a better one.

Here is an odd little puzzle for the Juveniles, which is interesting as seing one of my carliest productions, published more than half a century ago. It shows the original drawing number of pieces which will fit to- as done by a lad of nine and is given to encourage young puzzlists to attempt similar work. It is told that three neighbors, who shared a small park, as shown in the sketch, had a falling out. The owner of the large house complaining that his neighbor's chickens annoyed him, built an enclosed pathway from his door to the gate at the bottom of the picture. Then the man on the right built a path to the gate on the left, and the man on the left built a path to the gate on the right. So that





PROPOSITION-Can you tell what the bear wants?



STHIS PUZZLE IS A conundrum pure and simple, given as a reply to an oft-repeated query, as to "whethre the solv-

ing of riddles and conundrums should be looked upon as valuable cepted notion that winners can only mental exercise?" To which I would reply, that from a careful observation of such matters, it may more profitable style of play, of be said that there is no better eie- which it is narrated: mentary training for the mind. The benefits are so apparent when a party of young folks are brought together that it is safe to say that those who have not been accustomed to solving conundrums would readily be conspicuous for their dullness, for it can well be said that there are no stupids in the world of puzzledom. Nothing sharpens the wit, and makes the young folks bright and companionable like the study of conundrums, puzzles and tricks, so, as Dr. Wilfred Hall has most justly said; "Parents cannot be recommeded too strongly to encourage the practice of such amusements." The picture, which represents an enterprising little bruin making a tour of the dry-goods district, tells its own story. Therefore.

answer the conundrum: does the bear want?

The Players Who All Won.

As an improvement upon the acgain as much as the losers lose, I take occasion to call attention to a

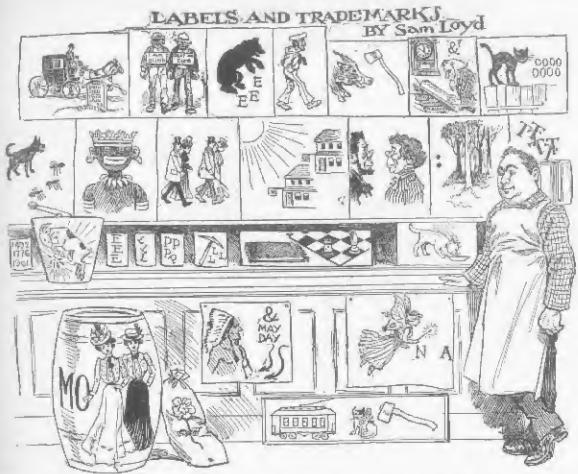
to answer this puzzle you need only "Four jolly men sat down to play, What And played all night till break of

They played for gold and not for fun, With separate scores for evey one, Yet, when they came to square accounts,

They all had made quite fair amounts!

Can you the paradox explain? If no one lost, how could all gain?

THE PLAYERS WHO ALL



some proprietary article which a solve it? manufacturer proposes to put on the market. Shakespeare did not the accompanying illustrations perrealize that a "taking" name is more than half the battle when he wrote: "What's in a name?"

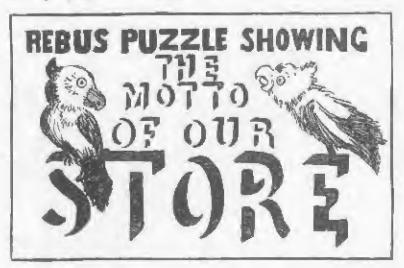
In my time I have designed quite a number of the well-known brands and trademarks, but as I am out of the business at present, I offer some suggestive tips to such of my puzzle friends as may wish to think up some bright ideas suitable for the grocery trade. The sketch shows an interior view of Brown's grocery store well stocked with the usual assortment of goods peculiar to the grocery line, the names of which you are to guess from the twentyseven rebus pictures supposed to represent the grocery labels of Puzzleland.

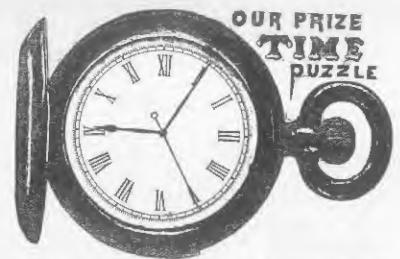
Once upon a time I designed the following puzzle for a prominent

PEOPLE HAVE tea house, who made it sa famous tain to a popular and interesting to the production or by rival firms in the same business. selection of names of Law suits followed during which I trademarks. It is a common occur- was called into court to prove that cace to see offers of from \$100 to none of the litigants knew the correct \$1,000 for an attractive name for answer to the puzzle! Can you

Charades or rebuses, as shown in

any idea of the amount throughout the world as a trade- class of elementary puzzles, which of brain energy devoted mark that it was soon imitated offer scope for ingenuity and cleverness. Any one can make them, and as we all love to guess the witty interpretations of these picture problems, they will always form an important introduction and easy stepping stone to the higher class of problems, which belong to the field of mental gymnastics.







at the same time and too slow, and the other one minute an hour too time,

fast, so that when I looked at them hour ahead. Can you figure out noon the watches must have started?

puzzle you: Ifow soon will the hour, half and quarter seconds. minute and second hands again apshown above?

immutable laws of the divisions of inch, is the principle which regulates time and are therefore purely mathe- all clocks, and even watches. The matical and mechanical. There are hair spring connected with the es-60 seconds to a minute, and 60 min- capement of a watch utilizes the trees to an hour, therefore there are elasticity of the spring in place of 3.600 seconds to an hour, and that gravity, is all there is to it, although there are many clever and very puzzling problems connected with watches and clocks. When I was a very little lad I learned that a pendulum 39.1 inches long would beat a true second. I was very fond of running so I used to carry a bullet attached to a string of that length, which would swing from a pin stuck in the fence so that I could time the boys racing. I became infatuated with the sport and have run many races in all quarters of the globe and in imnumerable cases can thank the early trai in, of my legs for saving my skin, and at times my life.

I may say, while upon the subject, that to run 100 yards in 9 seconds is the limit of speed. I have seen it run in that time, but there is no pro- little, B expands twice as much and fessional living who can do it. Amatuers and smart boys, with the aid of a bullet and string will find their lengths in different parts of the

STARTED two watches speed to be somewhere between ten and twenty seconds, and may defound that one went rive great pleasure, as by constant two minutes an hour practice they reduce their record down the fraction of a second at a

For practical use the bullet and again the faster one was exactly one string may be 9.8 inches long then it will count half a second in its from the dial at what time before swing from right to left, or one whole second in the swing of forward and Here is another one which will back; this enables one to count the

The remarkable fact of a 39.1 pear the same distances apart, as pendulum beating a true second in its swing, whether it travels two feet Such problems are built upon the each time, or one foot, or only one

> The only obstacle to perfect time indicating is that the pendulums lengthen when the temperature is warm. This fault is overcome by ingenious compensating devices for correcting the length of the penduhum by the use of two metals of different expansive power.

I once constructed a clock out of wood which kept excellent time. Here is how I utilized the "gridiron" principle to regulate the centre of oscillation. The rods A A are made of wood which expands but little from heat. B is made of metal which expands twice as much, so where A lengthens the penduluma

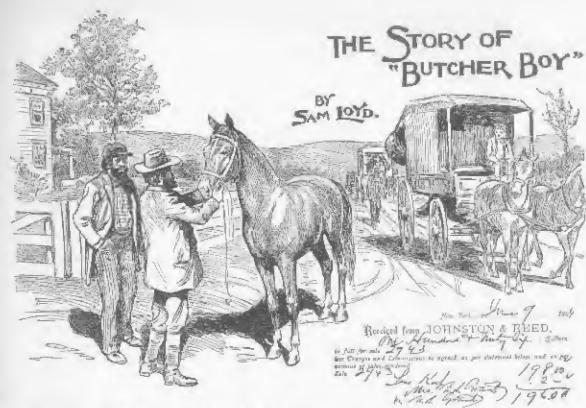
shortens it again. Pendulums must be of different

earth on account of the variable attraction of gravitation. The rule for getting the length of a pendulum is known by mathematicians as "pi times the square root of the length of the pendulum (in inches) divided by gravity."

A falling body goes 16 feet the first second; 3 times 15 the next second; 5 times 16 the third second, and so on increasing according to the odd numerals, 7, 9, 11 times as fast, and by this rule we make our clocks and watches! Here is a pretty problem to conclude with for the expert mathematicians to ponder over: If a pendulum vibrates as often in a minute as it has inches in its length, how long is it?

The watch was invented at Nurnberg at the end of the 15th century, but was of no practical value until Dr. Hooke invented the hair-spring in 1658. The time-keeping qualities of a watch depends altogether on the perfection of the escapement which performs the part of a pendulum, I have a \$1,000 Jorgenson repeater which rings the hours, quarters and minutes; times the horses and does all sorts of stunts. The manufacturer of an American watch presented me with a time-piece and asked me to keep a careful tally on the two watches for three months; I did so. and cheerfully give credit to the American product which beat the other out by one minute and ten seeonds. To show my sporting blood. I offer to put up that watch against the best chronometer in the world. the one which keeps the best time for three months to take both watches. As a boy I remember reading about the days when they depended upon hour glasses and sun-dials, so I constructed a sun-dial which kept perfeet time. Here is a pattern for the elever lads to follow after, which calls for no particular directions; Just paint the dial, as shown, upon a piece of board; let the pointer run up about at an angle of 45 degrees; set the dial very level with 12 pointing exactly north and the shadow indicates the hour. In the sketch it is pointing to half past one,







price recently paid at auction for an autograph of General Grant reminds me to say that

1 am the proud possessor of what I believe to be the last signature made

by General Grant.

The story connected with it introduces a somewhat pretty problem, and induces me to pay a tribute to Grant's mathematical ability, at the expense of the many who have sion here to say that while jour- mart of Johnson & Reed, who neving through life and jostling up against all manner of people, the fact has been impressed upon my mind that with few exceptions all successful men were those who endowed with a ready faculty for correct mental arithmetic. On the other hand, there is a class of neverdo-wells who guess or jump at conclusions in a reckless way, and cannot even figure up how much to pay on the dollar when the inevitable smash comes.

I could mention a dozen incidents connected with great men as illustrating their aptitude for correct calculations, but this one will sufaptitude for figures.

We all remember the story of how he figured his way into West Point, after that memorable jour- Grant's favorite horse, Butcher

OTICING THE HIGH he heard of the chance for a com- mentioned. Well, some years later, petitive examination. Professor after the Wall street entastrophe, West Point, with whom I used to Grant family, Butcher Boy and his play chess, used to say that "Grant inute were sent to the auction rooms had a great love for mathematics of Johnson & Reed, and sold for and horses.

> pick out the good qualities at a for them if he had been permitted to glance, and, oh, my! how he de- mention their owership, but Gen-

dumpt animal!

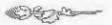
gave me the autograph from their sales book of 1884, as photographed in the picture. During the last term of his Presidency General Grant returned from his afternoon drive and in a humorous but somewhat mortified way told Colonel that made his crack team appear to be standing still He said he would like to know who owned the horse and if it was for sale,

The horse was readily found and purchased from an unsophisticated German for half of what he would fice to call attention to Grant's have asked had he known the purchaser was the President of the United States. The horse was of light color and was none other than ney for a pound of butter, when he Boy," named after the incident

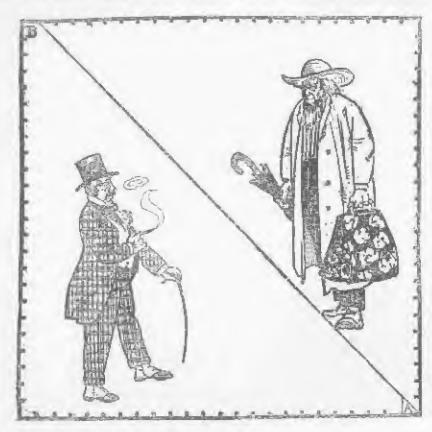
Agnell, the master of mathematics at which impaired the finances of the the sum of \$493,68. Mr. Reed said Grant did love a horse and could be could have gotten twice as much spised a man who would abuse a real Grant positively prohibited the fact being made known. Nev-My story turns upon an incident crtheless, 'said . Reed, 'you come no love for figures. I take occa- as told by Ike Reed, of the old horse out two per cent, ahead, for you make 12 per cent, on Butcher Bny and lose 10 per cent, on the other,"

"I suppose that is the way some people would figure it out," rehied the General, but the way he laughed showed that he was better at figures than some people, so I am going to ask our puzziists to Shadwick, who kept the Willard tell me what he got for each horse Hotel, that he had been passed on if he lost 10 per cent, on one and the road by a butcher cart in a way made 12 per cent, on the other, but cleared 2 per cent, on the whole transaction?

> It may be mentioned incidentally that Genera Grant stated that he had presented one of the horses to Mrs. Fred Grant, and as shown in the receipt signed for her.



THE GOLD BRICK PUZZLE



correct if you can do so. This, for 20 cents a pound! the fime being, we suppose to be the whom one meets at the hotel,

vided into 24 equal spaces; note as possible, the more accurate your that if the small lines were continued measurements are the more inexplicacross from border to border in both able will be the mystery, then give directions, there would be 24 times me the correct dimensions of the 24, or 576 small squares. If these rectangle so as to tell what has bemarks were one inch apart, then come of that missing square! This Mr. Hayseed would be buying puzzle which I promulgated in my 576 square inches of gold! Do early youth, is a decided improveyou see that diagonal line, rimning ment upon the time-honored problem from the corner of up to the second of the cut-up checker-board which I mark near B? Now, cut on that hias have already discussed and presented line end. Move the top piece up one in modern form. little triagular piece A, so as to fill in of Alexandria, who flourished 300 by counting the number of spaces formed the groundwork of all that along each side, and see if there are is known of the sciences. The first 8, 5, 1, 4-

This puzzle shows how easily a as many small squares as there were person may be deceived in buying before. In other words, see if it is gold bricks. Things are not always not 23 inches wide by 25 long. That what they seem. For example, take would make but 575 inches of gold the accompanying picture for a pat- that Rubens got and he thought he tern, and cut any size piece of paper was buying 576, so it is safe to say exactly square. Then mark off 24 that it is not even gold that he purpoints on each side, microscopically closed, but only brass, worth about

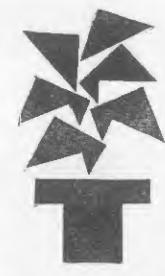
Now, put on your serious thinking gold brick, which is commonly pur- cap and study it out: The first chased from the affable stranger measurement was actually 24x24 and contained 576 square inches. Now Each side of the border being di- measure off those points as carefully

space on the incline and snip off the Euclid, the famous mathematician A king has kneel'd with feelings the top left hand corner. Now re- years before the Christian era, with measure the sides of the gold brick his great work upon geometry which

volumes contained elementary rules and theorisms, accompanied by rigid proof of their accuracy; but the last volume, which was devoted entirely to problematical fallacies, was unfortunately lost. That work, which might be looked upon as the culmination of his labors, must have been the grandest book ever attempted by the author. It has been described as a collection of problems or puzzles, wherein the student was to test his knowledge of the subject by detecting the fallacy concealed in the puz-

The gold brick problem is given as an illustration of a series of puzzles which I have planned to carry out Euclid's line of teaching, and which will be found to be scattered lavishly through these pages, always accompanied by explanations which will prevent the student from being mis-

The Hindoo Flower Trick.



Here is an illustration of the famous Hindoo Flower-trick. The fakir plants a seed in the hat and a beautiful flower at once appears; then he asks you to take the seven pieces and arrange them so as to form a Greek eross.

A Rebus

To thee my first in days of vore.

His loss my next will bring to view. But hope my whole rests not on you. Cipher Answer,-2, 12, 15, 3, 11,



PROPOSITION --- What is the poor little half-orphan kicking about?



Sherlock Holmes, the famous detective, I dropped into Dauber's studio one morning and found

that talented young artist put- called, the solvers who now carry ting the finishing touches to off the honors of this little compe- So positive are we about these facts a bit of canvas. He welcomed us effusively and exclaimed: "You are just the fellows I want. Here is an odd thing I have just finished for the exhibition, and am so both- kicking about? ered for an appropriate name that I will give a prize for the best sug-

gestion. "It would be like robbing you to take the money," said Sherlock, "the piece has its name written all over it, as any one with half an eye can see. It is a sketch from life which you have picked up on your travels. The father has just died, so, if it were not vulgar to pun. I should say the child's loss was aparent. The gay young widow contemplates marrying again, and the child is neglected and objects, and that is where the trouble begins. That, as well as many other points as plain as the nose on your face, are too simple to mention. It would be too commonplace, to suggest that the child is crying over spilled milk, for his grief is deeper rooted than that. The only question worth discussing is to tell what the kid is kicking about, so I suggest it be called the half orphan, and for the best answers to that conundrum, valuable prizes.

fame and fortune to the artist. The name "Half-Orphan" in itself

CCOMPANIED BY to have interpreted as being singularly appropriate. Although outpresent at the christening, not a tition will unravel one of Sherlock Holmes' characteristic mysteries. Don't miss the point of the query: What is the poor little half orphan



A Message in a Bottle.

Among the specimens of flotsam and jetsam which the tides and drifting sands cast at times upon the beach, nothing compares in interest with bottled messages, supposed to be the farewell words of shipwrecked humanity, giving a icicle. graphic description of the fate and almost forgotten vessel.

Such messages from the sea, in times past have told wonderful it might be interesting to offer some tales of shipwreck, privations and narrow escapes in a way that sugof the exhibition of course, and is being still alive in Arctic regions still? The road. now quite noted for having brought or on unknown islands, which, in some instances, have been fully cake when your only son eats it? confirmed. In the British collecwas a happy hit, which the public tion of such tales as have been for some inexplicable reason seems officially investigated and authenti- it is presented and discharged.

cuted are many proven to be true, which furnish clows to the fate of ships lost hundreds of years ago, showing that the messages cast upon the waves had drifted for centuries in mid-ocean before effecting a landing.

As a rule, the modren style of the paper, to say nothing of the year 1905 shown on a champagno bottle should throw some doubts. upon the genuineness of the document, nevertheless, the subject bears such a fascinating charm that the finders will not be influenced by such arguments as might discredit the truth of the wonderful narratives.

Here, for instance, is an oddity presented in puzzle form, assumed to have been written ages ago, and yet in these brief lines it tells so well side of the three persons who were its story that we can not only compute the probable number of cenliving mortal knows why it was so turies spent in drifting about, but we can tell the name of the writers that such little things as the name blown in the bottle; the modern style of language, as well as unlikelyhood of a shipwrecked mariner taking time to construe his last message in verse, carry no weight whatever. All we have to consider is the paradoxical or unnatural statements of the writer, which from their very unreasonableness furnish "confirmation strong as holy writ:" Now, who wrote it?

> A mighty ship I now command. With cargo rare from every land. No goods have I to trade or sell; Each wind will serve my turn as well:

To neither port nor harbor bound, My greatest wish to run aground.

What would you call a boy who cats all the green melons he can get? He is what we call a pains-taking youngster.

What is an eaves-dropper? An

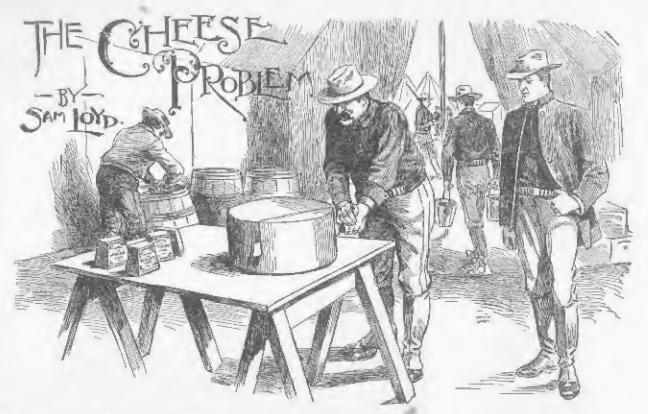
Why is a neglected damsel like which had befallen some long lost a fire that has gone out? Because she has not a spark left.

Why are bells used to call people to church? Because they have an inspiring influence.

What is that which goes up the The picture carried off the honors gested the possibilities of the writers bill and down the bill and yet stands

What becomes of the chocolate It vanishes into the empty heir (air),

When is a bill like a gun? When





the way that puzzle ideas come to us it may be said that the theme for a good puzzle can be

suggested by anything striking or of the scheme may require considerable time and study. Something in the ordinary affairs of life puzzles us a little by its oddity, and the thought naturally occurs, "If this thing perploxed me in its accidental form, when no feature of difficulty was intended, how would it be possble to increase the difficulty by dressing it up in true puzzle form so as to conceal the principle involved?

The problem must be posed in pleasant shape, so that the picture aids in explaining the terms and at the same time conceals its real difficulty by imparting what Bret Harte would term a "childlike and bland" simplicity to the whole story. The very name may be utilized to draw attention away from the trick, for, as an old philosopher remarked several centuries before they spoke United States, "Ars est celare artem," by which he meant to inform puzzle-makers that the true art is to conceal the art. Therein lies the main difference between modern and old time puzzles.

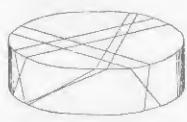
Chancing one day to be in a com-

ABOUT missary department when an assistant was portioning out chee . I was struck by the ingenious war in which he divided it, and the more I thought it over the more firmly I became convinced that I was indebted to the novel that one chances to see, but the visit for a happy suggestion which application or proper working out would eventually crystalize into puzzle form. I complimented the quartermaster upon the skill of his assistant, to which he replied: "Oh, that is nothing! You should see him cut piel"

I never had the opportunity of witnessing his proficiency in the dispensation of pie, but it seemed as if a piece of pie and cheese had got stuck in my crop and disturbed my until one day being called upon to produce an original puzzle, I drew a circle and called it the legend of the boarding house pie, which has since become famous.

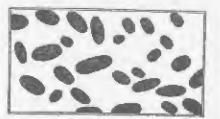
tains only to the superficial surface, as it goes no farther than square root or the second power, as the mathematicians would say. In the portioning of cheese we go below the surface into cubic equations known as the third power, for we have to consider the feature of depth

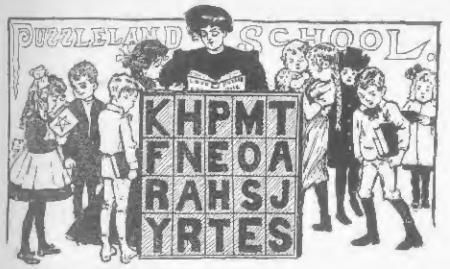
Can you tell how many pieces are produced by the following six straight cuts?



Passing the Japanese Mines.

The section of a chart of Japanese mines placed at the entrance to the harbor of Port Arthur is presented for the benefit of the young puzzlists, who are asked to show how a vessel might pass from the bottom to the top of the picmental digestion from that moment, ture by changing her course but once. Draw a straight line from the bottom of the picture to a certain point, from which you can draw another staight line to the top, so that the two lines will in-The cutting of a piece of pie per- dicate a safe channel through the twenty-eight mines or torpedoes.





Here is the patch quilt which the In order to explaine more fully the scholars presented last Christmas to Use take the following sentence: My first beneath my second's seen, their teacher in puzzleland. You "Sir Henry Clinton threatens an atwill find the names of all of the boys tack on Philadelphia by way of Dihidden among the letters. Just version in favor of Lord Cornwallis; spell from one letter to any adjoin- this has a little intimidated some few ing one on the square or bias as the Ladies of my Acquaintance." ladies say. Beginning with J you can spell JAMES as shown, but how many scholars do you think there were in all?

SECRET CYPHER.

Here is a specimen of the code used by Washington during the Revolution, with which some may be familiar. It appears to pertain to a complicated system wherein the words are numbered and not spelled out. In the translation the 11, 15, and 26 words are of, and yet they appear in the cypher as 420, 248 and 570. It was a letter written by Governor Marris to Gen. Nathaniel Greene, at the very time that Washington has been accused of winning American Independence by questionable strategy. It was public ly asserted that Clinton was to be attacked in New York, which prevented assistance from being sent to Comwallis in Virginia. The letter it may be seen, is dated just before. the grand coup;

Phila., 11 Sept., 1781. is that referred to in my Letter as and ask for the answer. well as in that from the Superintendent of Finance. It is the Cypher also of which the Commander-in- cha hkge shbwdw rj dqqdi tefi gef-Chief has one Duplicate, and conse- wildj? quently when you shall have received it you will be able to correspond with him, for which Purpose you may answer if you have deciphered it will let him know that you have it. correctly.

This being put into Cypher will stand thus:

13, 53, 64, 530, 555, 140, 290, 319,

613, 430, 248, 530, 24, 248, 225, 23, 613.

239, 500, 137, 436, 556, 85, 570, 114, 563, 500.

319, 491, 570, 34, 556, 438, 376, 118, 346, 290, 341, 524, 405, 162 615, 341, 225; 225, 290, 319, 603 263, 331, 581, 63, 539, 423, 406. 85, 556, 180, 23, 537, 319, 225, 650, 184.

I am very truly yours,

Gouy. Morris.

A Rebus

And moves at pleasure there; My whole's an arch of beauteous

Set up without a pier.

Cipher Answer .- 5, 25, 5, 2, 18,

A Cipher Dispatch Puzzle.



Of course there are a thousand and one different kinds of secret eigher codes for sending written or telegraphic messages. Some are difficult, while others yield readily to systematic or experimental analysis. The one most generally employed is the mixing up or transposition of the letters, which may be easily guessed, however, by finding from an ordinary column of reading matter the average frequency of the occurring of the dif-Dr General: The enclosed Cypher method, we give the following puzzle readers to unravel so many mysteries.

Odt kj jkssbjd teft gefwqdj rj bid terwn wrgedw tefi dqqdi teedi

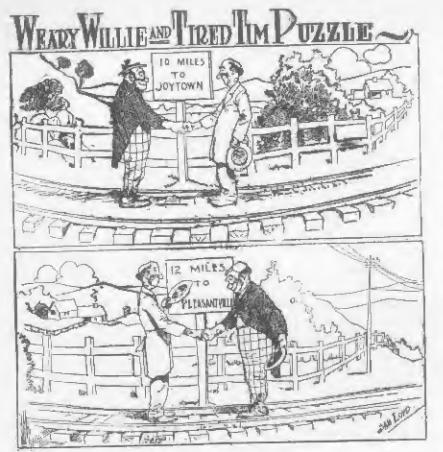
It will be found to involve an arithmetical proposition, which you

To those who have never considered the subject, it might appear that each letter is of equal importance in the formation of words, but the relative proportions required in the English language are these, a, 85; b, 16; c, 30; d, 44; c, 120; f, 25; g, 17; h, 64; i, 80; j, 4; k, 8:1, 40; m, 30; n, 80; o, 80; p, 17; q, 5; r, 62; s, 80; t, 90; u, 34; v, 12; w, 20; x, 4; y, 20; z, 2, It is this knowledge of how frequently ferent letters. To test your ability one letter is used compared with in deciphering that well known others that enables cryptogram

A Rebus.

My first's the heart of honest trade. When 'tis judiciously displayed; But when 'tis of its head bereft It then becomes a public theft.

Cipher Answer.—19, 16, 5, 3, 21, 12, 1, 20, 9, 15, 14.



"As showing how valuable knowledge, improving to the mind, may be learned from incidents which may trips. occur to a gentleman of leisure during a summer's outing," murmured Weary Willie, during one of his reminiscent moods, "I recall a chance meeting with Tired Tim on an urban branch of the D. L. & W. We exchanged the sign, password and fraternal grip and became acquaintfrom Joytown air was recommended for him at the same time that I was persuaded that it would be better other. for my health to leave Pleasantville. That is how we came to meet at a point ten miles on the road."

"We fraternized just long enough to become chuminy and swap diaries according to rule and then jogged on to our different destinations.

"Both towns proved to be overworked, and secret association marks showed the people to be so mercenary and uncongenial that it would be waste of time to larry.

"Accepting the escort of the attentive policeman who invariably rereturn by the same route to where what it meant?

they came from, we started as it appears, simultaneously on our return

That is why, as shown in the sketch, that I again met my erstwhile acquaintance, at a point twelve miles from Pleasantville, but I'll go you the beers that from the data given it is from Toytown to Pleasantville."

Of course, it is assumed that each ed at once. It appeared that a change of the pedestrians maintained his own respective gait, both in going and coming from one town to an-

A Pictorial Charade



When I was traveling through Puzzle Land, where every sign is a puzzle, every question a riddle, and you must guess the mame of everything you eat. I saw this sign over commended traveling gentlemen to a livery stable. Can you tell me

A PROBLEM FOR A JURY.

DGES are sometimes called upon to solve knotty points of law, which would bother the average puzzlist. Here for example is an old-timer which, so far as I am aware, has never been answered satisfactorily:

Polus instructed Ctesiphon in the art of pleading, and it was agreed between teacher and pupil that the tuition fee should be paid when the latter should win his first case. Some time having passed by, and the young man being without clients and evincing no ambition to secure business, Polus, in despair, brought the matter before the court. Each party pleaded his own case, and Polus, speaking first, said: "It is indifferent to me how the Court may decide this matter, for, if the decision be in my favor, I recover my fee by virtue of the judgment; but, if my opponent wins the case, it being his first, I obtain my fee according to

Ctesiphon, who was evidently an apt scholar, replied: "The decision of the Court is even of less importance to me, for if the verdict is in my favor I am thereby released from my debt to Polus. But if I loose the case, the fee cannot be demanded according to the contract."

A still more interesting case is said of a certain king who built a bridge and decreed that all persons about to cross it should be interrogated as to their destination. If they told the you can't figure out how many miles truth they were permitted to pass unharmed, but if they answered falsely they were to be hanged on a gallows erected at the centre of the bridge. One day a man about to cross was asked the usual question, and replied: "I am going to be hanged on that gallows!"

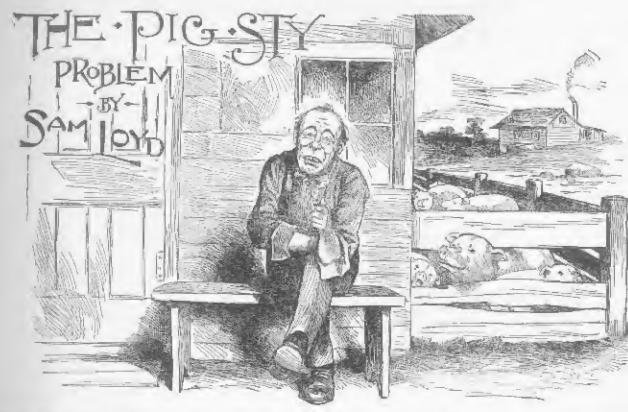
Now, if they hanged him, he had told the truth and should have escaped, whereas if they did not hang him, he had answered falsely and should have swung for it.

A Rebus

My first's possessed by all mankind, My second skims the wave;

My whole will dash through wave and wind.

In hopes my first to save. Cipher Answer.—12, 9, 6, 5, 2, 15, 1, 20.



EPLYING TO THE oft-repeated query as to how puzzles are originated; whether they come spontaneously like sud-

den inspirations or as the result of long and careful study, I would say that like the development of any other inventions, they come cither way; from a happy thought or from hard work, although in either cale the idea is generally suggested by some chance incident.

By way of illustration I will say that during my summer's outing, while scouring the country en-wheel, I ran up against a good-natured Hibernian whose apple orchard and spring of cool water made his little shanty a veritable Mecca for weary bicycle pilgrims. He was a unique character, and few of us ever came out first best with him in a passage of wits, as he had an inexhaustible thought of it as well, and there was stock of replies at his tongue's end one statement concerning his pigready for anything that could be sty which struck me as being so fired at him.

It will be interesting to know how talized in print when he sees the sketch I made of him seated in charmicite. The original picture, neatly

. You see, I was so foothardy as to happy family into four groups, so the pen, which seemed to touch him asked in his earnest way if I knew try it? why an frishman always builds a pig pen under the drawing room window? Then, after I had suggested conundrums, appropriate or otherwise, he told me in a confidential whisper which could be heard a mile that "it was built there to keep the pigs in." He begged me not to tell the reason to the rest of the party, who might think it a joke. During the journey home there was not one of that party who did not fall off his bicycle a dozen times in thinking over Pat's problem. Of course I 'odd" that I utilized it to get even drawing room window, dividing his of pieces.

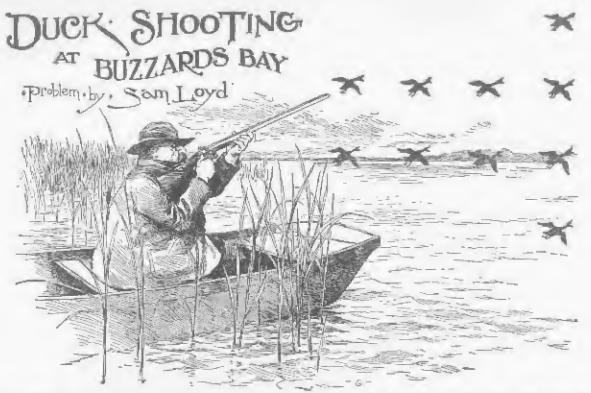
intimate that there was a certain that each pen contained an even bond of fellowship between us be- number of pairs and one odd pig cause we both made our living by It looks like an easy lattle prob less to divide twenty-one pigs in in his most tender spot, for he that way if you say it quick, but just

II you understand the mystery of Shakespeare's "divinity of odd numbers," show how Part placed his every practical explanation and com twenty-one pigs in four pens so that pletely exhausted my repertuire of each pen contained that odd little porker.

Peterchen's Pretzel,



Here is a simple little marking problem for the juveniles who have found the other problems someon the rest of the crowd. I can not what difficult. Little Peterchen he takes to the idea of being immor- tell it in Pat's own language, but it had a Vienna twisted pretzel, as appears that, believing with Rory shown in the drawing, and asks O'More in "the luck of odd num- his young friends to guess into how acteristic pose at the door of his do- bers," he had made it a rule to many pieces he divided it with one "bring up." as he suggestively straight cut with a knife. Supframed, has been sent by express to termed it, just twenty-one pigs posing it to be a real pretzel, draw grace his "drawing morn" in ac- every season. To accommodate a straight line which would divide knowledgment of 'one on the puz- them he built the pen under the it into the greatest possible number



PROPOSITION-By changing the position of the fewest possible number of the ten ducks arrange them so there will be five rows of four in line.



this puzzle inspiration ducks line up, and I may have hit is a familiar one to res- upon something which my uniform little problem for me correctly. idents of the vicinity of lack of skill as a marksman enabled Buzzard's Bay and m- mu to discover.

troduces one of the many problems pleasures of duck shooting.

is no sait water sport so exhibitanting the expenditure of powder and shot, to say nothing of the other lavish make-up of a great duck hunter.

in a line, it set me to studying the their positions, so it will afford me

I noticed that the birds invariably which, aside from the more question approached in two rows, with a corof a hunter's luck, have doubtless poral bird, so to speak, on each side been noticed by such as revel in the in charge of either line, so that, as shown in the sketch, one could figure Next to shooting the chures, there out three lines of four-in-row. Now just as soon as I got a line on four of as gunning for ducks, and there are these birds I would blaze away in few problems of a political or eco- the hopes of getting several birds nomical character which call for with one shot. I could readily have counters upon the ducks in the picsuch profound statesmanship and killed one hird or possibly two, but administrative ability to show a bal- my ambition to get four or none led ance sheet in favor of the internal to the result of my making the folreceipts of the game hag, as against lowing interesting discovery. As soon as the smoke cleared away, so that I could open my eyes, I would expenditures which pertain to the find that the ten hirds had reversed their direction, and were shooting There are a thousand and one away like a company of Filipines, to problems connected with the game. reorganize somewhere back in the any one of which would be worthy swamps. What I particularly noof consideration, but with which our ticed, however, was that while they puzzlists are doubtless more familiar came in the three four-in-a-row form than myself, so I only refer to one as shown, they invariably scooted little proposition which may be pe- away in the shape of five rows, with culiarly characteristic of my style four-in-a-row. Just how they made of duck shooting. Of course it is a the change I never could see, on acgreat feat to get more than one duck count of the smoke and confusion, at a single shot, and as that can only but I noticed that the fewest possibe done by getting several of them ble number of birds had changed

HE SUBJECT OF principle upon which Buzzard Bay special pleasure to give credit to any lucky duck who will solve this

The picture shows ten ducks advancing in geometrical form, showing three rows of four-in-line. Now reorganize them so there will be five rows of four-in-line, simply by chang ing the position of the fewest possible number of ducks and it wall incidentally show how many ducks Graver bags out of the flock.

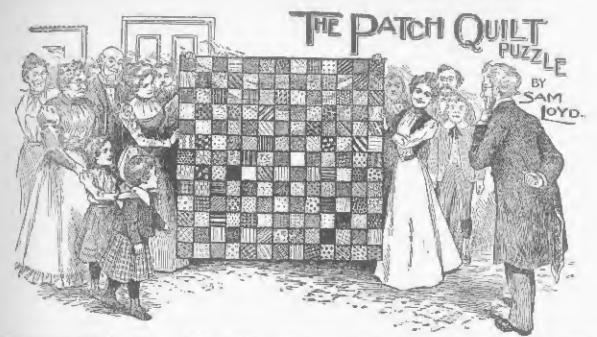
The problem can be worked out practically by placing very small ture and move them around until you get five rows of four-in-u-row.

A Tricky Problem.

Ask your friends if they can write down five odd figures to add up and make fourteen.

It is really astonishing how engrossed most people will get, and how much time they will spend over this, at first sight, sample problem. The questioner, however, must be careful to say figures, not numbers. Here is the answer:

11



PROPOSITION-Into how few square pieces, containing one or more pieces of patchwork, can the quilt be divided?



sketch represents the members of by that same statement of its hav- the rate of five apples for two pence. the "Willing Workers" soviety over- ing baffled the European mathewhelming their good parson with a token of love and esteem, in the shape of a beautiful patch work quilt. Every member contributed one square piece of patchwork consisting of one or more of the small squares, each of these contributions being perfectly square in shape, involved a pretty puzzle which nearly disrupted the society.

Any lady would have resigned if her particular piece of work was tampered with or omitted, so it became a matter of considerable study to find out how to unite all of the squares, of various sizes, together, so as to form the one large square quilt. Incidentally it may be mentiosed that as every member contributed one square piece of patch quilt, you will know just how many members there were when pieces the quilt can be divided. It considerable scope for ingenuity and patience.

The Lost Cent.

OMEWHAT IN THE peared in London half a century selling hers at the rate of two for a study, we will call at- surprising assertion that it had maticians, all of which must be next day the apples had all been taken with a liberal allowance of disposed of, but when they came to salt, as our Yankee scholars would divide the proceeds they found that find such little difficulty in dispell- they were just seven pence short. ing the mystery that I can only feel and it is this shortage in the apple justified in presenting it as a special practice problem for our more turbed the mathematical egullijuvenile puzzlists. As some of the brium for such a long period. other puzzles have proven to be too an oft-repeated suggestion from unfortunate partnership. our younger friends to present a few simple problems of a mathematical nature which all should be able to solve.

Well, to get back to the Covent Garden Problem, which I had almost forgotten. It is told that two huckster ladies were selling apples at the market, when Mrs. Smith. you discover into how few square for some reason or other which must be the real mystery which has is a simple puzzle which will give haffled the mathematicians, was called away and asked Mrs. Jones, the other apple lady, to dispose of her stock for her

Now, it appears that they each Here is a puzzle known as the had an equal number of apples, but Covent Garden Problem, which ap- Mrs Jones had larger fruit and was

nature of a rest from ago, accompanied by the somewhat penny, while Mrs. Smith sold three of hers for a penny. Upon accepttention to the Patch mystified the best mathematicians ing the responsibility of disposing Quilt puzzle as being a of England. The problem is con- her friend's stock. Mrs. Jones, wishcompanion piece to Mrs. Deacon tinually cropping up, in some form ing to be very impartial, mixed them White's remnant problem. The or other, generally accompanied all together and sold them off at

When Mrs. Smith returned the or financial market which has dis-

Supposing that they divided the difficult for many beginners who money equally, each taking onehave become interested in such mat- half, the problem is to tell just how ters, I have determined to act upon much money Mrs. Jones lost by the





ERE IS A LITTLE

tot's puzzle conundrum which will furnish food

for reflection to the chil-

dren of an older growth. Little Alice was playing tea party, but as all of her dolls had lost their

heads and arms, so as not to be in a

presentable condition, she was com-

pelled to give the party to such

remnants of her toys as she could

muster, so, according to her vivid

little imagination, she invited all of

her A B C blocks to an afternoon tea.

She says that there was not places

for all of them at the table, so half

a dozen had to come later in the

evening, which is very suggestive of

a good prize conundrum. Why

was it that the other letters were not

Then there is a pretty little spelling match connected with the

puzzle which is also of interest. Can

you change one of the blocks in the

name, Camenne, and substitute

some other letter so as to make it

When is the soup likely to run

What is it that from which the

whole may be taken, and yet some

will remain? The word wholesome.

de-dee or fiddle-de-dum? The for-

mer, because it is spelt with more

and red all over, which shows some

people to be green, and makes others

look blue? A newspaper.

justice of the peace? Peace.

Which is easier to spell-fiddle-

What is that which is black, white

What is the best advice to give a

out of the saucepan? When there's

present at the supper?

spell a correct word?

a leak in it.

A SWARM OF GOOD BEES.

Here is a list of good resolutions for the New Year which a clever young miss has worked out in pictorial fashion upon a panel to be placed upon the wall, so as to catch one's eye upon rising in the morning. Figure them out so as to impress them upon the memory, as many of them are well worth keeping.

Who commits the greatest abominations. Nations.

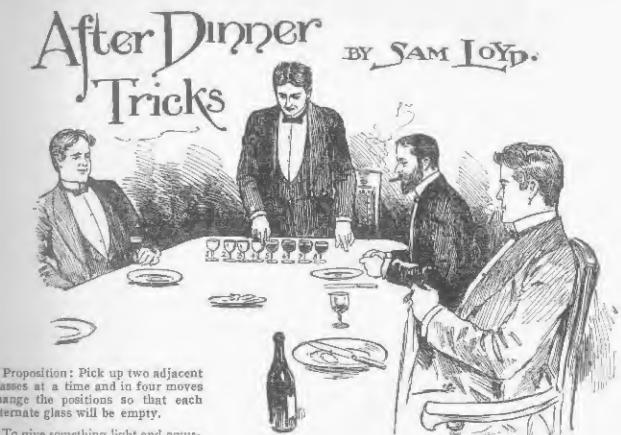
Who is the greatest terrifier?

What is the best way of making a coat last? Make the trousers and waistenat first.

If you drive a nail in a board and clinch it on the other side, why is it like usick man? Because it is

ASWARM OF GOOD BEES





glasses at a time and in four moves change the positions so that each alternate glass will be empty.

To give something light and amusing for the benefit of such as are interested in tricks or what might he termed sleight-of-hand feats, I will give a puzzle which can be used advantageously to amuse the guests after a hanquet or at an evening party. In the former case eight wine glasses-four empty and four partially filled-illustrate the trick to perfection.

In this, as in all exhibitions of a similar character, everything depends upon the skill and clever acting of the performer. He must have his little book down to perfection, so as to be able to do the trick forwards or hackwards without the slightest hesitarion, while by the aid of a ceaseless flow of conversation he impresses upon his hearers the fact of its being the most simple little trick that ever happened, which any one can do unless he be a natural born muttonhead or hopolessly befuddled. It really looks so simple, apparently working itself out correctly, no mat- It has been found to read 'Sigster how or when the exhibitor com- bee sent Dewey some Limburger mences, that almost any one will be lured into accepting an invitation to step up and test his sobriety by showing how readily he can perform the feat-and then the fun begins-for it will rattle ninety-nine out of a hun-

To aid our young friends in describing their answers, the glasses are numbered, so that they can be referred to by numbers.

Decapitation Puzzle.

Now, if you wish, Behead a fish, "To listen" you'll discover; Once more behead, And find instead A small close chest, or coffer,

One on Charlie.

"Say, Charlie, did you see the translation of Aguinaldo's cipher dis-BBBBBBB

Do We 32541 27340

59971 Limburger Cheese,"

cheese."

"Why, it is awfully clever, isn't it?" replied Charlie. "But really I don't see just where they get the 'sent,' do vou?"

"Why, the scent is in the cheese," replied his friend.

Animals Enigmatically Expressed.

- t. To decline, and to declare. 2. Approached and an animal,
- 3. To gorge and a weight.
- 4. A rod and an animal.
- To injure and a number. A letter and a grain.
- An insect and to run away.

A Numerical Enigma.

How strange a city this would be. If we had not our 1, 2, 3; But, in this wondrous 6, 7, 8, Had learned the air to navigate, Ourselves with 7, 6, 9 inflate And skyward 4, 5, 9, 81 Cipher Answer .- C. 1, 18, 9, 1, 7, 5, 19.

Comical Conundrums,

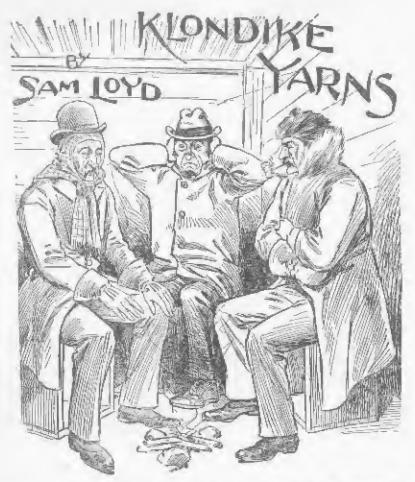
Who gave the tar-tar? The jackall gave the Jack all,

Why did the wood-saw? Because it saw the lamb-chop.

Why did the butter-fly? Because it saw the cake-walk.

Why did the fly fly? Because the spider spied her.

40



S SHOWING HOW A irom anything, I am going to ask our young puzzlests to pass judgment upon the relative merits of three prize yarns which were spun

in the Klondike.

gold fields, when, in the company of some adventurous spirits, who, like myself, were in search of health, wealth and happiness under adverse circumstances, that we found ourselves huddled together four pigs' knuckles, and was clantin the main drawing-room of our oring for more, when his mother domicile, patiently awaiting certain climatic changes which would soften up the ground so as to permit of its being scratched with a pick. We were all semi-professional men, which fact, I suppose, injected a 'I may just as well settle the truth certain spirit of rivalry into every of that bogic story in my mind argument and some little force to discussion that was started No now and once for all; give me some settle the dispute. In a compematter how marvelous a story was more pigs' feet.' So, from a purely trition of the kind just mentioned it told, it at once became the duty of the others to narrate a tale which, for daring improbability, should eclipse it. Veracity never was questioned: everything went, and the palm was yielded gracefully to the reasoning powers, for I remember reasons for the preference.

one who told the biggest "whopblance of probability.

intelligence, or rather precociousness, in very young children had been under discussion, when one of the party remarked: "I never It was during my last trip to the was so taken aback nor struck by the reasoning powers of a child as one day at dinner, when we were partaking of what we called soused pigs' feet. Harry, who was but three years old, had already caten said: 'I don't think you had better eat any more, Harry, or you will see the bogie man to-night.

'Now, mamma,' replied Barry. after a moment of silent thought, investigating standpoint, he are would be an easy matter to adjuditwice as many as he had before."

the party, who was a civil engineer, puzzlists to pick out the most re-"some children have precocious markable of the three yarns, giving

when Fanny was less than two years old, we took her to Ningara, and she made a calculation which proved how much water runs over the Falls in a month to an exact quart.

There was silence for a few moments, and it looked as if the engineer would retain the championship, but the doctor, who had a very slow and deliberate manner of speech, which added greatly to the impressiveness of what he might be telling, remarked: "Those are indeed remarkable stories, which go to prove the inheritance of mental power; but I recall a curious case which happened to me in Switzerland, which I have never been able to explain satisfactorily to myself. I was staying for the night at a little ion at Altdorp, when the host, who had probably heard of my reputation as a specialist. told me that one of his neighbors had a child which they leared was deaf and dumb. The parents had made all those little tests, such as chapping hands, etc., to attract the baby's notice, such as all mothers do, but without avail, and to relieve their minds the host asked me to examine the child's cars: I did so very thoroughly, and pronounced the case to be a hopeless one, wherein the child would grow up to be deaf and dumb.

The parents, who were Swiss, per" which had the slightest sem- did not speak a word of English, but asked through the best, who acted I comember that the question of as interpreter, if something could not be done for the child.

"Absolutely nothing," I replied; "the case is hopeless."

To my utter astonishment the child, which was not yet six months old, looked up in my face with a sweet, infantile smile, and murmured! 'Absolutely nothing?'

"It sounds incredible, | know, especially as the parents and every one else but mine host only spoke German; nevertheless, it is an actual fact.

Sometimes, after each of us had spun his yarn, there was a discussion as to which had told the best, and at times the competition was so close that it took considerable cate, nevertheless, just as a lesson "Yes," said another member of in logic, we will ask our young



PROPOSITION-Find the parts of a human being concealed among Santa Claus' presents.



upon as a pictorial illustration of best lists of the articles contained in the famous riddle propounded by his capacious sack. Of course, every the Bishop of Oxford, wherein the one will see the palms and culf at parts of the human body were de- a glance, but it is prity safe to scribed. Santa Claus is the only say that there are many things complete person in view, but if you which are liable to be overlooked, will carefully inspect and guess the so the aim is to see who can make correct names to each and all of his the most complete list, even if averystock of presents it will be found to thing is not discovered.

ANTA CLAUS WISH- contain an interesting and instruses our pazzlists the com- tive lesson in human anatomy, acpliments of the season companied by a chance to win one and presents a puzzle of the gifts which he proposes to which may be looked divide among those who guess the

CHARADE.

Upon the check'rd buttle fie'd. I'm foremost in the maks: My second makes a certain ga n Mongst railways, stocks and bunks.

My whole though sanctioned by the

To succor the distress'd, Is but, at least I think it so, A doubtful good at best. Cypher Ans. 16, 1, 23, 14, 2, 18, 15, 11, 5, 18.

A REBUS.

Curtail me, and I'm what you use To do my whole, 'tis true, And which I'm sure few will refuse, Woe be to them who do! Ans. 2, 18, 5, 1, 20, 8, 5 or 11, 14, 5, 5, 12,

CHARADE.

A troubadour from foreign lands, To a lady fair came singing; O lady bright, from thine own true knight

A message I am bringing: He lies in the mountains near my

He dares not come to thee; The fee accurst would on him burst, He therefore sendeth me.

And he bildeth me tell thee to seek my next. Where he will surely meet thee;

O! be not vexed, nor with four perplex'd.

For thine own true love shall greet thee.

Like a t mid fawn, at early dawn, To my second the lady hied:

And at his word, she met her lord, Who had my whole supplied Cypher Ans. 16, 1, 19, 19, 16, 15, 18, 20,

A REBUS.

In you wast field of cultivated space, I there am found with mambers of my rare;

Decapitate me-if you've n. objectiou-

You then will find what brings me to perfection;

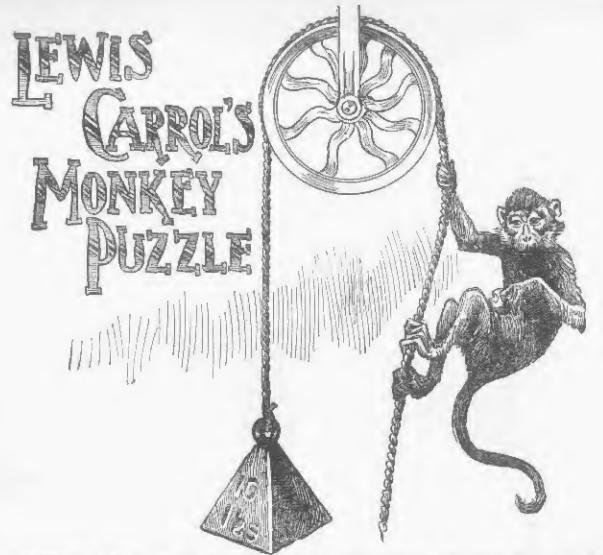
Take one more cut, and then you'll plainly see.

What I am destined, day by day,

Cypher Ans. 23, 8, 5, 1, 20.

Why is a leaf of a tree like the human body? Because it has veins

What is that which is lengthened by being cut at both cads? A



PROPOSITION --- What will be the result if the monkey attempts to climb the rope? Will the weight rise or fall?



THE IS A QUAINTLY told problem in mechanapparent simplicity, is said to have caused

Lewis Carroll considerable disquietude. Whether the famous author that it goes down." of "Alice in Wonderland," who was not known, but m an evil hour, as

"If, to a rope, passed over a loose ple, swinging at the other end, what would be the result if the monkey at tempts to climb the rope?"

Carroll, "to note the different views puzzles and mechanical problems. Only boys were slaughtered!

taken by good mathematicians. It is a well-known fact that the Price says the weight goes up with study of puzzles of any kind gives ics, which, despite its increasing velocity. Both Clifton and one a clear insight into the princi-Harcourt maintain that the weight ples of mechanical laws or natural goes up at the same rate of speed as philosophy. the monkey; while Sampson says

A distinguished mechanical engian Oxford professor of mathematics neer says "it would have no more efwas the originator of the problem is feet than a fly crawling up a rope," while a scientist claims that "the mentioned in a recent paper upon weight would rise or lower, accord- a chimney up nor down a chimney his writings and doings, he asked for ing to the inverse ratio of the speed up? (An umbrella.) information upon the following sub- with which the monkey ate the apple," from which, however, should be extracted the square root of the pulley, is suspended a ten-pound monkey's tail. Seriously speaking, counter weight, which balances ex- it is a pretty problem, and, as the actly with a monkey eating an ap- principle of Lewis Carroll's monkey puzzle has become a much-discussed problem, worthy of serious consideration, it is presented to illustrate "It is very curious," says Lewis the intimate relationship between logians, but the answer is simple;

In theory the problem appears to be about as paradoxical as a recent conundrum which is going the rounds as to what is it that will go up a chimney down or down a chimney down, but will not go up

For Bible-Students.

If the children slain in Herod's Slaughter of the Innocents were buried in sand with but the right foot showing, how could you tell the girls from the boys?

This has puzzled many theo-

Without burdening the memory with technical nomenclature I wish to say a few words about chemistry for the benefit of the public at large and in pursuing the subject iprther.

which have organs to breathe, eat, and grow, like animals and veget- ine which Hudson Maxim, the great ables, while inorganic chemistry per- authority on explosives, gave me tains to rocks, metals, gases, etc. According to the atomic theory there are 71 original elements which go into the makeup of everything. These elements consist of infinitesimally small atoms which combine with other atoms to make flesh, brate, wood, coal, water, air, acids and everything that exists. Here are the 71 elements :

		Aironae Welghta			Atomic Weights,
A harminism of Appirorany Appiror	He has been been been been been been been bee	27.2 120. 757. 91. 291. 291. 112. 383. 141. 385. 59. 94. 28. 59. 105. 59. 107. 107. 108. 108. 108. 108. 108. 108. 108. 108	Molybdonii Nickid Nitragra Ocegon Palacham Phopheria Putamian Phopheria Potamian Reckenium Resolum Resolum Resolum Resolum Resolum Resolum Resolum Resolum Resolum Testicum Totalian Theriam Trobian Trobian Trobian Trobian Trobian Tromian Totalian Theriam Totalian To	NN. COLLEGE	#6: 504 105 10

It will be seen that each of the elements has its chemical symbol and atomic number. These atoms will combine with other atoms to produce

heavy as II has 16 for its atomic weight of the tobacco, showed exactly number and unites with other ele- how much had escaped in smoke. ments in proportions of 16, 32, 48, 64. Broadly speaking there are two can from the lessons which are not etc. In uniting these elements to principles in chemistry: Analysis, given!

A Five Minutes Talk on Chemistry, form compounds, numbers are placed which analyzes or dissects a comafter the symbols as in algebra, to indictate the 2nd, Jul, or 4th powers. Just as we get a clear idea of the work in a mathematical expression the student who may be interested like $A^2 + B^3 - XY = Z$, the chemist describes his formula in symbols like We learn from the text books that HCI + NaHO = NaCI + HFO which organic chemistry treats of things produces sall water, or C'H" (ONO')" which is the formula for nitroglycerthe other day.

Flere are some of the combinations for acids, which you will nofice, all contain hydrogen:

Nitrie acid NHO¹. Hydrochlorie acid HCL Sulphuric acid II-SO4. Hydroiodie acid HL Phosphoric acid H'FO. Hydrobromic acid HBr.

Then we get the different salts by putting metals in the acids in place of H, as well as hydrates and bases which pertain to the chemical nomenclature.

The different multiples of an element will produce entirely dissimilar compounds. HO is the formula for water and indicates that two atoms of 14 to one atom of O form water. O being 16 times heavier than II show that II forms the 9th part of water. Now increase the proportion of O and what was a tasteless liquid becomes a thick, syrupy compound with a bitter taste and disagreeable odor which will unt freeze by intense cold. No use has yet been discovered for this curious compound,

Air consists of one-fifth oxygen to four-fifths uitrogen, and yet five dissimilar compounds result from their combinations; Nitrous oxide (laughing gas) is N2O. Nitric oxide is NO. Nitrous anhydride is N2O3, Nitrogen peroxide is NO3, and nitric antivdride is N²O⁵.

acids, salts, bases or compounds only burned or changed by chemical ac- by what there is not, than by what in multiples of those numbers. Hy- tion but nothing is destroyed, every there is. It reminds me of what a drogen (H) is the lightest of all atom can be accounted for and re- little boy wrote about salt. "It is known substances and is therefore stored. It is somewhat akin to Sir something that makes our taters and designated as 1. It is fourteen times Walter Raleigh's wager that he things taste orful bad when there as light as air, from which we might could weigh the smoke from his to- isn't any," readily estimate its usefulness for ba- bacco. He carefully preserved and weighed the ashes from his cigars, Oxygen (O) being 16 times as which, deducted from the original

pound to discern its ingredient; and synthesis which combines the elements to form other compounds. The modern chemist knows intelligently which of nature's products contain the elements remired to produce a new combination and in separating them will save the other elements and form valuable bi-pro-

It requires but little knowledge of chemistry to realize how blindly the ald alchemists were groping in the dark, or how absurd are the popular stories of great chemical discoveries having been hit upon by accident,

Nothing explains the principles of analysis better than the little game of questions, which I heartily recommend to my young friends. Think of any thing and I will guess it in fifteen questions to which you need reply but "yes" or "no," All right, you have thought of "a sticker," have you? Well, does it belong to the animal kingdom? "No." That's good, there are already 10,000 things which I know it is not. Does it helong to the vegetable kingdom? "No," Good, now there are a whole lot of things I know it isn't, and I know it belongs to the mineral kingdom, so I ask at once, is it metal? "Yes!" Is it sold at the hardware store? "Yes," Is it a kind of tool? "Yes." Does it have to be sharpened? "No." That was a foolish question, but I was wasting no time. so I will lump a lot of queries. Now listen. Is it one of the following articles: A fire shovel, spoon, poker, stove lifter, cake turner, hanimer, cork screw, or pincers? "Yes!" Hurrah, it is one of eight, and you can reduce eight to one in three questions, so I get it in ten queries. Ingenious people may originate clever questions which eliminate thousands of articles, just as the Anything may be decomposed, chemist climinates and proves more

The clever reader will see that this principle is well illustrated in this little feeture on chemistry; no rules or formulas being given you are expected to draw all information you



Proposition: Divide the Greek Cross into three pieces which will fit together and form a rectangular oblong.

To illustrate the principle of working a puzzle backward, according to the axiom that a good rule should work both ways, we introduce a seasonable problem wherein the object is to discover how to divide a cross into three pieces which can be fitted together so as to form a rectangle and of Chinese and Indian lore, was another ancient symbol, the four which is twice as long as it is wide, one of the oldest signs of the human This, of course, is merely reversing race to be traced through prehistoric the proposition of converting a rec- ages. tangle or square into the form of a Greek cross, but, in that it presents the angles which must be fitted together, is not so difficult as the other proposition,



Cut into five pieces which will form a square,

Here we have the ancient Swastica or is it the discovery of a mystic symbol, which, as set forth by Prof. Wilson of the Smithsonian Institute of Washington, in a great work with some five hundred illustrations from the Aztec mounds of Mexico, the pyramids of Egypt, the mins of Troy

It is the sign of "luck to you," after the manner of the modern horsushee, and is found on ancient temples, mins and monuments in a way that leaves no room for doubt as to its correct interpretation, although the same can be traced for three thousand years as the Hammer of Thor, known in Masonry as the Master's mallet, emblematical of power and decision. Again we find it described in musty old manuscripts as the fylfot, or four-footed, where it is shown as four legs branching out from the center. It is only a variation of the Monad sign, and in this form is known in Chira as "wan." meaning "many long years to you."

secret, that we find when we take the emblem of the square and mark the sign of the Swastica in the center, that the four parts will form a perfeet Greek cross, and if we mark it with the double Swastica, which was quarters will form two crosses! Theologians might involve a startling interpretation from these mysterious transpositions.



"I say. Alice, I just thought of an original conundrum," said Churley, who thought he was getting on to a solid footing with Miss Lofty. "Why is the moon like a suit of

"Mr. Lightop," replied the offend-Prof. Max Muller says the sign is ed maiden, "I presume you claim found in ancient ruins and in exca- that there is a man in both, but vations in every part of the globe, opinions might differ on that suband must have been universally rec- ject." And Charley felt the sand ognized. Is it a mere coincidence, slipping away from under his feet



I heard a man boasting the other day about his horsemanship, and among other things told how he had refused all assistance in subditing a vicious horse which failed to throw him from the saddle. Shortly afterwards I met a friend who had witnessed the feat of the bold rider, and who gave me such a humorous description of the incident that it struck me as being worthy of illustration in puzzle form. See if you can find the locality of the accident concealed in the description of the picture.

A Charade.

In finding my first don't be long. And yet not so long for my second; My whole affects him at the bar, To whom little profit is recovered.

Cipher Answer.—2, 18, 9, 5, 6, 12, 5, 19, 19,

A Curious Calculation.

When the Great Eastern was launched and was attracting attention from its great size, a mathematically inclined lunatic who had been in the pin business discovered that if a pin were dropped into the hold of the Great Eastern, and on that day week a second pin, and on that day week four pins, and so on, doubling the number of pins each week, for a year, there would be at the end of fifty-two weeks, deposited no fewer than 4.503,590,627,370,495 pins. Allowing 200 to the onnce, the weight of the whole would be 628,292,358 tons, and to carry them all would require 27,924 ships as large as the Great Eastern, which was calculated to hold 22,500 tons.

A Rebus.

I'm of little importance, so off with my head:

To a fee I might then be the terror and dread.

Decapitate twice, and reverse what remains.

And lol van've a wandering sprite for your pains. Cipher Answer .- 20, 18, 9, 6, 12, 5.

Anagram Puzzle.

Make one word with the letters nine thumps.

Numerical Enigma.

1, 17, 5. 6, 7. an opera. n, 18, 19, a woman's care.

15. 14, 10, 12, 16, a bone.

5, 2, 18, 12, a relative. 13, 11, 18, a recluse.

My whole is one of Shapespeare's

Some Evolution Puzzles.

In how few changes can you convert lands into hills substituting one letter at a time and always forming perfect words?

Convert shoe into boot in three one-letter changes, always forming perfect words.

Convert beer into some in five changes, substituting one letter at a time, always forming perfect words.

In how few changes can north be converted into south, changing only one letter at a time, always forming perfect words?



coose met a milkmaid leading a cow, whereupon the maiden screamed with

"What frightens you?" asked Haus,

"You are going to kiss me against my will," said the coy maid.

"How can I do that with these cranky animals on my hands?" asked Hans.

"What prevents you from thrusting your cane into the ground so as to fasten the goat to it and then put your gonse under my pail?" queried the maiden.

"Because that cross-looking cow might hook me," said Hans.

'Oh, that fool cow wouldn't hook nobody, and what is to prevent you ship.

A Detehman with a goat and at from driving all three of them into my pasture field?" replied the terrified maiden. And right here comes the most interesting puzzle of the series which has yet been presented to our friends; for during the subsequent discussion the following facts developed; They found that the goat and the goose together would eat just as much grass as the cow, so if that field would pasture the cow and the goat for forty-five days, or the cow and the goose sixty days, or the goat and the goose for ninety days, how long would it pasture the cow, the goat and the goose? Early replies are requested, as Hans and Katrina are contemplating a speedy partner-





for the correct answers to some of erned by the ordinary business meththe most popular ones have never ods, and yet it was given to all of been published, and, so far as I am the leading jewelers and chain makaware, have never really been ers of New York, who said they guessed. I will illustrate this point would have no use for a saleman or by presenting as a seasonable prob- employee who could not see through lem the "Necklace Puzzle," which I showed several years ago, and which every one who sees it flatters himself that he solves it at once, and yet I do not remember any one who really found the correct answer.

It is based on an everyday business transaction, intended to show how the average mortal goes the wrong

WILL TAKE occasion way about doing anything which calls to remark that the fact for the slightest mechanical knowlof some of my puzzles edge or ability. It is devoid of all being well known does semblance of catch or subterfuge, and not imply that every one there is no "missing link" mystery is familiar with the answers to them, about it, and it is intended to be govsuch a simple transaction, and yet not one of them gave the correct an-

> A lady bought twelve pieces of chain, as shown in the horder of the picture, and wished to have them made into an endless necklace of 100 links, as held in her hands.

The jeweler said it would cost 15 capital.

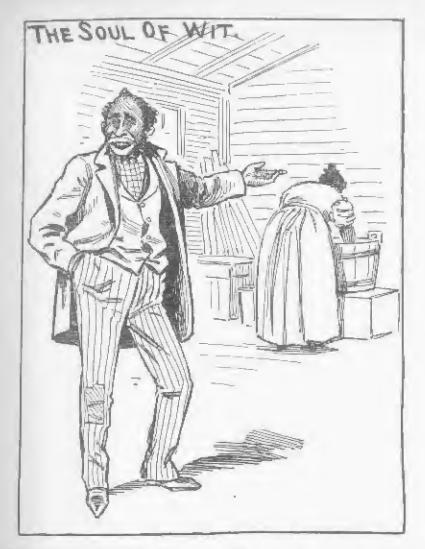
cents each to cut and join a small link and 20 cents to joint and cut a large link, and the question is to tell just how much the lady should pay to have the necklace made? That is all there is to it, and it is a pretty problem for the young folks,

A Charade.

Two personal pronouns, if you take And join them in due order. An herb will name without mistake, That seemts the garden border. Cipher Answer. -- 20, 8, 25, 13, 5-

A Rebus.

Entire I am capital; curtain me and I am capital still; but behead and transpose me and I am looking for



This little conundrum is built upon the following incident from real life:

"Dere am no circumlocation nor wasted breff 'bout dat wife of mine when she am in de humor to be brief," soliloquized Mr. Washington Johnsing when he came home a few hours late for the evening meal and found the larder as empty as his stomach.

"What time am it, and war am decold chicking?" he asked in an intraductory way as a sort of feeler. Two questions which naturally called for two replies, but Mrs. Johnsing was not in the humor for protracted conversation, so without discontinuing the little ballad of

"The bee what gits de honey," Don't hang 'round de hive"

she merely paused to vouchsale one brief answer, which covered both subjects, and Mr. Johnsing, who read the signs of a rising family diplomatic to make himself scarce.

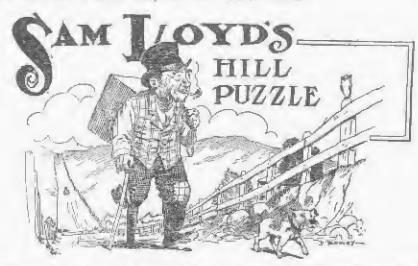
rapport with Darktown sassiety events, we present it in puzzle form for our young folks to study over, to see if they can discover the briefest possible answer to Mr. Johnsing's

two queries,

A lady bought a boquet at the florists for thirty-four cents and had a one dollar bill, a three cent piece and a two cent piece. The florist had but two coins in the till, and therefore could not make the change. A bright newsboy came in who had two ten cent pieces, a five, a two and a one cent piece, who showed them how to clear the funancial situation so that every one was left with their correct amount of change. How did they manage to do it?

This occurred in the old days when two and three cent pieces were in vogue. The boy has since grown to manhood, and is the eashier of the largest hanking institution in the

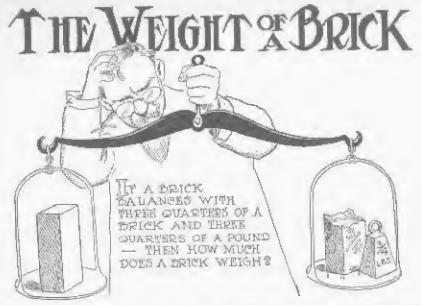
by Mr. Johnsing as a conundrum, but that our readers may be en United States.



says, that he went up a hill at the it took him just six hours to make barometer, surmised that it would be rate of one and a half miles per hour the round trip. Can you tell how and came down at the rate of four far it was to the top of the hill?

It was neither given nor intended

Hipity-Hop, the lame peddler, and a half miles per hour, so that



Here is a little puzzle designed to illustrate the principle of cancellation as applied in algebra to discover an unknown weight from a fractional part of itself. As these kindergarten illustrations are given to instruct beginners in the rudimental principles of algebra, and not for the purpose of puzzling them, we present the explanation with the picture before them.

Algebra teaches us that the bal- My first is a preposition, ance is not affected by removing similar quantities from both sides of an equation, so, in this puzzling little proposition we remove three-quarters of the whole brick and cancel off the three-quarter bat. This leaves the weight balancing with one-quarter of a brick; therefore if one quarter of a brick weighs three-quarters of a pound, a whole brick weighs three pounds. It suggests a possible solution to Uncle Jake's problem of the goose which weighed seven pounds and five-sevenths of its own weight. But then the goose always said there was no answer to the problem,

We almost lose veneration for the big fish story which for several centuries has been the terror of every graduating scholar. The head of the fish was nine feet long, the body as long as the head and tail together, and the tail as long as the head and half of the body. The head being a known quantity we find the length of the body to be o plus half of the tail. The tail therefore equals 9 (the head) and half of 9 (41/2) which makes 131/2 added to half of itself. Here is where the resemblance to the

brick problem comes in. The tail is 131/2 feet long and balf of itself. If one half equals 13%, both halves equals 27 feet. Thus we have the length of the tail as 27 feet, and the body 36 feet, so 9 plus 36 plus 27 shows that Baron Muncausen must have landed a 72 foot fish, and he caught it with a hook.

A Rebus

My second implies more than one. My third is a pronoun.

My fourth some people never pay. My whole is not consistent.

Cipher Answer. 9, 14, 3, 15, 8, 5, 18, 5, 14, 20.

A Rebus

My first in pageant grand oft forms

My second is the darling of your

My whole within your parlor may be

Where, safe to say, my second oft has been.

Cipher Answer. -3, 1, 18, 16, 5,

A Charade

My first presents an honored female manne,

But lovingly abbreviated;

My next a man's, and treated just the

Now, If this couple were only mated.

And to the altar duly led,

To be my whole which might be

A Rebus

Though of my first the quack may

My next he cannot cure;

Who do my whole along the coast Should punishment endure. Cipher Answer,-16, 9, 12, 12, 1,

A Rebus

My first, dear ladies, you will find, Is of my second made;

My whole with pleasure is designed Upon my first to wait. Cipher Answer. -2, 18, 9, 4, 5, 19,



7. 5.

It was told that two lads, each with so they put up different amounts at difthe same amount of cash, played the races upon Lord Rosslyn's system of placing as many dollars upon the pearest horse as they offer odds of sa muny dollars against a single dollar. Jim counted their capital, Jim had twice as backed "Kohinoor" to win straight, much mucay as Jayk. Now, who can while Jack bet on him for second place, guess the amounts won?

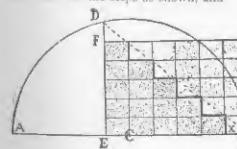
ferent odds, although the amount of their bets together was equal to half of their combined capital. They both wan, but when they cashed their winnings and



TERYONE is familiar with the time-honored puzzle of the ship's carpenter who had to patch a square hole by cutting

a oxio bit of word into two pieces. It forms a valuable and interesting leason in puzzle-making which is well worth knowing as it will enable you to originate or readily solve other puzzles of that class.

Ohlongs of any desired proportions may be formed by measuring off the side of a square into a given number of spaces; then marking off the base so as to contain one space less, so they will be greater in width than beight. Then mark the square and cut down on the steps as shown, and



the two pieces form patterns for new puzzles to be divided into two pieces to be made into squares. Here is the carpenter and below him the two boards that make two squares.

In solving puzzles of this kind the dimensions of the required square mendicant endeavored to persuade received?

can be obtained by multiplying the side by the base, which, as in the case of the carpenter's puzzle; 9x16, and 4x9, or 8x12.5 will always produce a square number. By the puzzle process of working backward, we see that the base of the oblung must be divided off into a certain number of spaces, slightly larger, and containing one more space than the side to make the steps form a perfect square,

It is easy to guess the number of spaces for the side and base, but to reduce the problem to an exact science, it is well to apply the following rule for squaring rectangles:

To the length of any rectangle add the width, so as to obtain the distance A to B, then with a pair of compasses placed at the center C, describe the semicircle B A. The intersection of the are with the line from E to D gives the correct size of the square to be built from the rectangle. The distance from D to F shows the size of the spaces to be represented on the side of the rectangle, so we find in this case it will measure five of such spaces, and as the base must contain one more space, we divide it off into six. The difference in length between E to B and E to D would represent the width of the required spaces on the base line. The above formula solves any rectangle that was built from a square by the carpentering process, but the Euclidian rule which performs the feat in three pieces from any rectangle is to cut on the dotted lines-on the biasfrom B to D; slide up the top piece and clip off the little corner X to patch with. It is a beautiful rule with which all puzzlists should be familiar, so now that you understand the principle, can you square the two illustrations given?



A kind lady who dispensed charity the others to keep away. Nevertheevery week to some needy persons hinted to her pensioners that each would receive two shillings more if there were five applicants less. Each

less, at the next meeting every one was on hand, and four new applicants, so that every one got one shilling less.

Can you tell how much each one



There are practical problemss in all trades, so it is safe to say that no one is an adept at his business unless he has picked up a few wrinkles which pertain to his calling. Honest John says that what he "don't know about milk is scarcely worth mentioning," but he was nearly flabhergasted once when he had nothing but two ten gallon cans full of milk, and two customers with a five and a four quart measure wanted two quarts put

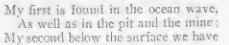
into each measure. It is a juggling trick pure and simple, devoid of trick or device, but it calls for much eleverness to get two exact quarts of milk into those measures employing no receptacles of any kind except the two measures and the two full cans: You can try the problem with the fullest assurance that it is a legitimate proposition and not a silly catch.

A Charade

My first is one, or many men; My second comes apace; My whole's a pledge to be redeemed boy" should be a girl, then two-thirds Within a certain space,

7. 5.

A CRYPTOGRAM. URA10050055 N.



A Rebus

Where never the sun can sline. My whole the festal board to grace, But seldom fails to find a place. Cipher Answer.-19, 1, 12, 20, 3,

5, 12, 12, 1, 18.

A Rebus

Within my first you gallant crew An anchor safe may find; My next, ye fair, indeed, 'tis true,

Without an end may bind,

Without my whole we're surely lost, Midst wintry blasts and biting

Cipher Answer. 3, 15, 22, 5, 18, 9, 14, 7,

A Charade

When Kate the cook prepared the meal.

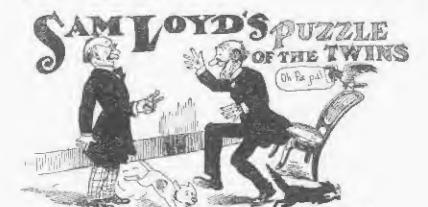
My first was in request;

My next is seen in tamb and yeal, A quarter or a breast-

Which with my whole the table graced,

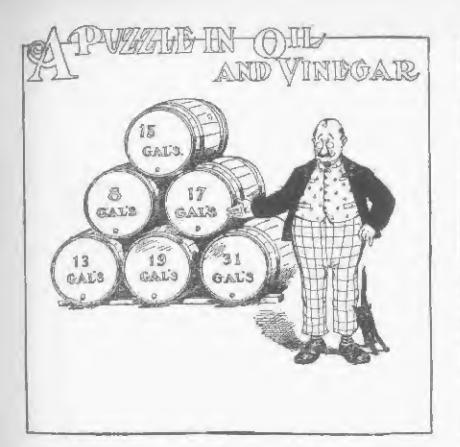
And truly 'twas no wonder,

When at the board each guest was To see my third thrown under.



In the exuberance of his joy at the prospect of becoming a happy father in his old age, O'Shaugnessy yowed to settle two-thirds of his estate upon "the boy" and one-third upon the mother, but in case "the of the estate should go to the mother Cipher Answer. -8, 15, 19, 20, 1. and one-third to the daughter; when it developed, however, that the boy division of O'Shaugnessy's estate?

was a twin, which made it necessary to provide for both a boy and a girl, as well as the mother, O'Shangnessy's mind was not in a state to decide upon the proper way to carry out the terms of his promise. What do our friends, especially the members of the legal profession, who have shown so much interest in these problems, say should be the proper



"I started in husiness with an odd lot of oil and vinegar," said a shrewd speculator. "My first customer bought \$14 worth of each, paying twice as much for oil as for vinegar per gallon, and left me but one barrel. Now, see if you can guess what that barrel was worth?"

A Rebus

The limits of my whole to scan Is far beyond the reach of man; Behead it and a journey take, To prove what progress you can

Transpose, with rocky sides and steep I brave the fury of the deep.

Cipher Answer.-19, 16, 1, 3, 5.

A Charade.

Suppose that half a dozen of us Were on a mountain placed: The prospect thence, without my

Would darkness seem, and waste. Cipher Answer.—22, 9; 19, 9, 15,

Does any word contain all the vowels? Unquestionably.

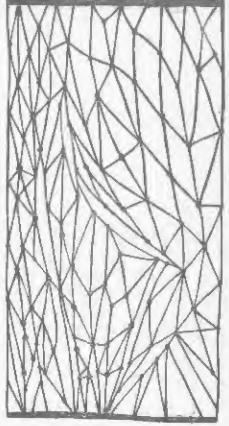
A Charade.

My first-yes, I'll straightway confess it--

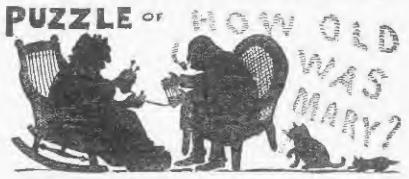
Tis a hundred to one if you guess it. But what shall I say of my second? Just half of a title 'tis reckoned. My third has a personal status, A lady, indeed, may await us.

"Good for naught," without aid or abettors,

My whole is made up of odd letters. much did Miss Carrie weigh?



Miss Carrie Wait broke her hantmock, which was suspended between two trees. On the well known axiom that a chain is no stronger than its weakest link, she says that you can readily tell her weight by finding the least number of cords you would have to cut to divide the hammock in two pieces. She says that a cord will hold exactly ten pounds. Then how



As a companion piece to my prob- remarked Grandpop, "the combined lem of "How old was Ann?" and, by way of apology to Sister Mary, who was slighted or ignored in the we present a sketch of the reminiscent old couple who were responsible for the discussion; "You see," old is Mary?

ages of Mary and Ann are 44 years, and Mary is twice as old as Ann was when Mary was half as old as public controversy of the question. Ann will be when Ann is three times as old as Mary was when Mary was three times as old as Ann." How





RE'S a problem which has been puzzling Clancy ever since he got on the force. He has made a diagram of the situa-

tion and asks for the assistance of our clever puzzlists. He patrols seven blocks of the eighth ward, beginning and ending his nightly tour from the point he is indicating at the corner of Avenue A and Second Street. His orders are to patrol an uneven number of blocks on each street and avenue, so, as shown by the route, he goes either one, three, five or seven blocks before he turns. He knows all the servant girls in the houses he passes and some of them he says are right smart and pert, but before he selects a wife he would like to extend his route so at to discover a dark eyed beauty named Maggie Murphy, who he thinks lives in one of the houses off of his beat. You see he only passes those white houses and he wishes to find a route which complies to the regulations about only going an odd number of blocks on each avenue and street but will take him past the greatest possible number of houses.

Now, see if you can aid Clancy in the search for Maggie Murphy's home.

A Charade

Behead something irritating and leave something spothing.

Cipher Answer.-20, 5, 1, 19, 9, 14, 7.

My second gives shelter in sunshine and storm;

The empire of Flora embraces my

Entire you may find me where seabillaws roll.

A Rebus.

Whether backwards or forwards I'm

Matters to me not a bit;

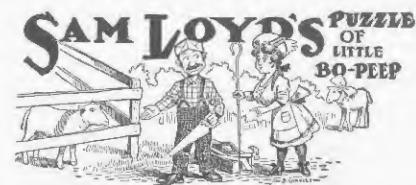
I am gentle and light, and transposed Am ever ready and fit.

My first is a creature of wonderful

to prepare;

Suppress my dire whole, lest, before thy shocked gaze

9, 15, 14.



While discussing the problem of two posts by making the fold square little friend Bo-Peep.

According to authorities on Mother Goose the carpenter who con- post for every sheep to tie to !" structed the sheepfold for Miss Bo-Peep discovered that he could save been in this famous flock?

squaring an oblong, let us tell of a instead of oblong. "Either way practical experience which befell our would hold the same number of sheep," said the clever mechanic, "but the square thing is to have a

How many sheep must there have

A Charade

Aristides had, of Grecian fame, My first appended to his name! Where Boreas reigns my next is

Immersed in ocean's depths profound:

My whole the balance rightly scans, And baffles Fraud's unhallowed

Cipher Answer.—10, 21, 19, 20,

A Rebus

Four letters form me quite complete, As all who breathe do show;

Reversed, you'll find I am the seat Of infamy and woe.

Transposed once more, I oft am seen mean,

My name betrays my race; Transposed once more, I ofte am seen To hide a lovely face,

Cipher Answer.—12, 9, 22, 5.

A Charade.

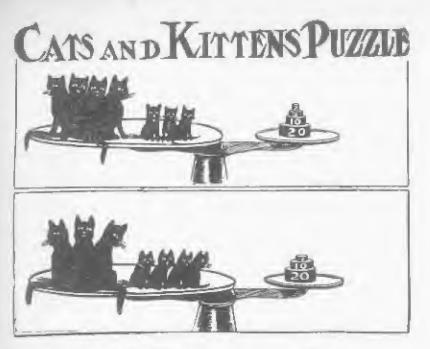
Enchain my vile first for the general

That a nation's sad wounds may have leisure to heal; Encage my fierce next, but he springs

from his lair, And gives thee for combat no time

Each smouldering spark burst into a

Cipher Answer.—18, 5, 2, 12, 12,



Elementary Lessons in Algebra.

Seeing that four cats and three kittens weigh thirty-seven pounds, while three cats and four kittens weigh but thirty-three pounds; we are asked to tell the respective weight of cats and kittens.

By inspection we see that the upper scale contains one more cat and one less kitten than the lower scale, and the difference is four pounds. One of the kittens in the lower scale suddealy grows into a cat and gains four pounds, so the difference between a cat and a kitten being four pounds, let us change all of the cats on the upper scales into kittens. It would then have seven kittens and 2, 12, 5. (See Webster's.) sixteen pounds balancing with thirtyseven pounds. Now cancel off the sixteen pounds from both arms of the scales and we have seven kittens balancing with twenty-one pounds, which proves that a kitten weight three pounds and a cat seven pounds.

A Rebus

So vast my amount fills the mind with dismay

Behead me and thus take a thousand

Reverse what remains, and I'll daily dispense

To thousands the gift of a kind Providence.

A Charade.

In fruitful field my first they grew, My busy next there labored, too; A hardy race my whole you'll find, To husbandry and peace inclined.

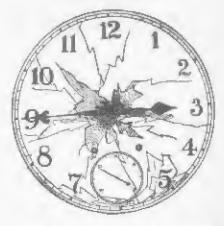
Cipher Answer.-16, 5, 1, 19, 1, 14, 20, 19.

A Rebus

Behead a nail of stubborn steel, A useful lesson to reveal,

In sacred records found: Behead again, then at your will, With art and perseverance till

Your grain producing ground. Cipher Answer.-19, 16, 1, 18, 1,



The above picture of a clock dial illustrated the important point of evidence in a detective story where a stray bullet from the assassin's pistol struck the face of the clock. It struck the exact center, driving the post through the works and stopping the clock. The two hands became united, as it were, in one line, pointing in opposite directions, although not in the position shown, for it is evident that the hand could not point at three and nine at the same time.

Can you tell what time of day it must have been, thereby proving an alibi for the hero who wishes to show that he was eating a plate of pig's kneekles in Hoboken at the time the pistol was fired in Sir Reginald's flat in Harlem?

A Rebus.

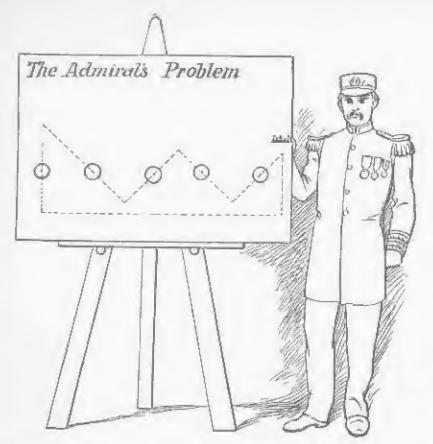
To a liquid reversed add what measures each day.

And you'll have what delights both the grave and the gay.

Cipher Answer,-16, 1, 19, 20, 9,



Here is a picture of Rip Van chiefly interesting to me as showing Winkle and his dog Schneider. The a specimen of my early engravingpuzzle is to find the dog, but it is more than half a century ago!



Admiral Togo is showing how a battleship might pass through the exact center of the five rings and back to the starting point in just seven straight moves. But the admiral tells his class in naval strategy seven moves. The puzzle, therefore, is to show in how few straight marks



impressed upon your memory.

And should you wish my whole to

You'll find it perched on yonder tree. Cipher Answer.-19, 20, 1, 18, 12, Fun at Sing Sing.



Two pals who did "pick it" duty (oakum) at Sing Sing evolved the following problem: "It you gave forty seven cents for one hundred upples, and sold them for seventy cents, what per cent profit would you make on your investment?"

Picture Puzzle

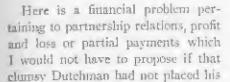


There is no such thing as a bad puzzle, for everything that incites interest and amuses is useful, as it trains the youthful mind to concentrate; but of all the styles of puzzles. pictures which conceal objects posseas the least known merit. I do not know as they teach anything. Nevertheless, I recall some pleasant moments spent over this old puzzle long. long ago. How we little ones used to delight to show it to visitors and ask, "Can you tell who Fannie is offering the hay to?"

A Rebus



Here is a pictorial muzzle which you will be very smart to guess in ten minutes.



head so as to obstruct a view of the

FRANKFORTE

SAUSAGI

price of frankfurters.

It appears that three little boys from Harlem lost their way to school, and in their frantic efforts to locate the school, if it was to be discovered within the extended boundary of the metropolis, found themselves at the lunch hour wandering aimlessly along the Bowery at Coney Island.

When they all met under the long pier to discuss the various products of the place it was found that Harry had secured four frankfurters and Tommy seven. To pay for his part of the banquet Jim chipped in eleven cents, which Harry and Tom pruceeded to divide between the two, so as to equalize finances. It has a puzzling look to the mathematician, but to these young boys, fresh from school, it was no more trouble to divide cleven between two than it was to put eleven frankfurters into three. In fact, it did not take them an instant longer than it did to decide not to harrow the feelings of their parents by mentioning their misfortunes. What they told their teacher would be too complex a question for our puzzlists. The present problem is to show how eleven cents were divided equitably between Harry and Tommy, which you can readily do when you have figured out the price of frankfurters.

The Herd of Camels,

An Arab sheik, finding himself about to die, called his sons about him and said:

"Divide my camels among you in the proportion of one half of the herd to the eldest son, the second son onethird, and to the youngest son one-

Thereupon the oldest son cried: "O, my father, one-half, one-third, and one-ninth do not constitute a whole, To whom, therefore, shall the remainder of the herd be given?"

"To any poor man who may be standing by when the division is made," replied the sheik, who theremyon died.

When the herd was collected a new difficulty arose. The number of the camels could not be divided either by two or three or nine. While the brothers were disputing, a poor but crafty Bedonin, standing by with his carnel, exclaimed, "Behold, I will sell you my beast for ten pieces of silver, so that you may then divide the

Seeing that the addition of one camel would salve the difficulty, the brothers jumped at the offer, and proceeded to divide the herd, but when each had received his allotted portion there yet remained one camel.

"I am the poor man standing by," said the crafty Bedonin, and, gaily mounting the camel, he rode away, with the ten pieces of silver in his turban.

Now, how mamy camels were in the shelk's herd?

To the best of my knowledge and belief this beautiful problem has never been presented correctly before. In garbled form it is given in the puzzle books, or even by professors to illustrate a paradoxical situation which could be corrected by the introduction of one more camel. They omit the all-important sentence, "Divide the carrels in the proportion of one-half and one-third and onepinth," That word "proportion" is the saving clause which makes the problem sound.

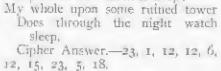


Biddy was very sensitive on the matter of her age. So for the last two score years she has invariably answered queries pertaining to her earthly sojourn by the following little verse, which was doubtless quite correct when first perpetrated:

"Five times seven and seven times three

Add to my age and it will be As far above six nines and four As twice my years exceeds a score,"

Can you tell Biddy's age?



My first a useful barrier is

My next from harm to keep;

"How you was, Mr. Rastus John-

nigger: it's de ground hog what looks

"That's what I said, Mandy; isn't

"You think yerself mighty smart,

Mister Johnsing, I thought you were

dead gone on chicken, but I guess it's

the animal that will complete this

-." Give the name of

at his shadder.

sentence,

sausage ground hog?'

that the jest can be done in less than

the trick can be done,

An Hlustrated Proverb.



sing? Late spring we am havin'." Dat's so, Mandy; when de saus-Here is some valuable advice in age comes out of its hole an sees his pictorial form; the longer it takes shadow, he goes back for another you to guess it the better it will be "Don't know what yo' talkin' bout,

A Rebus

My first mounts high when low you

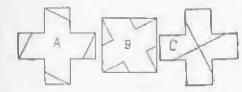
My second's found within the deep;

9, 14, 7.

The Greek Cross.

Eminent archaeologists and antiquarians like Le Plongeon, Schliemann, Prof. Wilson and others show that prehistoric man must have hit upon the crude sign of two crossed marks to indicate a human emblem. just as we in many instances employ peculiar brands or marks for similar

My present object, however, is to give a discourse upon those ancient emblems which have evolved the geometrical proportions of the Greek or mundane cross, which for upward of six thousand years has stood for the symbol of human intelligence, and is now recognized as representing science and mathematical exactitude. The symmetrical cross formed from five squares for thousands of years has been known as the Hindoo problem. By cutting it in five pieces, upon the principle of Euclid's fortyseven proposition, it will form a square. Almost all puzzle books give the scientific clipping of the four corners as shown by Fig. A to form the square B.



When a puzzle, however, can be done "a shorter way," "in fewer pieces," or in less moves," it is said to be "cooked," or, in puzzle language, "busted," Well, when I told the head of Harvard College that the symbol which was incorporated in the Harvard seal could be converted into a square by making four pieces instead of five, I was informed that the feat was impossible.

I used it as an advertising puzzle, offering a hundred dollars for the shortest method of converting the Greek cross into a square. Several hundred thousand answers were received employing five pieces, but not one answer that showed how to do it in four. Fig. C shows how the four pieces should be made.

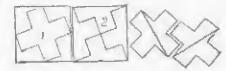
I afterward discovered that there was an infinite number of answers, as the parallel cut may be made anywhere on the lines shown, and the perpendicular cut at any right-angled point of intersection.



The four segments will always fit to form a periect square, so the puzzle makers can exercise their ingenuity by introducing conditions or stipulations which will bar out all other answers but the one intended. In the illustrations given it is asked to divide a cross in four equal parts which will form a square. In a second puzzle it was said "to divide a cross, with two clips of the seissors, in four pieces, which will form a square,"

There are numerous other problems connected with the symmetrical proportions of the Greek cross which make a most valuable lesson in the theory of all cutting puzzles.

A beautiful requirement is to divide a square in five pieces which will form two crosses. Fig. 1 shows how to produce five pieces which will form two crosses. The center piece makes a new cross, and the four outside pieces will form another. But, after the puzzle had become famous, I found a second way in one piece less, as shown in Fig. 2.



Another way to vary the stipulations so as to form a beautiful puzzle calls for the dividing of a square in

five pieces which will form two crosses of different sizes.



First cut out the little cross, then divide the remainder in four parts which will form the large cross, as shown. The fourth figure shows the puzzle of cutting a cross in five pieces which will form two crosses of equal size, and is one of the most beautiful problems of the series.

It is a most remarkable fact that a mysterious affinity of relationship can be shown to exist between all the ancient signs and symbols, in that each one can be converted into another by some subtle change which constitutes a clever pazzle. The Swastica can be clunged into a square, the square into a cross, the cross into a triangle, an oblong or several crosses, and from these we can form a star, a crescent, oval, a monad, and from that a circle, which looks very much as if the squaring of the circle was one of the mysteries pertaining to the mystic signs and symbols.

A Puzzle.

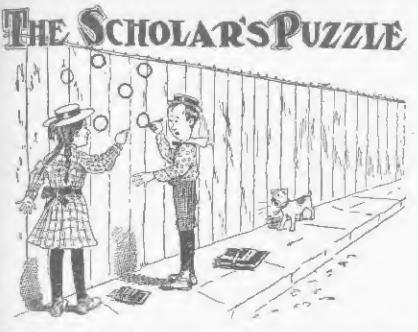
My tongue is long, my breath is

And yet I breed no strife. My voice you hear both far and near, And yet I have no life. Cipher Answer. -2, 5, 12, 12.



minutes, so that he had pennies he spend?

In describing his experiences at a where he had dollars before, and but bargain sale, Smith says that half of half as many dollars as before he his money was gone in just thirty had pennies. Now, how much did



NNIE was the brightest carried off the highest honors in every branch of study, and, as a

matter of fact, amused the entire school, teachers as well as scholars, with her clever tricks and puzzles. She met Joe the other day and showed him a new trick, which is just as pretty as it is clever. She drew six little rings on the fence and said; "Now you can only see two rows of three in a line as I have placed them, but I want you to mark out one ring and place it somewhere else, so as to show four rows of three in a line," What an easy puzzle! Just change the position of one ring so as to have four rows, instead of but two.

All puzzle books give that famous address that the person gave who wrote to

> OHN MANE

which it is said reached the intended destination of John Underwood, Andover. Maine; but they failed to mention that this printed letter here tells where the epistle was sent from:



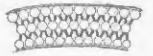
If I am not very much mistaken little girl in school; she the following illustration was intended to give an idea of the date.



The Kangaroo Puzzle

Being an old sailor with a penchant for spinning yarns that require considendile saline seasoning. I do not mind telling you in strict confidence that I pirated the idea of this puzzle from the taffrail of a Dutch jugger which I saw riding at anchor in the bay during my last trip to Australia. I jotted down in my notebook at the time the suggestion that there was a possibility of every word having a mechanical peculiarity of its pwn, susceptible of being illustrated in puzzle form. As a proper souvenir of the occasion I present the following sketch of the taffrail of that boat. The name was painted in the twelve

upper rings, and I suggested to my companion that it would make a pretty puzzle to find in how few moves the name could be moved down to the lower row. Astonishing as it may appear, it is safe to say that all of our puzzlists will know the name of that Dutch jigger when they have solved the puzzle.



Select a word of twelve letters, and place the letters in their proper order in the upper row of the rings, one letter in each ring. Then move them down one step at a time, or jump one letter over another when possible, so as to spell the same word correctly in the lower row of rings, in the fewest possible moves. I think it was the jumping feature that suggested the name, or I might have described it as a Shakespearian puzzle, for though you may ask, "What's in a name?" you will find, as Hamlet says, "The play's the thing" wherein "to suit the action to the word and the word to the action," if you wish to perform the feat expeditionsly.

A Rebus

My first carns his bread by the sweat of his brow,

Till my second compels him to cease :

When, if wise, what he gained by my whole may allow

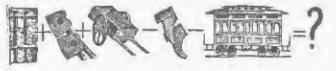
Him to spend his last days more at

Cipher Answer.—16, 15, 18, 20, 5, 18, 1, 7, 5,

A Charade

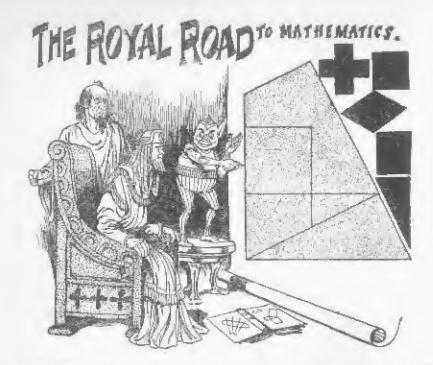
A well known tree transposed aright, Will turn the darkness into light. Cipher Answer.-16, 1, 12, 13.

Pictorial Algebra.



arithmetic wherein you write down the names correctly it becomes a very the names of all the articles, and simple puzzle,

Here is an elementary study in as to tell what remains. If you guess then cancel out all the - articles so



GAIN I am forced to tell allelogram, or a rectangle, or a right your Imperial High- angled triangle. ness that the royal road to geometry has not vet been discovered."

exclaimed Euclid to King Ptolemy. who had been dozing during a lecture on the elements of geometry.

"To illustrate the fatility of knocking learning into a pupil's skull with a wormwood club," said Boppo, the court jester, "I make hold to volunteer a few soothing re-

"My learned friend has discoursed upon the six geometrical forms, the traprapezium, the square, greek cross, parallelogram or diamond, rectangle and triangle. The trapezium, he has told us is a geometrical form with four sides, no two of which are parailel. The shape was originated many years ago as the mainsail for a catamaran, the five other geometrical shapes will readily be recognized as the flags or ensigns of ancient yachts. The most interesting part of the whole business is that I can mark off the trapjezium into five parts, which form six wonderful puzzles. Cut these five pieces out of paper and it will be no easy task to rearrange them to ferm the trapezium. Then utilize all five of the pieces so as to form a perfect square! They will also fit together of hours to wait for the next train, to make a greek cross. If properly made a quick turn. He bought a

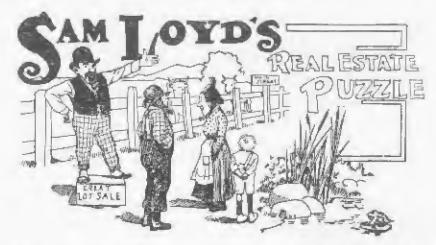
just as in the case of the trapezium, and will go far towards teaching the mystic affinity or relationship between the different geometrical forms as treated by ancient occult writers."

ducing each of the patterns shown,

A Remarkable Cut Price Puzzle.



It looks as if Isaacstein, the popular one price cush clothier, was determined to dispose of his stock at any old price, but you will discover that there is method in his madness if you realize that it requires one more mark-down to reach cost. See five pieces must be utilized in pro- if you can figure it out,



While the suburban boom is on we will take occasion to tell how a real estate speculator stopped off at a wrong station, and, having a couple placed they will make a perfect par- piece of land for \$2.43, divided it laid out in the town of Ecomville.

"Thus we have the six geometrical

shapes illustrated by these five magi-

cal pieces, and it is safe to say that by

the time you have guessed these six

puzzles you will be pretty familiar

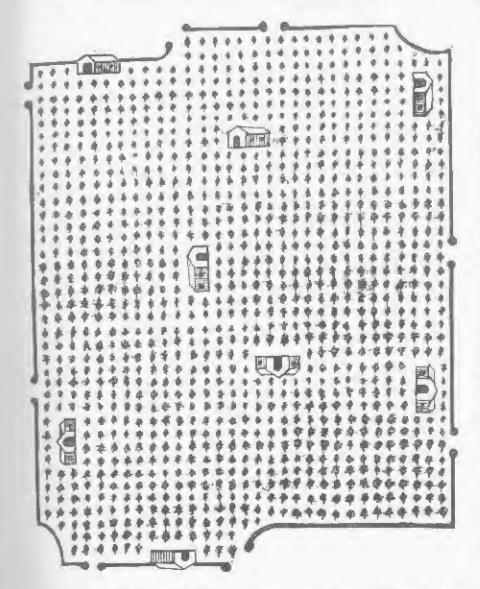
with the geometrical form, and won't

have gone to sleep over Enclid's

eleven volumes either! All of the

into lots, and sold thent back to the original owners at \$18 per lot, and cleaned up the whole transaction before his train arrived. He made a profit on the deal just equal to his first cost price of six lots, so you are asked to tell just how many lots were

Puzzleland Park



land Park, and the people of each house must only go out of the park by their private gate directly across, on a line with the door of their own house. Each family has a private path of their own leading to their gate between a row of trees; no paths cross any other paths; no inmates of one house ever meet any of their neighbors, so they never quarrel about which should turn out for the other in Puzzleland. Some of the hunter, as shown by the tracks in the paths are crooked and very funny, snow, has gone around the tree so but as each one has a map with his as to make a complete circle, but the particular route marked out by the squirrel has also gone around the landlord, who is a great puzzlist, they tree, keeping on the opposite side, never get lost. Here is one of the and we wish to know has the hunter maps, on which you are asked to walked around the squirrel? I give 18,

There are eight houses in Puzzle- trace out the paths which each family must take to get to their private gate, across the park, but directly opposite to their door; but remember, none of the paths must cross!

The Hunter and The Squirrel,

Here is the old problem of the hunter who saw a squirrel on a tree and tries to get a good shot at it, but the squirrel cleverly manages to keep always on the opposite side. The

the problem because puzzlists from all parts of the world have asked me to give my answer to the problem.

A thousand and one subtle argu-



ments have been offered to prove that the man does not go around the squirrel, principally based upon Webster's definition that around is, on all sides of; encircling, encompassing.

I claim that the man has most positively gone around the squirrel, just as the rim of a wheel goes around the hub which turns on the axle; just as the earth goes around the sun, which has a lesser orbit proportional to their difference in weight.

I remember going all around a field once, but a cross dog faced me all the time so I could not reach the apple tree; but I went all around that field and all that was in it. I wished at the time that I was hig enough to take that dog by the tail and swing him around, but perhaps some philosopher would tell me that the dog was not being swung around, because he always had the same end toward

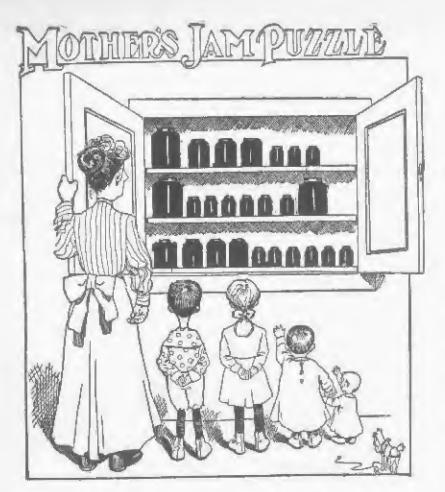
One of the same professors who maintain it is impossible to go around the earth unless the earth stops turning, places implicit faith in the old snake story. He says a snake can always swallow a snake of its same size; he once placed two four foot snakes together in a cage, and each seized the others tail and began to swallow it at the same time, so they both disappeared simultaneously. He asked Sammy to illustrate it upon the binckboard, and Sammy, who was quite : little artist, drew the following picare:



A Rebus

A bird select, on moorlands bred And carefully remove its head; Then your admirer, ladies see! Cut his, and past and gone he'll be.

Cipher Answer .- 16, 12, 15, 22, 5,



clever system for keeping tabs on her the two lower shelves. The result blackberry jam. She filled twenty- proves that two big jars equal four shelf. Can you guess her secret so and cancel the two large ones from as to tell how much one of the big jars contains?

Alfred Mercier says: "What we learn with pleasure we never forget," which is a more elegant way of expressing Josh Billings' trite saying: There are better ways of knocking learning into a boy's head than with a wormwood club."

Tommy would like to learn how to extract unknown quantities from those jars of jam by reduction, climination or even by the process of substitution of empty jars for full ones. The whole juvenile class would speedily reduce everything to the minimum quantities and clear off fractions if they were not awed by the mother's radical terms.

Like good Mother Hubbard we will solve the problem by inspection,

Mrs. Hubbard has invented a by cancelling off six little jars from five jars and arranged the three sizes medium ones, or one large one equals so as to have twenty quarts on each two medium size. Replace the jars

the middle shelf and equalize the top shelf by removing the large one and two of the medium size. This shows that the one medium sized jar must hold as much as three little ones, Now multiply all the large jars by two and they are changed to mediums, and multiply the number then representing all the medicus by three to reduce them to the smallest size, and when we add them all together we find that the entire amount could be contained in 54 of the small size, 18 of the medium, or 9 of the largest. As a large jar would contain one-ninth of 60 quarts, we see that it would hold just six and twothird quarts.

A Rebus

My first on my second often there

My first and my last should be of a

My whole, like my second, is always the same,

So now, if you're smart, just tell me niv name.

Cipher Answer .- 6, 15, 15, 20, 19, 20, 15, 15, 12.

A Charade

My first is found in many mines: And there my costly second shines. As for my whole-what shall I say? It seems intended to betray.

Then, oh! beware, unthinking youth, Adhere to honesty and truth.

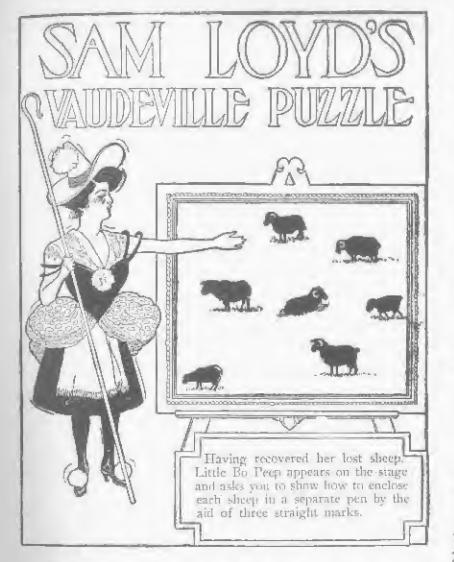
Cipher Answer.—19, 20, 18, 1, 20, 5, 7, 5, 13.



pretty problem which developed at a them knew how to figure out the exand prove the quantities in the difference recent election where 5,219 votes act number of votes received by each.

Can you give a simple rule for giving that each shelf were east for four candidates. The victor exceeded his opponents by 22, ing the desired results?

Here is a simple but somewhat 30 and 73 votes, and yet not one of



The Story of the Fish



The above sketch represents the greatest fish catch of the season, as fold by the champion angler, who sa) s. "The scales weigh nine pounds, and when putting the fish on the cales we find that they weigh three pounds. Now, take the fish off the scales and the scales off the fish and we find they weigh one-fifth of the weight of the fish without their

weight of the fish without their scales is equal to one-fourth of the combined weight of the scales, what would be the weight of the fisherman if he is holding up just one-tenth of his own weight?" That is it! Never mind anything about the fish; what is the weight of the boy?

I don't know what the rest of the story has to do with pazzles, but, somehow or other, whenever I hear a story which makes a fellow stop and clear the cobwehs off his brain so as to think clearly. I say to myself that it is a good one to tell the class: wonder if it will bother them to see the point?

When Sammy brought his string of fish home his father said sternly;

"Sammy, I am going to punish you for disobedience. When I gave A quadruped will give you in its my consent to your spending a day at your grandfather's, I told you not scales. In view of the fact that the to leave the place without his per- 20.

mission. And yet you ran away and went fishing all the afternoon."

"But grandpa said I might," answered the lad.

"Come, come, sir! Your grandfather says you did not even mention the subject to him."

The lad stood on one foot.

"Well?"

"There is an old saying that 'the enild is the father of the man, isn't there?"

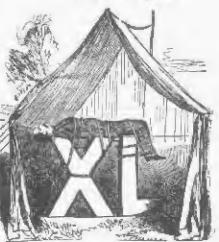
"Yes."

"Well, then, that makes me your father, doesn't it? And if I am your father, of course I am also your son's grandfather, Your son asked me if he might go fishing, and told him he might if he would be a good boy, He said be would be, and he kept his promise, pa."

Here the lad stood on the other

"Clarence, my son," said the fond father, with great feeling, "take good care of your health, for if you live you'll be a lawyer yet."

A Compound Rebus,



The students have field one of their comrades in the tent; how do you know that he is not a young man?

How do you know that he is a scholar?

How do you know that he is smarter than his fellow students?

A Rebus

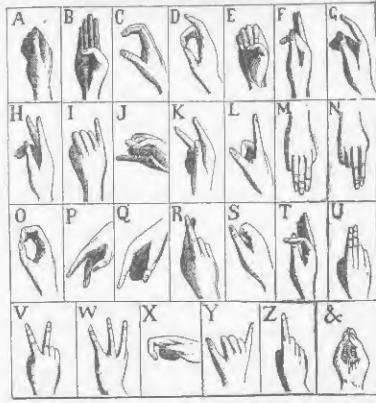
A pendant charm, bereft of tail and

Cipher Answer .-- 1, 13, 21, 12, 5,

DEAF AND DUMB ALPHABET.

Let the children store their little human phonographs with knowledge while the brain is fresh and receptive, so that the impressions upon the memory records may be deep and lasting. Instead of craming them with dry work let them absorb congenial information which expands and develops the mind.

I recall many things I picked up as a lad which could not be acquired now except by hard study. I attended St. Ann's Church where Rev. Dr. Gallaudette preached to the deaf and dumb in the sign language. He taught me the single hand, which is far preferable to the double handed one, and I have never forgotten it. Just think, I have carried it in my head for over sixty years, and here at this lute day I had occusion to use it. A bright idea occurs to me; here is the alphabet just as the good philanthrophist, who devoted his life to the instruction of the afflicted, gave it to me, and I shall proceed to tell the story in the deaf and dumb alphabet, so that all my friends in deciphering it may acquire a valuable accomplishment which they will never forget.





I have already shown how a 13x 13 patchquilt could be divided into eleven squares, so, as a further continuation of the same subject, I will ask you to try to find how the ladies of Darktown combined eleven square pieces of patch work, no piece containing less than four squares, into a beautiful 12x12 patchquilt, which they presented to Pason Cinch.

I say every piece must contain not less than four patches because without that stipulation there are two different answers. This is a way that puzzle makers have of patching up patchquilt puzzles, but so long as I have stated that there is a way of performing the feat by utilizing one little square of but one patch, it may as well be presented as a second enough to discover both answers.

Evolution Puzzle

Nothing produces more fun and amusement for an evening party than the simple game of evolution, wherein you are to transform one word into another changing one letter at a time and always spelling correct dictionary words.

Thus, to transform PIG to RAT in three moves, we might proceed as follows: PIG. PIT. PAT. RAT; or PIG, RIG, RAG, RAT. East to West-East, vast, vest,

Dog to Cat-Dog, cog, cot, cat. Soup to Fish-Soup, sour, pour, pout, post, past, fast, fist, fish,

Road to Rail-Road, goad, goal, coal, coil, toil, tail, rall.

Milk to Hash-Milk, milt, mist, mast, mash, hash,

In using the puzzle as a game, the company first agree upon the different pairs of words to be transformed, and then see which player can make all the changes in the fewest moves—the number not being previously specified. Some words take more moves than might at first be supposed. Thus, the reader will, I think, find that ROSE puzzle, so see if you are clever cannot be changed into LILY in fewer than five moves, although SHOE may be transformed into BOOT in three. The latter could not be effected under four moves were it not for the fact that the third letter is the same in each word,

To test your eleverness transform the following pairs in three moves

CAT to DOG; BOY to MAN: WOOD to COAL: LION to My whole is employed by the Church, LAMB; HATE to LOVE.

Transform the following pairs in four moves each:-

WARM to COLD: FISH to MEAT: MORE to LESS: FIRE to COLD; RIDE to WALK.

A Hidden City



"Mr. Conover, if I bring a glass of water will you let me see you drink it? I heard Pa say to Emma: 'Conover drinks like a fish.' It must be so funny to see a person drink like

Can you find the name of the town where this little incident occured concealed in the story?

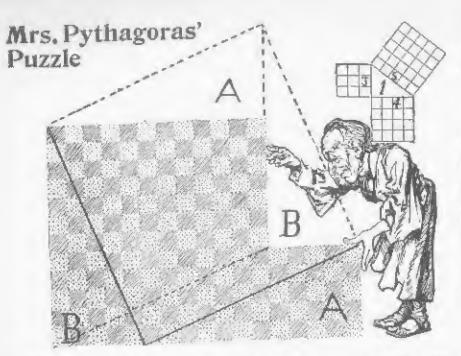
A Rebus

My first's a distinction; my second

and not by the state.

Cipher Answer.-19, 5, 24, 20, 15,

65



spouse regarding the 4 glance, best way of squaring a two-square formed rem-

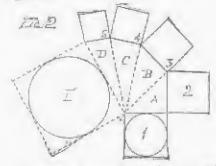
nant of Athenian matting, the great philosopher explained: "Knowing that a square erected on the hypothenuse line of a right-angled triangle is equal to the square of the base and the square of the side combined, we see that the square you require must be equal to both squares, and therefore must be equal to the square of the hypothemuse.

The truth of this great therum is shown in the small illustration. No. I shows a right-angled triangle; being three inches high, the square of that side contains nine square inches; the base, being four inches long, contains sixteen square inches, and the five inch hypothenuse square contains as many square inches as both of the other squares added together,

If we wish to make one square out of two we merely place them together and draw a straight line from the top of the smallest and draw the line through the larger to the lower corner, B to B, and it will form the hypothenuse line of a triangle, giving the length of the square which will be equal to both of the other squares. A beautiful demonstration is shown in three pieces by clipping off the triangular pieces and fitting them above as shown. It will always make a perfect square from any twosquare shaped piece of paper.

When this principle is thoroughly

Mrs. Pythagoras understood any number of squares took counsel with her or circles may be added together at

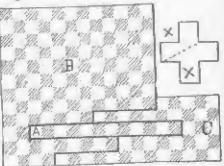


In the above illustration I and 2 would form a square equal to the hypothenuse line of A. Squares 3. 4 and 5 are each added to the hyputhenuse lines, showing that the square E is as large as the five small ones. All manner of forms, like rhomboids, pyramids, crosses, etc., can be transformed into squares by this method, which is invaluable in th, world of puzzledom. In the following small figure of a cross we see that the lower square X would fill the upper space X, thereby forming a two-square form, which we know how to transform into a square which we can see must be of the dimensions of that dotted hypothenuse

But to get back to Mrs. Pythagoras' matting puzzle, which the great philosopher offered to solve upon the principle of Euclid's 47 proposition known as pons asinorum.

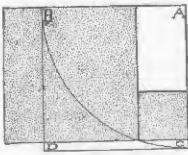
"Now, Thag," says she, for she always called him that in the house,

"] am feared these goods will fray if they are ent on the bias, so I want to get along without that hippopota-mus line. Here is a plan which will also do it in three pieces: Cut out that long piece marked A, and stand it on end at one side; then move the piece C down one step, and it forms a 13 x 13 square, all right, all right.



"But, I don't like it altogether, Thag; you see the pattern don't run quite right on the squares in that long piece. Can't you find a perfect answer without giving any of the squares that half turn? I know it can be done."

There we have Mrs. Phythagoras' new puzzle.



On the principle that every good rule should work both ways, we will now reverse the idea so as to produce two squares from one large square. Place the point of the compasses at A and describe the arc B C and any point on the arc will int dicate the junction of the two smaller squares, which are equal to the area of the largest A B D C, and brings us back to a two-square form of any desired dimension.



It is easy to prove the truth of Euclid's famous proposition by erecting four triangles around the hypothenuse square C. The area of

thelarge square being (A+B) equals A3+2AB+B3; subtracting the contents of the 4 triangles 2AB proves A4+B2 of the side and base equals Co of the hypothenuse.

A SHORT TALK ABOUT

I went to Europe with Prof. Morse in 1865, and I remember one day while speaking about our ages he laughingly remarked that he invented the telegraph during the year I was born. He told many interesting things connected with the progress and development of what is sound until you are actually an exknown as the Morse code. As a souvenir of the occasion he dotted difference between a dot and a dash down in my note-book the following was just about as much as between alphabet, accompanied by valuable the word "dot" and "dash," so to instructions which I cheerfully pass learn the alphabet, take a pencil and on to the rising generation!

the messages should be taken by stronger push and always say "dash" sound, but after years of practice in and give a somewhat longer wait reading the tapes the modern ex- between the letters and a somewhat pert developed and the old-time op- longer dwell betwee words. For ex-

erator was driven out of business, ample in learning the alphabet say: sound; anyone can send a message, but it requires great practice and bet to be able to note the differences between intervals in the ticks. Fractice reading and writing telegraphy for months without thinking of the pert. Prof. Morse explained that the hit a quick, sharp blow, and say It never was contemplated that "dot" and for the dashes give a

DEE C

Don't imagine, however, that you A dot dash, B dash dot dot dot, C could begin to take messages by flot dot dot. Now do you notice that there is a little more space between those last dots? You would perfect familiarity with the alpha- only detect that after you were a thorough expert. D dash dot, dot, E dut, F dot dash dot, G dash dash dot and H is dot dot dot dot.

> I never became a real expert operator as I had no occasion to practice the same professionally. but at Professor More's suggestion I wrote several pages of the code until I became familiar with it. I learned this as well as many other things which I propose to talk about, merely as an accomplishment for my own amusement. "A little learning may be a dangerous thing," and "a jack of all trades may be a master of none," but I believe more in the old saying: "all work and no play makes Jack a dull boy." A boy who knows a little about everything is better than the boy who knows nothing about anything. Let the young store their minds with congenial knowledge and they will never forget it.

Just to familiarize you with the Morse alphabet, I will take occasion to tell a little incident which befel the professor and myself on our return to New York, by the time you have deciphered it you will have a very good idea of the technical features of the code.

						H,
1	J	K	L		M N	0
P	Q	R	s	T	ט	V
<u>w</u> _	x	Y	2		&t	·
	- · · -	1		2	9	4.
5	6	7		8	9	0

And there is a proper to their plant in the party of the same of A contract of the contract of

The letters are readily learned by R: this reversed would be C. All of fifteen minutes. I have not looked at

resent S, but with a little more space sents T, but a longer dash is L. Any- see if I have made any mistakes. between the first and second, becomes one could learn the combinations in

studying the scientific combinations the letters change by reversal, so they them for nearly half a century, and of the dots and dashes. A single dot should be learned in pairs, A changes here I am with my shaky old hand, is E, two dots I, but if they are a lit- to N, B to V, D to U, G to W, Q to writing out the above dispatch. Just the further apart, O. Three dots rep- X, and Z to &. A single dash repre- for fun I send it to Tom Edison to



PROPOSITION-Here are shown the dimensions of two fields, the one enclosed by 580 rails, the other by 600. An acre contains 43,560 square feet and will raise 840 squashes. What will be the relative squash crops of the two fields?



well as such as have a natural bent towards the principles of geometry.

appreciate the perfection of the form of the circle as compared with would make 500 rails on the four all other shapes. The nearer on sides. oblong, square or polygon approaches the form of a circle the greater will be the surface in proportion to the length of line required to enclose it. This proposition is well and dimensions. To present on illustrated in the following problem which is given to show that the length of fence required to enclose a field gives no indication of the

It appears that two Hayseeds. who knew nothing about an acre of land containing 43,560 square feet, had been figuring out on the barn door a smart dicker which they concluded with Farmer Sykes' boy, who was fresh from college,

They traded one large field for another, and believed that they got the best of the gargain because

F COURSE ALL it took more rails to enclose the mathematicians, as now field. Their old lot had 140 rails on one side by 150 on the other. which would make 580 rails on the four sides. The field for which they traded has 110 rails by 190, which

The dimensions of the two fields are correctly shown on the barn doors and illustrate a valuable lesson in geometry pertaining to form problem in tangible form, let the proposition be: Supposing that 840 squashes are raised to the acre. How many squashes will those smart Alecs lose on the year's crop by trading fields? or, in other words, how much does Farmer Sykes' boy's knowledge of elementary geometry profit him per year in ten to one if you catch it. this one little transaction, to say nothing about the thousands of opportunities which will occur during the year for him to turn his practical knowledge of mathematics

Why, when you paint a man's portrait, may you be described as stepping into his shoes? Hecause you make his feet yours (features).

Why may a beggar wear a very short coat? Because it will be long enough before he gets another.

Which is the most valuable, a five-dollar note or five gold dollars? The note, because when you put it in your pocket you double it, and when you take it out again you see it increases.

Why is a pretty young lady like a wagon wheel? Because she is surrounded by felloes (fellows).

What is the difference between form and ceremony? You sit upon one and stand on the other.

What is the most awkward time for a train to start? 12:50, as it's

Why is a camel a very pugnacions animal? Because he always has his back up.

Why can the world be compared to music? Because it is so full of sharps and flats.

THE HOUSE OF KETSY ROSS

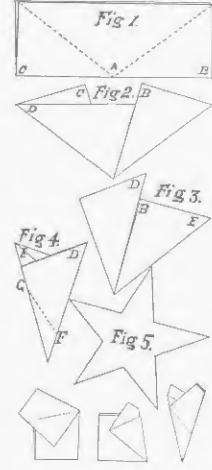


THE BETSY ROSS trick of cutting a five pointed star with one clip with a pair of scissors has never been in-

telligently presented, I will endeavor to show how it was explained to me in my early youth. I wish it to be known that I was born in close proximity to that little house on Arch street in Philadelphia where Belsy Ross showed George Washington and Robert Morris how to design the five pointed star of freedom.

There are several ways of performing the feat, but I consider the following to be the best and most easily described. Take a rectangular piece of paper, say five by three and a half inches, and first fold it double as shown in Fig. 1. Then fold on a line from the center A to the two corners, folding the corner marked B forward and the corner C hackward, as shown in Fig. 2. Now fold the paper on a line from C to the center point A, so as to bring the edge D parallel with the line B as the top. Then fold down the top on shown in Fig. 3. Then fold the end that dotted line so as to look like the E backward, bending it on the line second illustration. Then back the from B to the center point A so the bottom piece on that bias line so it paper will be folded as shown in locks like the third illustration, and Fig. 4. Now, cutting a straight clip a cut on the dotted line will produce

pointed star as shown by Fig. 5. The usual method, which has to be done more or less by guesswork, is shown in the next three illustrations.



First fold a perfectly square piece of paper in half as shown, and hend it from the center point so that the double edge intersects the middle of from F to G, it will produce the five the shape similar to the other.

A Rebus.

Two words there are-the first will Two words which denote what old Shylock will hold

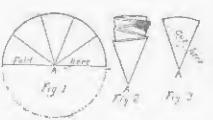
> On your house, or your land, ere he lends you his gold,

> Enjoined, name a being who wanders from home,

sojourn or roam, But where'er he may be, in town,

country or strand. He can never exist in his own natve

Cipher Answer-1, 12, 9, 5, 14.



It just occurs to me to say that I remember as a boy that when wished to make a perfectly symmetrical five-pointed star, I used to first cut out a round piece of paper and, folding it as shown, I would bend it in five parts and then give it one clip with the scissors, which insures a perfect star.



Here is a most interesting illustration of what might be ternied an optical illusion, Look steadily for about ten seconds at the little star in the center of the above design, then, without winking, suddenly gaze at some small point on a sheet of white paper, the ceiling, or a blank wall. Afler a few attempts, by gazing intently at the one spot for ten or twenty seconds, the blurred form which first appears will assume the well-known features of a celebrated general.

It would appear to prove that color is purely a freak of the imagination. and that the colors we think we see are really created by the retina of the eye. Look intensely at a bright colored spot, like the ace of diamonds or hearts, and then gaze at the blank wall or paper and you will see the red has changed to a bright green,

Artists employ this method to find what are the party color or complement to shade certain colors with, because the new color which appears on the space is the opposite to the color of the spot you have first looked at, as white is to black, green to red. etc. The mysterious feature of the experiment is that you now see a new color which exists only in your imagi-

What may be found in many a soil, Where various treasures silent dwell; And if you know their natures well, The second may reward your toil. Unite them, and you'll quickly goess And in many strange climates may What I have tried in vain with you; Tis what I used, I must confess, With little skill and less success,

To hide my meaning from your view. Cipher Answer,-19, 20, 18, 1, 20, 1, 7, 5, 13.

to account?



HE PROBLEM of squaring the circle may be described as changing circular into square measure. The mind being trained to estimate in squares, refuses to deal with circles. A plane

has a length and breadth, but no thickness. We say a lot is 25 x 100, or a shadow is to feet wide by 20 long. We talk about superficial antiace without substance. Thickness pertains to the third power and introduces a new dimension which the mind can grasp. A tank 20 x 20 gives no idea of its capacity until we learn that it is 10 feet deep. Then 20 x 20 x 10 shows that it will held 4,000 cabic feet of water.

If our ancestors had estimated in spheres with the diameter of a small marble as the unit of measurement, we might all be talking in circles, with the mathematicians trying to circle the

For thousands of years they have sought to discover the ratio of the diameter to the circumference as the key to the great problem. Ingenious methods have been employed which produce answers approximately correct, but there is always an infinitesimally small fraction left over which is technically known

The uncients claimed the diameter to be one-third of the circumference, and had biblical authority for the same, as we read in the Book of Kings. VII, 23. that Solomon in making the vessels of the Temple "made a molten sea, ten cubits from one rim to the other, and a line of thirty cubits did compass it round about." This is but one of many relectores in the Bible to the ratio of the diameter of the kircum, being one-third. this ratio gives a fairly good approximation, but for careful estimating we divide the circumference, or multiply the diameter by the decimal fraction 3,141592. From any given diameter we obtain an approximately correct answer to an infinistesimal degree by squaring the ra-dius and moltiplying it by he it may be said that calculations have been carried out to seven hundred declaral points in the vain hope of litting upon a cycle of repeating decimals which would close the circuit so as to give a definite value

Here is the process worked out to seven hundred and seven points;

3.141592653589793238162643381279592884 1971633093751058209749445923078164962802 0800862803482534211700798214808051328230 (647093844609550582231725359408128481117 4502841027010385211053506446229480549303 819644288109756659334461284756482337867 8316527120100314564856692346034861015432 6648213393607360249141273724587006606315 588174881520920903820234091715364367892 5003000113305305488204665213841400519415 11000433057270305750501053032180117,8103 2611793105118548074462379834749567351885 7527348012279381830110101298330733624419 360430860213050100244867723004302855309 0020275509307986950222474696205074970304 12/6688/19051106802023837702131416941190 208858254468:639799994639700081700396312 377381 1420841 30701 452183980570985.

This stupendous calculation may be appreciated by explaining that you might imagine a sphere to be constructed with the earth as the central point and the orbit of the circle to extend to the star

Sinus, distant a hundred million miles—but you may make it a hillion times father if you wish—then imagine this immense sphere packed with minute microbes, so small that a hillion could stand on the point of a pin. Now multiply that radius of the great circle by those seven hundred and seven decimals and the error as to the space filled with microbes will be less than the hillionth part of a microbes.

The interest in the squaring of the circle has been kept alive by the offer of tonoco france by the Paris Academic of Sciences, and by the claim that the secret was known at the time of the building of the pyramids. The Paris Academic has withdrawn its offer and saps it "will examine no more squaring problems, no more trisections of the angle, no more duplications of the cube, and no more perpennal motion schemes."

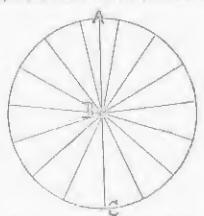
The offer was withdrawn because Prof. Gauss gave a rigid and positive demonstration of the impossibility of solving those problems mathematically. Prof. Gauss' proof is too professul and technical for the average student, but for the benefit of the thousand and one aspirants for fame who believe that they have new methods for solving the great problem we will put a new and interesting value to Mr. Shanks' seven hundred and seven point demonstration as a test wherewith to compare the new solutions. The greatest mathematicians of the world have indorsed his work as correct, and it has been approved by the Royal So-ciety of London, Vol. XXI. All that is necessary to see how far the new meth-nits compare with Mr. Shanks', and at what point they fall: It may be said that out of the hundreds of thousands of markemarkians, many of whom devoted their lives to the task -very, very few were correct as far as the fifth or sixth decimal, and here we have an absolutely correct standard up to seven hundred and seven points!

And now for a practical rule and explanation for the benefit of the engineer and mechanic, which when once learned will never be forgotten. To square a circle, multiply half the diameter (in inches) by half the circumsterence (in inches). The answer will be absolutely correct, and not merely approximately near, as many suppose. It is practical, because if you wish to know how many feet of sod will be required to cover a round grass plot, you take the tape and measure the circumsterence and the diameter, and multiply the half of one by half the other, and if your measurements are correct it will give the amount of sod required to less than the hillionth part of an inch.

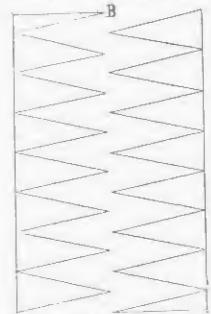
If the plumber wishes to know the contents of a circular hoder or cistern, let him measure the diameter and the circomference with the tape, then multiply the half of one by half of the other and the result by the depth, and he will have the capacity as close as a single drop of water. The correctness of the answer depends altogether on the accuracy of his measurements.

A finsmith had to cover a circular soof too feet in diameter. Actual measurement made the circumference to be 3.1.16 feet. By the use of this rule he found it required 7.854 feet of the, which was not a square inch out of the way.

As the reason why has to be taught to impress it upon the mind, we will give a little kindergarten illustration which explains everything. If you halve an orange you will notice how the pulp of the fruit is divided into triangular looking segments of a circle converging to the center B, as shown in the following illustration.



Now let us square that circle of the orange by the rule. Suppose the circumference proves to be 9.3-7 inches, and the diameter 3 inches; the half of the one by the half of the other gives 7 and 1-13 square inches as the correct susver. But why? Suppose the circle was cut in half from A to B, as shown on the circle. Now take each of the pieces of orange and straighten out the peel as shown in the following cut. It is clear that each



niece is as long as half of the circumference, because two pieces formed the entire circumference. The pulp is broken or separated into segments which are evidently half as wide as the diameter because they reached from every point of the circumference to the center at B. As these triangles taper from the half of the circumference to all at their points, we will bring the two pieces together so as to fit them into a solid oblong one and a half luchles wide by 45-7 inches long, containing a surface of 7 and 1-14 inches as stated.





HIS PUZZLE IS BUILT upon common sense, and represents the Binks patent fire escape which the in-

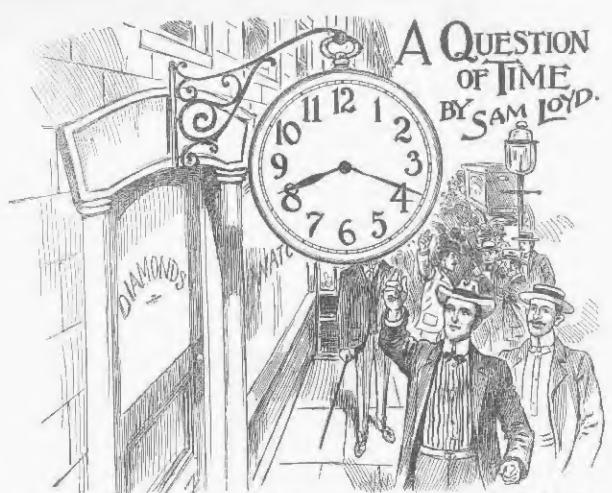
cape which the inventor says should be placed in every steeping room in the world. It was tried at one of our hotels, but delinquent guests had such a way of decamping during the night with their worldly possessions that the scheme no longer finds favor with the landlords.

It is merely a rope with a large

bucket at both ends running over a free pulley, so that when one bucket goes down the other comes up. The ingenuity of the scheme consists in putting some object in one bucket to act as a counter balance to a heavier article to be lowered in the other.

Now then, supposing that thirty pounds is the limit of difference which would not cause your feelings to be jarred, the following problem presents itself in a way to be readily understood:

A fire occurred one night at a fashionable summer hotel, and all of the people escaped in safety except the night watchman and his family who could not be aroused until all ways of escape were cut off except by the Binks clevator. Now, the combined weight of Mr. Watchman, Mrs. Watchman, baby and dog amounted to just 390 pounds, so the problem is simply to show the quickest way of lowering the family, thirty pounds at a time.



PROPOSITION - When the hour and minute hands are at equal distance from the six hour,



has been going the rounds of the press which attempts to ex-

the big watches in front of jewelry stores are always alike. They are painted upon the dial, apparently in a hap-hazard sort of a way, and yet they invariably indicate a certain number of minutes past eight. It cannot be attributable to chance, for it would tax one's credulity to believe that such a coincidence could occur all over the civilized world.

There is no accepted rule or agreement established with the jewelers or sign painters, for careful in- watch, quiry proves that few of them are aware of the fact or ever noticed a marvelous case of unconscious pleasing. imitation if it is looked upon as a mere custom, accidentally following n pattern set by the originator of the device of the sign of a hig watch. In London, where they take pride in

CURIOUS paragraph such things, I saw several big watches, looking as if they had hung in front of the stores for countless centuries, all indicating the same mysterious time, accompanied by the announcement that the firms were established a couple of hundred years ago. I do not doubt for a moment that some such similar sign can be found at Nuremberg. where the watch originated during the Fifteenth Century.

The discussion seems to have brought out a recognition of the fact that from an artistic point of view, symmetry requires that the hands should be evenly balanced, as it were, on both sides of the face of the

If they are raised too much there is a certain "exasperating, declamathat any two are slike. It would be tory effect" which is not altogether

The time would be incorrect if the hands pointed at 9 and 3, and at that a watch can be used instead of other points would be too low, so. a compass, or that with the aid of a as a matter of fact, and from an compass you can set your watch artistic point of view, the position is correctly!

well selected and is one of the points which, with the aid of a watch, can be shown to be possible. It is a fact however, that the mere puzzle of telling what time the watch indicates, has been held up to public gaze for all these centuries without being thought of or solved?

Take your watch and set it to the time indicated, with the hands at equal distances from the six hour, which shows it to he a possible position, and then tell what time of the day it is!

This is one of the many interesting puzzles which will be introduced to explain in a simple way several problems of the clock and divisions of time with which every one should be familiar.

How many boys know that a cord and stone will time a race more accurately than a \$1,000 stop watch?

It is safe to say that lew know



Here is a pretty and scientific puzzle closely rillied to Hypocrates' famous mathematic problem of the relation of a square to a lune. The problem in this case being to discover how to convert the crescent into the form of a Greek cross, as shown upon the goddess' head, by cutting the moon into the fewest possible number of pieces which can be fitted together so as to form a cross.



IS TOLD THAT AN one for eight cents a quart and the honest and unsophisti- other for ten, he proceeded to proeated milkman, who had boasted much about his conscientious dealings ive of a clever and interesting puz-

and the fact of his never having dis- zle; appointed a customer, found to his dismay one morning that his supply of milk was inadequate to the dohis route, and there was no possibility of getting any more milk.

ces which might result to his business, to say nothing about the disappointment and inconvenience to his customers, he was at his wits' end to an equal number of gallons in each know what to do in his dilemma.

over in his mind he determined that as he was too conscientious and fairminded to show partiality by serving some and passing others, he would have to divide what he had among them all, but would dilute his milk with a sufficient quantity of water to make it meet all demands.

Having found, after diligent search, a well of exceedingly pure water which he could conscientiously empioy for the purpose, he pumped into one of the cans as many gallons of water as would enable him to serve all of his customers.

Having been in the habit, however, of selling two qualities of milk, for producing standard milk.

duce two mixtures, in the following ingenious manner, which is suggest-

From Can No. 1, which contained only water, he poured sufficient to double the contents of Can No. 2, mands of his patrons. In fact, his containing the milk. Then from stuck was much too short to serve No. 2 he poured back into No. 1 just as much of the mixture as he had left water in No. 1. Then, to se-Realizing the serious consequen- cure the desired proportions, he proceed to pour back from No. 1 again just a sufficient quantity to double the contents of No. 2, which leaves of the cans, as may be readily After turning the matter carefully shown, although there are three can No. 2.

Now, this is not as complicated a transaction as it looks, for it requires but three changes to equalize the contents of the two cans, but assuming that pure milk cost him two cents a quart, I wish to know how much money he received altogether cents and eight cents a quart?

dinary affairs of life well worth knowing, as it gives an idea of the profits of the milk trust, and exA Legal Problem.

A correspondent who wishes to lay claim to an estate in chancery asks if there is a law in any of our states which would have prohibited his grandfather from nurrying the sister of his widow. He says that the entire proof of his right of inheritance to an old farm now covered with sky-scrapers and palatial residences turns upon the solution of this question.

The problem has gone the rounds of the puzzle world as a clever catch which turns upon the point that a man must be dead to make his wife a widow, so he could not marry his widow's sister. Nevertheless. there is a good catch within the catch question which fairly reverses gallous more of water than milk in the popular answer. From a legal, as well as a practical, standpoint we would inform our currespondent that there was neither law nor objection to his grandfather having married the sister of his widow. Suppose A and B are sisters. The man in question marries A.; she dies, leaving him a widower. He if he sold out the entire stock at ten then marries B., who survives him and becomes his widow. Thus he It is a pretty problem from the or- may be said to have married his widow's sister (A.), though she was his first instead of his second wife. The grandson is therefore legally plains the Farmers' Union formula entitled to the old farm with its crop of sky-scrapers.



PERTINENT TO A convent of Mt. Maladetta." reference to unsolved, or ancient puzzles the true conditions of which

correctly understood, I wish to call attention to one which is popularly known as the Problem of the Nuns. It appears in almost all collections of puzzles, but is very childish and the answer too weak to satisfy the expectations of solvers.

cently I came into possession of some very old Spanish histories, in one of which I find a brief allusion to the convent of Mt. Maladetta, situated on the mountain of that name, mentioned as being the highest peak of the Pyrenees. Reference is made to the occupancy of that part of the country by the French invaders who were finally defeated and driven out through that famous pass which was over a century.

The direct allusion to the puzzle, however, occurs in the passage which which without doubt gave rise to the considered at all. familiar problem of the nuns of the

As no explanation of the puzzle is youchsafed, and the popular version is so susceptible of double solutions, seem never to have been I take the liberty of presenting it in a form which preserves the spirit of the problem and at the same time eliminates the many other an- Superior, however, the nuns who dis-

The convent as shown in the picture, was a square three-story struc- a judicious manipulation or change ture, with six windows on each side of the occupants of the rooms, a ma-I remember that the answer was of the upper stories. It is plain to neuver with which they had long very disappointing when I first saw the seen that there are eight rooms it many years ago, and I recall the on each of the upper floors, which accompanying statement about agrees with the requirements of the founded on an incident which oc- upper floors were used for sleeping curred many centuries ago. Re- apartments, of which the top floor, having more beds in each of the rooms, accommodated twice as many occupants as the second floor.

ance with an old rule of the found- vent; twice as many on the top floor ers, jusisted that the occupants must as on the second, and yet the nine be so divided or arranged that every nuns were missing. How many room should be occupied; there nuss were there and how were they should be twice as many on the top arranged? floor as on the second, and that there must always be-neither more nor the scene of many contentions for less just eleven nuns in the six

Well, it so happened that after

the retreat of the French army through the Pyrenees pass, that nine of the youngest and most comely nuns were found to have disappeared, and it was always believed that they had been captured by the soldiers. Not to distress the mother covered the loss found that it was just possible to conceal the fact, by been familiar, as when at times it became necessary to conceal the absence of some of their more zealous

SAM LOYD

So they managed to readjust themselves in such a way, that when the mother Superior made her nightly rounds, every room was found to be occupied; eleven nuns The mother Superior, in accord- on each of the four sides of the con-

The merit of the puzzle lies in the paradoxical conditions of the problem, which strikes us at the first rooms on each of the four sides of blush to be absolutely impossible. the convent. Of course it is plain Nevertheless it yields so readily to to be seen that the problem pertains experimental puzzle methods, when says. "Many of the nuns were car- to the two upper floors, so that the one knows there is an answer, that ried away by the 'Frank' soldiers, ground floor does not have to be our puzzlists will find it an amusing and . "structive lesson.



PROPOSITION-Can you decipher the rebus sign on the door of the directors' room?

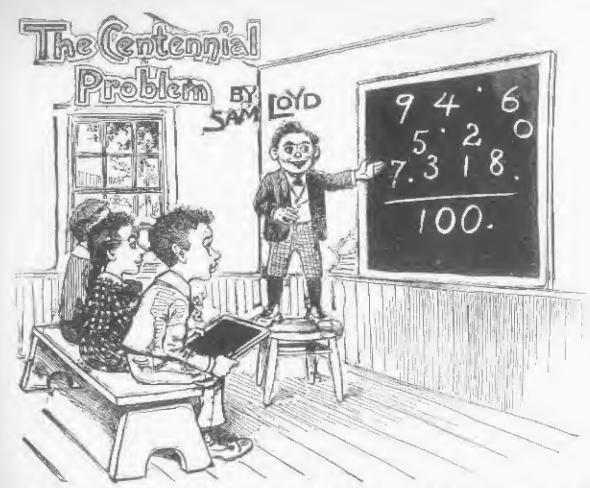


tendered me.

ally known that in the to make everything clear by kinbank, where I worked dergarten methods, I recall that just myself up to the presi- before I was promoted, there was dency, and made that a meeting of the directors, and I dency. Doubtless many of our great financial coup, just before took occasion to pin an explanatory puzzlists of an older growth will remaking a Candian tour, I first made sign on the door of their room, just my debut as office boy. It was due, to see which of them had brains it was said, to a phenomenal genius enough to decipher it. I looked to improve their positions by simifor making a puzzle out of ever, upon it as a sort of competitive test, little thing that came under my no- as it were, to decide which of them tice that it was unanimously loted was best qualified to fill the position that some other position stould be of teller, which was vacant at the time; but, as none of them could must work or it can't play.

T IS NOT GENER- To illustrate my earnest desire tell, I thought that somebody about my own size was best qualified to hil the position, and therefore used it as a stepping stone to the presicall the incident and can furnish the answer to such as are ambitious

> What lesson of life can the small boy learn from the fire engine? It



PROPOSITION -- Arrange the ten figures, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0 and the four dots so they will add up exactly 100.



centennial of 1776 was swer of 100 correct. duly celebrated in Phil-

position, I designed a little arith- scientific mathematical principle metical puzzle, which gave rise to which every one should know, and considerable discussion. The conditions of the problem, correctly the way for a new and interesting. Ah, who can tell how hard it is to stated, were to arrange the figures 1 234567890 and the four dots in important and interesting feature, such a way that they would add up which every teacher and lover of so as to make exactly 100. The mathematics or even elementary puzzle was quoted and republished arithmetic should understand. all over the world, accompanied by explanations or criticisms so different from those actually expressed and intended that the real answer was never published. Owing to the fact, therefore, that scores of solutions which were supposed to fill the bill, would not fairly satisfy the conditions, I am sure that it will interest such readers to discover wherein they were mistaken, for which reason the terms are again stated: Simply arrange the figures and dots so that by one addition, without the use of signs or numbers

VER A QUARTER OF other than those shown on the black. Tell, for you can, what is it to be a century ago, when the board, they will make the given an-

Despite of its apparent simplicity adelphia by a grand ex- this little puzzle embodies a most it is now given to introduce or pave class of puzzles, which explains an

A Poetical Perplexity.

Here is a clever potpourri of wellknown lines to test a person's acquaintance with famous authors:

The curiew toils the knell of parting day

In every clime, from Lapland to Japan:

To fix one spark of beauty's heavenly my

The proper study of mankind is 1005.0

Sweet Auhurn, lovehest village of the plain.

"The Man of Ross," each lisping bube replies.

And drags, at each remove, a lengthening chain.

alimb

Far as the solur walk or milky WEY

Processimution is the thief of time, Let Hereales himself do what he

'Tis education forms the common imistel.

The feast of reason and the flow of soul;

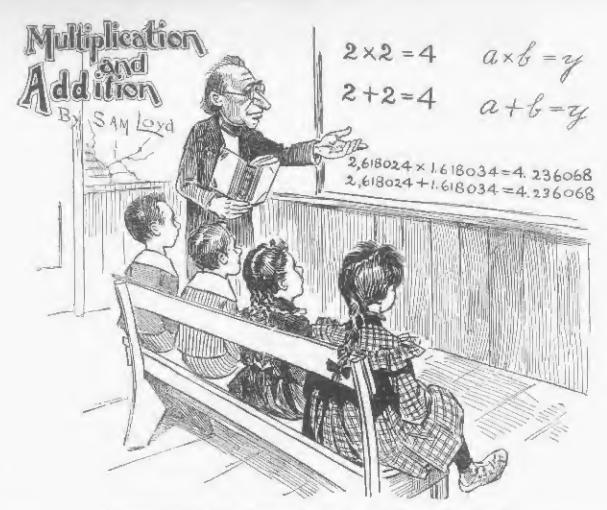
I must be orugl only to be kind, And waft a sigh from India to the pole.

Sphux! I joy to meet thee thus alone,

Where'er I roam, whatever lands I ace;

A youth to fortune and to fame unknown, In maiden meditation, fancy free.

77



PROPOSITION-Give different values for A+B and A×B=Y



tle sum like two and two make four, and yet there are peculiarities about the equal to the product. the number 2 which many have overlooked.

Notes and Oueries, who devoted considerable space to the discussion of mathematical questions, gave a very startling reply to a searcher after information, who pointed out blunder in multiplication said 2.618- similar results. 034×1.618034=4.236068, just as 2.618024+1.618034=4.236068.

quantities which we will torm a or b generally supposed

F COURSE YOU ALL is wrong, and as it is merely a probunderstand multiplica- lem in simple addition and multiplition and simple addition cation, but is sufficiently out of the and do not require pen- ordinary to be confusing, it is precil and paper to do a lit- sented as a puzzle to correct one of the quantities so that the sum will

It is really a curious and remarkable fact that there should be any Well, some time ago the editor of two numbers or series of numbers which when multiplied or added together should give the same result. Calling a 2 and b 2 and y 4 we have shown as an elementary lesson in algebra that aXb=y, just as a+b=y, the fact of 2 multiplied by 2 produc- and it is safe to say that it would ing the same result as 2 added to 2, puzzle many a clever person to think and asked if there were any other of any other numbers or quantities two quantities which when multi- wherewith to perform the same feat plied or added together would give and yet there is such an endless the same result. The editor said variety that you may select any that there was one other solution to number or series of numbers by the proposition where u+b=y, and chance and I will at once tell what where a×b=y, but by a curious to add or multiply with to produce number of dollars without fractions.

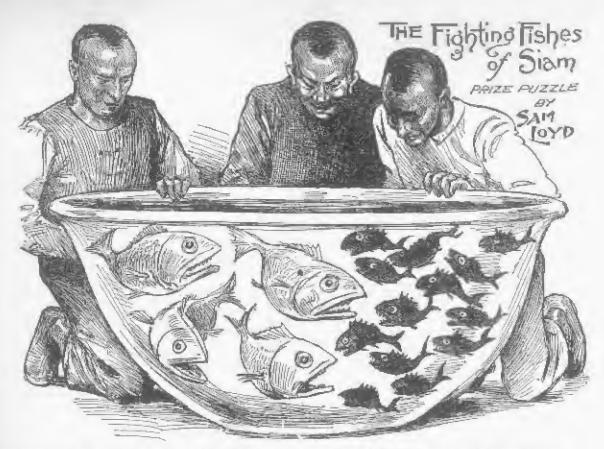
The rule is extremely simple and and why? well worth knowing, as it proves It is self evident that one of the that 2 is not a freak number as is

Domestic Complications.

Here is a pretty little tangle from the ordinary affairs of life, which the good housewife solved in a minute, but which drove a mathematician to the verge of insamity.

Smith, Jones and Brown were great friends. After Brown's wife died, his niece kept house for him, Smith was also a widower, and lived with his daughter. When Jones got married, he and his wife suggested that they all live together. Each one of the party (male and female) was to contribute \$25.00 on the first of she month for household expenses, and what remained at the end of the month was to be equally divided. The first month's expenses were \$92.00. When the remainder was distributed each received an even How much money did each receive,





PROPOSITION - Tell how long it will take one species of fish to vanquish the others.



which offers a chance to win or lose. themselves, but they love to witness a fight between any other creature from a toad to an elephant. Dogfights or cocking mains are of daily much according to the recognized other hand upon the globe is it pos- of the enemy. sible to witness a fish fight!

which, despite of their being very choice food, are raised and valued solely for their fighting qualities. The one is a large white perch. known as the king fish, and the the other? other is the little black carp, or sight and battle to the death.

HE PEOPLE OF big ones, and they would battle for fact that everyone seemed to know Siam are natural born hours without any results. So clev- to a second the time required for a gumblers, who would bet erly and scientifically do they carry certain number of fish to destroy gumblers, who would not on their iine of attack that four of another given number of deviations upon any event the little fellows would kill a large with but a small margin of deviation contingent upon the better They are not especially belligerent would administer the coup de grace quality of the fishes or the accidenproportionately quicker.

These combinations of adverse forces are so accurate and reliable that the feature of a fish tournament occurrence and are conducted pretty is to calculate upon the exact time it will take a given number of one lines of civilized countries, but in no kind to vanguish a certain number

By way of illustration a problem They have two kinds of fish, is presented in simple puzzle form with four of the kinglish opposed to thirteen of the little fighters.

Who should win? And how long should it take one side to annihilate

This problem was presented to devil fish. Such antipathy exists me at Bangkok and, while owing to that they attack each other on case, it took me quite a long time to figure out the correct solution A kingfish could readily dispose from a mathematical standpoint, of one or two of the little devilfish, I found that any Malay youth but their methods or tactics are so would give the same answer off agile and they work together so hand, either by intuition or from harmoniously that three of the little knowledge obtained from practical fellows would just equal one of the experience. But it is an actual latter are mended (dead).

tal furtures of war.

Why are married men like steamboats? Because they are sometimes blown up.

What ship contains more people than the "Great Eastern?" Courtship,

Why do women make good postoffice clerks? Because they know how to manage the mails (males).

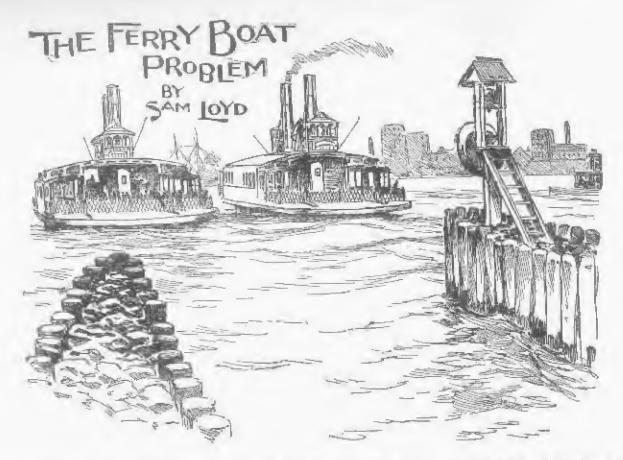
Why is lip-salve like a chaperon? Because it is intended to keep the chaps away.

What is worse than raining cats and dogs? Hailing omnibuses,

Why is an umbrella like a panbetween these two species of fish the peculiar complications of the cake? Because it is seldom seen after Lent.

What is that which every living person has seen, but will never see again? Yesterday.

What is the difference between dead soldiers and repaired garments? The former are dead men, and the



PROPOSITION-Two boats start from opposite sides of a river at the same instant, and meet 720 yards from the shore. They remain in the slips ten minutes, and on the return trip meet 400 yards from the other shore. How wide is the river?



rules for doing ordinary at a point just 400 yards from the calculations and will be other shore.

puzzled by simple problems which call for original lines of thought, attention is called to this practical ex- way of determining the exact width ample which requires only a slight of the river. knowledge of the most elementary arithmetic. By a kindergarten process it can be explained in a few minutes so that any child can do it, and yet I hazard the opinion that ninety-nine out of every one hundred of our shrewdest business men would fail to figure it out in a week. So much for learning mathematics by rule instead of common sense which leaches the reason why

I went to a ferry a short time ago pocket. to investigate the relative speeds of two boats, and by calculation evolved the following information:

The two ferry boats started from opposite sides of the river at the same instant. One boat, however, was faster than the other, so they met at a point just 720 yards from the shore. Each boat remained but ten minutes in the slip to change

From the data given, our puzzlists are asked to show a simple

A Parlor Trick.

Robert Helier had the happiest faculty of showing a card trick to its best advantage of any performer I ever met.

Writing the name of a card on a piece of paper, he would fold, without showing or naming, and handing it to one of the spectators, tell him to stow it safely in his vest-

Let us suppose he has determined to make you choose the deuce of diamonds, which he has written upon the paper. Holding the pack fifty-two cards-twenty-six red and you prefer?" If you say black, he throws down the black, and says, That leaves me the red. But if

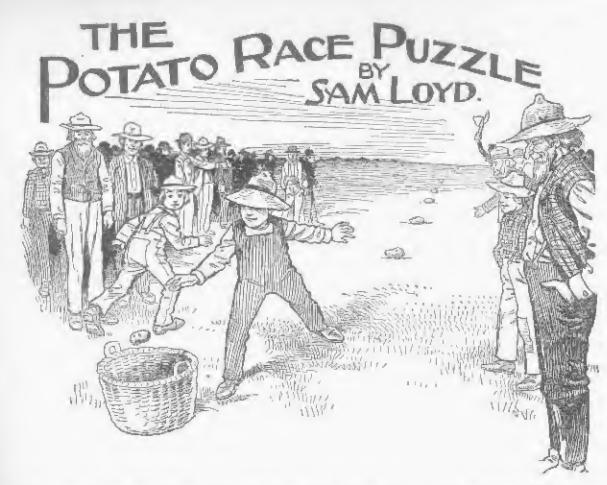
UST TO SHOW HOW passengers and then started on its you had said red, he would throw the average mortal fol- return trip, when, by careful calcu- down the black cards all the same, lows the cut and dried lation, I found that they now met and would say, "All right, here are the red." Then he would say. 'There are thirteen hearts and thirteen diamonds. Which do you want!" If you say 'hearts, 'he throws them down as before, and says, "I will keep the diamonds," and he would have worked the game as previously described if you had preferred diamonds,

Then he would say, "Here are six cards, and here are seven, Which shall we keep?"

Of course he keeps the six low cards, and dividing again, asks, "Do you select the low cards or the high ones?"

Discarding as before, he places the ace, deuce and tray together and asks, "Which eard do you

The second is chosen, and he says, "Look at the paper!" But if the in his hand, he says: "Here are others had been chosen, he would say, with equal effrontery, "All twenty-six black. Which color do right, that leaves me the deuce. Look at the paper!





country fair was complete without a potato

ties the pastime, with certain innovations which make it closely allied rustic lads and lassies. A hundred potatoes are placed on the ground in ket placed ten feet back? a straight line, just ten feet apart, which are to be picked up one at a pete, the elder or quicker one is han- odds of one potato. dicapped and has to give his oppo-

travel to pick up the hundred potatoes and bring them in one at a time which starts the race. to the basket. That is one of grand place of being caught by guessing a receive for his handicap. The sec- moved her ---?

N THE GOOD OLD distance which is miles too short, and and more difficult proposition, days of our daddies no the modern puzzlist is apt to give an estimate many miles too long. There is a simple rule for solving problems race, and in some locali- of this kind, so we will also ask our young students to calculate how far the lad must travel to pick up 100 to a puzzle, is still popular with the potatoes placed 10 feet apart and carry them one at a time to the bas-

The real potuto race puzzle, how ever, which will tax the cleverness time and placed in a basket which of our solvers turns upon the relastands ten feet back from the tive speed of two lads and the quesline. Sometimes when two boys com- tion of handienpping by giving the

Now, in the present case the lads next the odds of one or more pota- are very evenly matched, neverthe-

therefore, is for you to tell the exact result of the race if Harry selects the most favorable potato, always remembering that Tom runs 2,04 per cent, the faster.

Deeply Injured.

Her eyes were wild, her hair was in disorder, her face was flushed, her hands were elenched. She was a deeply injured, desperate woman.

Oh, cruel one, she cried, in anguished tones, I have borne with you too long! You have injured the very foundations of my being. Day by day you have tortured me, and yet I could not bear toes. In other words, if Harry and less, as it was found that Toni was to give you up. When first we met, Tom compete in a potato race and 2.04 per cent, quicker than Harry, how your ease and polish attracted Tom gives the odds of one potato, it was agreed that he should give mel When you became my own, Harry has the right to pick up one him the odds of just one potatol So, how many friends envied me! Yet potato and drop it in the basket be-fore Tom begins. in order to win the race. Tom, who your understanding is too small for moves 2.04 the quickest, must bring my large soul. You are opposed It is a sufficiently interesting prob- in fifty potatoes before Harry can to my advancing myself. You have lem for the average mathematician get his forty-nine. The sketch rained my standing in society. If we to figure out how far a person has to shows Harry dropping in the potato had never met I might have walked which he has selected out of the 100, in peace. So begone. We part forever"

There was a moment's convul-It will be found that the result of sive breathing, a gritting of teeth father's old-time puzzles, with the race varies according to which and a sharp sigh. It was all overwhich we are all so familiar that in one of the potatoes Harry elects to By a supreme effort she had re-



PROPOSITION—In how rew moves can you transpose the position of the whisky flask and the scrubbing brush.



ERE IS A PRETTY little study, presented as a seasonable souvenir for the consideration the rank and file of vet-

to new quarters.

The sketch shows a migratory couple, who, having had their worldly belongings landed by contract into their cozy little six-room flat, have been wrestling for several hours with the domestic 14-15 block puzzle. They have five large articles, the bedstead, table, sofa, ice box and bureau, which are so bulky that no two can be placed in any one room at the same time on account of the close packing of the other small articles, which minor belongings, however, need not be mentioned, as pertaining to the problem.

It so happens, however, that the ice box and the hedstead were placed by the furniture wreckers in the wrong rooms, and the man and his good wife have been struggling for several hours to transpose them.

Being one of the many who solved my old 14-15 puzzle, the man has marked out a diagram of his flat on the table, with the connecting doors as shown, and has placed five articles on the squares to represent the pieces which are to be moved.

It is only necessary to mention that the whisky flask represents the hedstead and the scrubbing brush may be taken for the ice Lox, and that you are to transpose the posierans who will march on May Day tions of these two articles by moving one piece at a time in a sequence of plays in which the flat-iron, peppper box and mouse trap may be used to advantage.

Of course there are a thousand and one ways of performing this sim ple trick, but on Benjamin Franklin's well-known axiom that "three moves are as bad as a fire," the feat must be performed in the lewest possible numbes of moves, and as there is never more than one vacant square to move to, correspondents or others who wish to record their answers can write out the same as concisely as possible by merely mentioning the article moved, viz: 'I perform the feat in thirty moves, as follows: Whisky flask, scrubbing brush, flat iron, mouse trap, etc., etc. Solve the puzzle by the use of small pieces of paper for counters placed

Why is a book your best friend and companion? Because when it giving offense.

Why is playing chess a more re- ague.

putable occupation than playing cards? Because you play chess with two hishops, and cards with four knaves.

When may tadies who are enjoying themselves be said to look wretched? When at the opera, as then they are in tiers.

Why should a minister be believed? Because he is nearly always accurate (a curate).

Why is a mad bull like a man of convivial disposition? Because he offers a horn to everybody he meets. What should be looked into? A

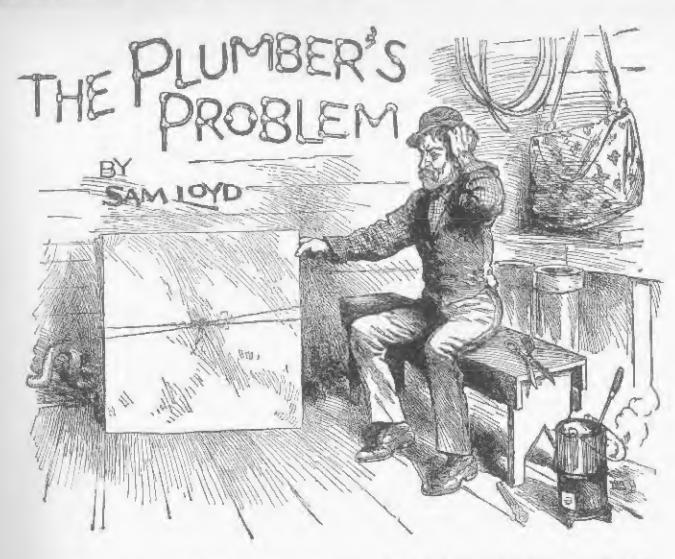
Why is the map of Turkey in Europe like a frying pan? Because it has Greece on the bottom.

How many young ladies does it take to reach from New York to Philadelphia? About one hundred, because a miss is as good as a mile.

Why should a colt avoid exposure? Because it might take cold and become a little horse (hoarse).

In what respect is matrimony a game of cards? Why, a woman has a heart, a man takes it with a diamond, and after that her hand is

What word of one syllable, if you bores you can shut it up without take two letters from it, becomes a word of two syllables? Plague



PROPOSITION-What is the most economical form of a tank designed to hold 1000 cubic feet?



ERE IS A PRACTICAL will interest those of a mechanical turn of mind. Plumbers, bojiermakers

and tank builders estimate in cubic feet, reckoning seven and a half gallons to the cubic foot, which is close enough for all practical purposes. here shown to be the cube root of Of course a mathematician would tell us that there are 1,728 cubic in. to a cubic foot, because 12X12X12 =1,728, while to seven and one-half gallons there are 1,732 %, but then plumbers are a liberal set of fellows who cheerfully throw in the extra equals 100; while if we multiply it four and a half inches. A plumber once more by the first power, viz: wanted to estimate the lowest pos- 10 multiplied by 100, we get the sible cost of a copper tank to hold 1,000 cubic feet. Copper comes in sheets three feet square, worth \$1.00 per square foot, so the problem is to determine the most economical dimensions of a square tank capable of holding 1,000 cubic feet.

It is self evident that if the botplumbing lesson which tom of the copper tank is ten feet square, 10 multiplied by 10 gives 700 as the area of the bottom, which multiplied by 10 for the depth, gives four sides) it shows that the real the correct dimensions of a tunk which will hold 1,000 cubic feet,

Mathematically speaking, 10 is 1.000, and by reversing the proposition we get a clear understanding of what is known as the square and cube of a number. A number multiplied by itself gives its square or 2nd power, like 10 multiplied by 10 cube or third power. The third power is always a perfect cube, but when we multiply it again by 10. power, and may continue with the containing 2,000 cubic feet? fifth, sixth, seventh, etc.,

A cube ten feet square will hold 1,000 cubic feet it is true, but as that would require 500 feet of copper, (100 on the bottom and each of the point of our problem is to determine the most economical form of a tank: viz; to hold 1,000 gallons and use the least possible amount of copper.

It is a simple every-day piece of shop work which any mechanic would tackle in a way satisfactory to himself, but which a mathematician will discover involves "the duplication of the cube" which has haffled the world for countless cen-

The "unsolved problem of the duplication of a cube" is to give the dimensions of a cube twice as large as another, viz.: If a cube ten feet which would make 10,000, we have square contains 1,000 cubic feet, raised the product to the fourth what would be the size of a cube

on the diagram of the flat.



PROPOSITION-The ages of the three amount to 70 years and the father is just six times as old as the boy. When their combined ages amount to twice 70 years the father will be only twice as old as the GE PUZZLES, AS and, as I am just six times as old Where can one always find they are termed, are as you are now, it may be said that piness? In the dicionary, always interesting, and when I am but twice as old as you. boy. What is the age of the mother?



possess a certain fasci-nation for the young

folks who are at all mathematically inclined. As a rule, they are extremely simple, but in he present case the data is so meagre, and the proposition so different from what is expected, that the query actually appears startling.

It was sprung in the family circle the other day, and gave rise to a discussion which taxed the mathematical ingenuity of all present to the full limit.

One of the trio as represented in the picture was having a birthday anniversary, which aroused Master Tommy's curiosity regarding their respective ages, and in response to his queries his father said:

"Now, Tommy, our three ages combined amount to just 70 years, few.

our three combined ages will be twice what they are at present. Now let me see if you can tell me how old is mother?"

Tommy, being bright at figures, readily solved the problem, but then he had the advantage of knowing his own age, and could guess pretty closely to the ages of the others. Our puzzlists, however, have merely the data regarding the comparative ages of the father and son, followed by the startling proposition as to Noise. "how old is mother?

A man had twenty-six (twenty sick) sheep and one died, how many remained? Nineteen.

Why is it easy to break into an old man's house? Because his gnit (gate) is broken and his locks are

Where can one always find hap-

When will there be but twentyfive letters in the alphabet? When U and I are one.

What was Joan of Arc made of? Maid of Orleans.

I went out walking one day and met three heggars; to the first I gave ten cents, to the second I also gave ton cents, and to the third I gave but five-what time of day was it? A quarter to three:

What is that which by lesing an eye has nothing left but a nose?

What is that which is full of holes and yet holds water? A sponge.

What is that which is put on the table and cut, but is never eaten. A pack of cards,

How can you by changing the pronunciation of a word turn mirth into crime? By making man's laughter manslaughter.



the origin of certain puzzles occasion is taken to say that I have

fashioned quiet a number of Swiss puzzles, from flags to Sweitzerkase and Alpine rosos, and believe my penchant in that direction may be occurred over a quarter of a century played first.

doing the Alps in the summer of '65, and who had undertaken the long trump over the snows from Altdorf to Fluellen, to see the historic spot where Tell used to shoot apples, we were enjoying a rest, after a long day's journey, when spying a little peasant girl gathering daisies, and, thinking to amuse the child, I showed her how to prognosticate ure and add to the romance of the her matrimonial future, by plucking story if I could say that I found off the petals of the flower to determine whether she would be a bride man or thief." She said that the doubtless saw her, however, for the lassies, with the slight difference little dorf was preparing to sow the game alive. that a player was always at liberty fall crops. They were all prema- Where are two heads botter than

EFERRING TO THAT contiguous ones, so that the game oft-repeated query as to would continue by singles or doubles until the victorious one took the last leaf and left the "stump" called to say that I have the "old maid" with your opponent.

pretty madehen, who could not played by two persons, who in turn have been more than ten years of cover the petals by placing upon age vanquished our entire party by them small markers, until all are traced to a little incident which winning every game, no matter who covered. The one who covers the

With a party of tourists who were we were back in Luzerne, but I was so bantered by the party that I it, but never had the satisfaction of defeat, and it would give me pleas- worked so successfully. little Gretchen developed into a Because he has a title. beautiful mountain fraulein, with a to pluck a single petal or any two turely old and exactly alike, and I one? In a barrel.

imagined I recognized my former friend harnessed up with a cow to a plow, which was guided through the rocky soil by her noble husband.

The game is shown in the picture To our intense astonishment the in the form of the daisy, and is last petal wins, leaving the old" I did not study out the trick until maid' stump to his opponent.

It is evident that the one who begins a game must lead off by made quite a point of investigating covering one or two leaves, so the puzzle question which you are to beating the little mathematician at answer is to tell the best replies in her own game. I will say, inci- case he begins with one or two dentally; however, that I returned leaves, and incidentally to discover to Altdorf some years later and the winning system or principle visited the locality of my previous which the little Swiss maiden

Why is a nobleman like a book?

What class of women are most aut of the "rich man, poor man, beggar phenomenal mathematical bent. I to give tone to society? The belies.

Why is a very amusing man like a sport was well known to the country entire female population of the bad shot? Because he keeps the



PROPOSITION -- Tell which one of the players should pay for the game.



THERE ARE PUZZLES or problems connected with almost all kinds of play itself or in the

manner of scoring a victory. Now, it is safe to assume that every one hall pool. Nevertheless, here is a little problem which does not call skillful experts.

There are fifteen balls to be pock- for the game, and why. eted, and according to custom, the one who pockets the least number of balls must pay for the game.

Well, three players were starting a game the other day, and No. 1 as many balls as players No. 2 and No. 3 both together. Just as they puzzle, is worth a passing notice as three players.

balls which each man made during would you address it?" the play, and a discussion then engames, either in the sued as to who was the loser,

The puzzle is to tell which one of the players should pay for the game according to the terms of the agreeknows more or less about fifteen- ment. That the problem is not so and reach its proper destination. simple as it looks may be inferred from the fact of its having been refor a practical demonstration with forred to the competitors in a rejust as good a chance for the prizes where it was found that no two of offered for the answers as the most the players agreed upon the same asswer. Tell which one should pay

Notes and Oueries.

Among the curious questions which find their way into the puzwho was an expert, agreed to pocket zler's sanctum is the following, which, although not intended as a came in and joined them, but, as he we are expected to know: "Supwas a stranger, he did not receive pose that three generations of fathgether, and you wished to send a told.

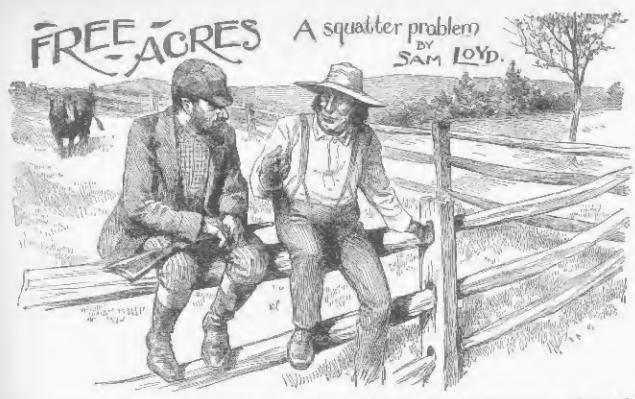
The rack shows the number of letter to the third generation, how

Answer! This problem should not cause sleepless nights or needless worry, as a letter addressed to "John Smith the Youngest" would meet the requirements of society

But supposing the communication related to the following business transaction, then the probthe eue, so our puzzlists will have cent championship pool tournament lem would require more careful consideration. The writer had seen that invaluable article known as the "tailor's goose," and knowing that Mr. John Smith manufactured the same, desired to purchase two of them. How should be write his order-'Sead me two Tailor's Geese, " or "Send me two "Tailor's Gooses.

Or would it be considered a "give awny" to dodge the issue by saying, "I want a Tailor's Goose, but you were going to start a fourth man illustrating some of the queer things may as well send me two of them."

Why are belis the most obedient any handicap odds and played on ers and sons, with the names of of inanimnte things? Because they even terms with each of the other all three alike, were residing to- make a noise whenever they are



PROPOSITION-How can you enclose as many acres of land as there are twelve-foot rails to a fence?



puzzle from the Lone Star State, introducing a famous old

problem and a blt of American history with which many of our readers are doubtless familiar. Texas was practically settled, or as far back as 1830, but it was not although well beyond the three until the end of lifteen years of fighting with the Mexicans and Indians that it was admitted into the Union, and it was shortly after law was introduced which gave a settler free all the land he would inclose or cultivate within a year from the time of taking possession. Some of the early settlers had pretty bard times with the Indians, greasof such as managed to "stick it out," as they termed it, now rank among the great cattle kings of the cuttle. world, and, according to an official report just issued during the past month, it will soon develop that suppose that the tract of land is some of the most wealthy landed exactly square and is inclosed by a proprietors of the world will be three-rail fence, as shown in the found to be Indians. Among the sketch, and that each rail is exthe size of the flocks of the "white many acres inclosed as there are When grandiloquently described by Archi- in his great cattle ranch?

RE IS A PRETTY medes, may be mentioned the comfortable ranch of Texas Pete, a halfbreed Indian, who was among the first to take up land under the ownersing of all the land he could inclose or cultivate within one year.

According to his own story, and rather overrun, by the Americans he is still a hale and hearty man, score years and ten alloument, he says his wife was the better man of the two in staking out their claim. The understanding, as he explains that date that the famous squatter it, was that they were to get free all the land they could inclose with a three-rail fence within twelve reguths, so for one whole year he and his wife were putting up this fence, which inclosed an immense tract of land, which they afterward ers and hears, but the descendants cultivated or turned into great last. pasture fields which eventually became filled with flocks of sheep and

From this story we deduct the following curious problem: Let us

Who may marry many a wife and still be single all his life? A clergyman.

Why is a plum-pudding like the squetter act which gave him the ocean? Because it contains many currants.

Of what trade is a minister at a wedding? A joiner,

What three misses are those whose days are always unlucky? Mis-chance, mis-fortune and mis-

What miss is always making blunders? Mistake.

What misses are of a very jealous tempers? Mis-give and mis.trust, Why is an umbrella a paradox?

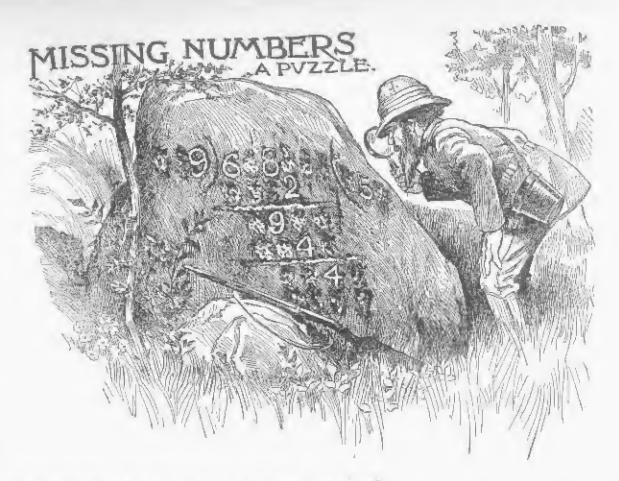
Because it is best when used up. When does the shoemaker display wonderful powers of endurance? When he holds on to the

What part of the face resembles a schoolmaster? The eyelid, because it always has a pupil under the lash.

At what time of life may a man be said to belong so the vegetble kingdom? When long experience has made him sage:

Which is she gayest letter in the great ranches of the West, whose actly twelve feet long. Now, then alphabet? U, because it is always

When is a very angry man like bulls and the dappled bulls which rails in the entire fence. How many a clock fifty-nine minutes past grazed on the plains of Sicily" as seres of land has Texas Pete got twelve? When he is just going to strike one.



PROPOSITION -Can you restore the missing numbers?



sion has been revived concerning the meaning of the heiroglyphic numbers engraven on

Mormon Rock. Mormonism orignated only so far back as 1830, so Day Saints there should be thousands of persons qualified to tell all about them, unless, as some claim, they pertain to the forbidden mysteries.

The Mormons migrated in 1838 from Kirtland, O., to Nauveo, the 'City of Beauty,' in Illinois, and to Salt Lake in 1848. When they left Nauvoo they boasted that their line of march would be twentyfour miles long, and was to be headed by a printing press to issue the daily orders of the prophet. It was stated that they were divided up into numerous companies, each one headed by one of the prophet's wives, and the mysterious figures on Mormon Rock were supposed to give the number of pilgrims to each division.

The figures look like a sum in division engraved upon a sandstone cause they are stubborn things,

NCE AGAIN DISCUS- rock. Most of the numbers are illegible, but as some few are sharp and clear it is to be assumed that the others were erased maliciously or for a purpose. It is now claimed that either through accident or design the eight legible numbers furhave anything to do with the Latter the whole is a sum in long division has hard work to get through his which tells just how many pilgrims second summer. marched with each division, and incidentally gives a clue to the number of the prophet's matrimonial city? Because she is a Quaker

It is a remarkable coincidence that the remaining numbers furnish a clue which easily solves a most interesting historical puzzle, rolling): for if you will write down the sum in long division, mixing stars with the legible, figures as shown, you should speedily be able to guess the numbers which have been erased so that the sum will prove. It really tooks as if there should be scores of correct answers, and yet so far as I am aware, but one satisfactory restoration of the missing numbers has been suggested.

Why are men like facts? Be-

Why does a cat look on first one side and thon unother when she enters a room? Because she can't look on both sides at the same time.

Why is a widower like a young baby? Because it cries a great deal the first six months, looks nish a key to the mystery, and that around the second six months, and

Why is Philadelphia more subject to earthquekes than any other

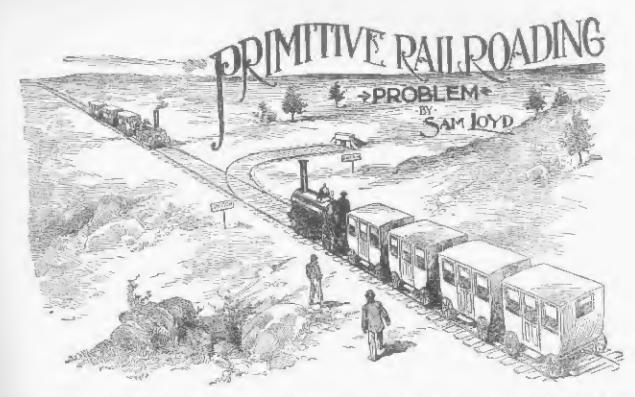
Why is a policeman on his beat like an Irishman rolling down a hill? Hecause he's patroling (Pat

If the alphabet were all invited out to supper, in what order would they come? They would all get there down to S, and the rest would come after T.

What would contain all the smuff in the world? No one nose (knows).

Why is a bound like a man with a bald head? Because he makes a litle hare (hair) go a long ways.

Why does a sculptor die a most horrible death? Because he makes faces and husts.



PROPOSITION-How many times is it necessary to back the engines to pass the two trains?



WING TO THE WIDEspread interest taken in a simple little Rail Road Switch Problem which I sprung upon my friends

some time ago, as well as in response to the request from many for another practical lesson in milroading, I present one which is an offshoot from the first, and illustrates the difference between sidetracking a trian or passing it through a Y branch, which reverses. the direction of the trains. In this tem of currency refers to the wellspecimen of primitive railroading we have an engine and four cars meeting an engine with three cars. and the problem, as in the previous one, is to ascertain the most expeditious way of passing the two represents ninety dollars, sixteen trains by means of the swith or side-track, which is only large all the decimal points, and we have enough to hold one engine or one 90,162 mills, which does not change car at a time. No ropes, poles or the value. When the writer, howflying switches are to be used, and it is understood that a car cannot with English money he errs, and be connected to the front of an we invite him, as well as our army engine. It shows the primitive of puzzlists, to solve the following: way of passing trains before the advent of modern methods, and the puzzle is to tell just how many times the directions of the engines to separating dots. accomplish the feat, each reversal of an engine being counted as a move in the solution.

Pounds, Shillings and Pence Mixed With Dollars and Sonse.



An advocate of our decimal sysunderstood feature that the removal of the decimal point does not change the value of the sumtotal of a given sum of money. For example, take \$90,16.2, which cents and two mills, and remove ever, says that this cannot be done

Find a certain sum of English it is necessary to back or reverse be changed by the removal of the currency as well?

> Dollars and Sense Puzzle. Here is another problem on what acres (achers).

we might term similar dissimilar lines, which goes to prove that the Yankee dollars are just as smart as the English punneds. A puzzling financies discovered that any numher of £, s., d., reversed and subtracted will always produce 19s. 11d., or a multiple thereof. For example, take any amount below ten pounds, say:

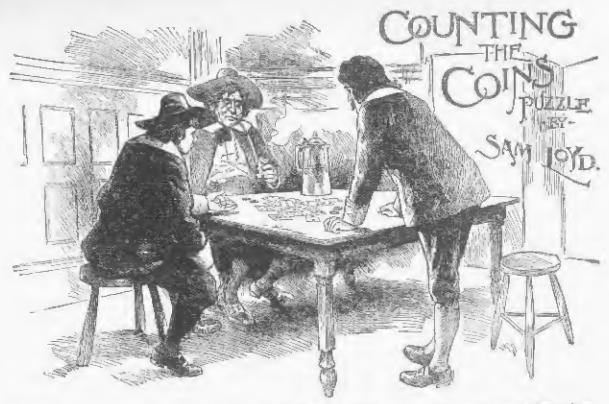
Reversed 19 6 Ġ

which is six times, 19s, 11d.

The interesting feature of the puzzle is the statement that "no one has been able to explain this curious relationship of pounds, shillings and pence!

Cannot some of our clever puzzlists give the why and wherefore of this curious action of the English money, by showing by means of an exmoney, in pounds, shillings and ample that the same phenomenon pence, the value of which will not applies to our own. United States

> When does a dentist do the most work? When he extracts several



PROPOSITION -- Tell how much money each of the men had when they commenced to play,



found the young folks to be particularly clever at all manner of tricks with coins,

so here is one which will please them, and at the same time make them more familiar with our United States money.

Three Milwankee Dutchmen played pinochle for two days without stopping, and when they adjourned it was found that Claus had won just 8 cents and his brother Karl 22 cents. The problem which I want the young folks to find out is to prove just how much money the other fellow, Heindrichs, had when the play ended, for, as you see in the picture, each has just two coins, and those six coins, which are worth a total of just \$3, represent all the money belonging to the Until one day the editor party. It is to be assumed that the money that they now have is all that they had when they started the play, so that the score for beer and pipe, which must be settled for, does not pertain to the problem,

How They Made Love in Puzzledom.

Here is a little story told in verse which should greatly interest our He from the editor got her name sweet young women puzzlists:

HAVE ALWAYS He dwelt in Massachusetts, An she in Muscatine; And they liked the "Puzle Corner" Of the Hogwash Magazine.

> She could reverse, eviscerate, And syncopate a word, Add two-fifths of a famous man And find a common bird,

And the thing whose 8, 4, 1 Was a flower, and 6, 7, 2, 11, 9, 6, 3, 14, 4 An antique city knew.

She used to send solutions in And signed them "Dimple Dew," While he successful answers gave As "Montfort Montague."

Cupid o'er Massachusetts flew, And over Muscatine, And fed the flame that gradual grew With the Hogwash Magazine.

His third could recognize...

"Dimple Daw" and "Montague" The sole replies sent in; She got an oroide penhandle, He an Alaska pint.

Their names upon the "Roll of Pame"

Were printed side by side; And he claimed her for his bride.

"Oh, be my first," he wrote, "and I My second' and my third, And my sixteenth, and finally Henceforth shall deem absurd."

And she wrote by return of post: "Decapitate a giove, Prefix an orb and add a sheep And let timt tell my love.

He packed his carpet 2, 1, 7, And went to Muscatine, They wedded there and took a file Of the Hogwash Magazine.

And spent a rapturous honeymoon As blythe as joyous birds. And found their second was their

And 8, 6, 3 and 4 was thirst And syncopating words.

Why is a buckwheat-cake like a caterpillar? Because it is a kind of grub that it makes the butter-fly. What is that which has neither

For those who 'tween his 2d and 1st, flesh nor bone, yet has four fingers and a shumb? A glove,

Barnum drove a ten-in-hand through New York city, and his horses had only twenty-four feet among them; how was that? They had twenty fore feet.

When is the sun a mechanic? When it is a Mason (May sun).

Of what trade are all the Presidents of the United States? Cabinet-makers.



PROPOSITION-Guess the names of the men and their wives.



Dutch customs are yet preserved of trading cattle, poultry and farm products in odd

numbers and quantities pertaining to each variety, such as to buy eggs by the score, some things by the dozen, others by bushel, peck or and half pounds, etc., etc.

This custom explains a curious old problem, published a couple of centuries ago in a unique collection of anecdotes of old Manhattan, with which many are familiar, but which for apparent lack of perspicuity has caused its meaning to be questioned.

In the language of this quaint old volume, it says: "There came three Dutchmen of my acquaintance to see me, who, being recently married, brought their wives with them. The men's names were Hendrick, Class and Cornelius, the women's Geertring, Catrun and Anna, but I forgot the name of each man's wife. Well, they told me for one hog. Hendrick hought 23 number wins: hogs more than Catrun, and Class bought 11 more than Geertring. Likewise they said that each man laid out three guineas more than his wife. Now, what I want to know (caterpillar).

ME OF THE OLD is whether it is possible from this description of their purchases to tell the names of each man's wife?"

The inference was that the merry party got so befuddled over their beer and schmapps that they could not tell just who was who, so the worthy landlord finds himself compelled to sort out the different small measure, sugar by the three comples properly, by a process of extracting the square roots of the hogs, the squares of the money and the squares of the men and their wives!

It is a curious problem which yields readily to experimental puzzle methods, so everyone is expected to solve it.



Guessing-Match

A guessing-match about cats is entertaining. Write out the following list for each competitor that they had been to market buy- without giving the answers, which ing hogs, each person buying as are here printed in parentheses, many hogs as they gave shillings, and the ones guessing the largest

An aspiring cut (catamount). A cat that can swim (catfish).

A eat that can fly (cat-bird). A cat that will be a butterfly A cat's near relations (catkin).

A horned cat (cattle). A cat that throws stones (catapult).

A tree cat (catalpa).

A water cat (cataract).

A cat that flavors the grapes (Catawba).

A eat that covers acres of grounds (cataclysm).

A subtersamean cat (catacomb). A cut that, living, appears dead (catalepsv).

A cat prized as a gem (cat's-eye). A cut with a cold (catarrh).

A cat that is good to eat (eatch-

A cat that asks questions (catechism).

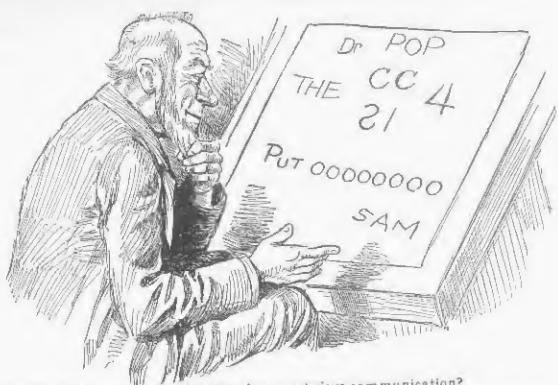
A library cat (catalogue). A dangerous cat (catastrophe).

Why would it be impossible to starve in the desert of Sahara? Because of the sand which is (sandwiches) there.

How did the sandwiches get there? When Ham was sent there with his followers, who were bred (bread) and mustered there.

Why can you never expect a fisherman so be generous? Because his business makes him sell

Why was a defeated candidate after the late election, like the earth? Because he was flattened at the poles.



PROPOSITION-Can you decipher the above mysterious communication?



coived a puzzling communication from that boy of mine, who is

studying at an agricultural college in New Jersey, and the reading of the same has bothered is making great progress he tells us, nevertheless, some of his reports are so mysterious and basiling ted. that I am compelled to ask the assistance of our elever puzzlists to decipher this one. It strikes me as being what in the old days we used to term a rebus puzzle, which conceals some sort of a cryptogramic message or other, which can be guessed or read, if you are smart enough to master it.

He has such funny ways of writing everything that he keeps his freinds guessing all the time. He wrote Utica, UTK and Tennessee XEC, and Ohio he described as oO, although by transposing them to Oo he says it means owe nothing, all of which is mentioned to assist you in deciphering his cryptogramic letter, so, if you have XAIOOT you will find his XAIOOT meaning.

All of which is suggested by Dr. Whewell's letter to a young lady, "You O a O, but I O thee, O. O no O. hut O. O me. & O, let my O no O go, But give OO I O you so!"

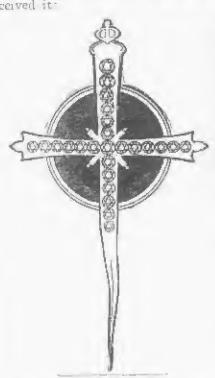
In one of Dumas' narratives of cerved itnoted criminals mention is made of a certain jeweler of the Rue Faubourg St. Honore, who during a long career of crime had robbed many ladies of distinction of their finest gems, either by substituting me and Mandy considerably. He imitations or by changing the positions of the stones so that their abstructions would not be detec-

To illustrate the clever rascal's mode of procedure let us look at the accompanying antique pin containing twenty-five diamonds. The lady who owned it had been accustomed to count down from the top and branch out from the centre, right, left or down so as to always count thirteen.

She had this particular piece of jewelry repaired by the noted criminal referred to, and remembered showing her method of counting the diamonds, which the polite jeweler again called her attention to when returning the same. For many years afterwards she continued to count them in the same way, always finding the thirteen to be correct as before, and yet two of the finest gems had been purloined! How did the ingenious thiel conceal the crime?

Here is a sketch of the antique pin with the twenty-five diamonds return, but never borrow? Thanks.

HAVE JUST RE- The Great Diamond Robbery, as it was when the jeweler re-



Why is a man who never bets as had as a gambler? Because he is no bettor (hetter).

Why is the root of the tongue like a dejected mun? Because it's down in the mouth.

What is that which we often



PROPOSITION-If the water lily is ten inches above the water, and disappears under the surface at a point distant twenty-one inches, what is the depth of the lake?

tage of clothing our

mathematical problems in such attractive or congenial garb as would appeal to the fancy of the student in place of following the dry, technical language of the textbooks. He would connect the proposition with some familiar subject which best explains the problems to be selved.

A clever kindergarten illustration of a mathematical theorem leaves a clearer and more lasting impression upon the mind of a student than a whole term of uncongenial

He always held mathematics to be the most important branch of knowledge taught in our colleges and high schools, for the reason that arts and sciences, and yet the average student graduates with such an undying aversion to figures that he speedily dismisses all recollections of them from his mind.

The water lily problem is one of several introduced in Longfellow's "Kavanah," written while occu-Pying the Chair of Modern Lan-

low was a fine mathe- matics or geometry, could solve it ple, a girl is 13 and was born in matician who often with a pair of compasses or rule. November, put down the number spoke about the advan- and yet it illustates an important of the month. (November is the geometrical truth in a never-to-be- eleventh month.) forgotten way, which many graduates have never grasped at all.

forget the exact language of the problem, as he described it to me personally during a discussion of the subject, but he told of a water lily growing in a lake, the flower was one span above the surface of the water, and when swayed by the breeze would touch the surface at a distance of two cubits, from which data it was desired to compute the depth of the lake.

Now, let us suppose, as shown in the sketch, that the water lily is ten inches above the surface of the water, and that if it were pulled over to one side it would disappear under the surface at a point distant it enters so largely into all of the twenty-one inches from where it now stands, say just where the young lady is supposed to have drawn it, which shows that the two to 100. In computing ages under flowers are anchored to the same 10, a cipher will appear prefixed what is the depth of the water?

To Tell a Person's Age.

This method is the easiest and guages in Harvard University, 1849. best one known. Let the person cause you would be making game It is so simple that anyone, even whose age is to be discovered do of him.

MHE POET LONGFEL- without a knowledge of mathe- the figuring. Suppose, for exam-

Multiply by 2,	11
Add 5	22
Multiply by 50	27 50
Add age (13)	1350
Subtract 365	1363 365
Add 115	998 115
	1113

As she answers 113, tell her her age is 13 and November is her birth month. This test never fails up root at the bottom of the lake, in the result, but no notice is taken nt it.

> Why would an owl be offended at your calling him a pheasant? Be-

THE MISSING NUMBER



PROPOSITION --- Arrange the nine digits and a cipher in two rows so that they will add up correctly as shown.

HE CHINESE ARE wonderfully expert at

figures, although in some way or other they seem to do everything

backwards, just as they do in their reading which always goes uphill. They seemingly do their multiplication by division, and addition by subtraction.

They are very clever at mental arithmetic and do some queer calculations by rules or tricks which they cannot or will not explain.

One of their professors showed me some exercises in addition, which in their own poculiar way he reversed so as to do it by substracton and working backwards from the answer to get the figures which were

added together.

He asked me to arrange the nine digits, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and a cipher in two rows, add them together and rub out the two rows and any two figures I liked from the sum, and he would restore them at once. It appeared to be a simple, but pretty feat, so I present it to our puzzlists and ask them to replace the ten missing digets, although the real puzzle is simply to tell what are the crased numbers taken from the answer.

Missing-Word Anagram.

Here is a clever raissing-word puzzle, Use a four-letter word, the same letters each time, in each of the blank spaces; and make good sense of the following rhyme:

A -- old woman on bent

- and away she Put on her went;

- she cried, as she went on her way.

How are we going to to-day?

Why is a glass-blower the most likely person to set the alphabet off at a gallop? Because he can make a D-canter.

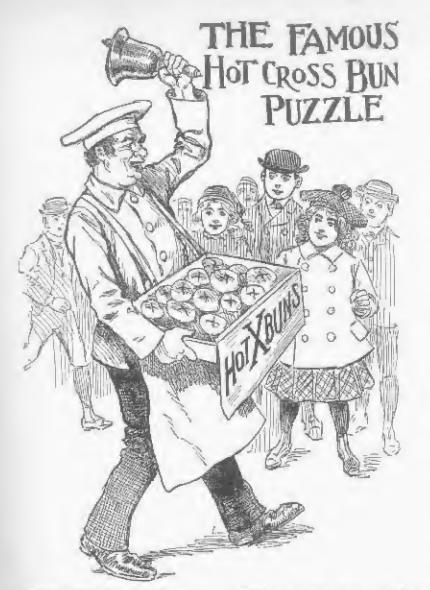
What letter in the Dutch alphabet will name an English lady of title? A Dutch-S.

What Christian names besides Anna, reads the same both ways? Hannah or Eve.

When you stole my first, I lost my second, and you are the only person to give me my whole;

Elearts-case.

Why is a bridegroom eften more expensive than a bride? Because the bride is given away, but the bridegroom is often sold.



PROPOSITION --- Tell how many children there were and how I came to a field and couldn't get many hot cross buns each received.



souvenir calculated to interest such philsophers as have been delving into the hidden

meanings of Mother Goose's quaint rhymes, for as a matter of fact most really worthy the investigation of us children of a larger growth. Now, just listen to the cry of the Hot Cross-Bun man;

Hot-cross buns, hot-cross buns, One a penny, two a penny, Hot-cross buns.

Give them to your sons! Two a penny, three a penny,

tiot-coss buns. I had as many daughters As I had sons,

ERE IS A TIMELY So I gave them seven pennies To buy their hot-cross huns."

The inference is clear that there are three sizes of buns-one for a penny, two for a penny and three for a penny. There were just as many boys as girls, and they were given shoe. of those jingling old melodies con- seven pennies so as to treat each ceal riddles or puzzles which are one alike. How many buns did each receive?

Put Eleven Men in Ten Beds.

Every now and then some correspondent, probably a hotel keeper in search of practical information asks for an explanation of the fol-If your daughters don't like them lowing perplexing proposition;

of guests, cleven arriving in one party and demanding separate beds. disposal, but he notwithstunding A hole in her stocking.

managed to accommodate them as follows. He put two in the first bed, with the understanding that the second should have a bed to himself in a few minutes as soon as the others were settled. He then put the third in the second bed, the fourth in the third bed, and so on the tenth being accommodated in the ninth bed. He had thus one bed still left, which the eleventh man, who was temporarily placed in the first bed, was now invited to

As a matter of course this problem is not supposed to be susceptible of a rigid mathematical demonstrution. It is based on a paradoxical proposition, but the error is so cloverly concealed that it is liable to avoid detection. That is all there is to it.

Why is a room full of married folks like a room empty! Because there is not a single person in it.

How many wives are you allowed by the Prayer-book? Sixteen: viz. fo(u)r better, 4 worse, 4 richer, 4 poorer; total sixteen.

Why are good intentions like fainting ladies? Because all they want is carrying out.

What is the difference between a carriage-wheel and a carriagehorse? One goes better when it is tired; the other don't,

Formed long ago, yet made to-day, I'm most employed while others

What none wuld like to give away, Yet no one likes to keep?

through it,

So I went to a school and learned how to do it?

Fence.

What is that which, supposing its greatest breadth to be four inches, length nine inches, and depth three inches, contains a solid foot? A

What was the difference between Nouh's ack and Joan of Arc? One was made of wood, the other was Maid of Orleans.

There is a word of three syllables, from which if you take away five letters a male will remain; if you take away four, a female will be conspicuous; if you take away three, a great man will appear; and the An innkeeper had a sudden influx whole word shows you what Joan of Arr was? He, her, hero, heroine.

What is that which a young girl The host had only ten beds at his looks for, but does not wish to find?





pertaining to the armless statue of Tuns Livius, in the famous Corsini collection, are very

similar to those of the Venus de Milo. In both cases the statues were discovered without arms, and either for lack of artistic ability or owing to certain anatomical difficuties or contradictions, sculptors have been unable to suggest acceptable restorations.

In the case, however, of Titus Livius, the warrior and historian, who was the founder of the order of the Iron Cross, a curious legend has been unearthed which carries with it the paradoxical implication that the lack of arms was a necessary feature to the completeness of the statue.

It is stated that Caesar Augustus, the first Roman Emperor, while riding one day in his chariot, espied the soldier Titus Livius, who had lost an arm in battle, begging alms of passers-by. Augustus addressed the veteran and asked why he had not received the cross of honor and pen-

limb in honorable service.

rior, with becoming modesty," I was and was doubtless overlooked, Caesar took the decoration from nad, crescent, etc., etc. his own breast and placing it upon the soldier, said: "If thou hadst lost both arms, thou shouldst be the founder of a new order. Whereupon the soldier promptly drew his sword, and by a deft stroke lopped off his other arm!

We will not go into a discussion of the paradoxical features of the exploit, by asking with what arm he must have drawn the sword to chop off"the other," as it is a matter of history, that Titus originated the wellknown Victoria Cross which is closely allied to that of the St. Andrew's

In designing the insignia for a new order of the Iron Cross, Titus had to conform to the established law of adopting a symmetrical form of cross which could be constructed from the parts of a square.

By reversing this proposition

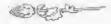
HE DISCUSSIONS ston awarded to such as had lost a we obtain a remarkable puzzle "Great Caesar!" replied the war- invsterious chain of relationship which connects all of the ancient but an humble soldier in the ranks, signs and symbols, including the square, triangle, cross, swastica, mo-

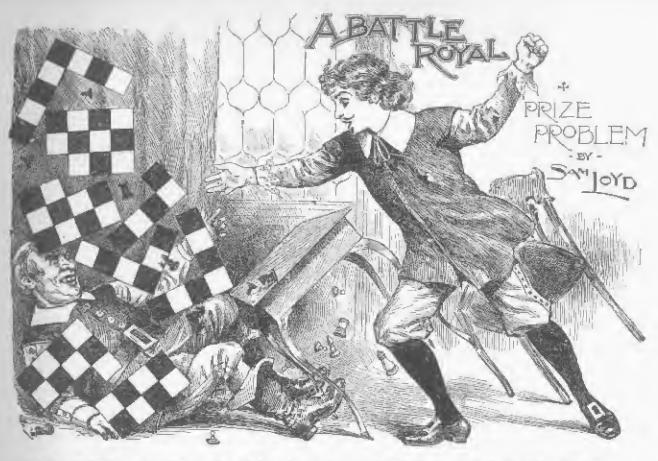
The puzzle is merely to divide a square piece of paper into the fewest number of pieces which will lit together so as to form the irregular St. Andrews' Cross, as shown in the sketch.

False Logic.

A brute of a judge recently refused to allow damages to be awarded for killing an infant. His line of reasoning must have been somewhat as follows:

A baby is a crier, A crier is a messenger, A messenger is one sent. One cent is not worth two cents; Therefore, a baby is not worth two cents.





PROPOSITION .- Rearrange the eight pieces so as to form a perfect checker board.



of now and saved himself from an of how the Dauphin game.

impending checkmate while playing at chess with the Duke of Burgundy by smashing the chess board into eight pieces over the Duke's head. It is a well-known story often quot-

King's gambit. a fellow, who had gotten up the match upon the most approved modern methods of playing for the biggest purse that any club would the end of an hour his opponent had he had transferred his piece of chewthat he turned the tables on his ad- ering the answer to this one.

IN THE HISTORY OF versary in a way that has made the the kings of France is incident one of the most notable told an amusing story events in the annals of the royal

The smashing of the chess board into eight pieces was the feature. When he is on guard. which always struck my youthful fancy, as it might possibly contain the elements of an important prob-Jem which had been overlooked by ed by chess writers to prove that it historians, the more especially as I is not always politic to play to win, could find no authentic reference to is a tip-top apple. and has given rise to a strong line the putting together again of the tion to eight pieces does not give a fly Now, my view of it is that the scope for great difficulty or variety, from historical accuracy, I shall give try withithe strongest ties, our puzzlists a simple little problem suitable for summer weather: Show how to put the eight pieces together a thing in his own mind, hang up, inclusive of the kineto- so as to form a perfect 8x8 cheeker given to teach a valuable rule which of moderd composers. winked but once, and it required should be followed in the construcsome 30,000 pictures to show that tion of tricks of this kind, viz.: By giving no two pieces of the same satin. ing gum from the right to the left shape, other ways of doing the puzcalled on him to throw some action much more difficult of accomplishinto the pictures, with the result ment, as you will find before discov-

Draw an 8x8 checker board on paper and try to find how to cut it into eight pieces like those shown.

When is a soldier like a watch?

What word of ten letters can by spelled with five? X-p-d-n-c (expediency).

Why should the highest apple on a tree be the best one? Because it

Why would a spider appear to of attack in the game known us the broken chess board. The restrict have wings? Because it often takes

Why is a railroad exceedingly Duaphin was an enterprising sort of but not feeling at liberty to depart patriotic? It is bound to the roun-

What is the most wonderful feat In jugglery? For a man to revolve

Why is chloroform like Mendelsscope rights of the play, so when at board. The puzzle is a simple one, solur? Because it is the greatest

> Do women like to see thmselves in print? No; they prefer silk or

Who is the man who invariably cheek, the young Dauphin's backers zie are prevented, and the feat is finds things dull? The scissors

> What sort of men are most above board in their actions? Chessmen.



PROPOSITION-Show how to divide the mosaics into two squares.



would fit together into one 5x5 piece mental work. as shown,

tions, can be worked backwards to swers, in the "fewest number of advantage at times, we will reverse pieces." etc., offer great scope for a honeymoon and a honeycomb? the problem, and ask you to divide cleverness. Anyone might find a One is a big sell, the other little the large square into the fewest num solution in many pieces, or which cells. ber of pieces which can be refitted stands some of the old Romans upinto two squares which conform to side down. the conditions described,

This puzzle is given as differing

T IS NOT GENERAL- from the Pythagorian principle of States more enduring than that of ly known that the cele- cutting lines on the bias, for, France, England, Ireland, or Scotbrated prece of Venetian while we know that by the theory of land? mosaic by Domechio, the hypothenuse line two squares The Lily may fade and its leaves known as the Guido col- can be divided so as to produce one lection of Roman heads, was origin- larger square, and vice versa, it is asally divide into two square groups, sumed in this puzzle that we must which were discovered at different cut on the lines only, so as not to de- The Shamrock and Thistle may periods. They were brought to- stroy the heads. It may also be gether and restored into what is sup- mentioned incidentally, that stuposed to be their correct form, in dents who have mastered the prin-1671. Considerable discussion was ciples of square root, as explained in Because it needs two heads and an aroused regarding the possibility as the Pythagorian problem, will not application. well as appropriateness of uniting find much difficulty in discovering square, as it now exists, when, ap- among the Roman antiques, to tell ered that each of the two squares have been in the smaller squares we see every day? Our equals. consisted of several pieces which which saves considerable experi-

puzzles, like mathematical proposi- kind which call for the "best" an-

Why is the emblem of the United says they do write (right).

decay,

The Rose from its stem may

sever. pass away,

But the Stars will shine forever. Why is a kiss like a sermon?

When two people kiss, what kind the collections of 25 heads into one the same old theory cropping up of a riddle does it make? A relus-What is it George Washington parently by accident, it was discov- them how many heads there must seldom saw, God never saw, and

Prove by logic that an oyster is better than heaven. Nothing is As a lesson in puzzle construction better than heaven; an oyster is It is a prett) puzzle, and as all it may be said that problems of this better than nothing; therefore an ovster is better than heaven.

What is the difference between

Why is a man who makes pens a wicked man? Because he makes men steel (steal) pens and then



presented with nine ponderous vol- zle, without any mathematical diffiumes of Hume's History of England, culties, so it is presented as an amusaccompanied by promises galore of ing study which will familiarize the guns, ponies, and everything else young folks with the peculiar propcalculated to excite a hoy's energy erties of figures, if I would only study those books.

Our puzzlists would not be inthan double the size of an ordinary library, but some of the things which I did discover about those ponderous tomes may be worth mentioning as the subject of an interesting and instructive puzzle.

In experimenting for instance, it was found that by placing the four volumes above the eight, as shown in the picture, 6729 over calves there. 13458 is equal to one-half. Then

with the time honored ways employing them all, they may belief that mathematics be made to represent the equivalents and history are the most of one-third, one-fourth, one fifth, important branches of one sixth, one-seventh, one-eighth, education, in my early days I was and one-ninth. It is a simple puz-

This problem suggests an inexterested in putting me through an cellent school for learning to originexamination of aucient history, as ate new puzzles, as the idea can be they would find that what I don't carried on indeffinately in the conknow on that subject would more struction of other and more difficult problems.

> What are the embers of the expiring year? Nov-ember and December.

How is a poultry dealer compelled to earn his living? By foul means.

Why is a butcher's cart like his top boots? Because he carries his

ter in summer than in winter? Be cause summer brings the caterpillar (cat-a-pillow).

is there anything a man with a kodak cannot take? Yes, a hint.

Why do American soldiers never run away? They belong to a stand-

Why does tying a slow horse to a post improve his pace? It makes him fast.

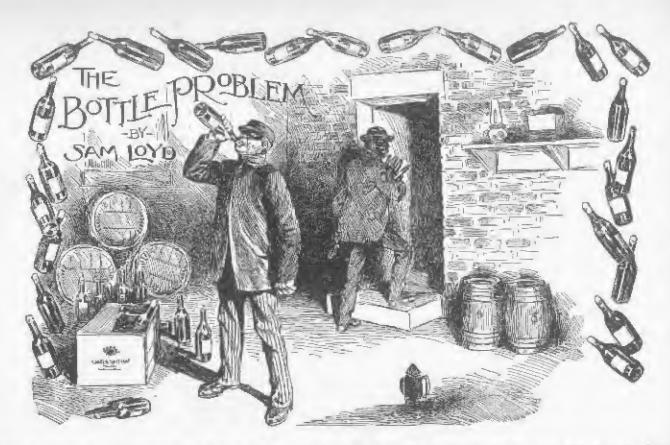
What is it that a man, no matter haustible field of puzzles and an ex- how smart he is, overlooks? His own nose.

What goes most against a farmer's grain? His reaper.

Why may we suppose that Noah had beer in the ark? Because the kangaroo went in with hops, and the bear was always brain.

A duck before two ducks, a duck behind two ducks, and a duck between two ducks; how many ducks were there in all? Three in line.

How many fathers has a man? Nine; his father, his godfather, his father-in-law, his two grandfathers, Why does a maltese cat rest bet- and his fore- (four) fathers.



PROPOSITION-Divide seven quarts and seven pints of wine, and five empty quarts and five empty pints.



study in subtraction and division which shows the importance of being well up in elementary arith-

metic, no matter what our vocation in life may be. Solvers with an aversion to figures, however, need not be deterred from tackling the puzzle, for the subtraction and dicleverness of a Sherlock Holmes rather than the learning of a mathematician.

It appears that a genleman's wine cellar had been burglarized to the extent of two dozen buttles of wine, which the robbers carried off and might have kept if they had been as proficient in division as they were in ing, has nothing to do with this subtraction.

They stole a dozen quarts and a dozen pints of champagne, but finding the same somewhat heavy to carry, they proceeded to reduce the weight by drinking off five quarts and five pints to the success of their respective candidates in the next aldermanic election. To leave no traces behind, as well as on account of their value, they took the empty bottles with them, but upon reaching their rendezvous they could not hit upon an equitable division of ferred from one bottle to another,

been an easy matter, probably, if they had not already imbibed so freely as to muddle their brains.

Not knowing enough to keep "mum," which was very essential in vision here referred to calls for the this case, they quarreled and made a great racket, which attracted the attention of a couple of policemen, words, makes the meaning clear: who descended upon them and drank all of the champagne which had cost them so much labor to secure. But that, as well as what became of the empty bottles, like the question as to how their heads felt in the morn-

Without asking me for any further information, as I do not wish to appear to know too much about this transaction, I require you to tell me how many burglars there were and how they might have divided their seven quarts of wine and seven pints of wine, and the five empty quart bottles and the five pint bottles so that each man would have an equitable share. Of course it is assumed that no wine is to be trans-

ERE IS A LITTLE seven full quarts and five empty. Any reputable burglar knows that ones, and seven full pints and five champagne can not be handled in empty pints, so that each should that manner, so there is no opportuhave the same value in bottles and nity of introducing a clever juggling wine, although the same would have trick in connection with the puzzle.

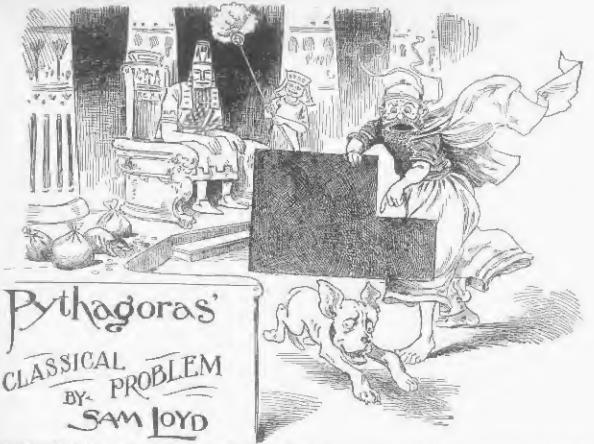
Poetical Decapitations.

Here is an odd little bit of decapitation, where the removal of the first letter, then the second, third and fourth in the three missing

The lilies on the bank are -While in our little bark we're -Our course to favoring breezes -----, Like birds upon the ---

With lily-pads the oars are -As eager hands the blossoms ---: Each shouts "Dull care away -And echo answers "-

It seems to me a strange ----, That we should pay so great -----For trifles like a little ----Or such a common thing as ---- 1



PROPOSITION-Take a piece of paper of the dimensions of the two squares, as shown in the picture, and cut it into three pieces which will fit together and make a perfect square.



GEN N ACKNOWLEDGcriticism from Professor Rogers, which is going the rounds of the press.

doing more to encourage higher ory. If the theory of the lesson is appear probable and more readily mathematics than all of our colleges made clear, the student formulates understood. It is well also to base, put together," accompanied by a his own rules and methods, just as the proposition upon some mechanhearty endorsement from a noted one describes an incident in his ical truth, historical incident or bit professor, I take occasion to dis- own language. course upon what he terms my lifelong habby."

Half a century's interest in puzzle matters has shown me that in puzzles we have the only elementry school for the development of ingenuity and a love of the mathemusical and mechanical arts. I have witnessed such a wonderful record of civil service examinations, as well as growth of master minds from the ranks of puzzledom, that, some competitive position, it seems it is really as easy as to multiply ical matters frequently shows a ciple involved. class of graduates whose course of

The "kindergarten school" of technicalities a little fun may be with their studies, and is built upon will do much toward cultivating the fundamental law that the mind an appreciation of humor. The should not be burdened with rules problem should be clothed in suit-

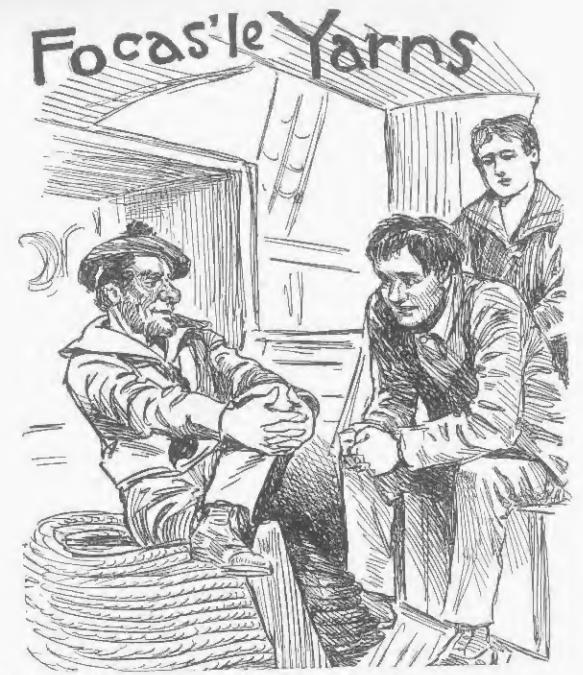
heavily freighted with musty rules. dent, for in this way a thousand and so ponderous and obscure that few one little tid-bits of information may even with explanations, grasp their be picked up and unconsciously meaning, and are glad to dismiss stored away in the mind in a way them from their minds when they never to be forgotten. leave school or college. When a principle is thoroughly understood what are termed abstruse calcula- of a right-angled triangle the larger tions we can do nothing but add or square will be exactly equal in area multiply, so, while it may take more when I hear of a puzzlist trying for time to multiply 888,888 by 777,777 like a foregone conclusion that his 8 by 7. The difficulty of a complex of the larger square being equal to success is assured. On the other sum is due entirely to lack of knowl- the other two, no matter what hand, my connection with mechan- edge, or familiarity with the prin- might be the dimensions of the tri-

simple puzzle, and to relieve the dry covery to the dogs.

ment of a flattering teaching aims to fascinate pupils injected into the puzzle story which wherein he says. "Sam Loyd is which are to be committed to mem- able dress to make the result sought. of classical lore such as may improve The science of mathematics is the general knowledge of the stu-

Twenty-four hundred years ago Pythagoras discovered that if he difficulty ceases to exist, for even in drew squares upon the three sides to the two smaller squares combined.

He was so clated over the proof angle that he gave away all of his Mechanical science and the prin- worldly goods and chattels in study appears to have made them ciples of higher mathematics may offerings to the gods, and yet he was so stupid as to be unfitted for their be taught through the medium of a ridiculed and told to show his dis-



PROPOSITION- Can you solve Neptune's conundrums?



stock jokes and the nerve not to say phenomenal genius, required to get them off repeatedly in a

way that preserves a resemblance of freshness and impromptu originality, I suppose that comparatively few of our readers have had the luck or when "crossing the line."

pressed to the captain my un- women great navigators?"

EAKING ABOUT bounded appreciation and admiration of the humor and ready wit of the old salt who represented King Neptune, as well as the lubbering green I must have appeared until, out whose main duty was to be many years afterward, I crossed knocked about and soused with the line on several occasions and buckets of water. I laughed at Neptune's ready reply to the droll conundrum: "What would you do and freshness! occasion to cross the equator, so as if all the seas were dried up?" And to witness the jolly pranks which the the equally good one: "Why is a jack tars are prone to include in man as is lookin' for the philosopher The first time I witnessed it I ex- up-to-date one, "why are wash-

The captain looked a little quizzical as I complimented the men so lavishly, but I did not realize how heard the same old stock jokes rehearsed, with all the former vigor

As I said before, some of our younger folks have not yet crossed the line, so they are given this stone like Neptune?" and the more opportunity to ponder over the two conundrates as propounded by Father Neptune,



PROPOSITION-Tell how two hayseeds divided their earnings.



S SHOWING HOW puzzle which might most.

baffle those who revel in figures and calculations, I ask for an answer to civilization? The Yan-kees, the following simple proposition, that I hate to introduce it as a puzzle and yet, without offense to Edward matician? The Adder. Markham, the recognized authority in hosiery matters. I believe that, like his celebrated poem, it opens Bion, as

Bowed by the weight of centuries he leans

Upon his hoe and gazes on the it? It is his air, ground."

It appears that Hobbs and Nobbs agreed to plant a field of potatoes lace. for Farmer Snobbs for five dollars. On testing their respective abilities a chemist? Ann Eliza. they find that each one excels in a Hobbs, who can drop a row of pota- spot, toes in twenty minutes, can drop two rows while Nobbs covers two.

The puzzle is to tell how the money and work should be divided so as to equalize matters.

Mr. Hayseed says his "collegeintuition, or a practical bred boy doesn't know nothing, among seven persons so that one knowledge of farming, while the other one does." The question is to tell which knows the the dish with the egg in it.

Why is a coach going down a which is really so devoid of all sem- steep hill like St. George? Because blance of mathematical difficulty it's always drawn with the drag-on.

Which of the reptiles is a mathe-

Why is a thing purchased like a shoe? Because it's sold.

Why is a man who will only the doors for an interesting discus- wager a penny likely to get well? He is a little better.

What relation does the soapbubble bear to the boy who blows

When is a sewing machine a great comfort? When it's used to sew

How would a leopard charge his different branch of their profession. spots? By moving to some other

> Why are young ladies like arrows? Because they are all in a quiver until they get a bow,

Spell eye-water with four letters. Tear.

How would you divide seven eggs egg remains in the dish? One takes

What is often brought to the What keys will open the doors of table, always cut but never eaten? A pack of cards.

When is a thump like a hat? When it is felt.

What is the best word of command to give a lady crossing a puddle? Dress up in front, close (clothes) up behind.

Why do hens only lay in the daytime? Because at night they are roosters.

What fort has been stormed the oftenest? The Pigno-forte.

Take two letters from money and there will be but one left, but if a thief takes money from two letters there would be none left.

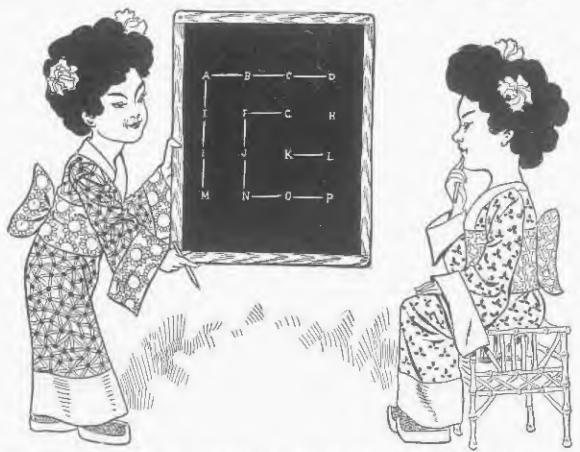
Why is a lonfer like a weather-What two female names express cock? Because he is continually going round doing nothing.

When does a man rob his wife? When he hooks her dress,

Why are duity maids happy? They have their own whey.

Why is matrimony like a besieved city? Because they who are in want to get out, and those who are out want to get in.

THE BOXER'S PUZZLE



PROPOSITION-Show the best play and tell just how many "boxes" it should win.

little puzzle-game from the East which is played upon lines very similar to the well-known game of "Tit, Tat Toe,, three in a row," One of the Chinese girls writes sixteen letters on a slate in four rows, as shown, and after marking a straight dash, which connects A to B, passes the slate to her opponent, who connects E with A. If the first player should now conneet E with F the other player would connect B with F and score "one box," and have the right to play again. But they have played so well that neither one has yet scored a box, although each has played six times, but the game is reaching a critical point where one of them must win, for there are no draws in this play, as in other games. The little maiden sitting down has to play now, and if she connects M and N her opponent the honey, the other gets al the in it. could score four boxes in one run. and then having the right to one

RE IS AN ODD which would win all the rest. What play would you now advise, and how many boxes will it win against the best possible play of the second

> Remember, that when a player scores a "box," he plays again. Suppose for example a player marks from D to H, as the game shows on the slate. Then the second player marks from H to L, and then no matter what mark the first player makes, the second player scores all nine boxes without stopping. It is a game that calls for considerable skill as you will discover after trying a few games. But in the game shown on the slate, where each player has made six marks, you are asked to tell what is the best play now to be made and how many

bee and a donkey? One gets all whacks.

Why is the letter N like a pig? more play would connect H and L. Because it makes a sty nasty.

What must you add to nine to make it six? S, for IX with S is six.

Twice ten are six of us, Six are but three of us, Nine are but four of us, What can we possibly be? Would you know more of us? I'll tell you more of us: Twelve are test six of us, Five are but four, do you see?

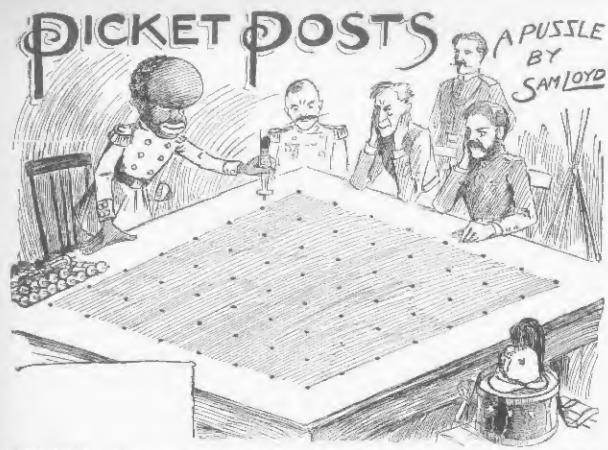
If you asked the Alphabet to come to dinner, which letters could not accept your kind invitation till later in the evening? The last six. as they couldn't come till after T.

What kind of a cravat would a hog be most likely to choose? A pigs-tye, of course.

A man bought two fishes, but on taking them home found he had three; how was this? He had two -and one smelt,

Why is a room full of married What's the difference between a people like an empty room? Because there is not a single person

> Which one of the United States is the largest and most popular? The state of matrimony.



PROPOSITION .-- Place two officers in the center of the field, guarded by fourteen men, so that there



nary checker-board of sixty-four practice in the construction as well squares, the puzzle being to place as guessing of problems and persixteen checkers upon the board so tains to an invaluable training of that there shall not be more than the mind. First place the officers two in a line in any possible direc- in the center of the board, and then tion. In the puzzle given, how- devise a method of exhaustive ever, it is stipulated that we begin analysis which will ring every posby placing two officers upon the sible change of the placing of the spots as near as possible to the fourteen men so that the same trial center of the field. This makes positions never recur a second time, the puzzle less difficult, as we have two of the men placed properly to begin with, and the problem is so that there shall be no three in a the brethren embrace the sisters. line. In other words, after the sixteen figures are posted correctly of England take her medicine? In a cannon ball coming from any cider (side her). possible direction could not hit Why is a restless man in bed like Nine cents. more than two men. It is a pretty a lawyer? Because he lies on one and interesting puzzle, somewhat side, then turns around and lies on akin to the famous problem of placing eight queens upon a chessboard so that none can be taken by another. It yields readily to a sys- suits. tem of exhaustive analysis which may be introduced upon a simple a rejected and an accepted lover? tor (glad I ate her).

ERE IS AN ODD LIT- plan, but will try the patience of One misses the kisses and the other tle problem in military such as attempt to master it by tactics which can be hap hazzard experimental methods. worked out advanta- The theory of analysis by exhausgeously upon an ordi- tive trual, enters largely into puzzle

Why does a minister always say too? "dearly beloved brethren" and then merely to post the other men not refer to the sisters? Because

the other.

Why do tailors make very ardent lovers? Because they press their

kisses the misses.

Why is a lover like a knocker? Because he is bound to adore (a

In what colored ink should we write our secrets? In violet (in-

Why is a young lady like an arrow! Recause she can't go off without a bow (beau), and is in a quiver till she gets one.

If a young lady fell into a well why couldn't her brother help her out? Because, how could be be a brother and assist her (a sister)

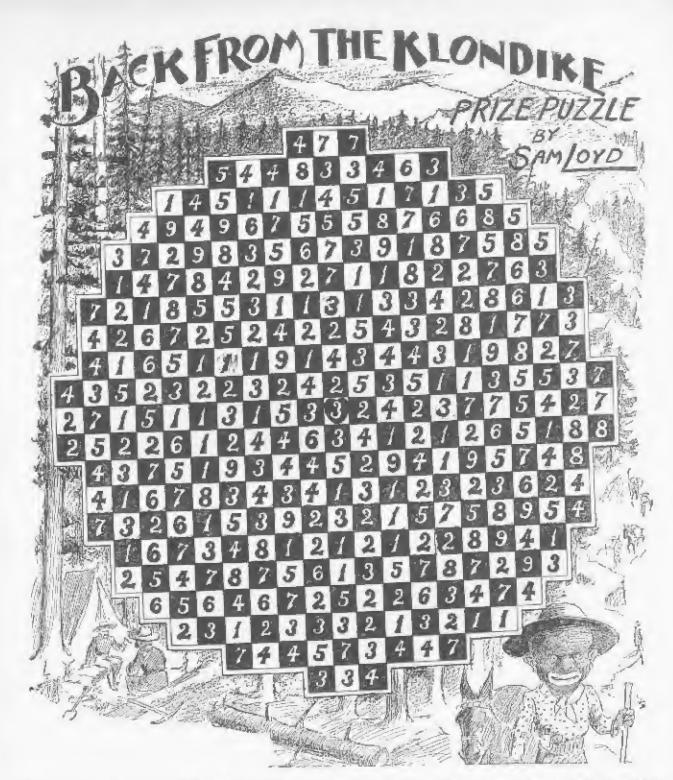
Why does a Russian soldier wear brass buttons on his coat, and an Austrian soldier wear steel In what liquid does the Queen ones? To keep his coat bottoned,

What is the difference between an old penny and a new dime?

How is the best way to make a coat last? To make the trousers and vest first.

What word of four syllables would a man utter if he should eat his wife and wanted to express his What is the difference between approbation of the deed? Gladia-

boxes will it surely win?



Euler, the great mathematician, discovered a rule for solving all manner of maze puzzles, which, as all good puzzlists know, depends chiefly upon working backwards. This puzzle, however, was built purposely to defeat Euler's rule and out of many attempts is probably the only one which thwarts his method.

Start from that heart in the center, and go three steps in a straight line in any one of the eight directions, north, south, east or west, or on the bins, as the ladies say, northeast, northwest, southeast or southwest. When you have gone three steps in a straight line, you will reach a square with a number on it, which indicates the second day's journey, as many steps as it tells, in a straight line in any one of the eight directions. From this new point when reached, march on again according to the number indicated, and continue on, following the requirements of the numbers reached, until you come upon a square with a number which will carry you just one step beyond the border, when you are supposed to be out of the woods and can holler all you want, as you will have solved the puzzle.



PROPOSITION-Make a square out of an irregular hexagon.

HIS PUZZLE ILLUStrates the old story of Jack the Clown, who lived in a square box. As the bax is not square of bounce.

in this case he must make it so by cutting it out with a pair of seissors. then cutting it into two pieces which will fit together so as to form a square piece of paper. Take the outside line of the box, which reprecorners elipped so as to form an all? Sunday, irregular hexagon, and cut it into two pieces, which will fit together and form a perfect square.

that you are twice as big as me?

What is an old lady in the middle of a lake like? She is like to be drowned.

When is love deformed? When it's all on one side.

Why is a flirt like an india-rubber ball? Because she's empty, but full

What is the difference between a butcher and a flirt? One kills to dress, the other dresses to kill.

My first is the cause of my second, and my whole ought never to be broken, though unless it be holy. sents a rectangular figure with two and be kept so, you can't keep it at

> son older than yourself? Because it's past-vou-age (pasturage).

Spell enemy in three letters. No. How could you say in two letters it's not N M E; you're wrong; try again; it's F O E.

How can you tell a girl of the name of Ellen that she is everything that is delightful in eight letters. U-r-a-bu-t-l-n.

Why is the letter P like a Roman Emperor? Because it's Nero (near

Why is the lette D like a squalling child? Because it makes ma mad.

What thing is that which is lengthened by being cut at both ends? A ditch.

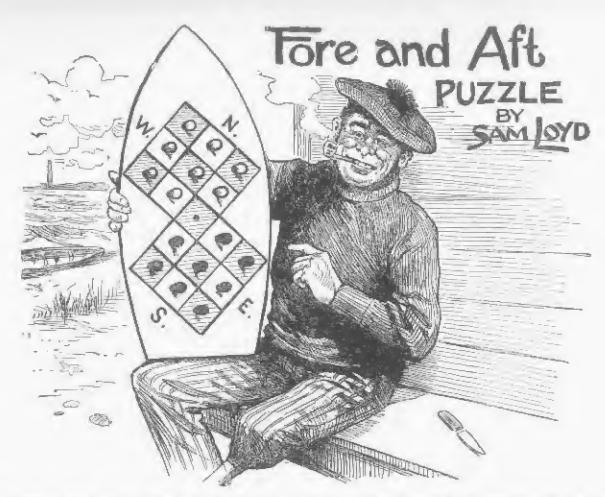
Why is a very pretty, well-made fashionable girl like a thrifty housekeeper? Because she makes a great bustle about a small waist.

Why are sentries like day and Why is a field of grass like a per- night? Because when one comes the other goes.

> When does the eagle turn carpenter? When he soars (saws) across the woods-and plains.

What do ladies look for when they go to church? The Sams (psalms) and hims (hymns).

What part of speech is kissing? A conjunction.



PROPOSITION-In how few plays can you move or jump the pegs from the north to the south and the others from the south to the north?



ed by an English sailor, who spent the sequence of their plays. forty years of his life at Sailor's founder of the institution,

could whittle them out with a jackin London and enjoyed quite a run teen puzzle, but was never mark- moves. eted on this side of the pond.

The object of the puzzle is to to the left and those on the left over like playing checkers. to the right, like in the old 14-15 puzzle, from one square to another, with the additional privilege of

TAKE OCCASION jumping over a peg to a vacant hole, to call attention to the to expedite matters. The problem origin of a pretty puz- is to transpose the positions of the zle game, or species of black and white pegs in the fewest quite popular in Europe, It is an Eng- marked North, South, East and classes. lish invention, in that it was originat- West, to enable puzzlists to record

According to an eye witness, the Snug Harbor, on Staten Island, and old sailor was very proud of his whose proud boast was that he had expertness, and used to give pursailed under Captain Randall, the chasers a rule to perform the leat in the fewest number of plays. He not find it, A splinter. The old sailor used to pick up was mistaken, however, in his rule, quite a little bit of extra "bacey sil- or it must be classed along with the ver," as he termed it, by selling the lost arts, or perhaps the world has puzzles to visitors as fast as he advanced since his time, for the methods given in the English puzzle knife. The game was brought out books, as well as mathematical works, to be the shortest, are defect- of your face? Because it is the under the name of the English six- ive and may be shortened by several scenter.

squareways, so as to change to an an understanding between them. move the set of pegs from the right opposite color each time, and not

financier mentioned in the Bible? it's past-your-age (pasturage),

North, because he floated a limited company when all the rest of the world was in liquidation.

Why is a schoolmaster like the solitaire, which became number of moves, and the board is letter C? He forms lasses into

Why are authors who treat of physiognomy like soldiers? Because they write about face.

I went into he woods and caught it, I sat down to look for it, and then I went home with it because I could

How did the while that swallowed [onah obey the divine law?]onah was a stranger and he took him in.

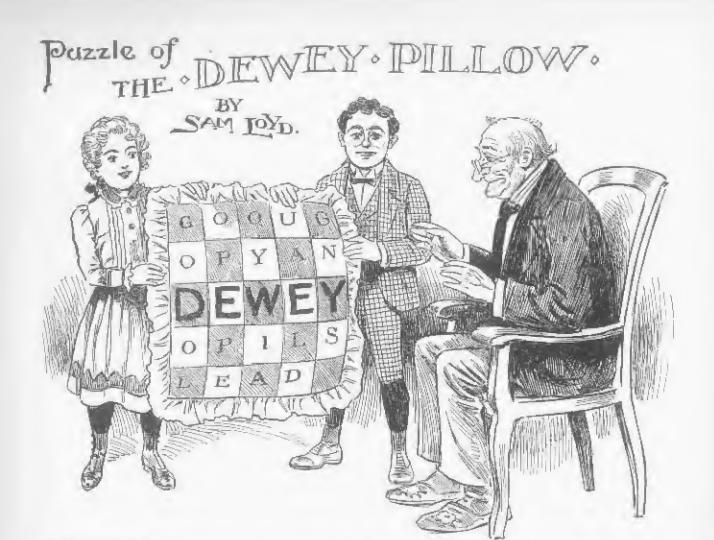
Why is the polka like bitter beer? There are so many hops in it.

Why is your nose in the middle

When may two people be said to Remember that the pieces move be half witted? When they have

> Why is a jailer like a musician? Because he lingers the keys.

Why is a field of grass like a per-Who was the most successful son older than yourself? Because



PROPOSITION-Commencing with the left hand upper corner, G, decipher a continuous sequence of twenty-four letters which reveal the intended motto.



appropriate and timely presents, I wish to tell the young folks how Harry and his sister

Nelly sprang a brilliant surprise spon their grandfather. It was his any direction to adjacent squares, 93d birthday, and the children pre- so as to spell out a continuous sesented him with an elegent "sleepy quence of the twenty-four letters, pillow," as they termed it, for his sofa. He was an old navy officer, so they had to make him happy by introducing the name of Dewey in the middle of it, but in accordance with their own plan of working in a secret cryptogram which would con- port. ceal an appropriate motto, they raked their young brains to find a sentiment which would be suitable for the occasion.

Of course, mistakes are liable to happen in the best regulated families, especially when the moving spirits are so young, and it would be misleading if I should intimate that the motto was as appropriate as it might have been; nevertheless,

PEAKING ABOUT if our puzziists exercise their brains root of an oak? When it is full of over this problem as much as Harry and his sister did, they will descrye prizes if they succeed in unmiveling it. Commence at the G on the upper left-hand corner, and move in which reveals the intended motto.

> If from a reasonable quantity of my second, I frequently but judiciously take my first, it will materially contribute to my whole? Sup black.

When do we see cannibalism? When a rash man eats a rasher, or satisfies them. when the cook fries a little Indian meal for you.

Why does a poor tailor spoil your disposition? He gives you had habits.

Why are tottering houses like is going to ward it. false reports? They are stories without any foundations.

When is a skein of thread like the

knots.

Who has a mouth but never speaks, and a bed but never sleens in it? Mrs. Sipui.

Why are children like castles in the air? Their existence is only in

What is higher and handsomer when the head is off? A pillow.

Why is a proud girl like a music box? She is full of airs.

Why is a short negro almost white? Because he is not a tall

Why are discontented people easily satisfied? Because nothing

Why are ripe potatoes in the ground like thieves? They should be taken up.

Why is a man going to town like one prepared to parry a blow? He

Why is swearing like an old patched coat? It's a darned bad



PROPOSITION --- Show how the eight crows settled on the corn with no three in a row.



NOTED ORNITHOLO- the feat, while to the other there ness on tick," said the clock. gist, describing the are twelve different answers, which habits and sagacity of by turning the board might be in- ton. "And never should be led," birds, tells how he creased to 96 transpositions. witnessed a flock of

marauding crows descend upon a corn field and dispose of themselves according to established military tactics. Each bird was posted like an army picket, so as to keep an unobstructed view of every one of his goods were discussing the secret of companions, and by his motions success. "No one should do busi- might have said. apparently maintain a poiseless code of signals which kept the entire flock informed of any approaching danger.

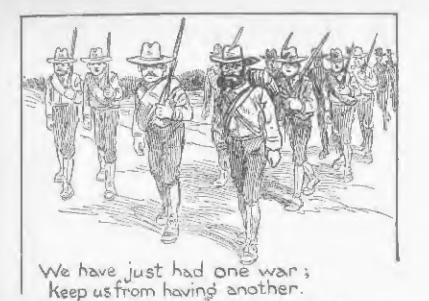
Without attempting to investigate the mysteries of crow wireless telegraphy, occasion is taken to show that the statement of the distinguished ornithologist suggests a very pretty problem in the science of picket posting.

Take sixly-four points like the centers of the squares of an 8x8 checkerboard, as represented by the hills of sprouting corn in the picture, and the puzzle is to place eight crows on such points that there are no two crows on the same row or diagonal; and so that the man with the gun going around the field would find it impossible to get a shot at three birds in a row. The puzzle is closely allied to my wellknown problem of placing eight queens on a chess board so that none is attacked by another, but is an improvement upon the same in that there is but one way of performing

The Sceret-of-Success Puzzle.

A country grocer, who was always complaining about his lack of success, fell asleep one day in his store, and dreamed that his "One wants push," said the butsaid the pencil. "Take pains," said the window. All of the articles in the store had something to say, and their remarks were so good that it becomes a puzzle worth propounding, to see if our friends cannot suggest a score or more bright things which the other articles





MPEAKING ABOUT NOTED.

Our juvenile puzzlists are so clever in getting at the correct locality of these concealed places, that I will ask them to explain a matter which lem I thought to sketch for our juve- puzzled me considerably some time ories like officeholders? Because

ailes the other day while passing ago. through one of our manufacturing I had heard a certain person re- thing. centers. There was a certain parade ferred to once as "the most noted and mobilization of troops going on, which so revived my old-time patrifor any particular art or science had tism and military spins that I joined never reached me, I asked regarding his specialty, and was told that the crowd and cheered for the Union. he was not looked upon as a when, to my dismay, I discovered that I was participating in a labor great genius, but amply as being stake and shouting for the motormen's union, whose members were | zle, until it so happened that during bent upon pulling up the car tracks. a visit to his town I observed that Despite my sympathy for the strangers and friends alike were so laboring men, I found that my en- struck by his remarkable appearthusiasm had placed me in a false ance as to make him indeed the most

heard upon the streets. A REBUS.

I pass the puzzle on to our young friends, and will ask them to discover the locality of this noted man as concealed in the remarks which I

A bird select, on moorlands bred, And carefully remove its head, Then your admirer, Ladies see! Cut him, and past and gone he'll be. Cypher Ans. 17, 13, 15, 22, 5, 18.

What is the difference between a mother with a large family and a barber? Our shaves with his razors, and the other raises her shavers.

Why is a horse an anomaly mathe hunting field? Because the better tempered he is the easier he takes a-fence (offense).

Which eat most grass, black sheep or white? White, because there are more of them.

When is a sailor not a sailor? When he's aboard,

Why are persons with short memthey are always for-getting every

What is that from which you may man in his State," and, as his fame take away the whole, and yet have some left? The word whole some

What is a quick way to kill ants? Hit vone ancle's wife on the head with a hummer!

What is the difference between "noted." I was bailled by the puz- dead soldiers and repaired garments? The former are dead men, and the latter are monded (dead)!

> Why should painters never allow children to go into their studios? Because of them easles (the measles) which are there.



the locality of the incident.

As I was beating on the meadow grounds, Up starts a hare before my two grey

the sentiment of a good citizen as

given in the description of the pic-

ture, which it will be found conceals

Inhor strikes which are

occupying the public at-

tention at presents re-

minds me of a war prob-

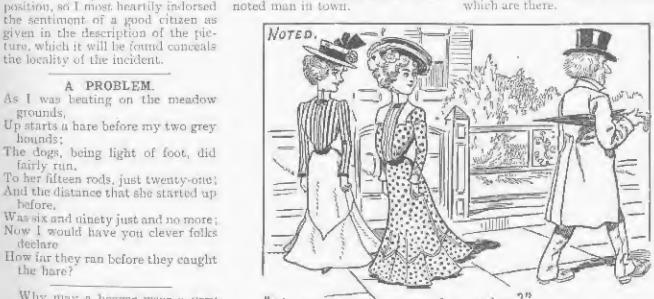
hounds; The dogs, being light of foot, did fairly run,

To her fifteen rods, just twenty-one; And the distance that she started up before,

Was six and ninety just and no more; Now I would have you clever folks.

How far they ran before they caught the hare?

Why may a beggar wear a very short cont? Because it will be long before he acts another.



"Did you ever see such a color?"
"A downright brick red isn't it."



PROPOSITION-How many points can be scored in a game of dominoes?



fond of dominoes, and puzzle. flattered invself that I could put up a pretty stiff

game of straight mug-

a certain Monsieur Blume, in Paris,

sions alluded to the fact that every

game or pastime is susceptible of

furnishing a series of problems or

puzzles, as in whist or chess, which

illustrate in an instructive way the

peculiar strategy of the play. M.

Blume would always finish a game

of dominoes after the manner of a

problem, in that he would announce

that he would make exactly five, ten

or twenty points, as the case might

be, and it was this feature of the play

which suggested to nie the domino

puzzle of: "What is the greatest

possible number of points that can

be scored by both players in the

regular game of muggins wherein

and count both ends whatever they add up. 5, 10, 15, or 20, and see how vesper prayer. In process of time gins, but it was my privilege to meet much you can make.

who speedily disillusioned me of the notion that I knew anything set of the 28 dominoes and mix them perfected the rules so as to make a about the science of dominoes. He was a professional player, of about up well, and unobserved by any of the speciators conceal one of the the end of the term of their incarcer-80 years of age and had been blind stones in your hand. Tell them ation it became generally adopted from birth. He made a living by going about the cafes, giving exhibthey match the set in one long row, tery as a lawful and instructive itions of his won derful play in which and you will tell them what the two pastime, he gave phenomenal odds to all opponents. I have upon several occa- ends will be.

Be careful not to select a double number. Mix them all up earefully and while doing so return the one you had, at the same time telling the them that the two ends were 3 and t, or whatever numbers you had on the dominoe.

cidentally introduces two very in- of the stones, being the same as our

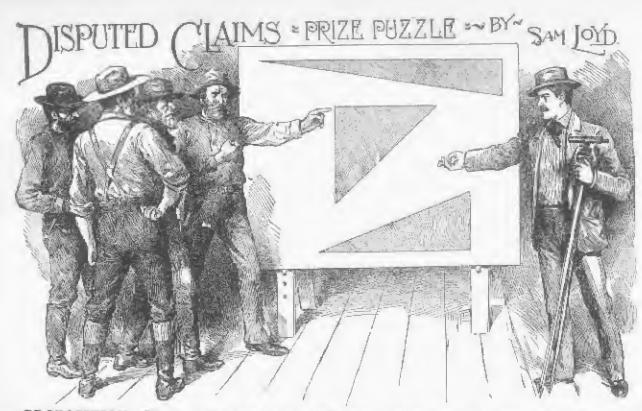
bit of history, two monks who had been committed to a lengthy sociuthe two ends are counted whenever had been imposed upon them by construction of imagic squares, the they add up five, ten, fifteen or twenty?" It may be mentioned to building up magic squares with feat is an easy one, and as such I such of our puzzlists who may not small flat stones, upon which they present it to our young puzzlists. have a set of dominoes conveniently had black dots like "dice." The at hand, that the sketch shows a smusement gradually advanced into complete set of twenty-eight stones, a species of a game of skill, and by a manners? B natural.

USED TO BE VERY which may be utilized to solve the preconcerted arrangement between the players the winner would inform Just lay them down one at a time the other of his victory by repeating in an undertone the first line of the the two manks so far completed the While on the subject of dominoes set of stones as to represent every I will explain one of the neatest par- possible combination of two figures lor tricks you ever saw. Take a full from double blank to double six and most interesting game, so that at you will go out of the room while by all of the inmates of the monas-

It soon spread from town to town and became popular throughout Italy, and the first of the line of the vespers was reduced to the single word Domino, by which the game has ever since been known.

An old writer on the subject says that the various combinations, or Here is another puzzle which in- arrangements by which a number teresting subjects: the origin of the ordinary dominoes, might be formed game of dominoes and that ever so as to make magic squares which popular theme of the magic square, would add up the same in every di-According to a well-authenticated rection, seems to have been lost, and its possibility has been questioned by emment mathematicians. sion contrived to beguile the dreary In this respect, however, the writer hours of their confinement without errs, for to modern puzzlists, who breaking the rules of silence which are familiar with the theory and

What is the keynote to good



PROPOSITION-How many triangles can you make of the same size with different sides?



S A PUZZLE EDITOR
I take occasion to say that now and then a correspondent will write to ask why a certain solu-

tion obtained a prize, when, according to his way of thinking, his solution was "just as good." It may be a problem which turns upon a little mathematical point, and, whereas the winner followed the puzzler's custom of carrying the result out to only three decimals. the writer had gone to the pains of working it out to ten points, thereby ner's solution, produced by natural methods which anyone could understand, covered less than half a postal card, and clearly showed that he understood the point of the puzzle and could carry the answer out to any number of decimals, if the prize were offered for patience or endur-

reasons for making an award, and so long as it is done fairly and impartially, should not open the way to discussions. It may be that the able to discover the greatest number Ur-chins. winner's answer came several days of such triangles. before the others, or was clear and

These remarks are made as a hint sides? from mathematical terms. Solutions should be perfectly clear when they first go to the umpire, as no arguments or amended explanations should be accepted afterwards.

Our puzzle shows an animated dispute between some miners over their respective claims. It seems that they had obtained "patents" on some mining claims of the same producing what he considers a better size. Each claim was in the form answer. He employed half a dozen of a right angled triangle, and all of sheets of foolscap and worked out exactly the same area, but of differhis solution by algebra. The win- ent dimensions, as would be the case with a triangle with a base of 35 feet, an elevation of 12 and the hypothenuse of 37, as compared with another with dimensions of 20, 87 and 29, as both contain areas of 210 feet.

The puzzle calls for a number of triangles containing 210 feet in each. with complete and definite dimen-An umpire cannot always give his sions without any two triangles being of the same shape. This puzzle gives great scope for ingenuity and perseverance, as it turns upon being

sharp to the point, while the others of definite dimensions can you give, kept on the hand.

which will all contain the same areas. the umpire does not desire to discuss. but of different dimensions on the

A REBUS.

Whether backwards or forwards I'm read,

Matters to me not a bit: I am gentle and light, and transposed Am ever ready and fit.

CHARADE.

In battle-field when front to front, Contending armies bear the brunt. My first is in the fray; It e'er with quantities perplexed, You gents may measure with my

Or with my total weigh,

Of what part of London does a lame man remind us? Of cripplegate (cripple gate).

Why would a tanner make a good chemist? Because he understands ox (h)ides.

Why are you better looking than a carpenter? Because he is a deal plainer (planer).

Why is the letter F like deathi Because it makes all fall,

Whose chins are never shaved.

Why are gloves unsaleable arti-How many right angled triangles cles? Because they are made to be



Sporty men are supposed to have unlimited nerve, and as a rule are seldom discouraged. Nevertheless, while relaxning from the Epsom races on the top of a bus, I encountered the worst case of hopeless which flit through our minds while discouragement I ever witnessed, in dreamland have pondered over A little fakir who had been running certain unanswered conundrums a side show game known as the new Monte Carlo was bemoaning his derland, fate to the shell-game man. Busiput it, but in the hope of retrieving their tea, the hatter suggested some his fortune he stood out in a soaking rain for a couple of hours. He was desk like a raven?" preparing to give up in despair when a party of jolly fellows came guess it, but every time the question along, and one of them, too far gone was revived it flitted from her mind, in liquor to know what he was doing, and faded away like that mysterious placed £10 on the 3, threw three of cat, which left nothing more tangilast shilling!

Monte Carlo I offer it as an elemen- drum. tary problem in the theory of chances. There are six squares many persons, while revelling in its money, harms. marked 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, as shown extravagant absordities, have failed in the sketch, and all are invited to place what money they wish on one or more of the numbers. Three abounds in riddles and conundrums, dice are then thrown, and all who like "Why was the turtle that kept make no difference here. pick the numbers which turn up get their money back and as much more. If you place \$1 on No. 5 and two 5s turn up you receive \$1 stake and \$2 more. If three 5s are turned you get \$1 and \$3. Now, then, how many of our clever mathematicians can tell what are the chances for or against the person who tries his luck?

What is that which you cannot hold ten minutes, although it is as light as a feather? Your breath.

What roof covers the most noisy tenant? The roof of the mouth.

Why does an orator resemble a pawnbroker? Because he lives by spouling.

What instrument of war does an angry lover resemble? A cross bow

Why is a horse smarter than a fox? Because a horse can run when he is in a trap and a fox can't.

Unsolved Riddles.

Probably every one of the millions upon millions of people who have enjoyed Lewis Carol's masterly and realistic description of the vagaries which were given by Alice in Won-

While Alice, the Mad March Hare ness had been "rather badly," as he and the crazy Hatter were enjoying

Alice said she believed she could a kind, and cleaned him out of his ble than its everlasting smile. It is safe to assume, however, that the The game is quite popular, and as famous Oxford mathematician and no two persons can be found who noted puzzlist had some clever give the same opinion regarding the answer up his sleeve, or he would chances of breaking this bank of not have propounded the conun-

> The book itself is a riddle, and to recognize the faithful and wonderful description of a dream. It

school like a tortoise?" Because he tort us. What is more puzzling than that tangle of words when the countess deduces the moral." Be what you would seem to be, ar never imagine yourself not to be otherwise than what it appears to others that you were or might have been, would have appeared to them to be other-Wise.

All of which is too apparent to require further digression from our

Why is a writing desk like a

I have never heard the answer, nevertheless, like the ancient guery, Why is a crow?" it has been asked so often that I am satisfied that our clever puzzlists will suggest a fitting

CONCEALED GEOGRAPHY.

71. When in India Lord Ragian cast Eros, the blind dog, at his feet. Venus laughed.

71. The bride wore white, the bridesmades blue: (An island.)

72. Trust no past, fear no future. (A river.) 73, Stocks, or rent, or what,

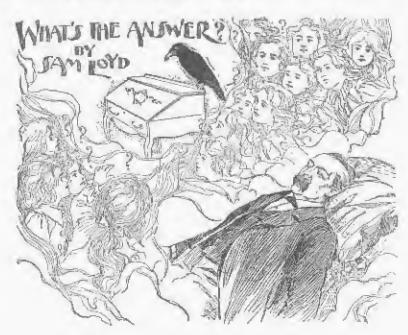
make the best investment? 74. Did you ever read in Goldsmit

of the curse of ambition? 75. The wounded are borne off

the field on litters. (An island.) 76. Not money, but base love of

77.a" A widowed bird sat, mourning for her mate, upon a wintry bough." (River.)

78. Tall or short, fut or lean, shall





Occasion is taken to tell how a member of the recent expedition to the north pole attempted to capture a bride after the custom of the upper arctic circles. Every one sleeps in a bearskin sack up there, so when an elopment is planned the love-sick swain just creeps in and steals a sack with its valuable contents and bears it off to his home. In this case the lover had quite a distance to journey, but calculated that he could go there at the rate of 5 miles per hour and return with his burden self. at the rate of 3 miles per hour He carried out the programme on sched- Because g makes it go. ule time, making the tour in just seven hours, but when he opened the sack to show the prize to his shipmates he found that he had run baggage, and which two the least? off with the girl's grandfather! The story has been so greatly exaggerated that it is claimed that he must to Franz Josef's Land, and thence son? His daughter. chased by the grandfather to several by Dr. Nausen in 1895. Will our an anxious bee-leaver. experts assist in figuring out just able journey.

A REBUS.

Transpose a portion of the year, A Christian name will then appear; The same, transposed again will show

A plant that does in India grow. May, Amy, Yam.

How do you define a ring? As a hole with a ram around it.

What did Adam and Eve do when they were expelled from Eden? They "raised Cain."

drawn? Cork.

What kind of a receptacle is that which is always asking permission to move? Can-i-stor.

What would you advise a person to do who had some money and a a loaf of bread is much better than buggy-top? Buy a fine tooth-comb. nothing.

What part of a fish weighs most? The scates.

When you fine vessel on the ocean speeds.

Unto my first the watchful tar's attending;

And yet my second oft employs his thoughts,

When at my whole his powerful form is bending. Cypher Ans. 23, 9, 14, 4, 12, 1, 19, 19,

Why is a pen like a perverse child? Because it never does wright of it- I rounded, and came to America.

Why is a horse like the letter O? dise, snubbed Eve.

When is a boat like a snow bank? of the day. When it is adrift.

Which animal requires the most The elephant takes his trunk, the fox and cock only a bresh and coarb.

What relation is that child to its have gone from Petermann's Point father who is not its father's own

Why is the boy that disturbs a degrees beyond the parallel reached beehive like a true Chritian? He is

Why are two heads better than how far he travelled on this memor- one? Because they are fore-sighted. Why is a cart-horse always in the of Jules Favre. wrong place? Because you have put the cart before the horse.

What less many leaves but no stem?A book.

What two letters make a prophet?

Why is a black woman like a doorway? Because she is an egress (an egress).

Why do cabmen profer tall ladies to short ones? Because the higher the fare (fair) the better they like it.

Why is a newly-married couple like a pair of sugar tongs? Because What town is most frequently they are two spoons joined.

Which is betterl getting the gir, or your choice or half a loaf of bread? Half a loaf of bread; as nothing in London. earthly can be better than getting her you love, and we know that half

In magic tale. Enigmatically.)

A REBUS. My first, gentle lady, you give to the

Who now breathes the fond wish of his soul;

Whom with ardent affection, and honor and truth.

You perceive is ladeed in my whole.

In my snug fittle second, secure from the storm.

We the the helpless and innocent

And my whole when a contract or bargain you form.

You should give, the agreement to hind

Cypher Ans. 5, 1, 18, 14, 5, 19, 20

CONCEALED GEOGRAPHY.

14. A friend, named Dorcas, owned a red raven named [chesha-

15. I sailed past Africa, Oceanica

16. Adam, as customary in Para-

17. A good nap lessons the length

18. Napoleon begins as a comet, ends as a falling star.

19. Said Henrietta "Unto no man give I my heart," 20. I bet he loses the race,

21. France may not bear this rebuff a long time.

22. Is there a railroad over the top of Mount Washington?

23. If we drink too freely of the cask, age racks us with pain.

24 Tell King William to send some officer of rank for the auswer

25. The ravings of the mob I leave to your imagination 26. To get gold to par is the Sec-

retary's prime object. 27. I saw a little maiden very

gayly rlad. 28. The Harvard Base Bull Club

is composed of nine vehement strikers.

29, Rent on Cornhill is low, but rent on State street is high.

30. She was so fond of beer, she baked her pancakes in it.

31. Which do you like best, fricasseed frog, or ham and eggs?

32. In the days of Queen Elizabeth, Lehens & Co. were jewellers

33. The artist should work with art for duty, not pleasure.

Spell one word with the letters: Spell one word with the letters: Tis no demon's art. (Demonstration.)



Perhaps you may know

That two centuries ago

In the midst of a crowd

Though varied each lot

I am met with in every town.

But now 'tis allowed

In life I have got,

And wherever I go

So familiar I grow

I am cumning and bold.

Pugnacious you'll say,

For young or for old

strangers.

crowd.

know

Spark.

My name in the world was unknown;

Yet nothing my course e'er endan-

That I am nodded to even by

For I knock down by scores in a

A REBUS.

often set a house on fire;

Take off one letter, and 'tis clear

That once I held a strange cargo.

Though small I am, yet, when entire

then could hold a herd of deer;

Dismiss one more, and you will

I fear not but brawl out aloud;

It appears that five clever newsboys formed a partnership and pooled their issues to lay in a good stock of papers, which they rattled off like hot cakes and then figured up their accounts as follows: Tom Smith sold one paper more than one quarter the whole lot, while Billy lones disposed of one paper more than a quarter of the remainder. Ned Smith sold one paper more than a quarter of what was left, and Charley Jones disposed of just one paper more than a quarter of the remainder. A this stage of the game the Smiths were just 100 papers ahead, but little Jimmy Jones the youngest kid of the bunch, sold all that were left, so in this friendly encounter the Jones won out by how many papers do you think?

A REBUS.

Four letters form me quite complete. As all who breathe do show; Reversed, you'll find I am the seat

Of infamy and woe.

Transposed, you'll see I'm base and mean. My name betrays my race;

Transposed once more, I oft am seen To hide a lovely face. Cypher Ans. 12, 9, 22, 5.

A CHARADE.

A vowel with two beasts unite, You'll have what poets often write. There are two equally good answers to this characle, 5, 16, 9, 7, 18, 1, 13, or 1, 14, 1, 7, 18, 1, 13.

What chasm often separates friends? Sar-casm.

Why is O the only vowel sounded? Because all the rest are in-audible.

Why is coffee like an axe with a dull edge? Because it must be ground before it is used.

Why is an old cont like an iron kettle? Because it represents hard

Why is a dressmaker a most decentive woman? Because she is not what she seams.

A REBUS.

My primal is found where the wild waves are dashing.

And thick falls the cold briny

My final is seen, where the fierce eyes are flashing, And fortunes are oli thrown away.

To draw your conclusions by spanning my whole,

As to what lies beneath or con-

Will oft prove as false as the base flatterer's soul,

When facts, stubborn facts are revenled. Cypher Ans. 19, 21, 18, 6, 1, 3, 5.

A CHARADE.

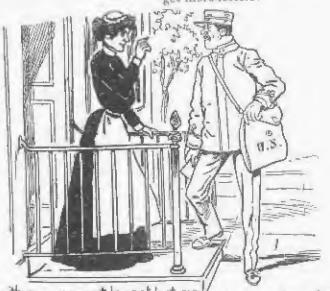
Without my first you cannot stand, My second you may now command; Together I attend your will.

And am your humble servant still. Cypher Ans. 6, 15, 15, 20, 13, 1, 14.

What kind of a hen lays the longest? A dead hen.

I will ask the young folks to enjoy a simple study in concealed geography by locating the poor postman's trouble, as illustrated in the following picture:

You see, some charitably disposed schemor had been working an endless chain racket on an unsuspecting public, and was receiving such an immense correspondence that other ladies in the neighborhood became jealous, so the letter-carrier's patience reached the limit when Mrs. Smith threatened to patronize some other postman if she did not get more letters!



Mrs Smith says you must leave at least one more letter each morning or she will potronize some other postman

Aesop, who lived some twenty-

five hundred years ago, was a slave

belonging to a noble Athenian, who,

being struck by his originality and

marvelous gift of inculenting morals

or cutting satire in his stories of

birds, animals and fishes, brought

him to the notice of Croesus, King

of Lydia. Among his oldest fables

is the story of the ambitious eagle,

which resolved to fly to the sun.

Every morning as the sun rose in

the east the eagle would fly towards

it, going a thousand miles before the

hour of noon, when the sun would

be on the meridian, thus as the stor-

would pass on towards the west the

caule would continue its hopeless

chase, and just as the sun would

disappear below the western horizon

it will be many a long day before

Acsop's point is actually accomplish-

the starting point after making a

being known, and it being assumed

complete circuit of the globe.

the original starting point.

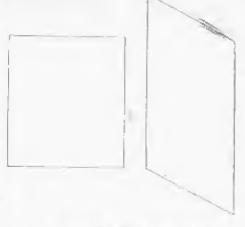
materially affect the distance, it is shown that the eagle would go 500 miles further west each day. Let us start the hird on his tour from the dome of the Capitul at Washington, Wednesday January 1st, 1896, on which day of the week would be return to the starting point? Here is the way a Dutchman gave above illustrations:

the problem: "Suppose two geese start from opposite windows of that dome at Washington, what direction would they have to fly to meet again in the shortest possible time? Third proposition: Do you know

why it is that if you saw an Island exactly one hundred miles away due north-east, you would never get there by sailing due north-east?



The Puzzleland Sunday School Teacher is giving the children some good resolutions with which to beed and the foolish engle returns to gin the new year. It is a good idea to inject a little difficulty into the lesson so as to impress it well on the The circumference of the earth memory. Of course, it is any easy puzzle for the little folks, neverthethat the eagle flies at a height from less let us see if you are clever the earth's surface which does not enough to read it right off.



How to Make Diamonds

The juvenile readers will find in the following an interesting method of passing an hour or two out of school hours or to amuse an evening party. All that is needed is a pair of scissors and some paper which may be our into the form of a paraltelogram or rectangle as shown in the

The pazzle is to discover how either one of the forms can be divided into equal halves which will fit together so as to form a perfect diamond. As both diamonds will be of equal dimensions, it shows that the above forms are of the same size. It would have been a more difficult puzzle to have required you to prove the forms to be of the same size by merely cutting them into halves. It will be found that they are built upon different ideas, although based on scientific principles of geometry well worth knowing.

Of course, it is understood that no paper is wasted, as the diamond, when completed, will be just as large us the present figure.

Cutting puzzles of this kind are always popular and instructive in that they exercise the inventive faculties and serve as an elementary drawing school.

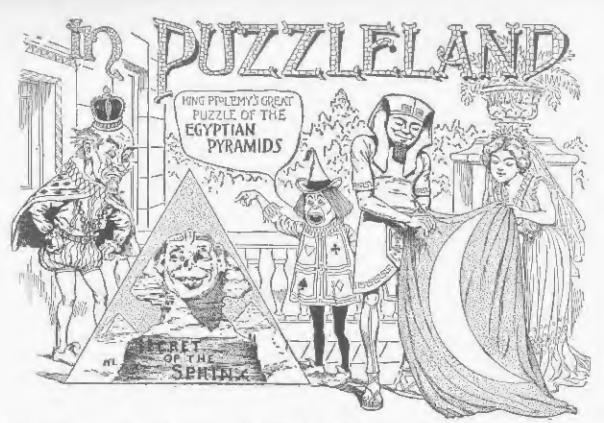
A Rebus

As to what lies beneath or concealed,

Will oft prove as false as the base flatterer's soul,

When facts, stubborn facts are revealed.

Cipher Answer.-19, 21, 18, 6, 1, 3, 5.



Here is King Ptolemy's great puzzle of squaring a pyramid, which for thousands of years has been known as the myaterious secret of the sphinx. Take an equilateral triangle (the three sides of equal length) and divide it into the least possible number of pieces which will fit together so as to form a perfect square.

How the veteran puzzlists who realize the truth of that time honored motto: " once a puzzlist, always a puzzlist," will recall the happy hours spent in translating the old fashloned pictureproverbs, like the following, which our grandfathers delighted to show us:



ALL ABOUT A PENNY



Many years ago when conducting a pioneer puzzle department in the weekly edition of a daily newspaper (which idea has be-

come so popular that all of the great dailies and weeklies have their puzzle columns). I gave a little coin puzzle which had an extensive run. The young folks were invited to see how many objects could be discovered in the above representation of a penny. To simplify the puzzle, however, I now give the names of the objects and merely ask you to locate them, I. The name of an animal. 2. A kind of fruit. 3. A place of worship. 4. A beautiful flower. 5. Part of a jug. 6. Badge of officer. 7. Part of a hill. 8. Personal pronoun.
9 Part of a trunk. 10. Part of a whip. 11. Badge of royalty. 12. Part of a pitcher. 13. That for which our forefathers bled. 14. shy," remarked the shopman. A venomous serpent. 15. A protection against thieves. 16. An skipped out of the door with the American Ambassador, How many more can you find in addition to these ?



"Give me three skeins of silk and four of worsted," said little Susie as she placed 31 cents on the counter, which was the correct amount.

Thinking she had the right to do a little shopping on her own account after the style of her mother, she remarked "I think I will change my mind and take four skeins of silk and only three of worsted."

"Then you are just one cent "Oh no," said little Susie as she goods, "I think you are just one cent shy!" What was the price of silk and worsted !





COURSE every one knows Bixby the enthusiastic puzzlist, who just revels in tricks and commdrums; who can

twist a pun or riddle out of every word you say, and who is always loaded right up to the muzzle with puzzle gems which he terms "diamonds" when they are appreciated, and "pearls" when they fall flat, as they sometimes do.

He gut called down so abruptly the other day that the shock was actually painful. It seems that there was some exciting news from China, and, as the boys were shouting extras on the street, Mrs. Bixby, who has a brother in Pekin, induced Bixby to go after a paper. He was on the point of relieving her anxiety regarding the fate of the missionaries, when, according to custom, he first glanced at the little department of bright sayings and found something which particularly struck his fancy.

"Oh, say, dear," he commenced, "I have got something funny to tell you. I have got two letters which show the

same of a state, and--"

"I know what those letters are," exclaimed his better half, and they illustrate vone conception of what is funny. One is a letter which I gave you two weeks ago to mail to mother, and which explains why she has not come, and the others were to Aunt Phoebe and the Hayerstraw people, telling them we were out of town; so here we will have them on our hands to-morrow, and the chitdren down with the measles and whooping cough!"

The more Bixby explained that it was only a little puzzle to spell the name of a state with two letters the worse he floundered, for he now recalled the other letters which he had forgotten to mail,

But to get back to our puzzle, how many of you can show that the name of one state can be spelled with two letters, while two other states may be My whole in russet cap is found, spelled with three letters each?

Arithmetical Puzzle.

Take four, numbers, all alike, and arrange them so as to add up 100,

Literary Rebus.

FIRST SYLLABLE.

"Look how the floor of heaven Is thick intaid with patens of bright

There's not the smallest orb that thou beholdest.

But in his motion like an angel sings Still quiring to the young-eved cherubins,"

-Shakespeare.

SECOND SYLLAMOR. "Near yonder thorn, that lifts its

head on high, Where once the signpost caught the passing eye,

Low lies that bouse where mutbrown draughts inspired;

Where gray-beard mirth and smiling toil retired,

Where village statesmen talked with looks profound.

And news much older than their ale went round."

-Galdsmith.

TITIED SYLLABLE. "A mighty wave rushed o'er him as he spoke.

The raft it covered and the mast it

Swept from the deck and from the rudder tora.

Far on the swelling surge the chief was borne:

While by the howling tempest rent in Iwain

Flew sail and sailyards rattling o'er the main."

-Pope.

A Square Word Puzzle.

A recess.

A lazy fellow.

Girl's name.

Flocks.

To mile out.

Answer to the above:

NICHE I D L E R CLARA HERDS ERASE

A Charade.

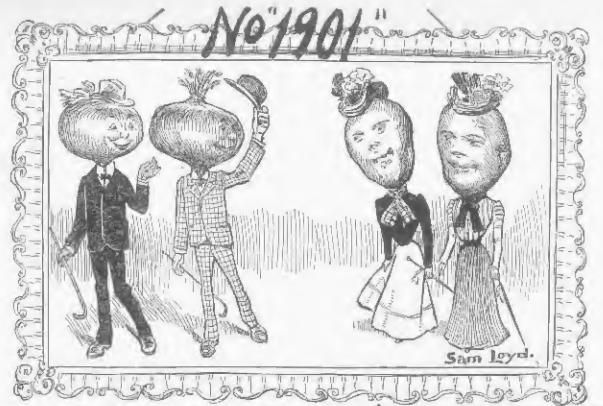
My first will range the meadows through,

In savage pride and state: But should be make my next at you.

Your danger would be great.

And robe of lovely green, Tall, springing from the marshy ground

Like some bright fairy queen. Cipher Answer .-



NO. 1901 ART PICTURE

the walls of the academy this ture? season, and while I have been overwhelmed by the compliments. of my friends, I have been struck by the lack of appreciation or taste in art matters by the publie at large.

I was there opening night and could not help overhearing the remarks of some of the flippant

critics.

"I wonder how much the painter of that thing expects to get for it?" asked one young lady of her escort, who is a dauber who has tried for years to get a canvas accepted. "Well, I don't know," replied the puppy; "but I should think that three years would be about right!" Two picture dealers seemed to be interested in it, so I listened to their remarks. Says one of them: could not hang the artist," replied the other; and then the first, who was really not the fool he looked, said a remarkably good thing which is worth preserving: "Do you know what

His reply was so clever that it and now finds just one left, and

I have at least succeeded in coaundrum; what would be an touch one of them? getting one of my pletures on appropriate name for the pic-

COULDN'T TELL A LIE

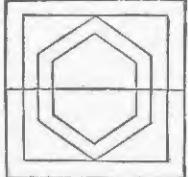
"George Washington!" exclaimed his trate Mother, "your father says he never turns his back without his eigarettes disappearing. He left a full box on his desk when he went to the village this morning for a bracer, or some kind of a tool he wanted and when he came back, half of "I wonder why they hung that them were gone. While he thing?" "Perhaps because they spoke to the men folks about it, a half of what were left disappeared. He went over to Frankin's place to get some fusil oil to wet some sort of a whistle he was fixing and when he returned, once more they had been halved. would be a good name for the Then he comes and complains to me, just as if I had been smoking.

is presented in the nature of a you tell me that you did not

"Mother," said the truthful son, "that one that's left is the one I did nt touch," and when his fond parent ambled homeward to cut a cherry switch, he got there first and out the little tree off close to the ground and hid it.

Now then, as a historical fact, can you not see that this little incident proves just how many cigarettes they used to put in a box in those days?

A MARKING PUZZLE



Draw the above figure with one continuous mark without crossing a line. A difficult fact is to place a piece of paper before a mirror and draw the design while looking at the paper through the mirror.



Inspector lones' duty is to prove the correctness of weights and measures throughout the fown; to see that the poor coal man is not giving half a fou too much; that the conscientions butcher is not robbing himself by giving over-weight, and that the much abased iceman is not actually defrauding the Ice Trust. But in this particular instance he is up against a tickleish problem, he finds a pair of scales which are decidedly off-centre as they term it; the scales are "weighted" so as to balance, although the fulerum is not in the middle-an error which the unsophisticated grocer is liable to overlook.

You must not judge from appearances in this case, as Benjamin Franklin wisely said, for with a puzzle-makers' license I have drawn the scales so as to give no clue to the puzzle.

In the first trial three pyramids balance with eight cubes of wood, but when he places one cube on the long arm of the lever it balances with three pyramids!!

Assuming that a pyramid weighs one ounce, what should have been the true weight of the eight cubes?

A Charade

My first's an ugly insect, My next an ugly brute: My whole an ugly phantom Which naught can please nor suit.

Cipher Answer, -2, 21, 7, 2, 5, 1,

Missing Words.

The blanks in this little quantain are to be filled in with words spelled with the same seven letters;

No - to glory, he - the blows Of the --- that threaten his life; Then quickly - to an inn that he knows.

Where the host is no --- of strife.

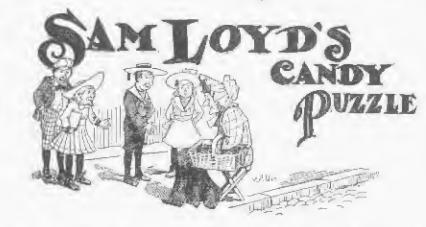
The answer to the above remarkable anagram puzzle, which gives no less than five seven-letter words, to be arranged from the same letters

Ancient Egyptian Puzzle,



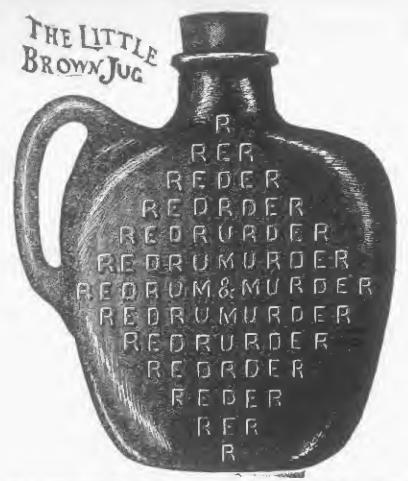
Many versions have appeared in verse and prose of the story of the ancient Egyptian king who promised the hand of his beautiful daughter to the man who could shave down the sides of a perfect cube of wood to fit respectively into a square, an equilateral triangle and a circle, constructed in proportions shown in the accompanying illustration. Many scholars, scientists; mathematicians and other learned men of that time thought they could solve the problem-but the beautiful princess died an old maid after all.

Probably our young puzzlists are eleverer than the ancient Egyptians, and may be able to find the solution. To find answers it is not necessary to actually whittle a cube of wood, simply mark out on a piece of paper three sides of the unbe and indicate what cuts, if any, you would make to fit the sides into the square, the Aspirer, Parries, Rapiers, Repairs circle or equilateral triangle respec-



Tommy, Willie, Maggie and Ann bought twenty pieces of candy for Iwo for a cent. twenty cents. Fudge costs four How did they invest their money?

cests a box, while gum drops were four for a cent and chocolate drops



PROPOSITION-How many ways can you read the words red rum and murder?

ere I saw Elba."

N FORMER DAYS, English sentence which will read when word puzzles were the same either way: "Able was I in vogue, much study and brain work was given given to the construction

of words or sentences which would read the same backward as well as forward. They were known as "palindrome" puzzles, which is a word derived from the Greek palin, backwards, and dromein, to run. There are many words, like level, eve, gig, etc., which read the same either way, but the aim was rather to construct palindromic sentences, like Adam's noted greeting to Eve. "Madam, I'm Adam," or the sentence, "Name no one man." The idea is of very ancient origin, and there are some classical specimens in Latin and French which are often quoted. There is a famous one ascribed to Napoleon which might be stated as follows: Once, upon being asked whether he could have dictated terms to the whole of Europe; he replied: "J' etais en etat de le faire avant on m'emporte a l'ile d'Elbe.'

The puzzle is to translate into an

early days for the benefit of a temperance organization, and which will try the patience and skill of our young puzzlists. The problem is to begin from the outer R's and tell just how many different ways one can read the warning words Red, Rum and Murder, without being affected by delirium tremens. Commence from any of the outside letter, spell right into the center and out again on any of the branches and see how many ways you can spell it without making and two sequence of letters alike.

Which of your teeth are like a dressmaker's finger and thumb when she is cutting out a dress? Those in-cisors (scissors).

When is a Scotchman like a donkey? When he strolls along his banks and bracs.

When are secrets like the sails of a ship? When they get wind.

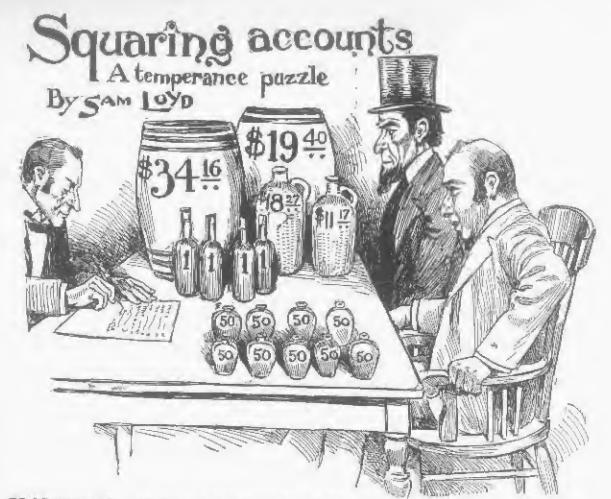
How many young ladies would it take to reach from London to Brighton? About fifty-two; bechuse a miss is as good as a mile.

Why is a pack of cards of only filty-one in the pack, sent home, like a pack of cards of fifty-two? Because they are sent in-complete.

False Alarms,

Here is a sketch of a scene which Harry, known as "l'enfant terrible." took occasion the other evening to describe. His father and mother were alarmed one night by what sounded like house breakers. The locality Here is an old palindromic com- is hidden in the description of the bination which I perpetrated in my picture.





PROPOSITION-Tell how much a temperance town made by going into the liquor business.



keeping which anyone its liquors. who has the faintest idea of the principles of profit

and loss; should solve mentally just like a flash. I give it because it is said to be based upon an actual occurrence which was referred to me for a decision, and, as all the parties to the transaction held different emerald? Because he is a Jewill. views, it looked as if it might furnish a capital theme for a puzzle.

It is told that a temperance town in New Hampshire appointed an agent for one year to be the only person authorized to sell liquors. They advanced him \$12 cash, and liquors amounting to \$59.50. In rendering his accounts at the end of the year he showed extra purchases of liquors to the extent of \$283.50. His total sales amounted to \$285.80, on which he received a commission of 5 per cent, in lieu of

The sketch shows the agent and town committee taking account of stock, every item being marked at

ERE IS AN ELE- retail price. The puzzle is to tell mentary puzzle in book- how much profit the town made on I cheer the pilgrim's lonely way,

A REBUS.

My second, who is a relative, took my first after using my whole at

Cypher Ans. 14, 1, 16, 11, 9, 14. Why is a sick Hebrew like an tive of harm? Incedniary.

Because he distributes letters.

What is the difference between a sun-bonnet and a Sunday-bonnet? A day's difference.

A turkey, cock or hen: Behead me, and I upward soar, Put on my head again, Transpose me, then a beast I am, Bloodthirsty, bold and wild, That preys on many a helpless lamb, And oft devours a child. Fowl, owl, wolf.

Why is a dog's tail a great novelty? May still live single all his life? Because no one ever saw it before.

A REBUS.

As toils he on from day to day; Curtail me, and I then am found What students do on college ground; Curtail once more, and by inspection You'll find I am an interjection.

What kind of a diary is produc-

Why is a printer like the postman? A word there is five syllables contains:

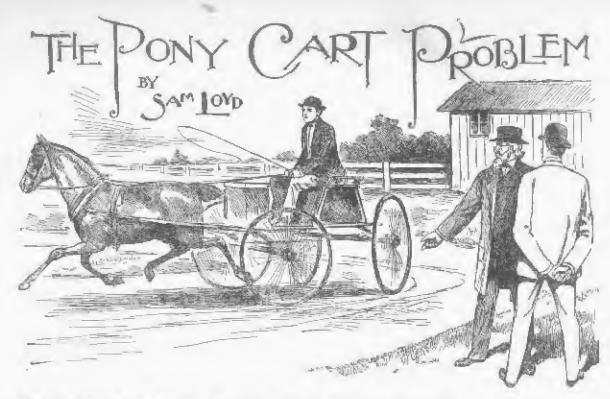
Take one away, -not one of them remains!

Mo-no-syllable.

If an acrobat falls in a ditch, why is he likely to miss the beauties of summer? Because the fall follows right after the Spring, and he misses the Summer-set between them.

Pray, tell me, ladies if you can, Who is that highly favored man, Who, though he has married many a wife.

A clergyman!



PROPOSITION-What was the circumference of the circular track.



nish food for reflection for the rest in making the turn. of the day. Recently, while enjoyan upset to the pony cart, as well as worth the attention of our experts. to his father's nerves. In the discussion which occurred later on, after we had returned home, there appeared to be such a diversion of opinion between father and son regarding the turning qualities of that pony cart, to say nothing about the danger of upsetting through going so fast, that we did some little experimenting in a practical may, during the course of which we developed the following problem:

The sketch will aid, not only to explain the nature of the puzzle, but will afford such of our young puzzlists as depend on their judgment and common sense to make a pretty good guess without resorting to figures or the rules for computing concentric circles.

In turning the pony cart around within a ring of a certain diameter, which might be said to be reasonably safe, it was found that the outer

ERE IS ONE OF wheels made two turns to the inner these curious and in- ones one; the wheels were fixed at structive problems which the statutory distance of five feet we are apt to pick up at apart on the axletree. The problem any time during a morn- is to gues. The circumference of the ing's walk, and which is apt to fur- track described by the outer wheels

For an accidental puzzle, picked ing a walk with a friend in the coun- up in the road, as it were, and pertry we met his son, who; while driv- taining to matters with which it is ing a speedy pony, went around a assumed that we are all tolerably sharp turn at a gait which threatened familiar, it is a pretty one, well

Missing-Word Puzzle.

Here is an odd little criss-cross puzzle wherem you are to discover a word, which when placed in the vacant space, so as to be read twice, will make the sentence complete, beginning at THE and ending with ESCAPED.

Why does the Russian nation resemble the send Because her nobles are tremendous swells, and her people seris





> PROPOSITION-How old will Smith be?



bued with mortuary tables and columns of

dates that he talks and dreams of to spring a statistical problem in the family circle, the more especially for the benefit of his wife, of whose mathematical powers he is prone to speak disparagingly. She caught him, however, a short time ago on a compact which will have the effect of muzzling him for some time to come, and may possibly cure him of The baulkin' (Balkan) mountains. talking shop at home.

After propounding one of his statistical conundrums, which did not meet with the enthusiastic reception which he thought it merited, he boastingly remarked that if his better half would give him any problem on dates or ages which he could not answer in ten minutes he would pledge himself not to propound another problem until the anniversary of that day. He probably meant for one whole year, but, as the proposition was made on the 29th day of February last, and leap years don't have yearly anniversaries, he was held to a literal interpretation of his promise.

The problem with which his wife gagged him, so as to keep him in a moody trance, was as follows: "Now, Tom, supposing that you were three times my age when first we met, and that I am now just the age you were then, and that when I

MITH IS THE ACTU- am three times my present age our ary for a life insurance combined years will amount to excompany, and is so im- actly one hundred, can you tell just how old you will be on the next 29th day of February?"

It was an impromptu problem, little else. He hurries home so as but a very good one, as is it not quite so easy as it looks.

> Why will an insolent fishmonger get more business than a civil one? Because when he salls fish, he gives sauce with it,

What are the greatest obstacles to a Russian invasion of Turkey?

BY EXPRESS.

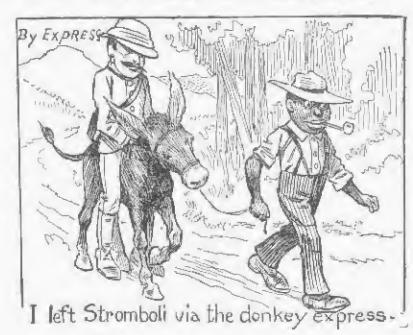
As a study in concealed geography I will ask the young folks to help me out in the following little matter. Some time ago I met a lineal descendant of Baron Munchausen who told me such a thrilling story of an express train being held up by bandits in a southern country that upon meeting a traveler from the same place I questioned him regarding the dangers of traveling. He said it was fatigulog and inconvenient. but in no way dangerous. There were neither milways nor stages even, between the points mentioned. as every one had to travel over the mountains by express, by which is meant to sit astride of a sharp backed donkey without saddle or stirrups. The paths are so steep and narrow that the little donkeys fall continually, so the traveler must be prepared to land on his feet at any moment.

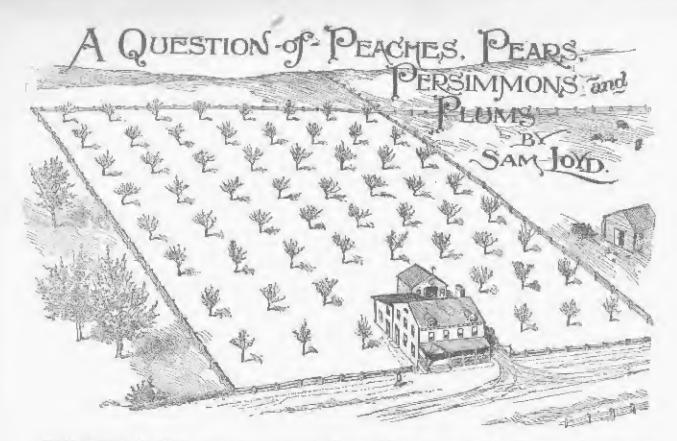
I made the accompanying sketch from his description, and will ask our young puzzlists to discover the locality of Munchausen, Jr.'s, incident, concealed in the description of the picture.

From a number that's odd cut off the head' It then will even be; Its tail, I pray, take next away: Your mother then you'll see.

Seven.

Why is the horse the most humane of all animals? Because he gladly gives the bit out of his mouth. and listens to every woe.





PROPOSITION-How many groupings of different kinds of fruit can be located in the orchard?



had a hobby for setting out his young fruit trees according to a secret code, so that no one but himself

reason that he was engaged in ex- different species. perimental grafting and did not care to let visitors or even those in his employ into the secrets of his craft.

He was continually inventing and devising new methods for concealing the location of trees which were perts could help him out. undergoing certain experimental marked to disclose their locality.

The last time I saw him he had just set out sixty young trees adjoining his house, as shown in the accompanying picture, and it may be of interest to mention that these sixty trees were what is known as mark out a diagram upon a sheet of moon? The half, because the full quince stock, upon which the differ- white paper, dots representing the ent varieties of fruits are grafted. trees, and each tree marked with the It had always been a fad with him name of the fruit; or the solution to set out ten trees of a kind at one may be shown by writing in the time, but to scatter them in different names under the trees in the picture. parts of the orchard, located accord- Of course, in showing the groupings

ONCE KNEW AN EC- which mould place ten trees in five forty of the sixty trees shown—the centric old gardener who rows of four in a line. It is quite a sixty trees in the picture merely presty little puzzle to lay out ten show where the selected larty may trees in such a way that there will be five rows of four in a line, and a still more difficult feat to duplicate. What does a man love more than could locate the several varieties of the trick so that one group of trees trees in an orchard. He gave as a will not interfere with another of a

> He always maintained that the principle might be carried still further, so as to bring in other groupings, and asked me to work it into a puzzle to see if any of our puzzle ex- And all men carry to their graves.

The problem, therefore, is to see grafting, and, as a matter of fact, how many groupings of different to the secret, even from himself, so orchard as shown. There must be fowl-in pieces. as to see if the developments of his ten trees of each kind, of fruit, so experiments would be sufficiently arranged that there will be five rows of four-in-a-line of each fruit.

I have suggested the names of peaches, pears, persimmons, and four groupings may be discovered.

In working out your solution ing to some sort of secret system, of the four sets it would require but is always a bettor.

be placed.

life,

Hate more than death or mortal Strife:

That which contented men desire. The poor have, and the rich require: The miser spends, the spendthrift

Nothing.

Why is a chicken-pie like a gunused to put away the chart or clue kinds of fruit can be located in the smith's shop? Because it contains

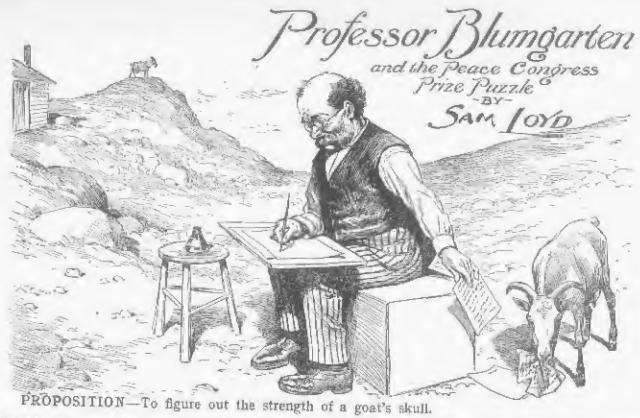
When do your teeth usurp the functions, of the tongue? When they are chattering.

Why is Buckingham Palace the cheapest palace ever built? Beplums, hoping that the plum of the cause it was built for one sovereign and furnished for another.

Which is heavier a half or a full moon is as light again.

When does a cow become real When turned into a estate? meadow.

Why is it impossible to pick the best horse in a race? Because there



lem on record.

zle which Richard H. Proctor, the astronomer termed "the most curious mathematical prob-

"Even if the peace congress should precipitate a conflict between the European powers," said Professor Blumgarten, "it would be a move in the right direction, for it would set the people to thinking, and that is what we are after.

"In this enlightened age it is the beight of folly for two nations to go settled by arbitration. It is a simple calculation to figure up the fighting resources of two quarrefsome nations, to count the number of men, guns and financial resources. and say to the weaker: 'You are whipped by just 200,000 men. 300 cannon and \$500,000,000, which you can pay to the international walking delegates of the Arbitration Committee.

"It is only between nations, men or animals of nearly equal strength where it is difficult to select the superior. Expert arbitrators could determine those fine points. You never see a small dog attack a large ean't calculate who gets whipped.

PERE IS THE PUZ. The chess forces represent a perfect eral seasons, when some one was so tal capacities.

by watching the goats in Harlem, A big goat and a little goat will live together in harmony, because they the same size as to give rise to a question of boss-ship, meet, the fool to war over a matter which could be ends like the tragedy of the Kilkermy cats:

There once were two cats of Kil-

Each thought there was one cat too many.

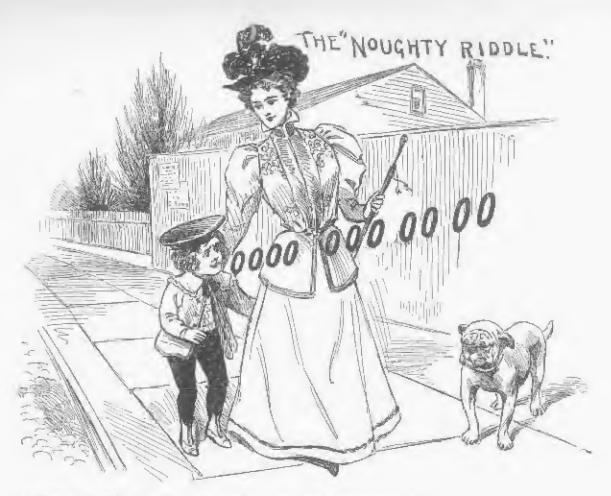
So they quarreled and spit, and scratched and hit, Till, excepting their nails and the

tips of their tails, Instead of two cats there weren't

"I once witnessed such a duel to to tackle. A neighbor of mine had could be settled in the same way. championship of the rocks for sev- one another's skulls?"

equality, so the result of a contest unfortunate as to introduce a new could readily be determined by com- goat which weighed just three paring the square root of their men-pounds heavier. The first weighed 54 pounds, the newcomer \$7, and as "I found out the true principle a goat knows enough not to light of arbitration and universal peace out of his class, and they never fight at eatch weights, to all appearances they started in to live harmoniously. But the little fellow planned a piece have nothing to dispute about, but of deep strategy. He stationed just as soon as two goats of so nearly himself at the top of a pretty steep pathway, and from that point of vantage hurled defiance at his rival of the two is killed. Sometimes it in a way which the latter could not brook, so he started up the hill on a run and was met by the other, who had the advantage of a downhill run. Sad to tell, both goats were killed by the shock of the collision. Now comes the curious feature of the problem, for George Abercrombie, who wrote a considerable work on the raising of goats, says:

"By repeated experiments I have found that the strength of a blow equal to the momentum of 30 pounds falling 20 feet, will just break the skuli of a goat, so as to kill the death between two goats, which it.' Accepting this remarkable calshows the wonderful sagacity of the culation, coming from a distinanimals, and at the same time in- gaished scientist and mathematroduces as pretty a mathematical tician as being correct, I shall ask one; it is only the fool dog that problem as the average puzzlist cares what must have been the respective velocities of the two goats when Bicycle races and chess matches a goat which held the undisputed they meet, so that they just broke



PROPOSITION-With six straight lines complete the sentence.



THIS IS NOT A picture of a little cigarrings; it is simply an il-

and very petty fire.

used to amuse her pupils by sketching illustrated riddles upon the blackboard, one of which was the picture shown, which, by the addition of ax straight marks will tell inst what that little boy is saying.

Well, it transpired that a certain muddle-pated dominie who had never heard of this famous old puzzle, got it mixed up with an old chestnut about reading mad dog backwards, which he was familiar with, and actually brought the puzale into court to have the school mistress discharged!

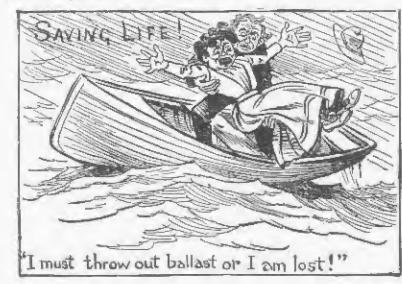
The puzzle, as you all know, is to add six straight marks to the eleven noughts, so as to tell us just what that little boy said to the dog, hence the name of the noughty (not naughty) riddle.

SAVING LIFE.

I was reading the account of a ette fiend blowing smoke man in a boat who saved himself by throwing everything overboard, and lustrated riddle about as his better half was not mentioned which there was considerable smoke in the salvage, it struck me that a literal interoretation of the account According to the newspapers a was suggestive of a good puzzle certain bright young school mistress theme. The picture is a faithful

description of the scene as described by the survivors, but the puzzle is to discover the locality concealed in the explanation of the frantic hus-

What piece of coin is double its value by deducting its half? A



The Philaphpropist



PROPOSITION-Why is an old horse like a philantrophist?

ETTER PUZZLES, try to solve them. Just look at the tricks which exercise the brains, sharpen the wits

and teach the young folks to recognize the bright and clever side of things as they journey through life. When Sidney Smith was importuned by a persistent young lad to give him a puzzle he could not solve, the great wit said; "I am neither fish, flesh nor fowl, yet I frequently stand on one leg. If you behend me I stand upon two, and, what is more strange, if you behead me again I stand upon four. and I shall think you are then related to me if you do not now recognize

I have adopted riddles and conandrums as the elementary introduction to the world of puzzledom, and shall introduce thousands of clever conundrums for beginners to read and ponder over. Don't always the point. When you become familiar with them you will learn to master them instantly and will soon begin to originate comundrums and puzzles of merit with ease.

A prominent philanthropist and officer of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, who is enjoying the ocean breezes ut Atlantic City, is noted for his ready wit as well as kindness and liberality. He has acquired a curious habit of speaking to all dumb animals just as if they understood him and will at times carry on quite an animated conversation and propoind queries which would puzzle some of the saimals of the higher order During an early morning walk the other day he found a poor old horse which hid. been retired from active service, with which he struck up quite an acquaintance, or, as he termed it, a close relationship.

"My dear brother," he asked, as he patted the animal's head, "do you know why a faithful old horse is like a philanthropist?" As I I failed to catch the horse's reply, our young puzzlists are asked to solve the conundrum.

What is that which is bought by the yard and worn by the foot. A

How do bees dispose of their honey? They cell it.

To encourage a love of geography, I will ask our young students to discover the lucality of this little incident, as concealed in the excited exclamation of the frantic maidea who has charge of dear little Tootsey. conundrums, riddles or answers so as to see and appreciate. Wootsey during our summer outing,



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PROPOSITION-Solve these two conundrums.

mer outing I picked up same way. Moving his hand carethe following odd piece of history which bears trick, with the knack of showing it

cleverly, or even a couple of conundrums trotted out at opportune moments, will give a stupid fellow a life-long reputation for smartness: Captain Woods, who for many years used to pilot the little steamboat so close up under the falls of Ningara, had two stock jokes which were sprung on every trip, and which lasted him during his eventful life:

Of course, veterans who made the trip in days of yore will remember the jolly captain and his pet cat, as well as his two jokes, which penetrated with the driving mists hrough their oilskin caps. It al-

MY SUM- ways commenced and ended in the

fully along the side rail of the boat, as if examining the woodwork minutely, he would look up inquiringly and ask: "I say, stranger, do you know what this hoat is made of?

"Why, pine or cak, isn't lt?" "No, sir-ree, sir! Nor it ain't hemlock nor cedar, neither. And can you tell me why we call this cat Niagara?"

After you gave up both questions, he would give the answers, and laugh just as heartily as if he had not enjoyed the same jokes right along for nearly half a century.

Can you guess the answers to the two conundrums?

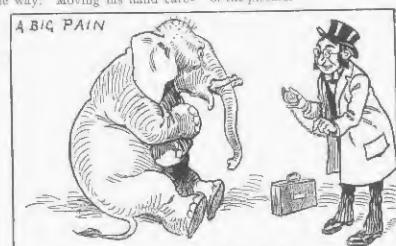
A BIG PAIN.

Not wishing to dissent from the poet of Stratford, who some three hundred and odd years ago told us

The poor beetle that we tread upon, In corporal sufferance finds a pang as great

As when a giant dies,

I wish to quote my old friend P. T. Barnum, as differing with the above sentiment so often quoted to us in our childhood days when we found pleasure in pulling wings from flies. He used to say that, despite of his great bulk, Jumbo's appreciation of pain was out of all proportion to his size. On one occasion when he was afflicted with a simple green-apple stomach-ache, he howled in such a way as to drown the memhers of the combined menageric who roared out of sympathy, and would not be pacified until they sent home for his regular physician. The story is such a good subject for a puzzle idea that our juveniles are asked to discover the locality of the incident, hidden in the description of the picture.



"Now let the Doctor see Jumbo's tongue."



PROPOSITION-Commencing at some certain letter, discover a connected sequence of the twentyfour letters which will reveal an appropriate motto.



EADING PUZZLES,

folks that I will take occasion to describe another of Harry's achievements upon similar lines. Of course Harry and his sister loved the neor heathen Chince, and cheerfully broke open their money boxes to two jardinieres of rare exotics, one mony, she likes matrimony better, contribute to the mission fund when their father said they must. But Harry did not enthuse a little bit when himself and sister were deleguted to take charge of a donation box at the mission fair and got tired of telling every one it was to provide fire crackers for little pagans who had no Fourth of July. He printed some donation puzzle cards, as he called them, with the names of Ah Foo, Syn Hop and other noted Chinese names worked in, as shown in the sketch, and sold them for a dime each, felling every one that there was a motto to be discovered by a continuous sequence to the twenty-four letters and that every one might have his money back if the motto did not prove to be appropriate and pointed.

It is an ingenious and clever puz- of which has been overturned by a similar to another one zie, which goes far to prove that mischievous little bunny. The puzcalled the Dewey pillow Harry had studied the foreign zle is to cut out one of the jardipuzzle proved to be so Chinese mission question very pro- niers on the dotted lines and repopular with our young foundly for one of his years.

MISCHIEVOUS BUNN YPUZZLE

Here is a simple little picture puzzle for the young folks which shows place it so as to show the position of the mischievous rabbit.

Why does a young lady prefer her mother's fortune to her father's? Because, though she likes patri-



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PROPOSITION-How many steps was there to the old tower?



Beacon Tower at Point Lookout, steeple," which just vied with the about which there is always such a old Beacon Tower. But the times diversity of opinions at different have changed since that era and it seasons of the year. The ruins, or was only the other day that the venspeaking more correctly the wreck, erable sexton complained that the of the old tower which served as a maughty boys in the adjoining office Curtail, transpose, and take for lighthouse for more than half a cen- building were throwing things down tury, stands at present in the last, on the church spire. stages of dissolution upon a little ledge of rocks which run out into of huge poles skillfully spiked tothe sea. The accompanying picture gether, about which there wound a is taken from a sketch made some spiral staircase with an iron rail, fifty years ago and furnishes data which went exactly four times and information which could only around the column, as shown in the be surmised from the present condition of the tower. The picture, as well as the facts, were obtained from an old resident, now in his ninety-sixth year, and recalls the ter to determine just how many very small boy. The entire country turned out to do honor to the event Captain Huff, who furnished the Lie. and there were few persons in that neighborhood who did not believe

charred pole or post some sixty feet tower, it was exactly 300 feet high. high, as the stairs were destroyed The stairs circled the column just by fire twenty odd years ago, but four times, and as shown in the the picture as well as the county sketch, was thirty-three feet, ten records show that it was originally and a half inches in diameter, from work with a will? Lawyers.

have taken their summer that for over a century the limit of steps there were, outing en wheel along one's powers of conception of height the Jersey coast are fa- around the city of New York was to miliar with the problem of the old say, "As high as Trinity Church To meet a need, our maid was sent in

The center support was composed sketch. There was one baluster or picket to each step, and as these pickets were just one foot apart, it should really be a very simple materection of the tower when he was a steps one had to take to reach the top, and yet to quote the words of picture and history of the tower, "I never yet knew one of them city that the old Beacon was just a little follos who come out here for the bit higher than the tower of Babel. summer who could figure it out band a hercules? When he can't There is nothing left now but a right." To the platform of the

ALL 300 feet high. A very respectable which the circumference can readily itinerant tourists who height indeed, when we remember be computed, so as to tell how many

A REBUS.

Haste, my whole is what she went in. Behead, transpose, the thing she bought

Appears, and which she safely brought.

You have the end for which was wanted, Transpose nace more, though strange

'tis true, The majden's name appears in view.

CHARADE.

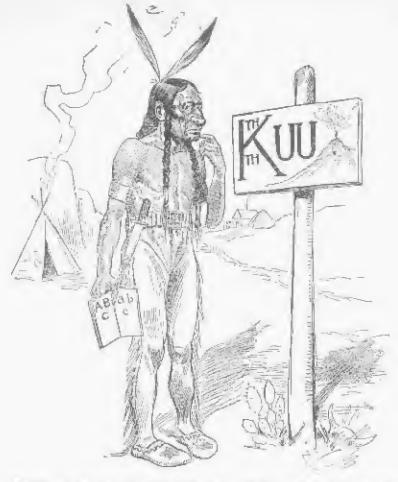
My first, my second, and my whole, Are every one the same In point of meaning, each and all, An oft repeated name.

What is that which the dead and living might do at the same time?

Why are A and B's successors a ragged lot? Because they are C D. When does a lady think her hus-

When was Napoleon I. most shabbily dressed? When he was

out at Elba (elbow). What professional men generally



PROPOSITION-Can you decypher the illustrated charade?

TERE IS A LITTLE Indian meal for our puz-

port of Uncle Sam's aborigines possessions. In view of the intimation that poor Lo pertains to a past gencration, as the Indians are now on the high road to wealth, and the 'untutored minds" have submitted to enforced education, we will take a look at a Winnipeg chief, whose head, like the head of Winnepeg Lake, is full of craft, and ask the simple conundrum: Why is this noble savage a person of education?

Incidentally, to illustrate the advanced course of study introduced by the Indian Commissioner, our puzzlists are asked to decipher the heiroglyphical puzzle which is printed upon the sign board.

Where was Adam going when be was in his thirty-ninth year? Into his fortieth,

When is a disengaged cab like a Yankee witness? When it is on the stand.

THE REASON WHY.

It is reported that during a recent zlists suggested by cer- conversation between the Duke of tain interesting facts per- Cornwall and York, surprise was extaining to the census re- pressed at the popularity of tobog-

ganing. When we remember, howover, that it was a summery view of a winter sport, drawn entirely from Imagination, without a realistic view of the pretty girl who shares the danger, his prospective Royal Highness may be pardoned for preferring to shoot the chutes or loop the loop in a quiet way after the American fashion.

The puzzling feature of the inci-dent, to which the attention of our young folks is directed is to see if they can discover the locality hidden in the description of the picture which is supposed to be a part of the conversation between the Duke of Cornwall and York.

As showing how our English cousins fail to appreciate our Yankee humor when we altempt to precipitate an American bull, it is worth mentioning that I have received scores of letters telling me that the Duke of Cornwall and York are one and the same person

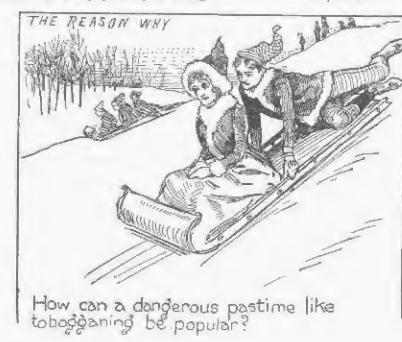
Why is a hive like a spectator at a show? Because it is a be-holder. In what does a lawyer resemble a

woodcock? In the length of his bill.

My fast's a dirty little brute, My second's at the end on't; My third, like many an honest man, Is on a fool dependent. Pig-tail.

Water soft is my first, water hard is my second, Sticks made of my whole are by muny sweet reckon'd.

Liquor-ice.





PROPOSITION-Tell just how many grains of wheat Sessa was entitled to.

grain of wheat for the first square of the chess-board, two for the second, four for the third, eight for the fourth, and so on, always doubling for each square up to the sixty-fourth fourth square of the chess-board.

wheat of the world.

the royal game, but the king in his count is not correct you will loose ice is (Isis).

CCORDING TO EN- mortification named it chess, which, cyclopediacal lore, the as explained in Webster, is the name royal game, or what is of a vile weed which causes the now known as chess, was blight in wheat. To the average invented by a Hindoo mortal the amount of wheat which named Sessa, and the king of that would be required to pay the debt country, Shevan the Great, asked to Sessa is so large that the mind Sessa what reward he demanded for fails to grasp its immensity, yet, his wonderful game. Sessa aston- when the story was told to Steinitz ished the king by the apparent he exclaimed: "It is not true, no Just equal are my head and tail, moderation of his demand, viz., one sane man would have sold such a great invention, even for a thousand times as much!'

ever, and so developed and strengthened the gray matter in the brain of the king that he was enabled to solve My head and body severed thus The king accepted the proposition the great Indian chess problem and Will then at once to nothing change. and referred Sessa to his accountant save his country. Calling Sessa to and treasurer, but was astounded to him he said: "It is an easy matter learn that the entire world could not to tell how much wheat must be raise sufficient wheat in one hundred given to you, but the same must be person? When he presents arms years to pay the debt. Sessa in- counted accurately. So yourself sisted upon the payment of his debt and as many assistants as you care and claimed the ownership of all the to engage must go to the public slate? Because boys and girls mulgranary and carry away all the tiply on the face of it The game was originally called wheat you can count, but if your

your head for cheating the treasury."

When Sessa found that a man to whom he had to pay half a rupce a day could not count the grains of wheat in a bushel in two weeks, and that he could buy six bushels for a yen, he threw up the game

There is said to be a royal roud to the solution of this problem, which our puzzlists may use if they can discover it; pevertheless it should be an easy problem in simple arithmetic to tell just how many grains of wheat Sessa was entitled to.

A REBUS.

My first is a letter, an insect, a word That means to exist; it moves like a

My next is a letter, a small part of

'Tis found in all climes; search when you can.

My third is a something seen in all brawls,

My next you will find in elegant halls My last is the first of the last part of

Is ever in earnest, but never in play, My whole gives a light by some men abborred.

The blessings from which no pen can record.

Cypher Ans. 2, 9, 2, 12, 5.

CHARADE.

When Kate the cook prepared the

My first was in request: My next is seen in Lamb and year, A quarter or a breast-

Which with my whole the table graced, And truly 'twas no wonder,

When at the board each guest was placed,

To see my third thrown under.

A RIDDLE.

My middle slender as can be, Whether I stand on head or heal, Is all the same to you or me The game became popular, how- But if my head should be cut off. The matter's true, although quite

Cypber Ans. 6, 9 7, 21, 18, 5, 8.

When is a soldier a very charituble

Why is the earth like a school

Which is the coldest river? The



PROPOSITION-Solve these chair conundrums.

ERE IS A BRIGHT bit of hymor which evolves a brace of conundrums well worth the guessing. Dolly invites the milkman to be seated and asks him why the wrecked chair is like his bill? He solves the conundrum and retaliates by asking, "What is the difference between the chair and one of his cows?" Then she asks him: "Why the chair is like this dress?" All of which goes to show the way that love begins between clever people,

When is a butcher a thorough thief? When he steals a knife and cuts away with it.

Why is a pleasure trip to Egypt fit only for very old gentlemen? Because it's a see-Nile thing to do.



My first is one, or many men; My second comes apace; My whole's a pledge to be redeemed Within a certain space. Cypher Ans. 8, 15, 19, 20, 1, 7, 5.

In what respects were the governments of Algiers and Malta as different as light is to darkness? One was governed by deys (days), the other by Knights (nights).

What instrument of war does the earth resemble? A revolver.

What is the most warlike nation? Vacci-uation, because it is always

Why is a retired carpenter like a lecturer? Because he is an explaner.

Why is a bad picture like weak toa? Because it is not well drawn. What did Adam first set in the

garden of Eden? His foot.

Why is a new-born babe like a donkey's tail? Because it was never seen before.

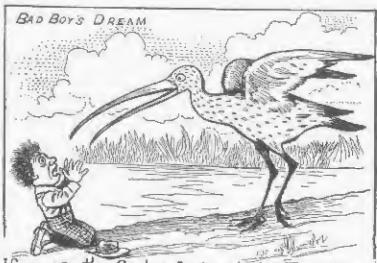
What is the difference between a sweep and a poor man in a new suit of mourning? One is blacked with soot, the other suited with black.

When is a soldier not half a soldier When he's in quarters.

A REBUS.

I hope you have two of my first; My next we will term an extreme: My whole pertains to ancient tales. Wild, and romantic as a dream. Cypher Ans. 12, 5, 7, 5, 14, 4.

Students of geography are asked to discover the scene of this nightmare concealed in the description of the picture.



If you are the Curlew I stoned yesterday, I am



PROPOSITION-How long a chase has the turkey led Jolly Old Santa Claus?

puzzle for the juveniles pouncing upon the Turkey? which affords considerable scope for ingenuity and cleverness. This

Tukrey Gobbler has led "jolly old Santa Claus" a merry chase around the field, as shown by the tracks in the snow, before he was caught. You can see that they entered from the right side and did some lively circling before arriving at their presenposition, where the gobbler seems to be upon the point of surrendering. Our young folks are asked to study the situation carefully and to tell just how many times Santa Claus must have turned completely men of size (sighs).

TERE IS A PRETTY around, during the chase, before

CHARADE.

In every hedge my second is, As well on every tree,

And when the school-boy acts amiss, It often is his fee.

My first likewise is always wicked, Although it does no sin,

My total for my first is fitted. Is made of brass or tin. Cypher Ans. 3, 1, 14, 4, 12, 5, 19,

20, 9, 3, 11.

Why are stout gentlemen subject to melancholy? Because they are

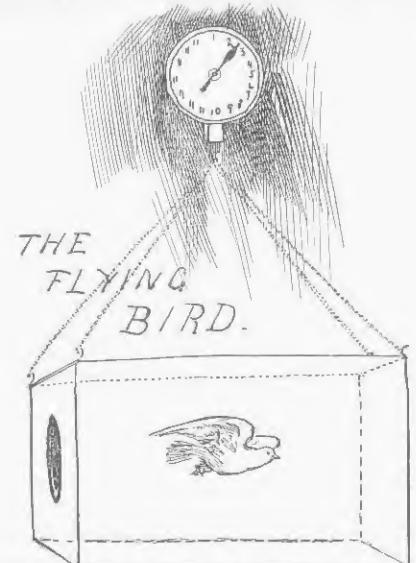
When is a candle in a passion? When it is put out or flares up.

Why is a talkative young man like a young pig? Because, if he lives, he is likely to become a great bore (bour).

Why are laundresses good navigators? Because they are always crossing the line and going from pole

What is the difference between a tube and a foolish Dutchman? One is a hollow cylinder and the other a silly Hollander.

What is the difference between a good soldier and a fashionable young lady? One faces the powder and the other powders the face.



cheerfully give my own views on any proposition fired at me, and stand, like the rest of the class, liable to be caught on the wrong side of the argument.

A Rebus by Cauning.

There is a noun of plural number, For to peace and tranquil slumber But add to it the letter s. And -won'drous metamorphosis-Plural is plural now no more, And sweet what bitter was before Cares - Caress.

SEEING THE COUNTRY.

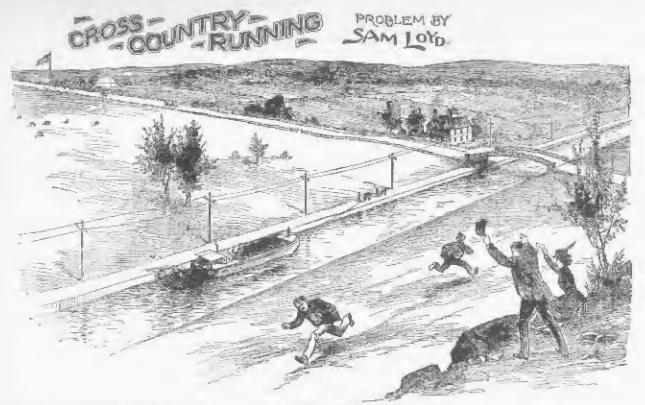
Perhaps the clever ones will explain a mystery which turns upon a concealed locality, I never could understand just why or where the Italians get the bears and monkeys which they bring over as a fitting part and parcel of their itinerant musical entavansaries, for, so far as I am aware, there is neither a bear nor a monkey to be found in the whole of Italy, outside of one or two mengre zoological gardens, and vet there exists in the heart of every Italian peasant a deep-rooted hope that he will some time or other be able to buy a bear and a monkey, which will enable him to see Amer-

One fellow told me of a brother who had met with great success in conducting a show somewhere in the South. He had forgotten the name, so I just make a sketch of that Italian conducting his show, and ask our young puzzlists to discover the location of that wandering brother. in the description of the picture.

IS AN ODD TERE little problem which turns upon a point of natural philosophy and common sense mechanical laws, with which every one is supposed to be familiar. There is no catch about it, nor any necessity for putting salt on the bird's tail that I am aware of, and I do not know that I am better qualified to answer the question than any one else. It came to me from Princeton College with the simple query: "Supposing that a bird weighing one ounce flies into a box with only one small opening, and without resting continues to fly round and round in the box, would it increase or lessen the weight of the box?"

I give it as pertaining to a class of instructive questions which I think should be propounded and answered by all who are interested in natural and mechanical science. I will





PROPOSITION-Tell how far apart are the bridges.

ERE IS A PROBLEM from the popular pastime of the 'Hare and Hounds,' which will I interest the young folks, while at the same time it may cause the singgish blood to course anew in some of us old-time paper

chasers with pleasant recollections of cross-country feats of our col-

and successful ruse of the hound in capturing the hare. The hoy running this way is the hound and he is chasing the other fellow, who is supposed to be one of the bares. In the picture it does not look as if hare, as they are running in opposite directions.

He is chasing him, however, and very successfully, too, as you will readily see when the ruse is explained, for that is where the point

of the problem comes in.

The hound was pursuing the hare, but in place of catching it found that he could just hold his own-in other words, the other fellow was just as good a runner as he was and it was a hopeless task to try to eatch him by a direct follow, as he

the picture, marked with an Ameri-

from the bridge, from whence a angles brings him to safety.

It looks hopeless for the hound, doesn't it? But just at that mosment the hound realizd that there was another bridge to the left, which cannot be seen in the picture, and that by crossing this bridge and taking a cut across the The sketch illustrates a clever field, through that drove of cows, this hypothemuse line might possibly he shorter than the other one. It was a successful ruse—a sort of happy inspiration, so to speak-for after he had made the successful run and collared his hare, we measthe hound was after that particular ured the distance and found that from the exact spot where the hare is now shown to be, the two routes would be equally long. By spinning in the opposite direction. therefore, the twenty-five yards lead was transferred from the bare to the hound, who crossed the other bridge, cut across on the line of the hypothenuse and came in just twenty-five vards to the good.

Of course everyone can see it now, but the puzzle now is to tell just how many feet that hound has to run before he comes to the lucky had a good lead of twenty-five yards. bridge, which is not shown in the "Home" is shown far back in picture.

This problem is presented to our He is a man of letters.

can flag. The hare is 250 yards college students and high school boys, as well as all others mathestraight run of 600 yards at right matically inclined, for the purpose of teaching a simple rule well worth

> Why is a blacksmith's apron like a convent' Because it keeps off the sparks.

Why does a blacksmith never eat his apron? Because it goes against his stomache.

Why is a wick of a candle like Athens? Because it is in Greece (grease).

Why is a fender like Westminster Abbay? Because it contains the ashes of the grate (great).

If you were obliged to swallow a man, what kind of an one would you prefer to swallow? A little Dublin porter.

What four letters of the alphabet would frighten a thief? O'I C U (oh.! I see you).

Why must a magistrate be cold and chilly? Because he is just ice (justice).

What is the difference between a new five-cent piece and an oldfashioned quarter? Twenty cents.

What is the cheapest way to buy a fiddle's Buy a little medicine and get a vial in?

What profession is a postman?

The Golf Puzzle PROPOSITION-Guess the proper distance to drive the ball.



body is playing golf now.

declared how mach happingek and watch the others of different lengths, one a drive, the paint, plodding around the golf links, have other an approach, and play direct ing the ball around the golf links tion of the two distances will get with their minds full of thoughts of there.' how much pleasanter is it to chase the ball around the golf links than it is to be swinging in a shady hammock and to be thinking how much pleasanter, it is etc., etc., D. C., ad lib. But be that as it may, what I mean to infer is, that they have all got it, and unless you are prepared to discuss all the wrinkles and systems of golf, or take in with wellassumed appearance of credulity tales of feats which would make Baron Munch-usen blush to the core, you migh, as well ruminate at low). home in a shady hammock, etc., etc. I am not much of a golfer, but have to the ark? Because she had suffibeen picking up points for a great cient ground for remaining away. combination system. One fellow offered to teach me the sharp points handwriting like a dead pig? Beif I would "caddy" for him, which cause it is done with the pen.

COURSE EVERY- reminded me of the boy who worked his passage from the West on a canal and even the lazy ones, by leading a horse, I have struck who, a few weeks ago, a genius who has evolved a winning system based on mathematics. He

> What should be the proper length of strokes to learn, to win out in the least possible number of strokes on a nine-hole course, of 150 yards, 300 yards, 250 yards, 325 yards, 275 yards, 350 yards, 225 yards, 400 the eye. yards and 425 yards?

When is a dog most like a human being? When he is between a man and a boy.

How does a boy look if you hurt ers him? It makes him vell Ohl (yel-

Why didn't the last dove return

Why is a specimen of extra fine

What does a husband do who misses a train by which he promised his wife to return? Catches it when he gets home.

What coat is finished without butpleasanter it was to swing in a shady says: "Just cultivate two strokes tons and put on wet? A coat of

What is the greatest surgical caught the golf fever and are chas- toward the hole, so that a combina- operation on record? Lansing, Michigan.

Why are fixed stars like pens, ink and paper? Because they are stationary (stationery).

Why should a person not like to gaze on the Niagara forever? Hecause he would have a cateract in

What bridge is warranted to support any strain? The bridge of a

Why are laws like the ocean? The most trouble is caused by the break-

Why does an aeronaut dislike to speak about his trips? It is a soar point with him.

Why is a Chinaman never at a loss for a word? Because he always has his cue

What is he most popular paper at the summer resorts? Fly-paper



PROPOSITION-To tell the cost of the puppy dog!



a happy under- stand-

having convinced them of the nethemselves in preferance to doing battle with the combined armies of the world, a little light may be thrown upon their methods of finance, as illustrating in a small way some of the difficulties which confronted our peace commissioners in the settlement of the award of damages.

ands of years before the Christian head the fundamental principles of currency has led them at times into fat little puppy dog, worth 11 bits? wild and experimental extravagances. In the Flowery Kingdom large transactions are paid in gold ingots, stamped with the date and rency of the country consists of indemnities. tacls or eash of fluctuating value. They made the tack thinner and thinner, until 2,000 of them piled

FTER ARRIVING AT together was less than three inches in height. In like manner the com- in the world? Because it never ingwith our Celestial mon each, which is a brass coin with shows the white feather. neighbors, regarding a round, square or triangular hole indemnities demanded for the at- more than a mill of our money, is tacks upon our missionaries, and of variable thickness. They compute their value by stringing them height in chips or bits, which necessitates considerable aptitude for mental arithmetic in their ordinary transactions, as shown by the following pretty problem which is offered as a fair example:

Supposing that 11 coins with round holes are worth 15 bits, while stops? A woman's organ of speech 11 square ones are worth 16 bits, The Chinese coincil money thous- and that II of triangular shape are worth 17 bits, tell how many round era, but their inability to compre- square or trangular pieces of cash would be required to purchase that

estimate in dollars and cents, but in its present form proved to be an instructive lesson to our Pekin in the ark? Preserved pairs name of the banker, but the cur- commissioners in the settlement of

> When is a fowl's neck like a bell? sticker? One puffs up paste, the When it's rung for dinner. other pastes up puffs.

Why is a crow the bravest bird

Why is a vote in Congress like the payment of the in the middle, and worth but little a bad cold? Because sometimes the ayes (eyes) have it, and sometimes the noes (nose).

What kind of medicine does a cessity or advantage of beheading on a wire, so as to measure their man take for a scolding wife? He takes an elixir (an' he licks her). Why is a tramp like flannel?

> Because he shrinks from washing. Why does a horse cat in a very odd way? Because he cats best when he has not a hit in his mouth.

> What is the only organ without What is the proper length for a young lady to wear her dress? A

What is the difference between a pitcher of water and a man throwing his wife over a bridge? It would be a simple problem to . One is water in the pitcher, the other is pitch her in the water.

little above to feet.

What confection dld they have (pents).

What is the difference between a French pastry cook and a bill



PROPOSITION-What are the proportions of green tea to black?



ing from the combination of differ- and a smaller chest of green tea. it is said that the formulas which chests. Tell the proportions of dreds of years and cannot be imi- of Tschen Si, tated so as to avoid detection

Just to illustrate the accuracy and importance connected with the science of blending teas and to show the difficulty of penetrating the mystery with which the art is surrounded, attention is called to a simple puzzle based upon two blends, which suggest some idea of the complications pertaining to the mixing of half a dozen varieties.

The mixer has received two cases, perfectly square, but of different sizes, the one of green and the other of black tea, and has mixed them as to make it a different word, and together so as to fill twenty-two by that change totally after the one remains? Stone, square chests of equal size. What black? It looks as "childlike and which an be answered in a thousand and adjectives into adverbs, etc., Ideality.

certain flavors result. Seel One large chest of black tea gle world

A grammatical puzzle.

"Let the rich, great and noble banquet in the festal halls.

And pass the hours away, as the most thoughtless revel: Then seek the poor man's dreary

home, whose very dingy walls

Proclaim full well to all how low his rank and level."

Now change just one letter in one single word in the above stanza so syntactical construction of the

THE BLENDING OF ways, and so it can, for it merely and so make the entire scanza take teas with the Orientals turns upon guessing the size of two on quite a different meaning from is such an exact science cubes which will hold exactly as that which it now has, and all by that the production of much as twenty-two smaller cubes! the substitute of one letter in a sin-

This puzzle has hafiled many ent kinds of teas is figured down to. The contents being mixed together elever puzzlists and lietsary scholars the millionth part of an ounce! And is divided into swenty-two square as well, and yet the maryelous metamorphusis is effected by changbelong to some noted growers of black and green tea and you will ing the first L into S, so that it will tea have been kept secret for hun-have mastered the pretty problem read: "Set the rich and noble immquet, etc., etc.

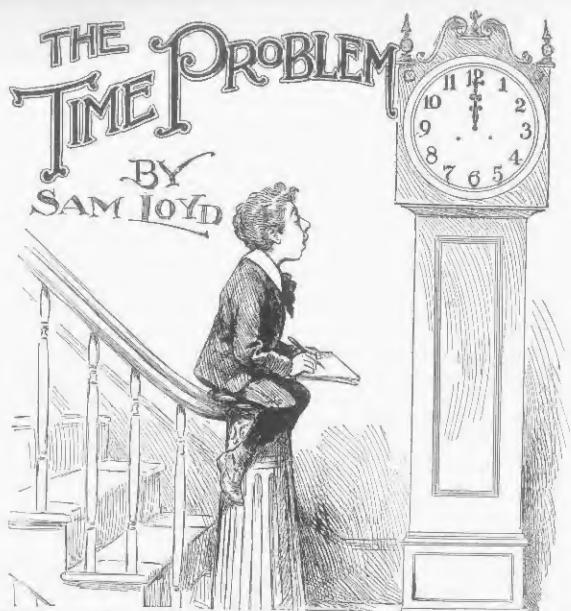
> Why is a New York milkman like the fish that swallowed Jonah? Because he finds a profit (prophet) in the water.

> Why is it easy to break into an old man's house? Because his gait is broken and his locks are few.

> What word of six letters admits of five successive elisions, leaving at each appreviation a well-known word? Brandy-brand-bran-ran -an-a.

> What word is composed of five letters, from which, if you take two,

Name two English words, one of are the proportions of green ten to whole sentence, changing the moods which, being of one syllable only, and tenses of yerbs; turning verbs shall contain more letters than the bland " as a sum in simple addition into nouns; nouns into adjectives other of five syllables. Stretched-





things.

Achilles could walk twelve times as fast as the tortoise, so a match was arranged by Zeno, the philoso- half the distance on the first day, pher, wherein the tortoise was to The next day half of the remaining have twelve miles start. Zeno distance. The third day half the tortoise would have advanced one very close, but never gets there. mile, and when Achilles went that

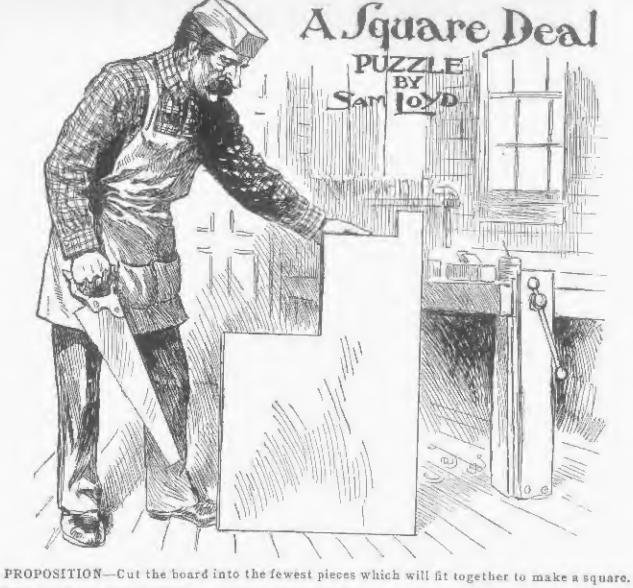
by many upon the supposition that mine the exact point. while it is evident that Achilles will

ONE HAS overtake and pass the tortoise, that between Achilles and the tortoise by the traveler who journeys from able. Bagdad to Jerico, agreeing to go

Tommy noticed that the race is recommended.

read about the race be- the exact point would be represented represents the relative speed between Achilles and by an indeterminate fraction which tween the hour hand and the minthe tortuse, so often cannot be computed, but goes on ute hand of a clock, so he secures quoted as showing the diminishing forever like the decimal a post of vantage and determines to impossibility of doing some possible value of a seventh. A problem of solve by actual observation a time that nature would be represented problem often quoted as unsolv-

Exactly at 12 o'clock noon the hour and minute hand are together, and the problem is to discover the exact time which the next meeting maintained that Achilles could never remainder, etc., etc., always going of the hands represents. As a overtake the tortoise, because while just half as far as he did the previous matter of fact it is a most inter-Achilles walked twelve miles the day the result being that he gets esting puzzle which mathematicians recognize as forming the ground-The race of Achilles and the tor- work upon which numerous time mile the tortoise would have gone toise, however, differs in that he problems of an important and fason the twelfth of a mile, etc. etc. does get there and passes the tor- cinating character have been built, The story is erroniously quoted toise, but the difficulty is to deter- for which reason a clear understanding of the principle involved





and mechanical skill. The

carpenter had a fine piece of board which, as shown in the sketch, con- one of the fascinating features pertains eighty-one squares of the size of the smallest. That is, if the smallest square represented I inch. the next would be 16, and the larger 64, making in all 81. He wants to make a perfectly square shutter for and destroy patience (patients). his window, 9x9, and, as there is no material to spare, he aims to divide it into the fewest possible number of pieces which will fit together and form a perfect square.

A glance at the board will give you a picture sque idea of the values in a lesson of three words? Never tinually selling that which he of gold, silver and copper as form- lead them. erly advocated in Nebraska, in the ratios of 16 to 1 and 64, with a tanner's.

TERE IS A PRACTICAL mixed or amalgamated copper valproblem from the work- uation of 91. From a mathematic shop which shows the cal standpoint you may learn much it. advantage of ingenuity in an experimental way regarding the relationships of squares as shown between 1, 16, 64 and 91, which is has such winning ways. taining to the mysteries of square Because they are men of sighs numbers,

geons? Because they mew till late tianity? Because they are doing

moustache like a cow's tail? Because he grows down.

Why is this continent like milk? winds blew (blue), the waves rose. Because it's ours (it sours).

What trade is like the sun? A

When is a man obliged to keep his word? When no one will take

Why is an attractive woman like a successful gambler? Because she

Why are stout men usually sad?

Why are two young ladies kissing Why are cats like unskillful sur- each other an emblem of Chrisunto each other as they would that Why is a youth trying to raise a men should do unto them.

What is the color of the winds and waves in a severe storm? The

Why is a baker a most improvi-How may book-keeping be taught dent person? Because he is conkneads himslf.

> Why is a ssupid fellow like G sharp? Because he is A flat.



PROPOSITION-If the moon was made of green cheese, into how many pieces could you divide it with six straight cuts of a knife?



fluence of will power," says a noted specialist help them?

in a recent contribution to a mediation is so strong among the wild montain swine herdsmen that they will cut their sour brown bread with the moon! They actually go through the motions of cutting the air, and like little children quarrel over imaginary portions."

'Nevertheless,' he added, 'it was plain to be seen that they were. I assure you; and I know he was amends for his barsh treatment. in no way benefited, so far as the right, for my skin was as soft as

by their delusions."

Not being interested in the Cristien Science side of the question, I and he made no attempt to diswas merely struck by the suggestion guise his admiration. He praised of an odd puzzle proposition arising among those peasants as to the possible number of pieces of cheese, for many months we were insepar-Therefore, indulging the fooish fancy able. I occupied all his thoughts. of those men as shown in the sketch. let us suppose that the expert car- indescribable affection at my wonver of the party is speculating as derful complexion, my graceful to the greatest possible number of figure, and pressed me to his lips. pieces into which he can divide

PEAKING ABOUT rations in having the last quarter knew no bounds. At night I rested the possibility of treating of the old moon to feast upon, so on velvet pillows, and by day I disease through the in- they are trying to make the most accompanied him wherever he went. of it. Are you elever enough to

With a pencil and ruler mark him pleasure, cal journal. 'I wish to say that off the pictured moon with six in Switzerland the power of imagin- straight lines and see how many difference between this and the thus? great relish through believing that fumous problem of the Boarding they get slices of cream cheese from House. Pie, as well as the cheese problem which introduced other geometrical principles.

An Oriental Love Story.

He said I was beautiful, he did. putting on of flesh was concerned, satin and white like ivory, my figure slender and elegant,

Our first meeting was in a shop, me up to the skies and called me very dear." From that day and

Again and again he gazed with a forsaken, broken-?

His embrace was tenderness itthe moon with six straight outs of a self, and whenever some trifling word which will prove to be a key knife. The wild luncheon party accident macred my beauty-if only to the whole mystery? are unfortunately reduced to short for a day-his anxious solicitude

He always enjoyed my society, even when nothing else afforded

He would turn to me, and not in vain, for comfort and relief when pieces you can produce, and if you all other friends proved faithless. guess it correctly you will note a Ohl why was it not fated to be ever

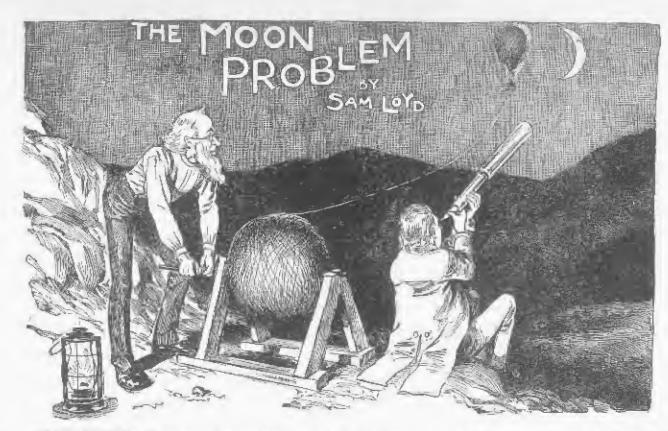
Alasl one day in a public thoroughfare I had a heavy fall, and, though it was through his fault, I was never the same to him as before. This cruel misadventure fairly broke me down. True, he endeavored afterwards to make

He treated me with the greatest consideration and landed me with silver; but the light of former days had gone out.

He tried to leave me as before. but in vain; his feelings had undergone a complete change, and now I am nothing but a miserable wreck of my former self.

Here I lie, all alone in my sorrow,

This story, which will be "continued in our next," is to be completed by the use of one word. How many of our puzzlists can guess the



PROPOSITION-How much wire is there in a ball 24 inches in diameter if the wire is 1-100 of an



was shown that the people were ever, is that of Edgar Allen Poe's prepared to believe almost any- hero, Hans Pfeel, of Rotterdam, thing. It was based upon the who by means of a balloon comalleged powers of a marvelous teles- pleted the trip in nineteen hours. ticles upon the moon's surface, worked upon the brain of a learned The public seized upon the reports professor named Spearwood that with such credulity that the pro- he fitted out an expedition, and jectors of the hoax gave vivid actually undertook to make the descriptions and pictures of the trip, firmly convinced that at a cerinhabitants of the moon and their tain distance he would pass out of wonderful surroundings, so skillfully the influence of the earth's attracpresented that despite of their ex- tion and pass into that of the moon. travagant claims were believed for a long time.

of affairs on the moon has been a nothing to do with the adventure popular fad with theorists and after he had cut loose from his

writers from time immemorial. Aristo, in his "Orlando Furioso," "Valley of Lost Things" among according to accepted methods,

HERE IS A CER- the hills of the moon deceived many. He had a ball of wire twenty-four

My sketch is drawn from a description published at the time of The surmises regarding the state his ascent, but as the puzzle has earthly connections, I will say that a pretty problem is found to be insent Astolfo on his venturesome trip volved in the data as given, which four centuries ago, and the wonder- does not possess the difficulty which ful stories of what he saw in the mathematicians would ascribe to it the second day was Monday."

tain irresistible Fascina- Cyrano de Bergerae's voyage to the inches in diameter, the wire being tion about investigating moon is one of the most amusing only one hundredth of an inch the affairs of the moon contributions to modern literature, thick. It looks like a difficult which few can resist, so but Jules Verne's account of an problem to tell the length of a ball when the famous Monn Hoax was nertial trip is the most thrilling of of one-hudaredth inch wire, twensprung upon the public during the the many lunar legends. The ty-four inches in diameter, but as a early part of the last century it quickest journey of record, how-matter of fact it is so simple that it yields readily to common sense, and I should like to see how close our puzzlists can come to guessing the length of wire, without going very scope which, it was claimed, would lt was the detailed matter-o-fact deeply into the subject, and shall enable us to see the smallest ar- account of this journey which so take occasion in giving the answer to present a simple demonstration practically devoid of mathematics, which any clover child neight understand.

Just a Plain Sell.

"How do you pronounce T O?"

"And T O O?"

1. Too.

"And T W O?"

"Too, of course."

"Well, how do you pronounce the second day of the week?"

'Tuesday,'

"Really, now, I always thought



PROPOSITION-Solve three conundrums connected with this picture.



matter in the brain, we all three questions. will ask our young puz-

zlists to guess this pack of seasonable conundrums which were fired off during a celebration of Independence day. It appears that Harry who was taking a walk with his father, asked why that boy had the letter Y on his flag, and the boy who heard this remark asked another boy why that high-stepping kid was a soldier of metal.

Then the father, who knew all of

S RIDDLES AND the boys, asked them why the connodrums are healthy Fourth of July was like an oyster exercise for the gray stew; so we now ask you to answer

A CHARADE.

My first will deny the most trilling demand,

My next is what sadly disgraces the land;

My whole, be his station exalted or mean.

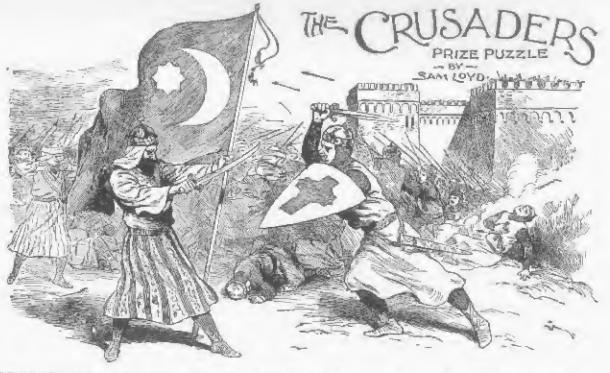
Does not to distinction in science attain

Cypher Ans. 14, 15, 22, 9, 3, 5.

A REBUS,

When the wintry tempests roar, Hoarsely round the cottor's door, My cheerful whole its comfort lends. And for his labor makes amends: Curtail, and you perhaps may see That good or ill proceeds from me; Fountain of virtue or of strife, cheer or sadden mortal life! The extreme letters sweep away. And I'll receive whate'er you say, Cypher Ans. 8, 5, 1, 18, 20, 8.

What is the difference between a postage stamp and a lady? One is a mail fee, and the other a fe-male.



PROPOSITION-Show how the Turkish emblem may be transformed into the Crusader's Cross by dividing it into two pieces.



PRESENT AN INthe eleventh century, when the noble army of Christians were not with-

held by political reasons from rising against the unspeakable Turk, to stop the massacres of the Chris- man's love? Not to return it. tian Armenians.

The picture shows an incident connected with one of the great battles of the Crusades, wherein it is related that a hody of Christian Knights captured a fortress by assault. "They threw the Sarucen soldiers from the battlements, and in full view of the opposing armies changed the banners on the walls,'

The story as told would seem to imply that there is a simple way of converting the Mahomedan flag into that of the crusaders, for which reason we place in the foreground a Saracen soldier defending the wellknown Turkish ensign against the a forest fell his own timber? Heassault of a knight, upon whose cause no one is allowed to cut when shield may be seen the crusader's it's his own deal.

out that part which contains the the other twenty-four. er's cross, as shown upon the shield. correctly. Thus: \$13212.

How do you account for the water teresting illustration of in the watermelon? The seed was planted in the spring.

Why is the letter S like a pert repartee? Because it begins and a post? Because they couldn't get ends in sauciness,

What is the best way to keep a

When is a soldier a wagon maker? When he makes a wheel.

How was Admiral Dewey's naval ried? He became Mrs. Dowey's tie. second mate.

Why is a little dog's tail like the heart of a tree? Because it's farthest from the bark.

Why does a freight car need no

What is that which is put on the table and cut, but never eaten?

A pack of cards.

Why may not the proprietor of

What is the difference between Draw a representation of the twice twenty-two, and twice two

white design, and then in the Tell a man to write down, withsimplest way, and by cutting into out hesitation, in figures, twelve running right away? Why, it's the fewest possible pieces transform thousand twelve hundred and twelve tied un. the Turkish design into the crusad- dollars? We hope he will do it

Why is a blockhead deserving of promotion? Because he is equal to any post.

Tell us, why was William Tell like a bough out of him.

Why is a missionary like a pig roasting on a spit? Because he goes around doing good.

What would a pig do who wished to build himself an habitation? Tie rank reduced when he got mar- a knot in his tail, and call it a pig's

If the before-mentioned porker wished to demolish the pig's stye he had boilt, what quotation would he make? "I could a tale unfold!"

Why is the letter K like a pig's locomotive? The freight makes the tail? Because it's at the end of

Why are hogs more intelligent than humans? Because they nose (knows) everything,

How do you spell "blind pig" in two letters? P Cr-pig without an 1.

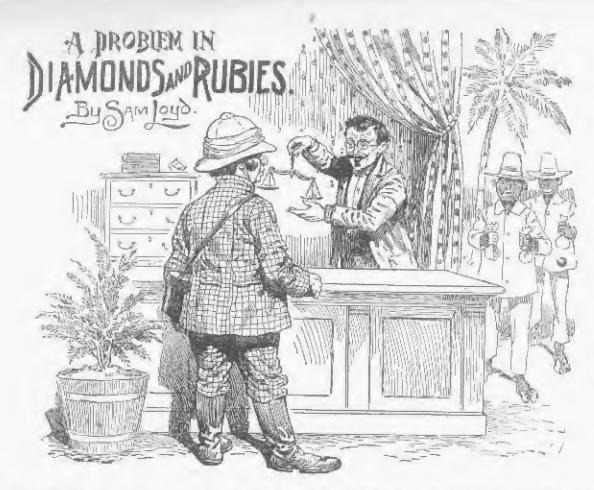
Why is a hog in a parlor like a house on fire? Recause they both want puttin' out.

Why is a magnificent bouse like Turkish flag, as shown, and then cut and twenty? One is forty-four, and a book of anecdotes? It has generally some good stories in it.

What prevents a running river

What river is ever without a beginning and ending? S-ever-n.

Tari



PROPOSITION --- Guess the size of the two stones of different sizes which he exchanged for a pair of ear rings of a uniform size.



worth \$1,600. It is well to remem-

ber that we are discussing gems of

as the quality. A one-karat stone

T IS WORTH KNOW- which he had exchanged for two ing that the value of stones of different sizes. diamonds increases in Upon the basis of a single karat, an invisible force,

worth according to the being worth \$100, as explained, squares of their weight, who can guess the size of the two field? When it is a rye field. while rubies increase according to the stones of different sizes which he cubes of their weights, viz., if a fine exchanged for a pair of ear rings. F? It makes an cel feel, diamond of one kurat is worth \$100, of a uniform size. Of course there a two-karat stone of the same qual- are many answers to the puzzle so of sight? The letter I. ity would be worth \$400, while a you are asked to find the smallest three-kurat gem of equal purity possible size of two stones which would be worth \$900. If a fine represent the value of two of dif-Oriental ruby of one karat is worth ferent sizes without employing frac- The Letter N. \$200, a two-knext stone would be tions of a karat.

Why is a younger brother like a due. equal purity and brilliancy, for the fair complexion? Because he is insize of a stone is not so important inred by the son and heir.

is often more valuable than others student? Because he studies the of two and three times the size, prophets,

so that only an expert in the mat- What of all things in the world is ter of color and purity can give even the longest-and the shortest; the knife? When it is flourished over an approximate value, despite the swiftest and the slowest; the most a ham, marvelous accuracy of the scales divisible and the most extended; Why does it fatten a child to employed by the trades. A noted the most neglected and the most drop it? Because it comes down merchant, who is familiar with the regretted; without which nothing plump. diamond mines of Brazil, Cape can be done; which devours all how- How did a blind man pour out Colony and other quarters of the ever little, and ennobles all that is his tea? He took a cup and saw globe, showed me a pair of carrings great? Time,

Why is magnetism like the police when most needed? Because it is

When is a square field not a square

Why is a fish book like the letter What is invissible but never out

When is a boat like a knife?

When it is a cutter.

What part of London is in France?

Why is a resebud like a promissory note? It matures by falling

What two reasons might be given to prove that a bride is erring? She Why is a tradesman like a divinity is mistaken and miss-led.

What is the best key to a good diager? A turkey,

When is a pig's tail like a carving-

PROPOSITION-Tell the size of the kettle. genmetrical problems

and altruse calculations I shall take occasion to call attention to that jingling but of Mother Goose which appears to contain a somewhat pretty problem.

The Tinker's

The old song says:

"I agreed with a tinker whose name was Doo-little

To make for my numt a flut-bottomed kettle. Tweive inches exactly the depth of a loan.

the same.

contain.

The inches across at the top would show

Just twice the width, as measured

So tell me that width, across at the top.

For auntie now wants a hid from the shou.

There is nothing required to be added to the above datu, so we will just see how many of our methema-

ATERING TO THE the required lid to fit on the kettle, mathematical bent of which is twelve inches deep, and the many who revel in will hold just twenty-five gallons.

> Why is a railroad track a particularly sentimental object? Because it is bound by close ties.

What is society composed of? A mixture of mister-ies and miss-

you get it? Your portrait.

When is a man's friendship most severely tried? When he stands

What melancholy fact is there And twenty-five gallons of beer to about a calendar? There is no time the street why should you always when its days are not numbered.

What is the best food for dyspeptic people? Oysters; because they die-just (digest) before they are penitentiary? Whis-key, caten.

Why is a distanced horse like a man in a shady place? Because be is out of the heat,

Do you know what is the oldest piece of furniture in the world? The multiplication table.

Why is a kiss like a rumor? Beticians can give us the diameter of cause it goes from mouth to mouth short? Borrow money of him.

When are soldiers best able to draw blisters? When they are mustered in the service:

Why is the woodsman's ax an inconsistent weapon? Because it cuts a tree down and then cuts it up.

Why is an inn-keeper like a multitude of people? Because he is a host himself.

Why is the blush of modesty like What is taken from you before a little girl? Because it becomes a woman.

> Why is a bad epigram like a useless pencil? Because It has no point.

> If you see a counterfeit coin on pick it up? Because you may be arrested for passing it.

What key opens the door to the

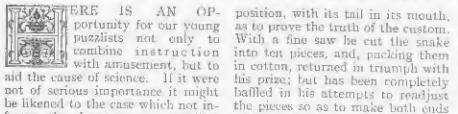
Why is a pig with a curly continuation like the ghost of Hamlet's father? Because he could a tail un-

Why is a plowed field like feathered game? Because it's partridges,

How would you make a tall man



PROPOSITION -Arrange the ten pieces so that the snake will have its tail in its mouth.



puzzle they are showing.

distinguished naturalist, has been 362,882 different snakes, without greatly exercised by the conflicting producing an endless houp, which stories concerning the Hoop Snake, the skeptics claim goes to prove that which is so called on account of its it is 302,882 to 1 that no such snake likely to be empty and yet have peculiar mode of locomotion, pro- ever existed. duced by taking the end of its tail in its mouth and rolling along the ground like a hoop. This trait of the genus ophidia is described by many naturalists, but considerable discussion has been caused by the ing, for our young folks do not wish and Mrs. Sippi (Missouri and Misaccount given by a college professor who claimed to have seen three snakes, combined in one large boop, rolling along at lightning speed, and then suddenly disappear by swallowing each other. No one questions the possibility of the swallowing trick, but grave doubts having been thrown upon the existence of the hoop snake. Professor Von Schafskopfen has been scouring the country in search of specimens. His labors were so far crowned with success as to discover in the wilds of the Hoop Mountains a fine specimen of covered with snow? Invisible a petrified hoop snake, in such a green.

portunity for our young as to prove the truth of the custom. marry poor American girls? A poor With a fine saw he cut the snake girl has no principal, hence no incombine instruction into ten pieces, and, packing them terest, and without either she canwith amusement, but to in cotton, returned in triumph with not bank account (a count). aid the cause of science. If it were his prize; but has been completely not of serious importance it might balled in his attempts to readjust frequently happens to puzzlists meet, and craves your kindly as- on? I'd just like to see you. when they forget the answer to a sistance.

Professor Von Schafskopfen, the can be arranged so as to make

In his despair the professor asks our puzzlists to submit sketches of the restored Hoop Snake. Puzzles of this nature are offered more in to cut up these puzzle pictures. sissippi). The suggestion is that you might build puzzles upon similar lines.

In law courts what relation are to conquer? Hard-ships the judges, sergeants and counsellors to each other? They are When they become widows. brothers-brothers-in-law,

horse? Because he loves Timothy. sence of hody.

Why do men go out of the theatre? Because some plays are so most useful to a deaf old woman? solemn they must go out to smile.

What is the color of a grass plot hear.

Why don't foreign noblemen

What did the blind man say to the policeman when he told him he be likened to the case which not in- the pieces so as to make both ends would arrest him if he did not move

> If Dick's father be John's son, Mathematicians say that they what relation is Dick to John? His

When is a silver cup most likely to run? When it's chased.

When may a man's pocket most something in it? When it has a hole in it.

Why are two t's like hops? Because they make beer better.

Who are the two largest ladies the nature of lessons in puzzle mak- in the United States? Miss Ouri

When is butter like Irish children? When it is made into little pats.

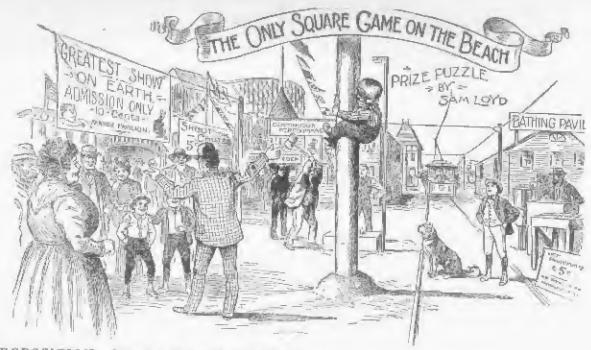
What are the most difficult ships

When are weeds not weeds?

What is better than presence of Why was St. Paul like a white mind in a railroad accident? Ab-

What letter in the alphabet is The letter A, because it makes her

What subject is generally made light of? Gas.



PROPOSITION Guess the heighth of that pole!

the demands of some of and obtained the following data for about the puzzle, for if you have the younger puzzlists, who have at the problem: times suggested the presenting of a puzzle which might be solved by

To make a slight digression, however, I may say incidentally that my experience has shown that the bright little pazzlists, as a matter of actual fact, get more than their share of prizes, and exhibit sur- took a suap-shot photograph of the prising natural wit in getting at the scene, just as he was taking a rest, true inwardness of a prizzle by quick and so everything is true to nature intuition.

Nevertheless, he that as it may, here is the problem as picked up on the beach. You see, it was the opening of the season last week chutes, tested our strength and lungs on all the machines, and knew just how many times we could hit the darkey's head with a base offered. ball, when we were attracted by the liberal offer of a ten-dollar bill to upon actual facts, as most puzzles the one who could alimb to the top are, and it would be a simple matter of a greased pole in the fewest for any one to run down there and number of minutes. I did not com- measure the height of the pole, but, pete for the prize, and am not repressive to relate, this little problem sented part way up to the pole with was hatched out upon the very day

FIERE 18 A SEASON- that little darkey did get to the able little puzzle picked top and furnished the subject for up by the sea, which to the present puzzle. I timed him Coney Island.

THE PUZZLE.

He would climb up six feet in six pole. a guess "pure and simple," and minutes and then slip back three which would give the veriest little while resting, and kept right on tot as good a chance to win the working at that rate, going up six prize as a hig-headed mathematician, and falling back three, until he reached the top.

tell how long it took him to reach as well as steaks (stukes). the top, our puzzlists would like to know the height of the pole, so I and may be depended upon just as well as il you were there.

calculations upon practical exper- on his stomach. ience, but I think the girls are more matter of course, all society had to as good a chance to win the prizes be there, and I went along with the offered for the best solutions first "push." We had shut all the received, for the guess as to how stead? When it's a little buggy. long it took that little darkey to climb to the top of the pole giving the best reason for the opinion

Of course, this is a puzzle based that far-away, weatied look, but of the great fire, and in giving the puzzle I present the last picture taken of the famous old Bowery at

your wits about you it is a simple untter to guess the height of the

When is a trunk like two letters of the alphabet? When it is M T (empty).

Why is a waiter like a race-horse? Of course, as the problem is to Because he runs for cups and plates,

> What sort of a day would be a good one to run for a cup? A muggy one.

Why are sticks of candy like racehorses? Because the more you lick them the faster they go.

Why ought a greedy man to wear Boys can doubtless base their a plaid waistcoal? To keep a check

Why are free sittings in church down at Coney Island, and, as a lucky at guessing and will stand just very immoral? Because you are getting good -for nothing.

When is a bedstead not a bed-

Why, when you are going out of town, does a railroad conductor cut a hole in your ticket? To let you pass through.

What is the greatest instance on record of the power of the magnet? A young lady, who drew a genttleman thirteen miles and a half every Sunday of his life,

When are handruffs like grip sacks? When made for two-wrists (tourists).



PROPOSITION Cut the board into the fewest possible number of pieces which will fit together and form a perfect square.



it will be found that there is a applied to any other angle to proscientific rule for getting the correct duce the same result. auswer which bears a close resemblance to the famous Forty-seventh proposition of Euclid. The joiner has a piece of hoard four feet long by two feet wide, with a corner clipped off. The puzzle is to divide the board into the fewest number of pieces, so that without any waste they will fit together and make a perfect square top for the table, which is shown in the picture. In this particular case the missing piece

TUDENTS OF GEO. has been cut off at what the mathemetry will had here an maticians would term an angle of interesting elementary fifteen degrees, but when you have problem which can best discovered the answer to the puzzie, be solved by experi- it is worthy of note that the rule mental puzzle methods; although which governs the same might be

A CHARADE.

If from your shelf you take a book, You'll find me there if you but look; And if you put me back again, That I am there is also plain, Decapitate, 'twill then appear Without mistake that I am here; Behead again you'll want no more, Because I always come before. Ans. 20, 8, 5, 18, 5.

A REBUS.

With pen in hand, it may be said My first you often need; Then add to that a horse's head,

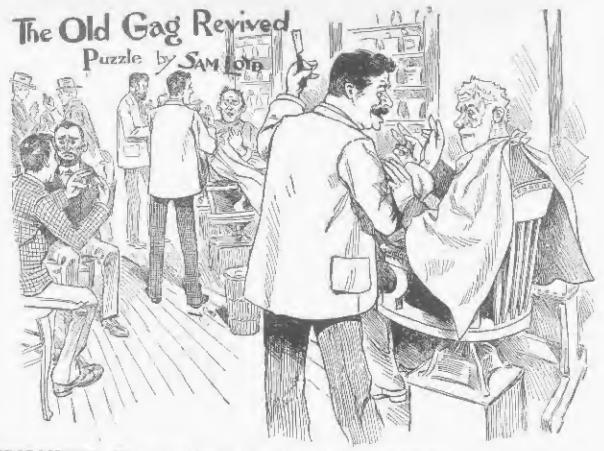
And what will urge his speed! Nine letters thus complete my

Which now you bring to view; And, though it very strange may

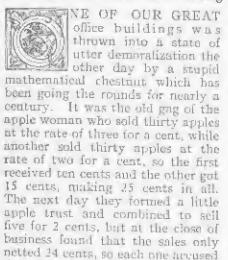
I but consist of two! Cypher Ans. 4, 9, 16, 8, 20, 3, 15, 14, 7

Why is a horse one of the most worried of animals? His thoughts are always on the rack.

What is the difference between a church organist and the influenza? One knows the stops and the other stops the nose.



PROPOSITION-How long should it take to eat ten dozen eggs?



missing penny. substituted for apples, which some which would be fifteen minutes people consider a sufficient change to more. Then, finally, in the third entitle them to the credit of having course, the remaining sixty eggs originated a new puzzle. Dutch Frank, generally known as the "calculating barber," sprung it upon a again average five eggs in two minlife insurance agent, who, consider- utes. ing himself away up in figures, would not yield the point without the mathematics of the situation." dragging every one who was in the says Dutch Frank, "I will just ask

the other of having purloined the

NE OF OUR GREAT long the business was at a standstill have taken to eat those ten dozen thrown into a state of the entire building as well as adjoin- many guests at the banquet?" utter demoralization the ing neighborhood. Frank claims other day by a stupid that there are two sides to the quesbeen going the rounds for nearly a doctors and clergymen take one can shut an umbrella up. century. It was the old gag of the view of the subject, while business apple woman who sold thirty apples men and those who sell things take the other. He even says that from rate of two for a cent, so the first tell a professional man from a mer- and she Annie-mated. received ten cents and the other got chant. Let us look at the puzzle so as to see what it really amounts to.

During an Easter banquet, when ten dozen eggs were consumed without intermission, thirty eggs were eaten during the first course at a rate of three eggs per minute, which would take just ten minutes. During the second course thirty were In the present instance eggs are caten at the rate of two per minute, were eaten, first three and then two in a minute, alternately, so as to

"Not to bother your head with shop into the discussion, so, before you to tell me how long would it What does y-e-s spell?

office buildings was and the argument spread through eggs if there had been but half as

What is the difference between mathematical chestnut which has tion, and that barbers, lawyers, a woman and an umbrella? You

Why would it be very appropriate for a man named Benjamin to marry a girl named Annie? Betheir answers to the puzzle he can cause he would be Bennie fitted

When is a horse like a house? When he has blinds on.

Why is modesty the strongest characterisic of a watch? Because it always keeps its hands before its face, and runs down its own works.

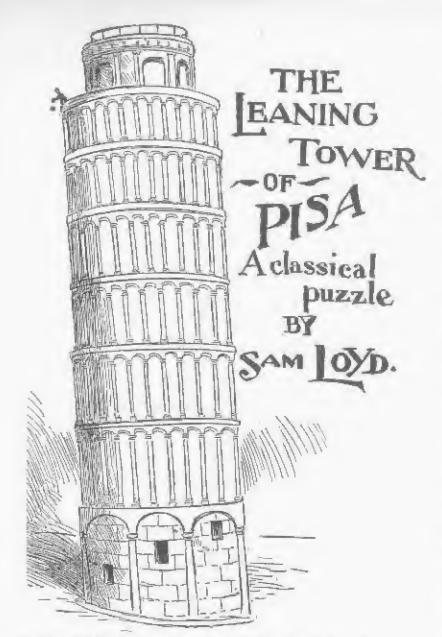
Why is it dangerous to keep a clock at the head of a pair of stairs Because it sometimes runs down and strikes one,

Why are mortgages fike burglars? Because they secure your money.

When were there only two vowels? In the days of No-a, before U and I were born?

What, as milliners' say, is "the sweetest thing in bonnets?" A lady's two lips.

What question is that to which you must always answer "yes?"



PROPOSITION-Tell how often the ball will rebound.



is being revived again regarding the accidental or intentional incline of the leaning tower of

Pisa. By scientists and mathematicians the story is accepted of its having been built during the twelfth tion of certain problems pertaining to the attraction of gravitation, but others maintain that its leaning position was owing to the foundation giving way during its construction. I note that Shepp gives a fine view of it in his photographs of the world, accompanied by the assertion that "it is fifty feet in diameter and leans body was in proportion to its weight. thirteen feet from perpendicular.

HE OLD DISCUSSION ciently solid, it began to incline befere it was one-third completed." All of which conflicts with the information of the glib attendant who pledge but cannot always keep it. escorted us to the top, as well as being contrary to common sense. It is difficult to explain why the architect was so fool-hardy as to add century for the scientific demonstra- the other two-thirds to its height photographs they begin with a negwhen the foundation was already ative. giving way.

It is well known that Galileo's writings tend to show that the tower C (Sea) was built for scientific purposes, and it was there that he refuted the philtained that the velocity of a falling rest are week-days.

One of the earlier problems, how-The foundation being made insuffi- ever, which has been connected scores? When it's let out.

with the purposes for which the tower was erected, was the following the answer to which I do not find in conthematical works.

An elastic ball was dropped from the top of the tower, which is exactly 179 feet high, and on each rebound would rise exactly one-tenth of the height from which it fell. The question was to determine the distance the ball would travel before it came to rest.

A REBUS.

So vast my amount, fills the mind with dismov!

Behead me, and thus take a thousund away;

Reverse what remains, and, I'll duily dispense

To thousands, the gift of a kind Providence

Why is an opera singer like a confectioner? Because she deals in high screams (the creams).

A feeling all persons detest, Altho' 'his by every one felt. By two letters fully express'd, By twice two invariably spelt. ERVY (N. V.).

Why is education like a tailoy? Because h forms our habits.

Why is a polyeman like a book? Because he has a title and several

Why are the legs of an ill-bred fellow like an organ grinder? Because they carry a monkey about the streets.

Why is a blacksmith like a safe steed? Buchuse one is a horse-shoer and the other is a sure horse.

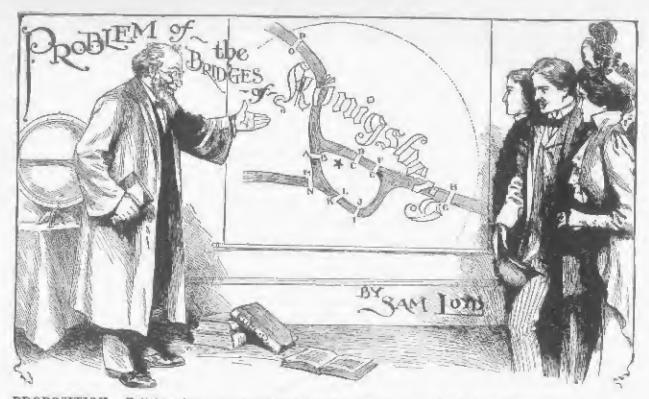
Why is a pawabroker like a drunkard? Because he takes the

Why are photographers the most uncivil of all trades-men' Becouse when we make application for our

Where does charity begin? At

Which is the strongest day in the osophy of his opponents, who main- week? Sunday, because all the

When is an altered dress like a



PROPOSITION-Tell just how many different routes there are, and which is the shortest.



its antiquity and the curious history lish by noted mathematicians, as connected with it. Konigsburg, the it treats of the principle as applied second capital of Prussia, is divi- to any number of bridges. Proded by the River Pregel into fessor Ball, of Trinity College, dis- In my next, deep in shade, ome four quarters, including the island cusses the antiquity and merits of of Kneiphof, as shown in the ac- the problem in his great work, companying map. There are eight Mathematical Recreations, but errs bridges connecting the different in ascribing its origin to Euler in parts of the town, and there is a 1736, and makes the remarkable puzzle connected with them which statement that "in 1759 there were, greatly vexed the good citizens of and still are, according to Baedeker. My first is a sign of pain,

of the bridges, had always been an Baedeker, who especially refers to amusement and recreation for the the eight bridges. Euler it may be young people, when according to old said, was a very young man in accounts, somehow or other the 1735, and was not the famous mathe- A fruit, -but I'll refrain, question was raised as to how long matician until nearly fifty years it would take to make a tour of the afterwards, so he may have fallen bridges, which led to the startling into the error of starting from some assertion that a complete tour of of the locations, which, like certain all bridges-without going over combinations of my 14-15 puzzle, any bridge more than once-was would not work out. impractical. It is a matter of history that a committee of young starting point does not enter into tiring, in 1735, and asked him to matter of proving that it is possible rash man ate a rasher decide the point at issue. A year to start from a certain point of the later Euler presented a voluminous town and go to another point by report to the Academy of Sciences passing over all of the bridges but the pasty must be made of dough

ERE IS AN ODD PUZ- to have demonstrated the impossi- different routes there are, and zle, interesting not only bility of solving the problem. This which is the shortest, on account of the decision appears in the report of general principle in- the Academy, 1741, vol. 8, and has volved, but because of been published in French and Eng- Of my first you have two, but here Konigsberg, over two hundred years but seven bridges. The oldest ago. records refer to eight, and our map A promenade, embracing a tour presents an accurate tracing from

The question of returning to the of St. Petersburg, wherein he claims once. Then tell just how many (dou).

A CHARADE.

one may do.

To explain it; more need not be spoken;

scores have been laid. And when in my whole, you'r not

joking! Cypher Ans. 5, 1, 18, 14, 5, 19, 20.

Of sorrow or surprise: My second it is plain Within your kitchen lies.

My whole is found in Spain, Neath genial southern skies, And leave it in disguise, Ans. 15, 18, 1, 14, 7, 5.

Why, when you contemplate a trip into the country, should you leave the wash-hand basins behind? Because they are not ewers (yours) |

What is the greatest instan e of folks visited Euler, the mathema- the problem at all; it is merely a canabalism on record? When a

Why can't you make a venison pasty of buck venison? Because



"Andre's denials fell on deaf ears as his captor's spoke no english."

the capture of Andre in 1780 was soap, I knew he must be a true vot- (blocked in). effected by two Hessians, who could not speak English. Without discussing the probabilities of the case, we will ask our young puzzlists to discover the possible home of the cuptors concealed in the description of the picture.

The General Store Puzzle.

Same people can never eatch on to the puzzling features of Agebra, and I confess to the secreting absurdity of multiplying P D Q by m i x. although I can see that the adding of M to ore would make it more. The addition and subtraction of letters is all right, but as a Western school teacher told me, "The multiplication of one letter by another is a corker." He kept a general store in connection with his school "and other things," as he termed it, and,

ERE IS AN ODD as shown in the picture, introduced little concealed word a system of algebra which goes as puzzle, built upon his- far as he knew. I saw the billboard, torical lines. According and from the prominent position robbery. to a German writer upon which he gave to chess, above money the American war of independence, consideration and so far away from omnibus? When it's blocked-tin

any of the royal game, and studies out ins algebraical sign.

I soon discovered that, like all great merchants, he had a secret price code, viz.: a word of ten letters which gives a number for each letter, by which they mark their goods. You see the letters are all arranged like numbers to be added up by simple addition If you will guess what that key word is you can change all the words to numbers and you will see why all of those animals and things add up exactly so as to make "all word" the correct answer. It is a simple puzzle, and as tending to show that algebra is not such a burbear after all, our young friends are asked to discover the key to the cypher word.

What French word contains every vowel and but one consonant? Oiseau.

What parts of speech are shopkeepers most familiar with? Ar-

When did Ruth treat Boaz badly? When pulled his ears and trod on his com.

Why is the port of Plymouth like a very wonderful phenomenon in accoustics? Because it includes a part of the sea called the Sound; and that is the only sound that you 0/111 966.

Why are young ladies so partial to sunset and twilight? Because they are daughters of Eve?

What kind of robbery may be said to be not dangerous? A safe

When is a fish-kettle like a city





PROPOSITION-Divide a Greek Cross into the fewest possible number of pieces which will fit together so as to form two Greek crosses of similar size.



geometry included, there Is nothing so fascinating and eminently scientific

as the series of problems pertaining to the form of the Greek gross and its peculiar relations to the square, parallelogram and other symmetri- Reverse me-quickly I discharge.

As differing from the well-known methematical problem of converting the cross into a square by the fewest. possible number of cuts, attention is called to the following pretty feat. My first is possessed by the Queen, of changing one cross into two.

It appears that one of our wounded boys in blue, who was re- My next at her court may be seen turning home after being nursed back to life by a faithful Red Cross lassic, begged the red cross from her My whole, 'tis admitted by all, arm as a keepsake; but she, in true sweetheart style, took her seissors. In learning and literature stands as and by a few deft clins, cut the cross into several pieces, which could be fitted together perfectly so as to 7.5. make two crosses of similar size. It is a simple but beautiful trick, and

N THE WHOLE the satisfaction of guessing it will be credit be considered dishonorable? reulm of puzzledom, and as great as if you should win a prize.

CHARADE.

and night

I mack the swiftest bird in flight. I'm murdered by mankind at large Transposed, I'm in a bill tis clear Once more an insect will appear, Cypher Ans. 20, 9, 13, 5.

A REBUS.

May Providence long smile upon

By those whom she choses to honor.

kind reader.

a leader. Cypher Ans. 20, 9, 20, 12, 5, 16, 1,

Why should buying trousers on

Because they are breeches of trust.

CHARADE.

Dou't lose me friends, though day A bitter fruit of sin-in deeds ac-

Teeming with ills to man, behod my first; Oft have its victims to my next been

driven To herd with beasts from home

and kindred riven, My whole extends his guardian

O'er cloister'd fane and battled

Cyplier Ans. 23, 1, 18, 4, 5, 14.

A REBUS.

My first to my second is like a twinbrothers

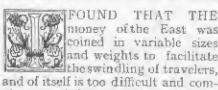
Each seems but an echo-the one to the other.

My whole may be heard 'mid the wild surging throng,

Or where thee cool rivulet dances Cypher Ans. 13, 21, 18, 13, 21, 18,



PROPOSITION-A commission broker, who charges 2 per cent. from the seller and 2 per cent. from the buyer, makes \$25 by cheating in the weight, as he buys with a weight I ounce too heavy and sells with one tounce too light. How much does he pay for the goods?



largely into the manufacture of shawls and expensive rugs, is gath- ing. ered by what is known as the common people and sold through a of fact is-a very simple problem, commission broker, in small or with clear and sufficient data for large lots, to the merchants. To the purpose, Nevertheless, it will insure impartiality, the broker never tax the eleverness of an expert buys for himself, but upon receiv- bookkeeper to figure out a correct ing an order to buy, finds some one who wishes to sell, and charges 2 per cent, commission to each of them, thereby making 4 per cent. on the transaction. Nevertheless, by juggling with the scales, he always manages to add to his profit by cheating, the more especially if a customer is green enough to place When it's an egress (a negress). any confidence in his word or pious exclamations.

FOUND THAT THE I take occasion to call attention get up, the other is hard to get money of the East was to a pretty puzzle connected with down. coined in variable sizes a transaction which aptly illustrates and weights to facilitate the simplicity of his methods. Upon the swindling of travelers, receiving a consignment of camel's and of itself is too difficult and com- hair he placed the same upon the plexa puzzle for our mathematicians, short arm of his scales, so as to reads, it is the same. Civic, doindescribing the following manner make the goods weigh one ounce and cents. Camels' hair, which enters so as to give one ounce to the pound the flour of the family, short, and thus made \$25 by cheat-

It appears to be-and as a matter answer to the question as to how much did he pay for the goods?

Why is a young lady's age after she has reached twenty-five like a floral wedding bell? Because it is

When is a door not a door?

a hill and a pill? One is hard to bed than others.

Why is a lazy dog like a bill? Because he is a slow pup (slope up). A crown which was the pride of

ancient Rome; whichever way it

Why is a joung lady like a sheaf of trading among the Orientals we will light to the pound, but when he of wheat? First she is cradled, then simplify matters by talking in dollars came to sell it he reversed the scales thrashed, and finally she becomes

Who is it that always has a number of movements on foot for making money? A dancing master.

How can hunters find heir game in the woods? By listening to the bark of the trees.

Why does a man think of his mother's slippers when he handles the lines behind a fine, well-matched pair of horses? Because they are such a spanking pair,

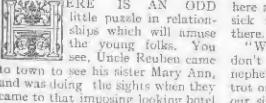
Why is a committee of inquiry like a cannon? It makes a report.

What is more wonderful than a horse that can count? A spelling

Why are tallest people the laziest? What is the difference between Because they are always longer in



PROPOSITION-Give the best explanation about the relationship to that mysterious nephew.



the young folks. You to town to see his sister Mary Ann, nephew to worry about, I will just to have your head cut off? Became to that imposing looking hotel our sight seeing this afternoon." shown in the sketch, when Reuben Who can give the best explanation any farther I should like to stop in terious nephew?

little puzzle in relation- sick nephew of mine who stays (so low).

"Well," says Mary Ann, "as I see, Uncle Reuben came don't happen to have any sick

says to his sister: "Before we go about the relationship to that mys-

A REBUS.

My first is the name to an article given.

For ladies and dandies to put on their linen:

It comes from the forest, I've heard people say.

And is made from the skin of an animal gray.

My second is a fruit which we all love to cat,

It grows on the farm, delicious and SWeet.

My whole is the same, and often is

In the gardens and fields covered with green.

It is very sweet and pleasant to est, In the hot summer it makes a rich

Cypher Ans. 13, 21, 19, 11, 13, 5, 12, 15, 14,

CHARADE.

The troop arranged for battle. Without my first would fly. And whether good or bad, Without it you would die,

Go seek the earth and ocean, For smallest things you guess; Yes, bring the storm from the air, And still my second's less.

The traitor, when condemned to die, May calm his cares and pray; Yet when the axe sounds "dust to

My whole he's borne away. Cypher Ans. 8, 5, 1, 4, 12, 5, 19, 19,

What man had no father? Joshua. the son of Nun.

When is a young man of the greatest use at supportable? When he's a spoon.

Why does a miller wear a white hat? To keep his head warm, Part of a foot with judgment trans-

DOSG And the answer you'll find just under your nose.

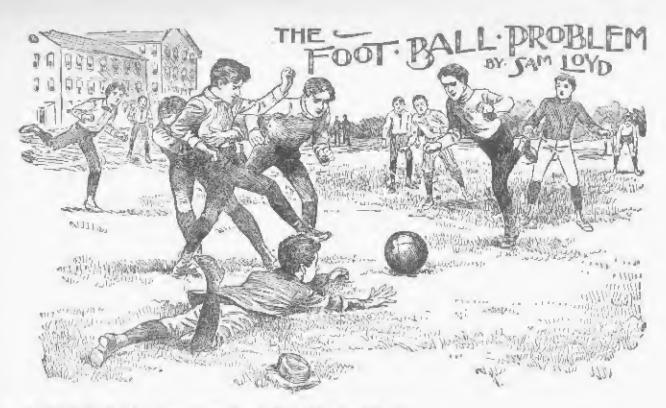
Inch-chin. Why is avarice like a bad memory? Because it is always for get-

Why is it vulgar to play and sing ERE IS AN ODD here a minute and inquire about a by yourself? Because it is so-lo

What is that which touches one but unites two? A wedding ring.

Why is it better to be burnt han and was doing the sights when they trot on home and we will continue cause a hot steak is better than a cold chan.

Why do girls kiss each other, and men not? Because girls have nothing better to kiss, and men have.



PROPOSITION-What was the size of the foot ball?



ball is now a seasonable old black ball contained. topic, for, as one of the poets has well said

And the heroes of the bat Are preparing for their exit.

While the moters sadly chat. It is then the football kickers,

Who from public view had slid, Reappear and start their drilling For their battles on the "grid."

miliar. Armored ribs and padded ships were not in vogue in my it had superficial inches of surface! student days. We used to play foot. ball with our feet, as the name im- guess the diameter of the ball which plies, and never tried to kill or main was ordered? the opposing players, so I am not up in any of the modern tactics, and ball problem at the suggestion of a surgeon of one of the college teams who thought it would be a timely. My next a home for thousands,

My pazzie; however, will have nothing to do with "rushes," punts" 'touchdowns," or even high kicking. It is simply a little reminiscence of the days when we country boys level to kick the old-fashioned soft rubber half about the green. The problem will turn upon the feel well.

COURSE. FOOT - amount of rubber and wind that the

We fived way back in the country, and used to order our ball by mail, according to sizes, as advertised in When the baseball season's waning a sporting house catalogue, which advised patrons to "give the exact number of inches required." and that is where the problem comes in.

We were told to give the required size in inches, but as we did not know whether it meant the number of inches of rubber on the surface. But, as I am not protected with a or the number of cubic inches of patent east-iron nose, I shall not wind contained in the ball so we jeopardize that organ by sticking it combined the two principles and into a game with which I am not fa- ordered a ball which should contain just as many outsic inches of air as

How many of our puzzlists can

A CHARADE.

And 'tis described by men of seience;

though

Plundered of its stores in defiance. Through records of antiquity Cypher Ans 1, 18, 3, 8, 9, 22, 5.

Why does a sick person lose his sense of touch? Because he don't

A CHARADE.

When the tempest roars the loudest, Oft my first a shelter proves, Say what fair one, though the proud-

Spurns my next from one she loves?

When the storms of lives are past, Few but find my whole at last. Cypher Aus. 3, 15, 22, 5, 18, 9, 14, 7.

Why is a man hesitating to sign the pledge like a skeptical Hindo? Because de hoes not know whether to give up the jug or not (Jugernaut).

A CHARADE,

Behead my poor first, and it gives you my second;

My whole is a nonrishing beverage

Cypher Ans. 16, 1, 12, 5, 1, 12, 5.

Why is a patch of sweet corn like am only induced to attempt a foot. The earth, or sky, my first will show, a dunce? Because it is liable to get its ears pulled.

> When is a man near selling his boots? When he has them half-

Why is an attorney like a min-To find my whole, research must be ister? Because he studies the law and profes.

Why is a chicken running like a man heating his wife? Because it is a fowl proceeding.

Why are widowers like dilapidated houses? They want repairing.

PROPOSITION Tell how many cubes there are.



problem, which involves are lost,

the question of the dupplicating or doubling the area of a was a problem referred to by ancient cube. Philiaponus tells how the authors as Plato's Cubes and Geom-Athenians, in 432 B. C., when suffer- metrical Numbers, and it also is ing frow the plague, consulted Plate, known that Plate made the science the pupil of Socrates, in regard to it. of mathematics the fundamental They conferred with the oracle at principle of his religious philosophy, Delno, and Apollo told them that and erected monuments in bonor of they must double the size of the the sublime truths, as he termed golden altar of the temple. This them. they were unable to do, and Plato, who was the greatest mathematician as well as philosopher, of his day, told them that they were being punished for their willful neglect of the sublime science of geometry, and deplored that they had not one man among them sufficiently wise to solve the problem.

The Delian Problem, which is cation of the cube, is so generally shows Plato gazing upon a marble confounded with that of Plato's monument which is constructed Cubes that writers who are not up out of a given number of smaller in mathematical lore get them sadly cubes. The monument in turn days cool from nine till three. mixed. The latter is sometimes re- rests in the center of a square

often made to the class- true conditions of the problem, and ical legend of the Delian some writers maintain that its terms many cubes are required to con-

One monument has been described as a massive cube erected in the renter of a tiled plaza, and it requires no stretch of imagination to associate the monument with a problem which has been spoken of as that of the geometrical numbers. Everything is so reasonable and consistent with the requirements and history of the problem that there is no reason to companied by the statement that cubes in the pavement as there are mare.

E F E R E N C E 1 S little or nothing is known about the in the monument, and they are precisely of the same size, so tell how struct the monument and the square It is known, however, that there plaza upon which it stands, and you will have solved the great problem of Plato's geometrical numbers.

> How many peas would you expect to find in a pint' One (p).

> What unimuls are as bad as Cannibals? Ant-caters.

What was the first bet of which we have any record? The alpha-

How would you make a Maltese Cross? Pull her tail.

What makes the ocean get angry? Because it is crossed so often.

When is a smith not a smith? When he's a-filing.

When is a mason a house? When he's a-building.

Why is an Englishman like nineneither more nor less than the dupli- doubt its ancient origin. The sketch teen shillings? Because he is under a sovereign.

Why does the schoolmaster enjoy the summer? Because he keeps his

What is the difference between a ferred to as Plato's Geometrical plaza, paved with cubic blocks of seamstress and a groom? One mends Numbers, and is most generally ac- marble. There are just as many the tear and the other tends the



PROPOSITION - Why was this testimonial like the American War of Independence?



tion which it merits.

and when I replied "out of sight," fully did.

Ha! Ha! It was such a capital still a little bigger. conundrum that I offer to give that typewriter as a prize for the best answer, and in case of there being room the dental parlor? Because many, or in fact several hundred it is the drawing room. a fragment. It is a somewhat odd be shocked.

TAKE OCCASION TO comundram, which you may not be say that if any of my able to guess, but just send the best friends should be urged unswer you can-right or wrong. to invest in a new type- Connadrums are suscepible of so writer through the in- many different answers that we fluence of the recommendation or never know who may chance to it is to be hoped that, metaphori- member many years ago at a concally speaking, like true puzzlists, undrum party, that some one sprang hey will read between the lines, as the old chestnut: "Why are hens it were, and give the due considers-immortal?" the reply to which was "Because their sons never set." The agent called just to ask how. A bright little miss to whom it was at last. the machine had behaved itself, new gave the answer which has been popular ever since: "Because they he lisked me to give a short testi- have their next world in this." monial to that effect, which I cheer- (Their necks twirled) which goes to prove that even when you have the He was a clever fellow, and I best answer there may be a better, liked him immensely, for he said like the query as to who was the that the testimonial was just like biggest: Mr Bigger, Mrs. Bigger or the American war of independence, the baby who you all remember was dress? When its sat-in.

Why is it absurd to call a dentist

correct unswers, will be only too. Why should a man never tell his glad to divide the machine up into secrets in a corn-field? Because so very small pieces and give each one many cars are there, and they would

What part of a fish weighs most? The scales.

What fruit does a newly married couple resemble? A green peur

Why is it absurd to ask a pretty testimonial I was induced to give, send the most elever roply. I se- girl to be candid? Because she cannot be plain.

Why is a sheep like a professional gambler? Because he is brought up on the turf, gambols in his youth, herds with blacklegs; and is fieeced

Why is a well-trained horse like a benevolent mun? Because he stops at the sound of woe.

What city is drawn more frequently than any other? Cork. Why is bread like the sun? Be-

cause it rises from the yeast. When is a chair like a lady's

When is a soldier like a watch?

When he is on guard. When does a chair dislike you?

When it can't bear you. Why is a duel quickly managed? Because it takes only two seconds

to arrange it. What burns to keep a secret? Sealing-wax.





gives the famous old tion: PRSVRYPR

tery in England. it is stated that the inscription was originally painted in red and black, and that the red letters, which were all Es, had faded out, which makes it quite an interesting problem to restore the missing vowels, Many years ago I visited the monastery, and after a careful examination of the inscription became satisfied that the same was purposely intended to be in the nature of a secret cipher, especially as several complete books of a religious nature were published with all of the vowels omitted.

To the left of the entrance there is shown as a specimen of early are numbered.

FERY COLLECTION workmanship in colored glass, but of tricks and puzzles so far as I am aware, no history or explanation regarding it has ever missing vowel inscript been offered. As fitting, however, to the inscription over the door and FCTMNVRKPTHSPRCP in view of their having originally TSTN, which is to be found over been ten of these windows, I ask the entrance to an ancient monas- our puzzlists to look upon the accompanying illustration of the window in the light of a remarkable charade puzzle, in which one of the "precepts ten" is cleverly concealed.

A REBUS.

Ever running on my race, Never staying at one place, Through the world I make my

tour, Everywhere at the same hour. If you please to spell my name, Reversed or forward 'tis the same? Cypher Ans. 14, 15, 15, 14,

Why are the pages of a book like is a large memorial window, which the days of man? Because they to be in when there is a gale? A-

A REBUS.

My first might well be called a Sillegge.

My next may be defined a nod; My whole a sham, or cheap alloy Resembling that for which we

Cyphep Ans. 16, 9, 14, 3, 8, 2, 5,

A REBUS.

My first is a part of the day, My last a confluctor of light, My whole to take measure of time, Is useful by day and by night. Hour glass.

I am a word of three letters, signifying to spoil or injure. Reversed I am an animal. Transposed, I am a part of the human frame. Mar, Arm. Ram.

Which is the best sea for a sailor



PROPOSITION-Decypher the cryptogram.

derland, we call atten- "Was it a cat I saw?"

tion to her remarkable experiences with the Cheshire cat which had such a way of vanishing away into thin air, so that nothing but its irresistible smile remained. Of course every one remembers the dilemma of the king's executioner, who, being commanded to cut off the head from a cat which had no body, was as sorely puzzled as was the Irishman who was told to decapitate the head of an elephannt from the trunk. When Alice first saw her feline friend she desired to find out what species of animal it was, and as they always ask questions in wonderland by writing, she wrote out her query. But as they generally read things backward, or up and down in wonderland, she wrote it as shown in the puzzle. This permits readers to commence and end where they please, just as they should in wonderland; but, as Lewis Carroll forgot to give the answer to his conundrum of why a desk was like a crow, he also forgot

NTINUING A the main question in this riddle, former reference to which is simply to tell how many Alice's trip through won- ways there are to read the question;

For the life of me I could not see through that puzzle, but somehow or other "the boy guessed right the very first time," for Jack was there "all right, all right," so I made a sketch of it, and will ask our juvenile puzzlists to discover if the descrip-



CHARADE.

Ye bards, perhaps my first may do Ere you begin to sing; My second oft salutes the ear When horrid wars begin, ly whole denotes a stupid elf, So find this out to clear yourself. Cypher Ans. 5, 21, 13, 4, 18, 21, 15.

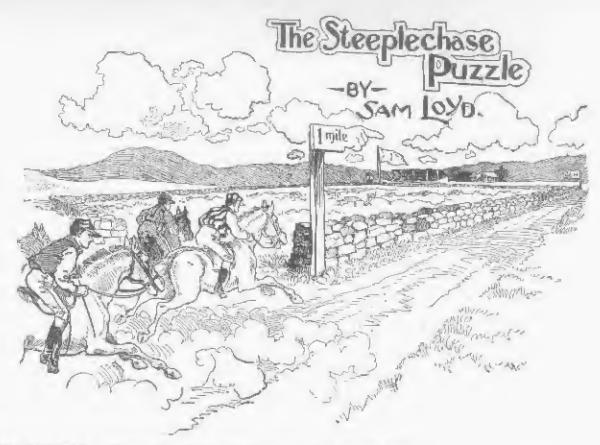
My first is French, my second is English and my whole is Latin? Latin

What would give a blind man the greatest delight? Light.

HOW WE KNEW.

I will ask the assistance of the class in concealed reography in unraveling a mystery which perplexed me not a little bit during a visit to a friend's house, where I expected to meet fack, a young man of my acquaintance. The youngster of the family, a bright little lad of 7 years. will become a great puzzlist or politician if he is not killed off young. He "guessed" Jack would be there "all right, all right," he said, "becausa why he could always tell almost when Jack would be to supper by the way sister Anna polished the silver."

tion of the picture gives any clue to the locality of the incident.



PROPOSITION-Show the shortest route to the home flag.



ERE IS A LITTLE cross-country steeplechase problem which demeeting, which will inveloped during the recent

terest turfites as well as puzzlists. It appears that toward the end of a well-contested course, when there was but a mile and a quarter yet to run, the leaders were so closely bunched together that victory turned upon the selection of the hest or shortest road. The sketch shows the judges' stand to be at the opposite end of a rectangular field, bounded by a road of a mile long on one side by three-quarters of a mile on the other.

By the road, therefore, it would be a mile and three-quarters, which all of the horses could finish in three minutes. They are at liberty, however, to cut across lots at any point they wish, but over the rough ground. O'er its awful effects many tears they could not go so fast. So while they would lessen the distance, they would lose twenty-five per cent. in speed. By going directly across on the bias, or line of the hypothenuse as the mathematicians would term it, the distance would be a little over a mile and a half. What time can the winner make by selecting the most judicious route!

A CHARADE.

My first without wings is enabled to Beside my first is often made It never once tires in the midst of

Its Hight. Piled on it vast masses of luggage still lie,

Which it never sinks under by day or by night.

See fear is upon you, my next is come on:

Yourself pary compose, it is only your nerves.

That cause this annoyance, new, now it is gone;

Alas! what a trifle its purposes

My whole is of thousands of mertals the dead;

'Mid stillness engendered, it works in the dark;

have been shed, And wide devastation its ravages

Cypher Ans. 5, 1, 18, 20, 8, 17, 21, even you break it? Silence! 1, 11, 5.

Why are laundresses good navigators? Because they are always pole to pole!

A REHUS.

A bargain good or had. Before my next is oft displayed What may behind be had,

Beneath my whole in functed bliss, We care for neither that nor this. Cypber Ans. 3, 15, 21, 14, 20, 5, 13, 16, 1, 14, 5,

A CHARADE.

Euchein my vile first, for the gencral weal,

That a nation's sail wounds may have leisure to heal;

Engage my first next, but he springs from his hir. And give thee for combat, no time

to prepare: Suppress my dire whole, but, before

thy shocked gaze, Each smouldering spark burst out

in a blaze. Cypher Aus. 18, 5, 2, 5, 12, 12, 9, 15, 14.

What is it which if you name it

What is that which you can keep even after giving it to somebody elso Your word.

Why is a washerwoman the most crossing the line, and going from cruel person in the world? Because she wrings men's bosoms.

is expected



PROPOSITION - Tell the time by the clock.

ACK OF THE OLDtime song of "Grandfather's clock was too tall for the shelf, so it stood for misety years

on the floor," there was a legend of a pestiferous grand-father and a eantankerous old clock which, from the fitful time when "it was bought. on the morn, when the old man was born," it had made his whole life miserable, owing to an incurable habit which the clock had acquired of getting the hands tangled up whenever they attempted to pass.

These serni-occasional stoppages brame of more frequent occurrence as advancing age made the old gentleman more irritable and his feeble hands more incapable of correcting the cranky antics of the balky old timopiece.

Once when the hands came together again and stopped the clock, the old man flew into such an ungovernable passion that he fell down in a fit, stone dead, and it was then

"The clock stopped short, Never to go again, When the old man died."

A photograph of the clock was presented to me, showing the classical figure of a female representing time, and it struck me as remarkable that with the knowledge of the hour and minute hands being together that it should be possible to figure out the exact time at which "the old man died," from the position of the second hand as shown, without having to see the fare of the cluck. The idea of being able to figure out the exact time of day from seeing the second hand alone is very odd, although not so difficult a puzzle as one would imagine.

My second belongs to my first; but my whole has nothing to do with either my first or my second. Hoge-

HIDDEN CITY.

Speaking about the recent cat show, I wish to mention that Uncle Rubens and wife were on here last week, and being interested in such matters, resolved to see if there were any felines on exhibition to compare with their old family cut. By mistake they got into the 200, and, as shown in the puzzle sketch, were surprised at what they saw.

How many of our young puzzlists can discover Aunt Betsey's home, concenled in what she says?





PROPOSITION-Show how to let the two trains pass.

problem for milroadmen, given to illustrate some of the complications of every-day affairs and is based upon the reminiscences

of the days when railroading was in its infancy, before the introduction of double tracks, turn tables or automatic switches. Yet, I am not going back to the days of our greatgood lady who furnished me with the subject matter of this puzzle marked A, B, C or D. based it upon personal experience of what she called "the other day,"

she said :

ways pass, when we found that the I think the confluctor man said the smokestack had got hot and collapsed, so there was no draught to pull it off the track.'

Express, with its collapsed engine, dation train from Wayback, which, down train,

HIS IS A PRACTICAL by some means or other, must pass the stalled train.

no ropes, poles, flying switches, etc. to get cider. are to be employed; it is a switch puzzle pure and simple, the object being to get the accommodation train past the wreck and leave the most foul. latter train and each of its cars in the position as shown in the sketch, among us who are familiar with the side switch there is but room enough advent of the iron borse, and the for one car or engine, which is also true of the sections of the switch

many times the engineer must re- of Arc's, because they like a hot To tell the story in her own way, verse; that is, change the direction steak better than a cold chop, of his engine to perform the feat. be pushed or rulled along just as if would you say? That heet's all. Limited Express had broken down. it were a car. The cars may be drawn singly or coupled together in When it begins to hum. any required numbers.

The picture shows the Limited given to test your ingenuity and he is hard to get off of her hands. cleverness in discovering the quick-

What is the difference between a lady and an apple? One you The problem being to make the have to get side her to squeeze, two trains pass, it is understood that and the other you have to squeeze

Who is the greatest chickenkiller spoken of in Shakespeare? Macbeth, because he did murder

Why is music cheaper on Sunday than during the week? Because grandfathers, for there are those It is necessary to say that upon the during the week you get it by piece, and on Sunday you get it by the choir.

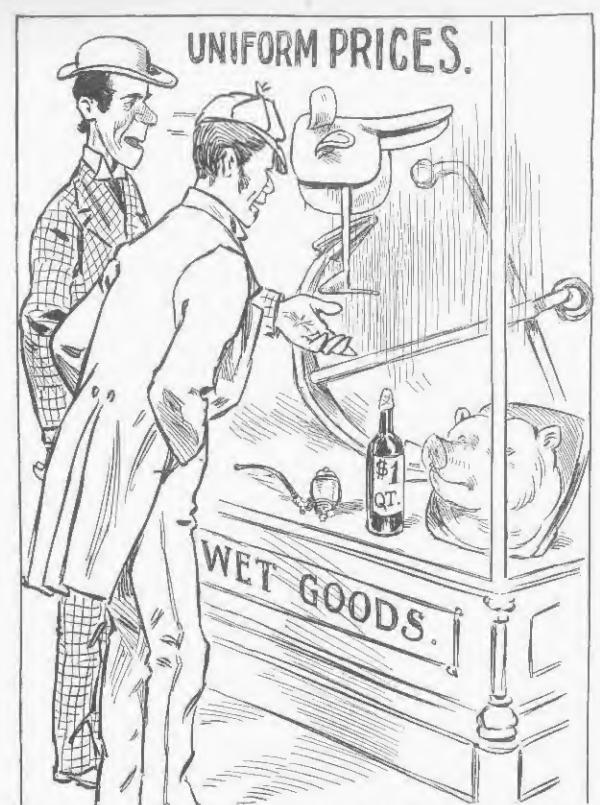
Which death would you prefer The problem is to tell just how Stuart's? Most people prefer Joan

If you were invited out to dinner "We had just arrived at the Of course the broken-down engine and on sitting down to the table switch station, where the trains at- can not be used as a motor, but must saw nothing put a beet, what

When is charity like a top?

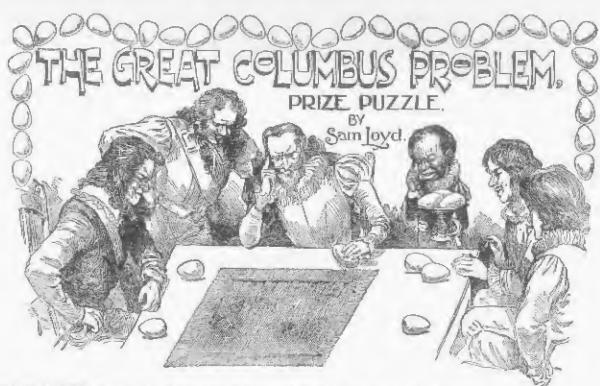
Why is a man sometimes like The problem complies with the dough? Not because a woman ordinary rules of practice and is needs (kneads) him, but because

Why are a dead duck and a dead and the approach of the accommo- est possible way to pass the broken doctor alike? Because the" have both stopped quacking.



PROPOSITION-How can you tell the price of every article exhibited in the window?

Speaking about the crude, not to say almost primitive ways they have of conducting business at the Klondike, out mutual friend Jones, I assume that every one knows Jones-who has just returned, tells me that they are great sticklers for "uniform prices," as they term it. Jones says- and you can see veracity stamped all over his face-that you can look into any store window and tell the price of every article, whether marked or not. In proof of the assertion he showed me the accompanying picture, and told what every article would be worth, if charged for according to the "uniform price system."



PROPOSITION Explain how Columbus showed his egg trick.



upon which the cavaliers were wont shown how!' to bet so recklessly, mention was made of the sport of laying eggs upon a cloth. Here possibly was the true solution of the Columbus egg story, which despite its clever moral has always seemed too tame for such a fierce period. I saw that there was a pretty principle involved and present it as a clever souvenir of the fifteenth Century, which differs from ordinary tricks and puzzles in that it calls for ingenious and original lines of thought instead of experimental methods. As a matter of fact, in place of a practical demonstration, our puzzlists are merely called upon to exercise their wits in suggesting the best theory or principle whereby to solve the problem, for a clever person should guess the puzzle from the picture.

It is simply a game to be played between two opponents placing eggs alternately upon a square napkin in order to see who can win by placing the last egg. After an egg is placed it must not be moved or toucked by another one, but as the size of the napkin or the eggs, as well as the variable distances which

RECENTLY CAME importance, it would look as if the across a vividly written question of placing the last egg was. My hoarding first's no miser, you decsription of the fif- a matter of luck or chance, and yet teenth century craze for the winning trick, as the great navigambling, wherein gator remarked, "is the essiest among other games of skill or change thing in the world when you are Should you grammarians, not con-

A CHARADE.

When whole what sweetness I exhale.

Beheaded, numbers use me, Restore my head, and take the tail, To dress but few refuse me. Ans. 16, 9, 14, 11,

A REBUS.

Complete I'm an eastern trading

Curtall, and of poems I form a part, Again curtail, and you'll quickly see, Because it's a debt o' natur (deto-Affected phrases and tones in me: Curtail once more, and I stand reveal'd

A welcome guest in the harvest Cypher Ans. 3, 1, 14, 20, 15, 14.

A CHARADE.

My first's a public kind of carriage; My second oft results from marriage; My whole is useful all alow,

Cypher Ans. 3, 1, 18, 16, 5, 20.

Why is a fretfu man like a hard-

A CHARADE.

will own .

My next's a portion of each lady's

test with this,

A different kind of definition wish, Tis here, -an article my first you'll

My next a pronoun of the plural kind,

When pious thoughts your hearts with warrath inspire.

Sweet bursts my whole from every sacred choir.

Ans. 1, 14, 20,-8, 5,13, and 1, 14 -20, 8, 5, 13.

Why is a fire-cracker like death? mater);

A CHARADE.

I am a dome With pretty name; But once curtail, And I'm a male.

The answer to this charade might be her, hen, lady, or sultana, but there is a better word, so try and find it. We might also reverse the prop-Though kicked and trampled any- osition and say; there is a word of feminine gender, curtail it and it becomes a feminine one.

Why are feet like olden tales? may occur between them, is of no baked loaf? Because he is crusty. Because they are leg-ends (legends).



undrums and that class of wit-sharpeners, I wish

of wit-sharpened Slow-

pop missed his apportunity and got himself disliked. He was enjoying

a tandem ride with a charming

young lady the other day, and, get-

ting caught in that terrific storm.

they were compelled to seek the

Just to keep the conversation

Cholly, who is a collegian, said

from lagging, the young lady asked

Cholly why it is that stolen kisses

that he supposed it was due to the

natural perversity of human nature,

and not to any extra sweetness in the mere performance of the oscu-

are considered the sweetest.

shelter of a tree.

latory process, and proceeded to quote "Professor Huxley on the inherent desires for things which are supposed to be unattainable," which did not interest the young lady, who changed the conversation by asking why they were both like a tempting piece of imit she discovered on the tree. Cholly thought is was a quince, and moralized upon it from that standpoint. Then she asked him if he could tell what kind of animals tell from the clouds, and he said that frogs were supposed to come down that way. Then the young ludy said they might as well ride home in the rain, which they did, in silence.

Believing that there were better enswers to the last two communities. elever readers to tell Cholly Sluwpop what he should have replied.

Those who have met me do not wish

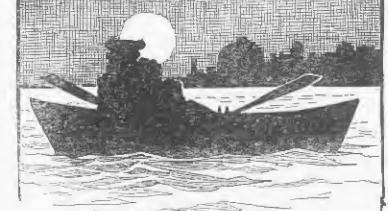
Those who have met me do not wish to lose me,

Those who gain me have me no langer? Lawsuit.

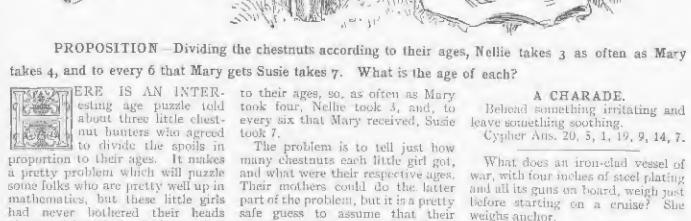
If you meet a pig in lears, what animal's name might you mention to it? Pork you pinel

HIDDEN NAME.

To give our class in concealed geography a very simple lesson we will take a look at the following peaceful scene. We do not find a hidden city in the description of this picture, nevertheless our clever puzzlists who are up in geography can locate the scene properly.



Drifting with the stream they fear no danger.



The problem is to tell just how about arithmetical problems; they parents could not so readily figure did not even take the trouble to us- out the other part of the probler certain that they had gathered in which the little tots have solved all 770 chestouts; they just pro- mentally or practically without penceeded to divide them up according eil or paper.

A CHARADE. Believed something irritating and leave something soothing. Cypher Ans. 20, 5, 1, 19, 9, 14, 7.

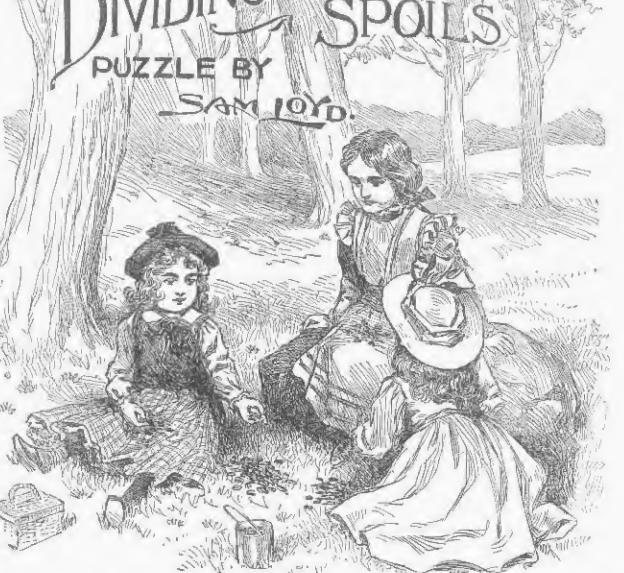
What does an iron-clud vessel of war, with four melies of steel plating and all its guns on board, weigh just before starting on a chiise? She weighs anchor.

Why is a sick cagle flying like a robbery? Because it's an ill engle (ilegal) proceeding.

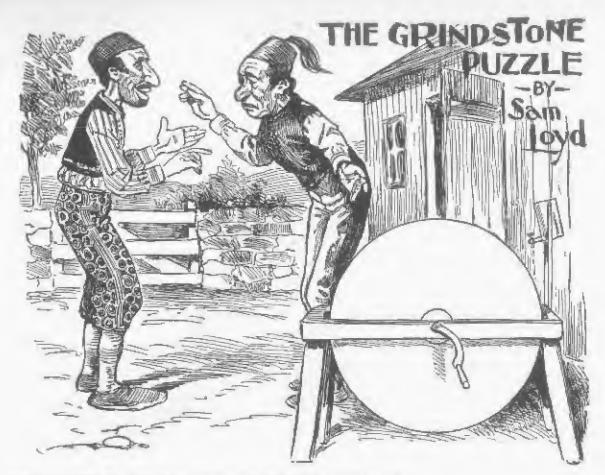
What beats a good wife? A had



PROPOSITION - Show how Cholly Slowpop slipped a cog.



171



PROPOSITION -Show how to use up half of the grindstone.

to the following little little grindstone puzzle given just to show that the great bugaboo of squaring the circle can be explained and taught in a simple way, so as to be of inestimable service in the ordinary workshop.

It is told that two honest Syrians pooled their issues and bought a grindstone, but as they lived several miles apart, they agreed that the elder man should keep the grindstone stone until he had reduced it in size just one-half, when it should be turned over to the other.

The grindstone was exactly 22 inches in diamter, with a 3 1-7 hole in the center for the shaft, as shown in the picture. What would be the size of the stone when given to the second owner?

Hoch Der Kaiser.

To familiarize our young folks with the geography of the world, they are presented with another lesson in hidden cities. They are asked to discover in the description of the picture the locality of a noted city, where I remember to have seen Prince Henry

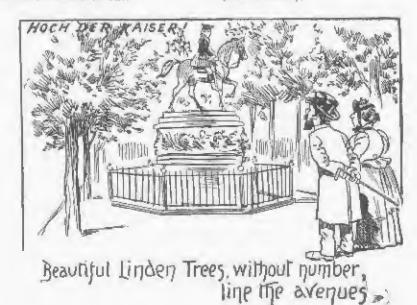
E CALL ATTENTION riding in state with the royal family, to the following little followed by a great multitude shoutlittle grindstone puzzle ing "Huch der Kniser!" which, as given just to show that you all know, means "Hurrah for the great bugaboo of the Emperor!"

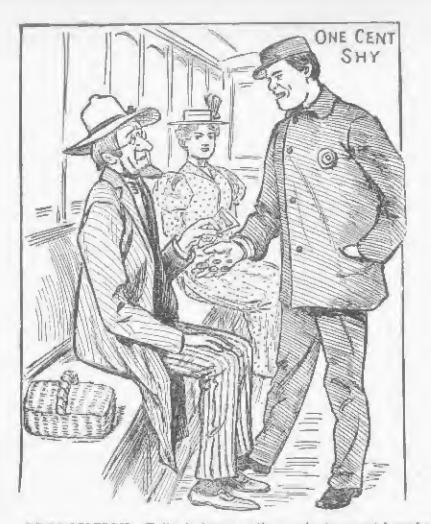
Which dress lasts a lady the longest? Her house dress, because she never wears it out.

Why should a disabled sailor go into business in a small way? Because he cannot be a whole sailor.

Why is an old batchelor always in the right? Because he is never mis-taken.

When is a young lady not a young lady? When she's a sweet tart (sweet heart).





PROPOSITION -Tell what money the conductor must have had.



WAS RIDING IN A car the other day when I saw a fidgety old gentleman paying his form with a one dollar bill.

The conductor had only 94 cents, but could not make the situation clear to the nervous old gentleman. Can you throw some light on the transaction by telling what money the conductor must have had?

CHARADE.

My first may be borne by some sorrowful back,

Which adds to his cares, and the sores on his back;

But ah! should be feel all the weight of my second, His misery, nearly complete, may be

reckoned;
My whole often adds to your pleasure or pest;

No more need I say—you'll soon find the rest,

Cypher Ans. 16, 1, 3, 11, 1, 7, 5.

When does a man cease to become a man? When he turns into a lane.

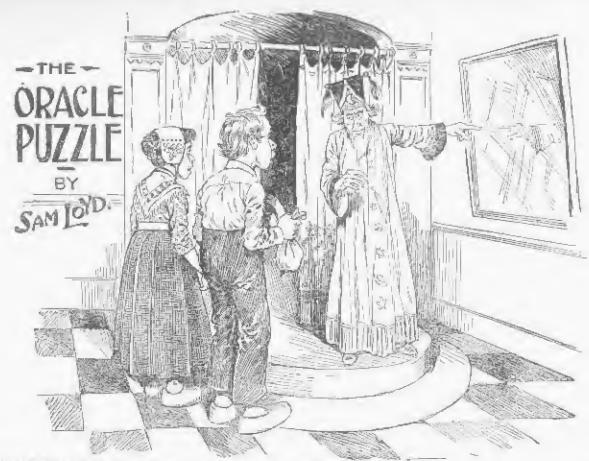
What is the difference between an anction and sea-sickness? One is the sale of effects, the other the effects of a sail,

What is the difference between a blind man and a sailor in prison? One cannot see to go out and the other can't go out to sea.

One Thing at a Time.

I am reminded of a simule vachting puzzle which was sprang upon me the other day during a conversation with one of the visiting vachtsmen. I was invited to inspect the Shamrock, and in reply to casual comment upon the fact that the yachtsmen could not be drawn into an expression of views regarding the merits of the boats, my friend remarked: "You do not understand us Britishers; we are not so tacitum. as you suppose but an Englishman has a habit of doing but one thing at a time, while you Americans do a dozen things at once. An Englishman never talks while he eats or smokes, while with you it is looked upon as the most favorable time for conversation. I remember being on a cruise with Sir Thomas," he added, "when we smoked for two hours without saying a word, and as long as we had tobacco we smoked in silence." I made a note of the incidest for our young puzzlists, and will ask them to discover the locality eleverly concealed in the remark.





PROPOSITION-How large will their flocks became?

HE IMPLICIT FAITH mystery about the words of the which the ancient Greeks oracle, nevertheless it seemed to be Romans and Egyptians understood by the peasants that placed in the oracles of their gods can best be those who mastered the problem, appreciated when we realize that so we present it for the consideration

from the declaration of a war down of our puzzlists, to the trading of a cow, no transaction of any kind whatever was undertaken without the advice and approbations of the oracles. In the famous painting of Zeus (Jupiter) at Dodona, two peasants are shown to be consulting the oracle about some trifling affair, and are directed in a commanding way towards a mirror of polished steel.

To illustrate the overwhelming importance and dignity, or rather of mystery with which things of insignificance were surrounded, the puzzle sketch is given as showing two poor peasants who wish to know whether the great Jupiter will smile auspiclously upon the purchase of a little lamb and goat!

"They shall increase," said the oracle, "until the sheep multiplied by the goats show a product which, reflected in the sacred mirror will show the number of the entire flock!" There is a certain ambiguity and

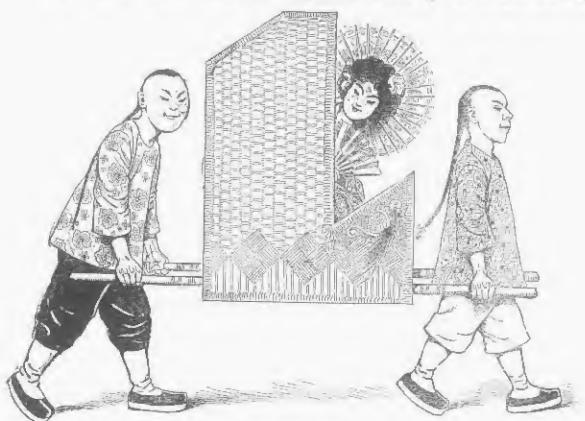
prizes would be distributed among

How to swailow a door. Bolt it

Juvenile Criss-Cross Puzzle Here is another missing-word o "neck-tie puzzle" as it might be termed, for the young folks to ponder over. Find a word which when placed in the vacant space on the bow, by being read twice makes the sentence correct by going around the circle.



THE SEDAN CHAIR PUZZLE.



PROPOSITION-Show how to close the sedan chair.

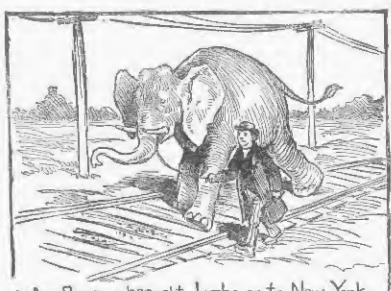
Kingdom, "one soon gets used to to milrouding. being carried around in a sedan chair, which is far more comfortable and expeditious than a back. These chairs are made of rattan wicker work and remind you very much of those little Chinese puzzle boxes, made of colored straws so cleverly put together that you cannot discover where they are joined together"-all of which is very suggestive of a clever puzzle, for those sedan chairs will close up so as to make a covered box when it rains, and yet the closest examination will not detect where the pieces are joined. To illustrate the puzzle you are asked to cut the sedan chair into the fewest possible pieces, which will fit together and form a perfect square, so that the men will appear to be carrying a closed box.

What is a young lady who refuses wan? Much too "so ing.

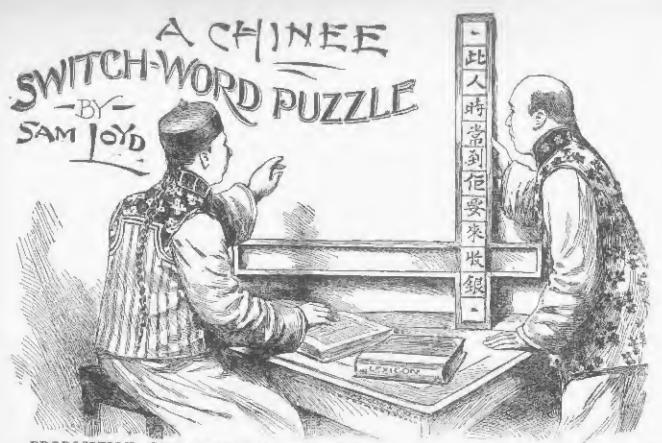
TPEAKING ABOUT Students of concenied geography the modes of conveyance are given an opportunity to find the in China," says a writer locality from whence Barnum was who has spent the most once compelled to lead an obstinate

What is the difference between a spendthrift and a pillow? One is hard up, the other is soft down!

Which is the most difficult river of his life in the Flowery elephant which had taken a distake to cross? The Arno, because there Arno boats there!



When Barnum brought Jumbo on to New York.



PROPOSITION-Select a twelve letter word and change its position in the fewest number of moves.

esting word puzzle built upon the lines of my old ing from top downwards spell a cor- that more trouble is brewing." rect word. The puzzle is to slide them about in a groove so as to make the word read correctly from the left to the right.

It will be readily understood that any twelve-letter word may be employed to solve the puzzle, but that every word will produce different results, so that some words will be better than others, and it is largely a matter of luck and experiment to see who can hit upon the hest word which will solve the puzzle in the fewest possible number of manipulations.

More Trouble.

I will ask our young puzzlists to discover the locality of another matter which seems to be very perplexing. I was reading about the opinions of a returned missionary, for many years a resident in China, who says: "The Boxers really had but little to do with the recent disturbances. The Orientals, as a class,

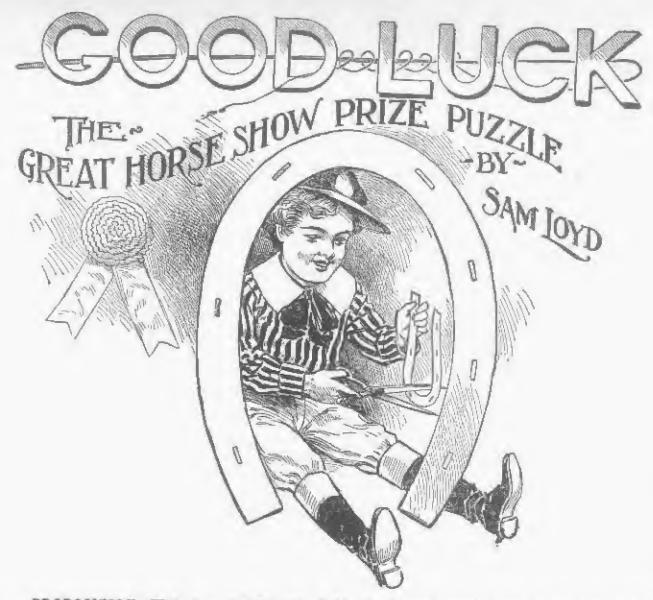
FIERE IS AN INTER- are so extremely ignorant and super- which he makes this prediction, it there is supposed to be attributed to the influence of evil 14-15 puzzle, in that is liable to incite a riot, which, being a letter placed upon each of the demons, is liable to lead to massa-

From the positive manner in pective rebellion.

stitious that any little incident like is safe to say that he has inside inthe stealing of an apple by a monkey formation about somebody's monkey having stolen an apple, so I shell ask our juvenile puzzlists to pender over the descriptive sentence twelve moveable blocks, which read- cres and rebellion. I am certain of the picture in hopes of discovering the concealed locality of the pros-



"Mama, the monkey ate my apple, core and all."



PROPOSITION-With two straight cuts divide the horseshoe into seven pieces, with one nail hole in each piece.



puzzle based upon the goblin story of "The Golden Horse-shoe,"

cut into seven pieces, with a nail hole in each piece, by two strokes of a sword, and how the seven pieces were then suspended by ribbons around the necks of the seven children, as lucky talismans.

It is to be assumed that after giving the first cut the pieces may be piled up before giving the second blow, so as to divide those first pieces again, but the cuts must be straight and there must be no folding or bending of the paper. I showed the puzzle to a clever little jockey at the recent Horse Show. He made a cut divided it into three pieces; then makes him hold his jaw.

ERE IS A SOUVENIR by laying them together, by the second cut he succeeded in getting A selfish, idle race are we six meces. The trick, however, is to get the seventh piece, and while it is really a simple puzzle it is sufficiently interesting to call for some little study,

After you have solved the puzzle as stated, you are invited to try a second stipulation of the problem which is more difficult to discover. In how many pieces can the horseshoe be divided by two straight cuts?

Because it contains many currants, noise.

What street in London puts vou in mind of a tooth which has pained you for a long time? Long Acre.

A REBUS.

And sots in us their image see: But place the head upon the tail, And when we're advertised for sale, Ye sons of luxury, beware! Destruction spreads a tempting

Cypher Ans. 19, 23, 9, 14, 5,

What kind of essence does a young man like when he pops the question? Acqui-escence.

What is that which by losing an Why is a plum cake like the ocean? eye has nothing left but a nose? A

Why are the makers of the Armstrong gun the most dishonest persons in Her Majesty's service? Be-Why does an aching tooth impose cause they rifle all the guns, forge paper horse-shoe, and with the first silence on the sufferer? Because it the materials, and steel all the gun breeches.



PROPOSITION-How would you cut this gingerbread dog's head into two pieces of the same shape?



MERE IS A PRACTICAL problem in simple division which is calculated young puzzlists for the

reason that it will not yield to ordinary arithmetic. You see, Toodles has received the present of a gingerbread dog's head and is told that she must divide the same evenly with her little brother. In her anxiety to be fair and equitable in the matter she wishes to discover some way to divide the cake into two pieces of equal shape and size.

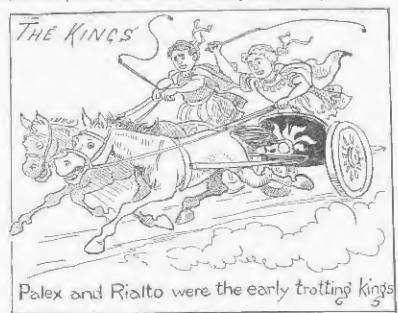
How many of our elever puzzlists can come to her assistance by showing how the dog's head may be divided into equal halves?

My first makes company, My second shuns company, My third assembles company, My whole puzzles company, Co-nun-drums.

Name that which with only one eye put out has put a nose left?

presents two ancient and famous scene of their prowess hidden in the to haffle some of our racers, so the problem is for our description of the picture.

young friends to discover something Our study in concealed geography about their pedigree by finding the



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Fritz, the calculating barber, claims to have given a first-class shave and hair cut, including bay um and conversation in the record time of fifteen minutes. The International Association, however, refuses to accept the same as an official record because the kodak view, as shown does not give the position of the hands on the clock. Both Fritz and his patron maintain that they noticed that at the end of the feat, the minute hand was just as far ahead of the hour hand as it was behind it when he commenced! Cannot some of our clever schoolchildren come to the rescue and show just where the hour and minute hands must have been when the job was completed?

A REBUS.

My first is found in the ocean wave, As well in the pit and the mine; My second below the surface we have Where never the sun can shine, My whole the festal board to grace

But seldom fails to find a place. Cypher Ans. 19, 1, 12, 20, 3, 5, 12, 12, 1, 18,

When is a baby like a breakfast cup? When it's a tea thing (teething).

Why does a baby boy always receive a hearty welcome in a family? Because it never comes a-miss.

What kind of medicine does an Irishman take for a scotling wife? He takes an elixir (he takes and he licks her).

When is a sailor like a corpse? When he is in the shrouds.

When is a sick man a contradiction? When he is an impatient patient.

What does an artist like to draw best? His salary.

Why does a man think of his mother's slippers when he handles the lines behind a fine, well-matched pair of horses? Because they are such a spanking pair.

Why is a committee of inquiry like a cannon? It makes a report,

A REBUS.

My first's an ugly insect, My next an ugly brute: My whole an ugly phantom Which naught can please or suit.

Cypher Ans. 2, 21, 7, 2, 5, 1, 18.

What is more wonderful than a horse that can count? A spelling

Why are taliest people she laziest? Because they are always longer in bed thun oshers.

How can hunters find their game in the woods? By listening to the race with a policeman. bark of the trees.

Here is a study in concealed geography which illustrates an incident in the early career of Russel Sage, when he seized the opportunity of working his way eastward by leading a mule along the tow path. It is said that it suddenly dawned upon him that it was a case of a donkey leading a donkey, for if he had to walk he might as well do it without leading another donkey, so he struck out for himself at a certain point, which will be found in his description of the sketch.

CONCEALED GEOGRAPHY.

85. That little brat is bonneted with a stocking,

86. A surveyor, looking at the debris, told me the wreck was fear-

87 Sacred music owes much of its success to the opera.

88. Let no woman or man dye their lair. (Province.)

89. Several banian trees were required to shelter the Fakir of Ava.

(Country.) 90. It is said that Nepos tended bar at Rome.

91 One lie generally necessitates

92. Men are rained through entertainments of too great magnifi-

93. If you want an answer from a daw, ask a question. Caw, caw,

94. You must hang in the hall a brad or tack to put hats on. (Coun-

95. A mud dog ran a dangerous

96. The ill-fated to was changed, by Jano's jealousy, to a heifer,

97. Let me use my own means. (River.)

98. France has been our ally on several occasions.

99. Man is a creature of a day. 100. France is treacherous, but Prussia umy perhaps be trusted.

101 Never is error long triumphant, (River,)

Spell one word with the letters: Great belps. (Telegraphs.)





tower

In olden days great was my power,

Oft have I saved the embattled

Transpose me, ah how great my fall,

am then the smallest of the small,

To give the young folks a chance

to exercise their ingenuity, it may

be said that Dauber, the artist, is

back from Europe, where he has

been studying the old masters. He

brought a portfolio of paintings

which bear witness to his industry,

but when he showed me a picture of

painted it, I said Dusseldorf at once.

for I have seen a class of twenty

sketching that same picture at the

How many of our puzzlists can

From the invading foe:

And lowest of the low,

Ans. 13, 15, 1, 20,

A simple but interesting problem developed from a thrilling adventure which befell me during my ascent of the pyramids. The guide, as you may observe, was armed with a sword for the purpose of slaying any lions which might come our way, and it was stipulated that I was to have the skins from any we might capture. We were just preparing to climb the smaller of the Cheops when one of the beasts which infest that neighborhood came in view. I hastened to the top to place my belongings in safety, taking five steps at a time, my guide six, and the lion seven. The situation is somewhat complicated, as the sketch shows that none of the measure- a deer sketched from life, and offered ments will bring any one of the to bet I could not guess where he parties to the exact summit. Nevertheless, despite the fact of the lower steps being out of view, you will find sufficient data to estimate the exact Academy, many moons before he height of that little pyramid.

I may say incidentally, that the rascally guide whom I instructed discover the locality of the scene of to save the lion's skin while I de- the painting concealed in the deposited my belongings in safety scription. must have stolen the same, as I never saw him again.

A REBUS,

Let go! let go! you naughty first, In my gown you'll cause my second.

And make my wrath impetuous As my whole is ever reckoned. Ans. 3, 21, 18, 18, 5, 14, 20,

A CHARADE.

In Africa once, delighting to range, On the tail of my owner I sped But now I adorn, oh wonderful change. Instead of the tail, a new owner's head.

Ostrich feather.

Why does a railway official punch a hole in your ticket? To let you through.

A REBUS.

Entire I am capital; curtail me and I am capital still, but behead and transpose me and I am looking for capital. Ans. 6, 21, 14, 4.

A CHARADE.

My first is four-sixths of a step that is long.

My second a person of state; My whole is a thing that is known to be wrong.

And is a strong symptom of hate. Cypher Ans. 19, 20, 18, 9, 11, 9, 14, 8.

A REBUS.

My first when in a circle found, Betakes to whirling round and round My second, elevated high, Calmly surveys the passer by; My friendly whole acts like a brother Not for himself, but for another. Cypher Ans. 19, 16, 15, 11, 5, 19, 13, 1. 14.

If I were to bite off the end of your nose what would the magistrate compel me to do? Keep the peace (piece).

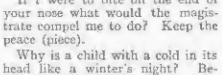
head like a winter's night? Because it blows, it snows (its nose).

ried people like the noise of the waves on the shore? Because they are the murmurs of the tied (tide).

When is a lover like a tailor? When he presses his suit.

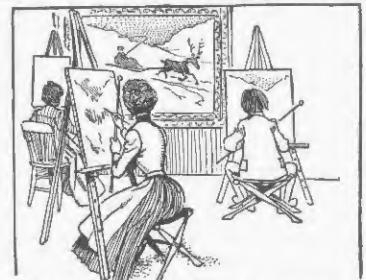
How many peas would you suppose there are in a pint? One P.

Why is a man committing murder like a hen walking across the street?

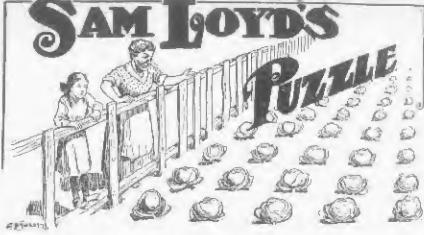


Why are the complaints of mar-

Because it's a foul proceeding.



Art class (at Dusseldorf) in landscape painting



a simple but instructive one, Mrs. Wiggs is explaining to Lovey Mary that she has a larger square cabbage patch now than she had last year, and will therefore have 211 more cabbages.

How many of our mathematical experts and agriculturists can estimate upon Mrs. Wigg's crop of cabbage heads so as to get a line upon the Saurkraut Trust?

A CHARADE.

On the casement pane the wind beat high,

Never a star was in the sky; All Kenneth Hold was wrapt in gloom,

And Sir Evererd slept in a haunted room.

I sat and sang beside his bed; Never a single word I said, Yet did I scare his slumber;

And a fitful light on his eye full glistened. And his cheeck grew pale as he lay

and listened, For he thought and he dreamed that

the fiends and javs Were reckoning o'er his fleetingdays, And telling out their number.

Was it my second's ceaseless tone? On whose small hand he laid his own-

The hand which trembled in his

Was crushed by his convulsive clasp. Sir Everard did not fear my first. He had seen it in shapes that men deem worst,

In many a field and flood; Yet, in the darkness of his dread, His tongue was parched-his reason

And he watched, as the lamp burned low and dim.

To see some phantom, great and

Come dabbled o'er with blood.

In this odd little puzzle, which is Sir Everard kneeled, and strove to pray,

He prayed for the light of early day, Till terror checked his prayer; And ever I muttered clear and well, "Click, click," like a tolling bell. Till, bound in fancy's magic spell,

Sir Everard fainted there! Aus. Death-watch.

A REBUS.

Without my first, I'd have you know My beard a frightful length would

Discordant noises from my next Might make you feel annoyed and vexed:

My whole's the best-you need not bed to tuck him in. doubt it,

For he's a rogue who is without it. Cypher Ans. 8, 15, 14, 5, 19, 20, 25

Here is an opportunity for the concealed geography class to display cleverness in discovering the locality of the scene depitced in the sketch, bring my whole. Boot-jack.

A REBUS.

Of my first, very often, in triumph you boast;

My next, when beloved, is sometimes your toast.

As gaily the glass passes round. In my whole the fair ladies do always delight.

And with youth, rank and fash on, both morning and night, I may certainly always be found. Cypher Ans. 6, 5, 1, 20, 8, 5, 18,

A CHARADE.

A source of joy my first may be. Or of acutest agony; With my second it is said The innocent are oft betraved: My whole when exquisitely sweet With sparkling beauties is replete. Ans. 19, 15, 14, 14, 5, 20.

A REBUS.

Within my first is often placed, What from my next is taken; And both are usefully employed,

To cook your beef and bacon! My whole you'll find-no matter when.

The first production of your pen. Ans. 16, 15, 20, 8, 15, 15, 11.

Why is an oyster an anomoly? Because he grows a beard without a chin, and you take him out of his

Tell us the difference between a good and a bad oyster? One is a native, the other is most certainly a Settler!

I called to my second, requesting him to clean my first, before which it was necessary that he should



to this world in 1853. This was in the olden slavery days, but the bloody war that liber-

ated so many others brought no such boon to me. I have served many masters and, though it may not become me to say so, I have always been good and as efficient as my natural limitations would permit, for, proudly showed me to her companalthough I was not deformed, I was considerably smaller than others of my family. Though I always did my duty fatihfully, such is the world's ingratitude that few of my masters hesitated to get rid of me.

Southern planter who spent most of his time in barrooms. He was an inveterate gambler. He took me with him to a salloon one day. He had been losing heavily and was in a bad temper. He tried to vent his spleen on me, and seizing me, threw me up into the air so I landed on my head while the stars danced about me. I turned tail at this, and left him casting my lot in with one of his companions who seemed to be less of a brute. But it wasn't long before he got rid of me to a tramp. My new master and I became very much attached to each other, and though we led a roving life, sleeping in barns and empty freight cars, I always had as much to eat as I required, and I felt sure that there must be many who were not a quarter as well off as I would who envy my lot. But my contentment was not to last long, for a few days later he traded me off for a pipe. Think of it, a mere wooden pipe! I grieved at what I then considered heartlessness, but contact with the world has since rubbed off all sentimentality and other ear-marks of youth.

I will not weary you with a history of all my wanderings. Suffice it to say, after many vicissitudes I reach reached New York, where I entered the service of a lady who kept a boarding house. I didn't stay long with her, for after a day or two she gave me to the butcher.

He got rid of me soon to a little girl whom her mother had sent for sausage, and I must confess I was not sorry to make the change, for my new owner had a kind face. When she brought me home ber mother said that she might keep me for her very own and I began to hope that my roving life had come to an end. My chief objection was that she kept me in a dark closet in her room. I wondered if there were any

WAS USHERED IN. brighter quarters in the house, but if there were I never got a chance to see them, for I was kept a prisoner in this narrow cell where the only glimpse of light I got was when my little mistress opened the door to be constant in-O plebeian! get out one of the many dresses that hung about me. But one day when she was giving a party to her girl friends she brought me out and ions. Immediately I became an forget the baby. object of envy and one little girl more eager than the rest to own me offered her bracelet for me which I am very sorry to say my little mistress accepted. But my new pos-The first one I remember was a sessor was like all the rest, she parted with me without a twinge, and I shall never forget my feelings when she passed me one day in a dry goods store while out shopping without even giving me a second look. I am tired of this world, but ing to the sea! there is no help for me. I came from a long fived family and there seems to be no end to any of us. If I prayed to Fate to put an end to me I wonder if I would be refused.

A REBUS.

In fruitful field my first they grew, My busy next there labored too: A hardy race my whole you'll find, To husbandry and peace inclined. Cypher Ans. 16, 5, 1, 19, 1, 14, 20, 19.

Our class in concealed geography is asked to discover the hidden localtiy of a little incident which occurred when the much-married Brigham Young endeavored to escort his bevy of wives past a display But for one liquid, ne'er had left of spring millinery.

CONCEALED GEOGRAPHY.

Here is a collection of hidden cities, etc., for the juvenile class to discover in the sentences.

1. There is one thing you should

2. The Empress Regent thinks she is a Maria Theresh,

3. Old wine, old books, old friends are the best.

4. Jump on, are you all on, don't

5. He used a new preparation for 6. They say that our small dog is

dead. 7. I galloped to Lynn and met

Zecharialı galloping back. 8. Lord Bacon was a great thinker muny years ago

9. King Alfred, in burgher cloths, burnt the cakes.

10. O mighty Tiber, gently flow-

11. No knowledge, no attainments, can take the place of good-

12. The Crown Prince can even balk a Napoleon.

13. The amber lining of her coat was all faded.

A REBUS.

Here is an odd rebus which everyone cannot see through even when knowing the answer to be the letter

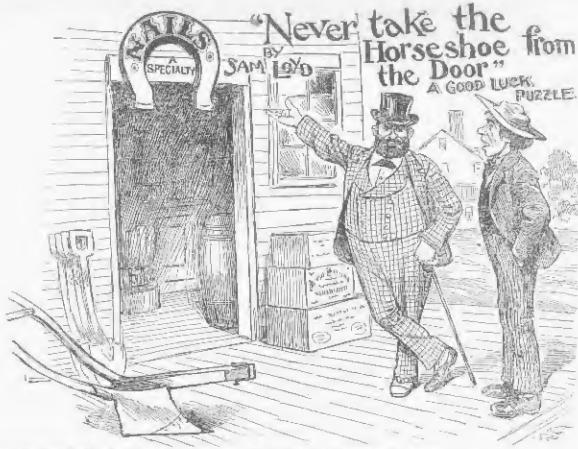
Whether old Homer tippled wine or

Julep or cider, history is not clear; But strange it is-the bard, though wont to ream,

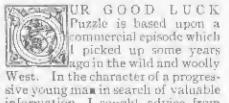
home.



Brigham led anything but a happy life there!



PROPOSITION-Evolute Pants into Nails in the fewest changes.



information. I sought advice from the local magnate of the town, who had amassed a considerable fortune in the hardware business. The secret the best answers. I heard afterof success, he told me, was to take some one specialty and stick to it until you were king pin in that line.

I told him I had amassed seven cents, and was greatly puzzled as to the best plan for making a fortune out of it. He replied that it was a good puzzle, and advised me to stick to puzzles all my life, and never flatter myself that I had brains suited for anything else. And here I am.

In proof of this theory, he said that many years before, a tailor had built this store, and put the golden horseshoe over the door with Pants as the specialty. In five years he retired worth a million, and a liquor dealer took the store and by the changing of a single letter made Pints his specialty. Then come a florist, a jeweler, a plumber, a drug-

JR GOOD LUCK gist, a notary, a mason, an undertaker, a grocer, a shipbuilder and commercial episode which then the present specialist in Nails. Each man in rotation had changed but a single letter at a time. I have forgotten some of the different trades and professions, but our puzzlists are so clever in helping me out of just such dilemmas that I have concluded to offer prizes for ward that Abraham Lincoln took the store and that it has gone through half a dozen changes since, ite. in each and every case the incumbent retiring with fame and fortune.

How many can discover the sequences of changes of one letter at a time?

What female recluse is that whose names reads backwards and forwards the same? Nun.

What lady-like appelation reads backwards and forwards the same? Madam.

What time of the day spells forwards or backwards the same?

Why should fishermen become wealthy? Because their business which is all net profits, makes them

What has the baby got that apells forwards and backwards the same? Bib.

Wherein lies the difference between man and butter? The older a man gets the weaker he grows. but the older the butter is the stronger it becomes.

When did Caesar visit the Irish? When he crossed the Rhine and went back to bridge it (Bridget).

What light could not possibly be seen in a dark room? An Israel-

Why is the Queen only a poor gentlewoman? She possesses but one crown.

Why is the letter B like a hot fire? Because it makes oil boil. Why is an invalid healed by ocean

bathing like a confined criminal? Because he is sea-cured (secured). When does a public speaker steal

lumber? When he takes the floor. Why is the letter A like a honeysuckle? Because a B follows it.

When are two tramps like common time in music? When they are two heats to a har.

Why is a ferry boat like a good rule? Because it works both ways. What is always behind time? The back of a clock





in which Alexander the Great, competing in a puzzle contest, proceeded Gordian-knot!" to make himself the umpire, and awarded the prize for his solution, which was as absurd as it was unfair. He established a dangerous precedent and encouraged a kind of tinet to this day, as we often find young Alexanders, who would like to solve puzzles according to their own notions and capture prizes after the manner of pirates.

countryman, who raised sheep and and is known in history as the ploughboy king. It is told that when he assumed the scentre he tied his former implements with what is known in history as the Gordian knot, but in such a peculiar way that the knots could not be unfastened and the oracles proclaimed that

whoever could natic them would become the Emperor,

Alexander the Great, it is told. success, drew his sword and cut the all agree that the cord was so fixed two-and one smelt.

late day it would be im- common sense way to get a thing the implements of husbandry were possible to correct the when you want it." Strange that tied to a staple in the temple of the great injustice done to those familiar with the story and its gods. I have taken Lattimer's poor Gordina, neverthe- contemptible climax indorse it with less, as true blue puzzlists we can a certain air of assumed pride when have been tied separately, and I accondemn the high-handed manner they have surmouted some difficulty cept his reference to the pruning and exclaim: "I have cut the shears as being worthy of special

According to historians and all writers on the subject the puzzle was a fair and legitimate one, and so accurately and minutely described that many attempts have been made scissors. puzzle brigandage which is not ex- to picture it, and some curious and vented by imitators of Gordius. I if the solvers followed the methods Gordius was an unsophisticated of Alexander. The only protest cleverness became King of Phrygia, some clever lines which must be of very ancient origin:

By peeping at its answer in a trice-Phrygia.

Tied up his implements of husbandry ander

Did not undo, by cutting it in twain. moving the scissors. In presenting the puzzle, I have made many ineffectual attempts to drawn largely upon encyclopedia untic some of the knots, but finally lore, but have conformed strictly to taking them home found he had becoming enraged at his want of the description as I find it. They three; how was this? He had

intimation that the implements may illustration, and the more especially as it is safe to say that all of our puzzlists can obtain assistance from their fair friends in the matter of accommodation with a pair of

The puzzle is designed especially complicated knots have been in- for the summer outings, and should become popular at the seashore as wonder whether they would be satis- well as at the mountain-resorts. It fied with the answers to their puzzles can readily be solved by patience, perseverance and quiet study. It is a puzzle to be solved in some quiet against the solution to the Gordian nook, "far from the maddening grapes, but who by his extreme knot, which I can recall, were crowd." Get a piece of cord about one yard long, tie the ends together so as to make an endless piece. Take "A puzzle is not solved, impatient any kind of ordinary seissors and arrange the string exactly as shown in the picture, only instead of fas-When Gordius, the plow-boy king of tening the cord through the staple, throw it, like a necklace, over the head of a young lady, seated in a In the far-famed knot, rash Alex- convenient position, who will aid you to win the crown of Asia by re-

A man bought two fishes, but on



Here is a pretty ante-nuptial perplexity picked up during my sojourn in the Old Dart, which is well worth presenting in puzzle form: "Now. Biddy darlint," said an Irish swain. 'ye are so fond of tricks as well as Pat-tricks, I'd like you to riddle me wan that perplexes me entoirely: Wanst, when a week ago last Tuesday was to-morrow, ye said: 'When a day just two fortnights hence will be yesterday, let us get married, as 'twill be just this day nixt month.' Now, Biddy, I have waited just half that time, and ye have waited the same; so, as it is now the 2d of the month, I suggest, if your heart goes 'pitty-Pat,' we might figure out when that wedding day is due."

Who was the most successful financier mentioned in the Bible? Noah, hecause he floatd a builted company when all the rest of the world was in liquidation.

Why is a schoolmaster like the letter C? He forms lasses into classes.

Why is bread like the sun? Because it rises from she yeast. When is a chair like a lady's

dress? When its sat-in. When is a soldier like a watch?

When he is on guard. When does a chair dislike you? When it can't bear you.

Why is a duel quickly managed? Because it takes only two seconds to arrange it.

If I were in the sun and you were out of it what would the sun become! Sin.

What disease are respers subject tol on hot days? A drop-siekle nothing left but a dose? A noise. affection,

Why would an owl be offended at your calling him a pheasant? Because you would be making game of him.

Why is your nose in the middle of your face? Because it is the scenter.

When may two people be said to game alive. be half witted? When they have an understanding between them.

A RIDDLE.

An object for which many thousands do sigh,

A blessing I prove, or a curse; And when to the alter of Hymen you

You take me for better or worse.

I am of both sexes-both husband and wife,

You court me, you love me, you scout me;

I'm the source of much joy, contention and strife.

Yet few can be happy without me.

I travel by land-on the ocean I range,

With the fowls too, I soar in the nir:

I'm constant, I'm fielde-too much given to change,

Therefore when you choose mebeware!

Ans. 13, 1, 20, 5,

A REBUS.

My first is a part of the day. My last a conductor of light, My whole to take measure of time, Is useful by day and by night. Cypher Ans. 8, 15, 21, 18, 7, 12, 1. 19, 19,

What burns to keep a secret? Sealing-wax.

Why is a nobleman like a book? Because he has a title.

Why is a nobleman like a book? Because he has a title,

What class of women are most apt to give tone to society? The bolles. What is that by losing an eye has

Why is a four-quart jar like a layy's side-saddle? Because it holds a gal-on (pallon).

Why are balloons in the air like vagrants? Because they have no visible means of support.

Why is a very amusing man like a bad shot? Because he keeps the

Which is the favorite word with women? The last one.

CONCEALED GEOGRAPHY.

102. The servant, Anna, polishes

103. Fear lest you aim too low.

104. Is Theodore gone already? (Territory.)

105. The power of riches terminates at a certain point.

106. A coon climbed up an upas

107 On the river Volga there lived a man who was scorehed by the Sirocen.

108 A peculiar aroma in every part of this pinzza is observed in the evening, (State.)

109 I have a rough ague.

110 Ask me any question you like like, but I can't answer,

III. Prince Giglio left his love and Bulbo's to Nelly Bly

112 In thy room a harness hangs. 113. Will Robert Douglas go west if I smile sweetly on the Earl?

114. If you put a bat upon a shovel the toads will wink. (Terri-

115. A woman called Miranda named her dog Victoria.

116. In rescaing the soldiers, he found the last one hampered by the

117. I like no liquor so well as Triate Sherry.

118. A woman dressed "a la mode" nature would never recog-

119. Let the glorious King Philip arm a fleet instantly.

120. Having broken my right arm I landed without effecting my pur-

121. A red-fringed Stanhope rug I anticipate by the next steamer. 122. Here, girls,-Mag, Deb,-

urge on the cows. 123. I never could fancy Prussic

acid (Island.) 124. The magnanimous hero bleeds for his country.

125, In scanning, the Pyrchic and lambus are seldom used. (Islanti.)

126, An apple without a core. a pig would not reject.

127. A negro from Congo, Shenstone immortalized in his poetry.

128. A filigree cointure adorned her levely waist (Country.)

129. An over-ripe cucumber never is fit for the ablte.

130. Gerzom was a huge or giant creature of antiquity, (State.)

131. O Catapulti O vast and mighty engine!

132 Let us form a convention to anteliorate the condition of the Chinese:



PROPOSITION Show the good man and his wife how to catch the chickens.



farmer calls it, I have never seen

anything equal to the sport pro-

duced by two obstinate chickens,

from a garden. They neither fly

be out of reach. In fact, when the

would-be captors retreat the chick-

ens become pursuers and follow

sounds of defiance and contempt.

N WATCHING THE were two pet chickens which could in how many moves it is possible to gambols of playful dogs, always be found in the garden ready drive the chickens into such a posikittens and other do- to challenge any one to catch them, tion that both of them are cornered mestic animals we are It reminded one of a game of tag, often impressed by the and was in many respects so like my way they seem to enter into the old "Pigs-in-Clover" that I was spirit of the fun and enjoy the fine continually twitted to "work it points of play, just as human beings into a new puzzle." I have chickens may be captured in the do, and it is easy to detect a certain really concluded to illustrate a appreciation of the sense of humor curious puzzle point suggested by those sportive chickens, which in the exultation over the defeat or mishap of a playmate. But for a otherwise I should never have rollicking exhibition of mischief, or thought of, and which I am satisfied "tantalizing cussedness," as the will worry some of our experts.

The object is to prove in just how many moves the good farmer and his wife could catch the two chickrefusing to be driven or coaxed ens.

The field is divided into sixty-four nor run, but just dodge about, keep- square patches, marked off by the ing close to their pursuers, so as to corn hills. Let us suppose that they are playing a game, moving between the corn rows from one square to another, directly up and close upon their heels, uttering down or right and left.

Play turn about-first let the On a New Jersey farm, where man and woman each move one some city folks were wont to summer square—then let each of the chickmer, chicken-chasing became a ens make a move, and the play conmatter of everyday sport, and there tinues by turns until you find out. When it alights on tulips,

and captured.

Sketch out a diagram containing 49 com hills and show upon it by drawing lines how you believe the shortest possible number of moves.

A CHARADE.

My sportive first bound lightly o'er the lawn;

While my second does its owner's brow_adorn;

The cheering spirit of my whole may prove,

A good Samitaritan thy pains to

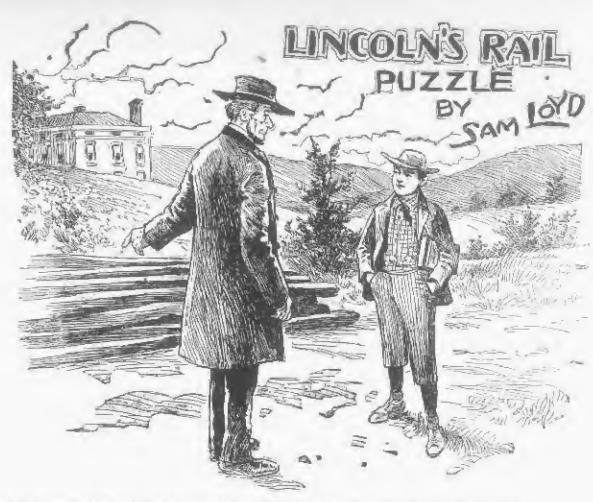
Cypher Ans. 8, 1, 18, 20, 19, 8, 15, 18, 14,

Why is the letter D like a sailor? Because it follows the C.

When is a fowl's neck like a bell? When it is wrung for dinner.

Name the richest child in the world? Rothschild.

When is a butterfly like a kiss?



PROPOSITION-How much land can be enclosed by a dozen sixteen-foot rails?



be more in Lincoln's sults. rail problem than appears on the surface, de-

spite of his well known and accepted of all earthly things? DK. answer "that it all depends upon the length of the rail."

The pith of the proposition turns upon the shape of the land, for, despite the fact of a square being the proper shape, the nearer we get to the form of a circle the greater becomes the economy of fence in proportion to the quantity of land inclosed.

There is an instructive and interesting problem involved, which turns upon employing the shortest possible rails, when the question is to enclose an acre of land by the shortest possible length of fence. In the present problem, however, we will accept a dozen rails of the old standard length of sixteen feet, without making any reduction for lappage.

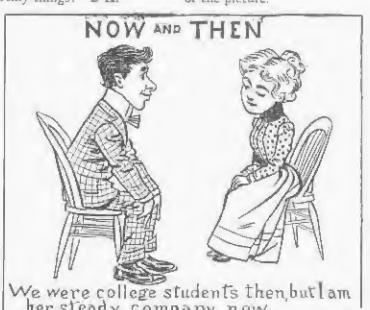
The problem is given as an elementary introduction to the principle of squaring the circle, and presents the same illustration of clusive

WOULD REALLY fractions, which makes it difficult to appear as if there might obtain definite and satisfactory re-

Name in two letters the dstiny

Now and Then.

The class in concealed geography will kindly look for the locality of this illustration of the "old, old story," concealed in the description of the picture.



her steady company now.



Proposition: Show how the Merchant measured the wine and water.



is devoid of catch or quibble, and will sion of the same principle.

A merchant of Bagdad who cawho crossed the desert, was once confronted by the following perplexing receptacle to another as a manipulaproblem: He was visited by the tion? This puzzle is undoubtedly the purchase a store of wine and water. extant, and for many years baffled the he asked that three gallons of wine the least possible number of "moves." be put in the first, three gallons of as the manipulations were then water in the second, and three of termed. By many it has been rewine and three of water mixed in the ferred to as Sam Loyd's greatest third, and that three gallons of water be given to each of the thirteen camels.

As both water and wine, according to Oriental usage, are only sold in puzzle,

COURSE EVERY quantities of an even number of galone is familiar with the lons, the merchant had only a two story of the man with and a four gallon measure wherewith a barrel of honey who to perform a feat which presents some met a customer with a unexpected difficulties; nevertheless, five and a three quart pitcher, without resorting to any trick or dewho wished to purchase four quarts vice, or expedient not pertaining to of honey. It is an interesting case the ordinary measuring problem, as of juggling with the measures, and already referred to, he dispensed the water from a full hogshead, and the serve to explain the accompanying wine from a harrel, in the required puzzle, which is built upon an exten- proportions, without any waste what-

In how few manipulations can the tered to the wants of the pilgrims feat be performed, counting every time that liquid is drawn from one leader of a caravan, who desired to most remarkable problem of its kind Presenting three ten-gallon vessels, puzzlists of the world to reduce to

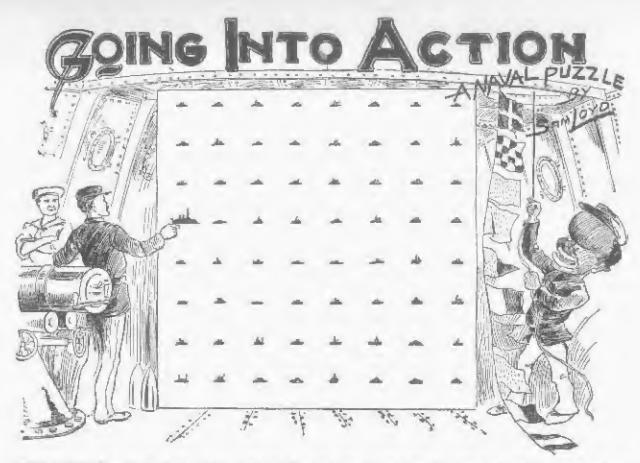
A WORD PUZZLE.

You first write four to equal one, Take one away and still have one; What can be spared may not be theft, So fifty take; vet naught is left.

Same Interesting Palendromes,

- 1. Reverse a mechanical power and have a feast.
- 2. Reverse a twist of thread and have music.
- 3. Reverse one who is diseased and have to resist.
- 4. Reverse a beverage and make it
- 5. Reverse the evil one and have resided.
- 6. Reverse attraction and have a meadow.
- 7. Reverse a female name and be afflicted.
- 8. Reverse a male name and have done wrong.
- 9. Reverse a falsifier and have a
- 10. Reverse a measure and make an opening,
- 11. Reverse a dispostion and form a
- 12. Reverse a liquor and create a crinte.

Answers will be found among the following words: Red rum, liar, door, Dennis, lever, Seton, leper, Inger, devil, draws and doom.



PROPOSITION-Show how the big battleship can run down the sixty-three vessels of the enemy, and return to the starting point, in the fewest possible number of straight dashes.



sketch shows little Cinch running up the signal of battle, which for the benefit of such

as are not familiar with the naval code of signals, will be explained to represent the once famous hattle ery during the American-Spanish war, "Remember the Mainel" The commander is shown to be mapping a capital fellow, came into the out the plan of attack by which he designs to ram and run down the flotilla of the enemy's gunboats, so as to destroy them with the greatest possible dispatch. Commencing at the point occupied by the large battleship, mark out with boats and return to starting point, after making the fewest possible number of "straight" moves, as we would term it in puzzle language.

The Break-Up of the Conundrum Club.

I have always been very partial to conundrums, and am firm in the belief that there are about thirteen million excessively stupid people, who fail to appreciate a

HE ACCOMPANYING joke or anything that is good, who said several; "give us the rest." would have become more entertaining members of society if, in Smith. "When is an apple pie?" their younger days, they had digested coaundrums. But, as I was going to say. I am no longer the president of the Conundrum Club, for the reason that the organization broke up in a row, as follows:

You see, Smith, who at heart is rooms one evening and says: "I've got a good one.

'What is it?" we all queried. "When is an apple pie?" stopped, and every one looked at him expectantly, but said nothing.

one continuous line, the 63 little across the room, "go on. What that an apple was nie when sweetdid you stop there for?"

"Go on? Go on with what?" he asked.

"Why, go on with your conun-When is an apple pie

conundrum?" "When is an apple pie?"

"There isn't any rest," said

When is an apple pie what? you gump?" yelled several from all parts of the room.

"Who said 'apple pie what?"

"You did,"

"I didn't say anything about apple pie what?" You did.

"I didn't; you--"

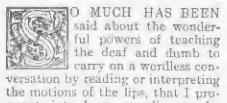
But his remarks were never coneluded, as the whole assembly undertook to eject Smith, who was somewhat of an athlete, and even after the police had restored order "Well," finally queried a man it took several hours to explain ened and dayored and enclosed in crust, but there were too many sore heads to hold the club together after that fateful conundrum.

What is the difference between a "That's what I said," replied cat and a comma? A cat has its claws at the end of its paws, while Yes, we know; but what is the a comma its pause at the end of a

When is a boat like a heap of "There is no sense in that," snow? When it is adrift,



PROPOSITION-Guess the names of the twelve boys!



pose to introduce a startling puzzle. which will at first appear almost

incredible.

Here is a class of a dozen boys, who, being called up to give their names were photographed by the nstantaneous process just as each one was commencing to pronounce his own name.

The twelve names were Oom, Alden, Eastman, Alfred, Arthur, Luke, Fietcher, Matthew, Theodore, Richard, Shirmer and Hisswald. Now it would not seem possible to be able to give the correct name to each of the twelve boys, but if you will practice the list over to each one, you will find it not a difficult task to locate the proper name for every one of the boys. The puzzle, of course, is to guess the names of the twelve boys correctly.

Speak only two letters and thus name the destiny of all earthly things? D. K.

Why is the north pole like an illicit whisky manufactory? Because it is a secret still.

Why is a very discontented man easily satisfied? Because nothing satisfies him.

Why is a short negro like a white man? Because he is not a tall black. What does a blind dog become in

the water? Wet. In what way do women ruin their busbands? In buy-ways.

Why is a lady embraced like a

Now, if you saw a peach with a bird on it, and you wished to get the peach without disturbing the bird, what would you do? Do? why-wait till be flew off.

Why is an orange different from a church bell? The orange is never pecled but once.

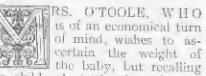
Why is a person hathing in the river at Paris like a madman? Bepocketbook? Because she is clasped. cause he's in Scine (insanc).



To give the young folks a chance to exercise their eleverness we present the accompanying illustration of the Birdeatcher, and ask them to discover his nationality concealed in the description of the picture.



PROPOSITION-How much does the baby weigh if the mother weighs 100 pounds more than the combined weight of the baby and dog and the dog weighs 60 per cent. less than the baby.



certain the weight of the baby, but recalling the childern's trick of getting on the scales one at a time so as to get the whole party weighed for one cent, decides to ascertain her nwn weight as well as that of the dog. She found that she weighed 100 pounds more than the combined weight of the dog and the buly, and that the dog weighs 60 per cent. less than the baby. Our puzzlists are asked to assist the good lady in determining the weight of the

RS. O'TOOLE, WHO entering in one of the popular prize is of an economical turn baby competitions.

> It was the poet Saxe who asked: Can you tell me why A hypocrite's eye Can better deserv Than you can, or I Upon how many toes A pussy-cat Poes? To which the clever answer is: A man of deceit Can best counterfeit; So, as everything goes, He can best count her toes!

How many sides has a pitcher? little cherub which she contemplates Two, inside and outside.

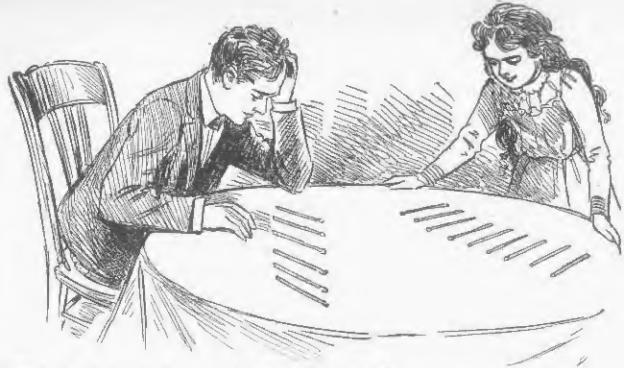
What is that which no one wishes to have, yet no one wishes to lose? A bald head,

What is the difference between a young maiden of sixteen, and an old maid of sixty? One is happy and carcless, the other cappy and harrless.

Who was the fastest runner in the world? Adam. How so? Because be was first in the human race,

What one word will name the common parent of both beast and man? A-dam.

Take away one letter from me, and I nurder; take away two and I probably shall die, if my whole does not save me! Kill-ill-skill.





ERE is a pretty trick with matches, wihch will amuse the young folks who may not be familiar with the principle

involved. Harry has given his sister ten matches, which he challenges her to arrange so that they will look like ten; she in turn has given him a poser in the shape of six matches, which he is to make look like nothing at all. See if you can guess these two simple

A REBUS.

My second is a useful appendage to my first, and my whole is to

Cypher Ans. 3, 21, 18, 20, 1, 9, 12.

What is the difference between a mother and a barber? The latter has razors to shave, and the former has shavers to raise.

Why is a politician like a grand piano? Because he is neither square nor upright.

What was the first bet ever made? The alphabet.

Why does it demoralize one to sit in a free seat at church? Because you get good for nothing (good-for nothing).

What is the lightest of all garments? A shift of wind.

What is the difference between an organist and his influenza? One knows his stops, and the other stops his knows.

CNOCEALED GEOGRAPHY.

54. They have nice sweet potatoes at Parker's.

rubber boots.

56. The Major, seizing a can of kerosene, gallantly dashed forward. (Country.)

57. Some men would lag at heaven's gate.

58. December lingering chills the lap of May,"

59. Do you keep your clothes in the attic or in the cellar?

60. He ran down the street with the mob at his heels.

61. If you would make your lawns ave the short ones.

62. He rode a camel bare-back through the city, to the consterna- it is scaled, tion of the people. (An island.)

to congregate.

64. The animal taken was all cut and bruised. (An island.)

flag is the Cossack signal of revolt.

66. An ape rained my rose-bush. (Country.)

67. Was it a lynx, are you sure of it? (Country.)

68. I never sail lest I should up-

69. Ten to one I dare do it. (Lake.)

Spell one word with the letters: "O, Stranger, I pine." (Peregrinations.)

A REBUS.

My first is found on a ship; my second is an exclamation; my third 55. She looked very trim in India is a title, and my whole is an animal. Cypher Ans. 13, 1, 19, 20, 15, 4, 15, 14.

> Why is a bald head like heaven? Because it is a bright and shining spot where there's no parting

When is a man thinner than a lath? When he's a shaving.

If a man saw his sister fall into a well, why could be not rescue her? Because he could not be a brother and assist her too.

Why do knapsacks resemble symmetrical, cut tall trees off, and handcuffs? Because both are made for tourists (two wrists).

When is a wall like a fish? When

When is a blow from a lady wel-63. In Milan singers of note love come? When she strikes you agree-

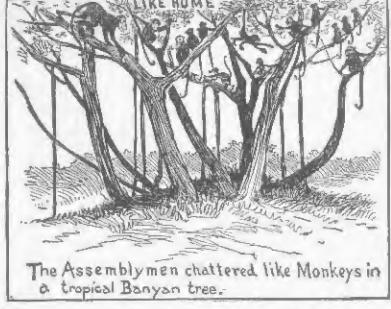
Why does an onion resemble a ringing bell? Because peel follows 65. A Tartar rag on a Russian peel in an onion, and peal follows peal in a ring ng bell.

Why is a sheet of postage stamps like distant relatives? Because they are but slightly connected.

How do young ladies show their distike to moustaches? By setting their faces against them.

Why are religious communities like bees? Because they are in-

Why is a widower like a house in a state of diapidation? Because he wants re-pairing.



arrows at them."

clever puzzles:

tated last Christmas.

hung in the one to trea.

knee to the tailor's elbay?

horse.

destroyed?

home,"

"it reminded him so of his distant

Thinking that it, in some way,

brought up painful realizations of

his lost sway, he was asked for an

explanation, and replied "the talking

of the Assemblymen so recalls the

chattering of monkeys in our banyan

trees, that I am sorry I cannot shoot

Puzzling Charades.

English on the Ollendorf method be-

came so imbued with the system that

he perpetuated the following series of

1. Did the butcher's monkey eat

No, my friend; but your two-

2. Was the tailor's mistletoe ampu-

Yes, madam; and his bashful tree.

one, underwent the severe operation

of being kissed by the cobbler's all.

3. Were the æsthetic costumes all

4. How far is it from the tailor's

The distance varies, fair damozel,

but a whole reads that there should

be a foot to the two of each one.

headed uncle ate one on a whole war-

oysters on the half ladder?

A Frenchman who was studying

HE CLASS IN CON- ' 5. Are the French polite enough CEALED geography is to grant woman-suffrage? told that when Bulle No, my sister; but the best of them

Whyo, the African believe that if two be not three to all prince, was shown into he will sooner or later be reduced to the State Senate, the exiled savage chieftan burst into tears, saying that

6. Is the young widow of two husbands as sensible as her sister, the miller's bride?

More so, my gentle sophomore; though she affects all, as when she threw the second after the newly wedded, she has set her first for the groom's-man.

7. Do topers without thumbs drink beer through a straw?

No, your reverence; they are like one, each puts his two into the whole,

8, Did the ambassador cat a chicken's wing at the archbishop's ban-

Yes, my lord; and the papal tehole two the one of a turkey.

9. Did not the falling porticultis transfix the knight?

No, brave marshal of France; the two of the arch escaped the one but and he danceth both at once. killed the whole his squire sat on

10. Are not many of the gypsies crazy from change of scene?

One, my little one; on the contrary, there are but few of them two, and they are all called because they wan-

II. Did the lady with the eyes dark and the air sad sell all her drawings mine, Sun-dry, No-mad, Leg-end, No, monsieur; all of them were of the halfbreeds with the dark skins?

Yes, madam; and the fop with the red one gave her daughter so treo a both of roses that he drew at the

12. Was not your comrade punished from unhinging the door?

Yes, my friend; and the teacher kept me after school to one two three me because two one the yard three into a puddle.

13. Is not the frisky engine-tender partly blue?

Yes, great traveler, and the sleeping one of two is painted all,

14. Did the witches catch the venturesome Tant?

No, my daughter; that one he rode a fleet old two. Do not credit such idle tales. It was but the oppression of a one true.

15. Does the ledge-man call his horse "Magnet" because his daughter Maggie knitted the horse's fly-

O, no, my juvenile paragrapher: it is because he draws a one of two as easily as a whole could draw her needle.

16. Was the soldier drowned while fording cattle?

No, sweet corporal; he was driving a horse and one on the two of a hill when the both together exploded.

17. Was the Mill on the Floss by John H. Sullivan and Paddy Ryan what injured the morals of the villame?

No, my innocent; more all was done when the one decayed with two. 18. Does restheticism pay?

Yes, my Crossus of the future; it pays the dealers one twos and one threes, for the extravagance of the buyers is great as often as their taste

19. The sailor bringeth hither fleece and peltry. Doth he not strange things to graze sheep and follow the bounding stag?

He doth not these, fond fool; and yet strange things doth he.

Prithee, master, what?

What the one windeth he drinketh; what the other bloweth he smoketh,

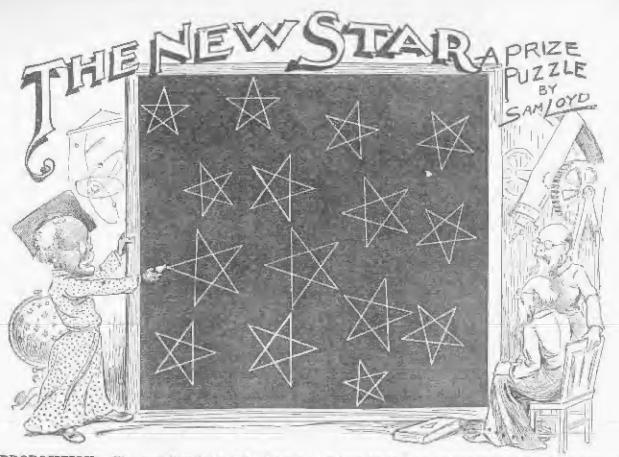
Answers to the charactes will be found in the following potpouri of words;

Dam-age, Wo-man-kind, Nightmare, In-fau-tile, Cap-rice, Loadstone, Horn-pipe, Hog's-head, Cartridge, Nose-gay, Pie-bald, Leg-atc, Cast-i-gate, Tom-bny, Don-key, Car-

AN ENIGMA.

I'm just like the nose on your face, Be it Roman, or Grecian, or pug: By using one optic you'll notice with

Just why I'm quartered so snug.



PROPOSITION-The problem is to show how and where to place another star of the first magnitude



HIS ODD PUZZLE is built upon the recent claim of a French

astronomer to have

covery by a clever little puzzlist that the letters A-S-T-R-O-N-O-M-E-R-S form the pretty anagram "so more stars." We may mention that a still more appropriate anagram can be made with the same eleven let-

The sketch shows the learned professor describing his new discoverey to his brother astronomers He has drawn the location of fifteen stars of different magnitudes, and is now going to show the position in the firmament of his new dis-

See if you can draw the form of a five-pointed star which shall be as large as any of the others, and yet not touch one of them!

Why is O the only vowel we hear? Because all the others are in audible.

A Clever Coin Trick.

Harry and his sister are trying to solve one of those (ascinating located a new star of coin tricks which are so popular the first magnitude. He says that with the young folks. Ten coins move two of the coins somewhere the popular impression held by are placed on the table as shown, else so as to make it possible to scientists of there being no more so that we can count three rows of count five rows instead of only stars is based entirely upon the dis- four-in-a-line, and the problem is three!

to discover how to change the positions of only two of the coins so. that there will then be five rows of four-in-a-line. It is a very simple puzzle. Just think of it! Only





display of wonders within the tent which would bring the sum total up by way of a clever test of ingenuity. as compared with the glowing pic- to 56 heads and 156 feet! tures on the posters outside, feigned ignorance of the exact number of marvelous attractions, but explained that in addition to the horses, ladies tities of the puzzle, we will ask our will prove that you were at the circus and gentlemen riders, who, with young friends to tell the number of and were interested in the other

the clowns, had 100 feet and 36 horses, riders and clowns perform- features as described.

somewhat ashamed of the meagre iosities from the African jungle which cannot be seen at all; and also to tell what is the attraction in the The picture shows the character cage to the left, which appears to be of the exhibition, but as we are deal- the drawing card of the show? A ing more with the unknown quan- correct answer to this last question



PROPOSITIOF --- Find the weight of the turkey in troy and avoirdupois weight.



ERE IS A PRETTY problem borrowed from a Thunksgiving day transaction, which shows how Dr. Shylock

was beaten at his own game. It appears that the butcher in a neighboring town received an order for the Thanksgiving day dinner, and in delivering the same the butcher accompanied it with the bill, and a few remarks regarding the reasonable price, which he pointed out as amounting to exactly I cent an ounce.

Upon the doctor's questioning the weight of the turkey the butcher challenged him to weigh it and pay according to his own scales. That was exactly what Dr Shylock was niming at, for he promptly weighed the turkey and showed the disconfitted butcher that it weighed a certain number of ounces less than he had claimed for it.

The batcher was an honest, ingenuous sort of a fellow, so he stood by his offer to accept the other's scales, but as he wished to make of this truthful story. some purchases from the doctor, who kept what was much in the nature of a general store, he asked, "What do you ask for rock salt?"

"Three cents a pound," ceplied the water? For sundry reasons the doctor, "weigh me as many

pounds of sait as I sold you ounces race horse? Because the more you of turkey, but as I don't like your lick it the faster it goes. scales altogether we will weigh it over again at my place and I will be totally destroyed? When its pay you the difference on our bills soldiers are all in quarters. over there."

The doctor thinking that if the scales worked in his favor the first from the druggist for a turkey time they should do so again, accepted the proposition and went the mails (males) won't take her. over with his salt, but to his surprise found that the butcher's scales recorded an even number of pounds less than he had weighed

turkey, which will prove to be the

of salt required to prove the veracity

Why does a goose come out of

at his own store. It would appear at the first blush that very little-not to say am-(two lips). biguous-data has been furnished

for this problem, but after wit- ing? Because it is something to nessing the expertness at a recent avoid. turkey raffle, where the birds were

How many wives is a man lawricher, four poorer, four better,

Why does a young man think his sweetheart is like a door knob? Because she is something to adore Why does a goose go into the (a door)

What is the shape of a kiss? Elliptical.

Why is a stick of candy like a cause it goes from moush to mouth.

When may an army be said to

Which is swifter, heat or cold? Heat because you can catch cold.

Why is a young lady like a letter? Because if she isn't well stamped

Why are dudes no longer imported into this country from Englaud? Because a Yankee dude 'il do (Yankee doodle doo).

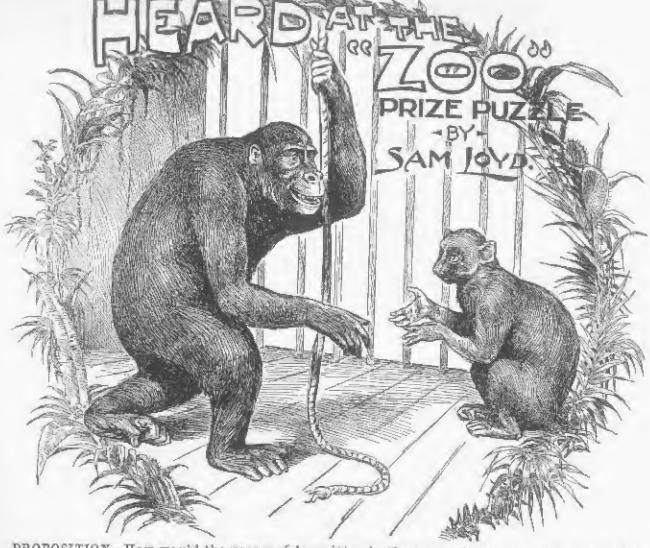
What flowers can be found between the nose and chin? Tulips

Why is a dude's hat like swear-

awarded to such as would guess the fully entitled to by the English nearest to the correct weight, I am prayer-book? Sixteen Four satisfied that our puzzists can guess the correct weight of that four worse.

Why is a bright young lady like key to the whole situation as giving a spoon in a cup of tea? Because the price, as well as liberal portion she is interesting (in tea resting),

Why is a kiss like gossip? Be-



PROPOSITION-How would the year 1906 be written in the octamal system, which counts from 1 to 8, with the 9 and 10 eliminated?



ple problem, let us take a look at race, as has been claimed, sprang third column, making it 100, which the system of numeration with from the Angwarribo family of which we are all familiar. It is safe monkeys, who have but four fingers. 222 represents two units, two to say that most people have never and we had not taken on that extra given a thought to the subject beyoud a knowledge of the self-evident fact that if 7, 20 and 100 are added together it becomes 127, which being analyzed, reads, one hundred. two tens and seven units. They and 2 can help being 3. Primitive would be equal to only 49 in the the principle of numbers, man originally learned to calculate decimal notation. upon the fingers of both hands, just You see I added to the 6 in the

SHOWING HOW as we see many people to-day unit column would change it to 7, difficult it is for the utilizing their fingers in the illus- so we would have to place an 0 and average person to leave tration of some every-day transac- carry 1 on to the other 6 which in the beaten track when tion. Hence the introduction of turn becomes a 7, so we place thinking out some sim- the decimal system. If the human another 0 and carry the I to the finger, we would have continued to calculate in what is known as the octamul system.

From a mathematical standpoint,

stands for 49. In this same way sevens and two 49's=114.

Assuming the octamal system to be the popular notation in the Angwarribo days of our four-fingered ancestors, when they countit can be shown that the decimal ted up to eight, and knew nothing system is not so perfect as some of about 9's or 10's, how would you see that any column can be built the others, and that for some pur- write down the year 1906 so as to up to 9, but that as soon as it gets poses the septamal, which only runs show the number of years which above 9, it is carried over to the up to 7, is better. In that notation have clapsed since the Christian column to the left. They think 66 would mean 6 sevens and six era? It is a pretty problem which it is so because it must be so, and units, so the addition of 1 more will clear the cobwebs from the can't help itself any more than I would change it to 100, which brain, and make one familiar with

water! For diver's reasons.



PROPOSITION -Find a number which, by counting round and round, will pick out all the boys.



V Christians and Turks at how the captain decided that

one-half of his passengers would have to be thrown overhoard to save the ship. Being a fair-minded man who believed that all should be treated impartially, he aranged them in a circle and agreed to count of introduction to tell how it chanced off every thirteenth man until fifteen one day that ten children, five girls the girls. unfortunate mortals had been selected As the story goes, one of to save the faithful and destroy the unbelievers. Therefore he arranged told the "Christians and Turk" the thirty passengers in such a man- story, and thought it would be a ner that the thirteenth man, as the proved to be a Turk.

member, turns upon arranging let us sav fifteen white counters and fifteen black in a circle, so that by they were the "Christians" and counting round and round and the boys the "Turks." Tommy taking away every thirteenth one, had planned it all right, so that by

LL PUZZLISTS ARE moved. To solve the puzzle you familiar with the an-need movely place the puzzle you cigat story of sthirty in a circle and begin to count around Christians and Turks at proxing the sea in a storm, and fifteen have been removed. Then replace the vacant spaces with black men and let the other fifteen be white and it shows how the Christians and Turks must have Turks problem, because you are to been arranged.

The above story is related by way and five boys, returning from school, That puzzle, as you doubtless re- to go half way around. He placed mences from the next one. the children in a circle, as shown in the picture, and told the girls that that all of the blacks will be re- counting thirteen from a circle point

the girls would all be counted out, but he forgot that each girl got a penny as she was counted out, so the boys were left, and all that, Tommy got was a good, licking which the boys gave him in a lot back of the school. Now this puzzle thiters from the old Christians and guess the proper starting point, as well as the smallest number which will count out the boys and leave

Commencing with the upper girl found five pennies. A little girl wethout a last and counting around the Christians was a mathematician found the money, but Tommy Mut- to the right, every thirteenth will and a devout man who believed that tenhead claimed that as they were be a girl; but the puzzle is to tell Divine Providence had sent him all together the "find" really be- what number Tommie should have longed to the crowd. He had been used in place of 13 to give the prizes to the boys.

Of course, as each one is counted great scheme to play it as a game out, he is supposed to step back counting out proceeded, invariably in dividing up the pennies, it being from the circle and is omitted in clear that there were only enough the next counting, which com-





PROPOSITION --- Cut a square piece of paper into five pieces which will make two Greek crosses.



little cutting puzzle, the young lady. which is said to have originated in the mind

problem presented is as follows: stands before 'u,' Miss Gracie.' Take a square piece of paper and

Progressive Conundrums.

your hand at one of these progres- crossed." sive conundrams?"

"What is a progressive comm-

ERE IS A FRETTY drum, Mr. Spoonamorer" inquired sive conundroms and vanished from

"Haven't you heard of them? for ever. Here is one: Way is a ball of yarn of a Red Cross lassic like the letter 't?' Because a ball white serving in Uncle Sam's Am of yarn is circular, a circular is a bulance Corps. It is safe to say sheet, a sheet is flat, a flat is \$50 that the bright witted little volun- a month, \$50 a month is dear, a toer must have been a lineal des- deer is swift, a swift is a swallow, cendant of Betsy Ross, who, it a swallow is a taste, a taste is an will be remembered designed the inclination, an inclination is an five-pointed star with one delt clip angle, an angle is a point, a point is of her scissors. In the present in- an object simed at, an object aimed stance it was necessary to practice at is a target, a target is a mark, a strict congray in the manufacture mark is an impression, an impresof the red crosses to decorate the sion is a stamp, a stamp is a thing arms of the nurses, for the reason stuck on, a thing stuck on is ayoung that the supply of red flannel was man in love, and a young man in running very short in camp, so the love is like the letter 't' bacuse he

"I don't think you have the auwithout any waste cut it into five swer quite right," said the young pieces which will fit together so as lady. "A ball of yarn is round, a to make two Greek crosses of same round is a steak, a stake is a wooden thing, a wooden thing is a young man in love, and a young man in love is like the letter 't' because, "Miss Gracie," he said, with an Mr. Spoonamore"—and she spoke engaging smile, "did you ever try clearly—"because he is often

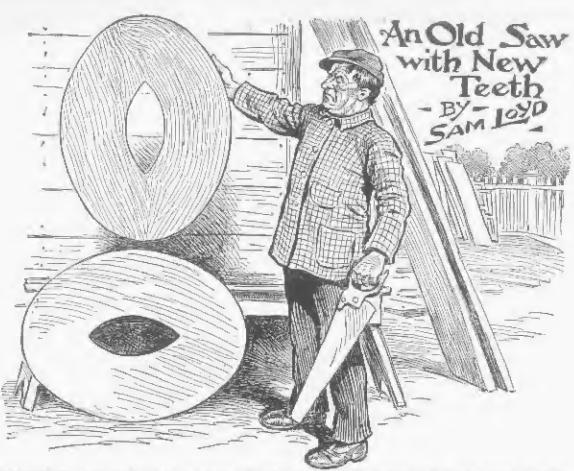
> The young man understood. He took his hat and his progres- mile if there was no wind?

Miss Gravie Garlinghouse's alphabet



Here is a pretty mathematical problem which will interest the school children, as well as some of the teachers, for the reason that the popular answer is quite incorrect as the principle involved is not generally understood.

A bicyle rider went a mile in three minutes with the wind, and returned in four minutes against the wind. How fast could be ride a



PROPOSITION .-- Divide the two evals into the fewest possible number of pieces which will fit together and form one large circular piece.



lem wherein it is told how a joiner who had

a circular board wished to convert it into two oval table tops, with holes in the centers as shown. The into the fewest number of pieces spell, which will form the two ovals, but as the shape of the ovals are not given, the puzzle is generally looked upon as too difficult and unsatisfactory.

By the modern plan, however, which is to reverse a problem and work it backwards, the terms may be turned around so as to make a presentable, up-to-date puzzle, and is given as an instructive lesson in puzzle building.

Divide the two oval rings into the tell you.' fewest possible number of pieces which will fit together and form one k-n-e-a-d dough, but you n-e-e-d circular piece-like the top of a bread. It's a simple word; sorry agall-on. table without any hole in it.

Of course, you may follow the old style if you prefer it. Take a perfect circle and divide it into the fewest possible number of pieces should be taken up.

LMOST EVERY COL- which will fit together and form two "fewest" number of pieces.

A Good Catch on Sharpe.

Brown (to Sharpe, who prides to the bank. himself on his spelling); "I bet

Sharpe (scornfully); "I bet you

Brown: "Very well. How do you spell 'need,' meaning to need

Sharpe: "Poof! K-n-e-a-d, of

Brown: "Wrong."

Sharpe: "Wrong? Meaning to squall. knead bread, you said, didn't you?" Brown: 'Yes.'

Sharpe: "Well, it's k-n-e-a-d, I

Brown: "Not at all. You you couldn't spell it."

Why are ripe potatoes in the ground like thieves? Because they

What is that which everyone lection of puzzles con- oval rings as shown, but remember wishes, and yet wants to get rid of tains a certan prob- to put a strong accent upon the as soon as it is obtained? A good

When is an old lady like a trout? When she takes a fly that brings her

What is it gives a cold, cures a puzzle is to cut the circular piece I can give you a word you can't cold, and pays the doctor's hill? A draft.

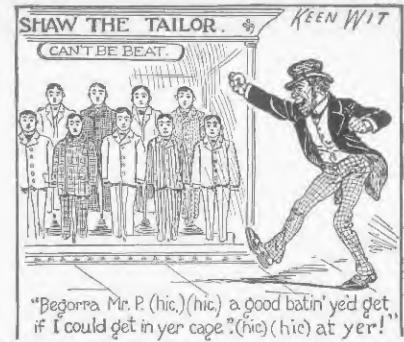
Take away my first letter, 1 remain unchanged; take away my secand letter, there is no apparent alteration in me; take away all my letters and I still continue unchanged? The postman!

Why is a new-born baby like a storm? Because it begins with a

Mention the name of an object which has two heads, one tail, four legs on one side and two on the other A lady on horseback.

Why is a four-quart jug like a lady's side-saddle? Because it holds

If you were kissing a young lady, what would be her opinion of newspapers? She wouldn't want any Spectators, nor Observers, but plenty of Times.



TEST THE WIT

incident is hidden in the description of the picture, we will take occasion to guage their sense of humor by asking each one to also express an opinion regarding the full meaning of the Jolly Hibernian's sarcastic remark.

A REBUS.

My first is a negative greatly in use, Which people first say when they mean to refuse;

My second we'll call a measure of

Frequently used when talking of

An article always in use is my whole, With texture and form under fashion's control;

A something that's needed all over the earth,

Yet often is quoted a thing of small

Cypher Ans. 2, 21, 20, 20, 15, 14.

Behead a crime and leave common sense? T-reason.

What snuff-taker is that whose box gets fuller the more pinches he takes? The snuffers!

Why have miserly people never quarreled? Because they have always agreed.

Why are people of short memories necessarily covotous? Because they're always for-getting something.

Accident Insurance.

and eleverness of our young folks in the massor of mathematics, however, I will illustrate a good story I heard the other day about a shrew a study in concealed geography, wherein the locality of the smith, who was called on to shoe a spirited horse for the agent of a wellknown insurance company. The agent assured the honest smith that the beast was gentle and kind, and induced him to name a low price for the job.

Not liking the vicious pose of the animal's ears, nor the shifty movements of its eyes, the prudent man first went over to the agent's office and speculated somewhat in accidental benefits. The sketch shows At ten-dance (attendance).

the horse endowing the cautious smith with a weekly annuity of \$50 for a fractured collar bone and sundry bruises, which will not heal for years. The puzzle, however, is to discover the concealed locality of the incident.

AN OLD STYLE ENIGMA.

I am composed of twelve letters. My 2, 8, 9, is dug out of the earth My 6, 11, 12, 8, is a numeral. My 4, 2, 3, is an instrument of war. My 12, 8, 1, is a vessel used in former times.

My 5 is a vowel. My 4, 7, 1, 9, is a hard substance.

My 10, 9, is a pronoun. My hale is now before you.

A REBUS.

My tongue is long, my breath is And yet I breed no strife. My voice you hear both far and near,

And yet I have no life. Cypher Ans. 2, 5, 12, 12.

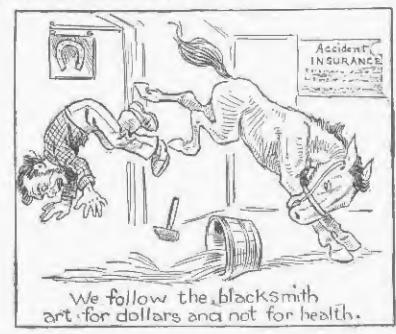
Why should the number 288 never be mentioned in refined company? Because it is two gross.

What letters of the ulphabet are most like a Roman emperos? The

What is the breed of the dogstar? A sky-terrier.

When may a man be said to be literally immersed in business? When he's giving a swimming lesson.

When giving invitations to a dancing party what single word will tell the hour to begin dancing?





PROPOSITION - Tell why the heart of the apple tree is like the tail of the dog.



gleaned under the most adverse circumstances, things, but one of the best which I

curred to me during the last summer's outing.

It was during a tramp with a chum of mine that, spying an orchard of fine apples which belonged to a friend of mine who would have been offended if we had failed to compliment him by showing our appreciation of his rare species of fruit, we proceeded to gather some luscious specimens, but were disturbed by the advent of a very boisterous bulldog.

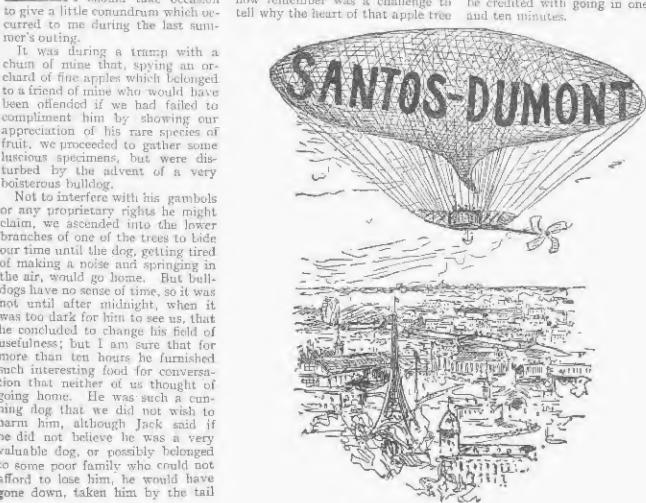
Not to interfere with his gambols or any proprietary rights he might claim, we ascended into the lower branches of one of the trees to bide our time until the dog, getting tired. of making a noise and springing in the air, would go home. But bulldogs have no sense of time, so it was not until after midnight, when it was too dark for him to see us, that he concluded to change his field of usefulness; but I am sure that for more than ton hours he furnished such interesting food for conversation that neither of us thought of going home. He was such a cunning dog that we did not wish to harm him, although Jack said if he did not believe he was a very valuable dog, or possibly belonged to some poor family who could not afford to lose him, he would have gone down, taken him by the tail

was like the tail of the dog? I am going to offer prizes for the best answers to Jack's conundrum, and have made a correct sketch of the situation, the remarkable point of the puzzle being that you are to describe the resemblance of two objects which you cannot see in the picture

THE SANTOS-DUMONT PUZZLE.

Just to correct a popular mistake regarding the calculation of the time required to ride or sail with and against the wind, I will present a little balloon puzzle to illustrate an error which crept into the record of Santos-Dumont's famous trip Bround the Eiffel Tower.

Suppose that a balloon propelled by some mechanical device travels five miles in ten minutes with the wind, but requires one hour to go back again to the starting point against the wind, how long would it S SHOWING HOW and dashed his brains out againts a in a calm, without any wind? This, also a matter of any local tree. way of treating the discussion as to how far the balloon actually should I should take occasion now remember was a challenge to be credited with going in one hour





EAKING ABOUT A little experience of my own, I wish to say that

A feller was tryin' to git a free ride old dog new tricks, by sayin' he was a member of the conductor man jist axed him what time it wuz, an' when he says, "a quarter to one," the way the con-"Fur," sez he, "any railroad man who duzent know nuff to say 'twelve-forty-five' should stay in the swamp

'jist four minits, 2222222 junch!"

meant, but sooner than be chucked ance to ourselves, and just smole them smiles you see in our pictry and guess it.

A Hat Puzzle.

Take the average business man away from his ledger, by intro-Mandy and me come to ducing some little proposition which town last week to see does not readily balance between the boy, and we was wonderfully debt and credit sides of his cranium, struck by the linguan' ways of and you will appreciate the meanthem conductor men on our ing of that time-honored adage branch of the P. D. Q. Railroad. about the difficulty of teaching an

The truth of this statement was Brotherhood of Ingineers, and the illustrated the other day by a wellknown man about town in the following words, well worth repeating:

"You see I had just won a \$5 ductor man threw him off of the hat on Jeffries, and through the train into a swamp wuz a caution. medium of that wager I setled a inther complicated piece of indebtedness. Some two weeks before. I had been playing a little game of hearts with three friends, a retail Mandy axed him how long we merchant, an insurance man and a would stop at Kechank, an' he says, drummer. When we got through the merchant had won \$5 from the We didn't know much what he insurance man and I had lost a similar amount to the drummer, out in a swamp we kept our ignor- Meanwhile the insurance man had stuck the drummer for \$5 himself. The winnings and losings were all turs, but I hev been thinkin' it over represented in chips, and as none some, and believe I know what that of us had any money, outside a conductor man meant by making little small change, we simply made an engine of himself when he went: a memorandum of the matter and "Chew, chew, chew, chew, agreed to settle up the next time chew!" So I ask our puzziists to we got together. On the night of are you a good judge? Because you the prize fight I won a \$5 hat and hear both sides.

hats already to do me for the season. so next morning I dropped around to my friend the merchant and give him the order. 'Send around and get \$5 on this," I said, 'and consider all those heart games accounts wiped out. Why, you don't owe the anything, says he. But I owe Billy \$5, I replied, and I'll con-sider that settled. But Billy owes me nothing, either, he protested: 'I won all my money from Bob!' I tried to make the thing clear to him, but I couldn't. The more he figured on it the worse tangled up he got, and finally he refused to take the order. Then I went around to Bob, the insurance mun, thinking that he had a good head for figures and would see through it at once, but I overestimated him. 'What kind of a bunco game is this, anyhow? he asked, 'the way you calculate it would put me \$5 in debt to you and Billy." 'Holy Moses! said I, 'you've got a head as thick as a man-o'-war's coming towerl' and I started all over again with my explanation. He couldn't grasp it. Too many for me, he said, and I quit him in disgust and hunted up Billy. As soon as he heard the proposition he brightened up. 'What is the cutch to it?' he asked, engerly; 'that would be a splendid gug for me to get off on the mad. 'Cutch your grandmother | you mutton-headed idint!' I rouxed. 'There's no catch at all. lt's a plain, simple matter of business!" With that I sat down and wrote out a statement for each, and after several days' studying the hatter reluctantly accepted the order. All three of them still think that I've swindled them in some mysterious manner.

my victim gave me an order, good

anywhere in town. I had enough

How few people there are who would read that story as told, and grasp the whole situation without resorting to pencil and paper?

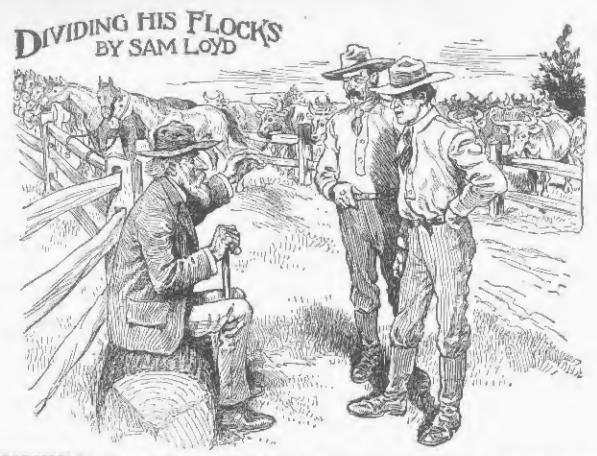
Which are the lightest men. Scotch, Irish, or Englishmen? Englishmen. In Scotland there are men of Ayr; in Irelad men of Cork, but in England are lightermen.

Why should an artist never be short of cash? If he knows his business he can always draw money.

Why is a prudent man like a pin? Because his head prevents him from guing too far.

When you listen to a drum why

Jack said a great many good



PROPOSITION-Discover the number of sons there were and how the horses and cows were divided.



THE STORY IS TOLD of a Western ranchman who, finding himself well advanced in years, called his boys together and

told them that he wished to divide his herds between them while he yet lived. "Now, John," he said to the eldest, "you may take as many cows as you think you could conveniently care for, and your wife Nancy may have one-ninth of all there are left."

To the second son he said: "Sam, you may take one more than John took, as he had first pick, and to your good wife, Sally, I will give also one-ninth of what will be left."

To the next younger he did the same, giving him one cow more than Sam's portion on account of the better cows having been picked first, and to his wife one-ninth of the remainder. This he continued to do to the younger sons and their wives until the herd of cows was divided. Then he said: "As horses are worth twice as much as cows, we will divide the horses that every family receive live stock of the same

Now, if our young farmers will

just exercise their wits and tell how Incky than YY. You see, they the cows and horses were portioned out to the families, I would be delighted to distribute such horses and cows as I possess, for despite of its being extremely simple it calls for in genuity rather than mathematical knowledge.

The Lucky Boys.



Here are the lucky boys once more, explaining to those who are up in Uncle Sam's coinage some mysterious problems which go to the foxy little chap advised them prove how much better it is to be to throw into the well?

had been on an all-day fishing excursion, and meeting with their usual success, had caught such a big string of fish that they sold them for \$3.90. Just think of it -\$3.90 represented by seven coins. And that was the most remarkable part of this fish story, for although \$3.90 is readily divisible by three, yet the seven coins were such as would not make three even portions. They puzzled their heads over the problem, and were getting very augry, when one of them, the youngest, suggested that sooner than come to blows over such a trifle, they had better throw one of the coins away, and then they could readily divide the rest evenly. So they just threw the troublesome coin down an old well (where the little fellow, who knew there was no water in it, got the coin again the next morning), and by dividing the remainder equally among the three successful fishermen avoided a serious quarrel.

How many of our friends can prove the value of that coin which



strange that in the story of Hiero, King of Sicily, who gave his crown to Archimedes to deter-

mine the amount of alloy which had been added to the gold, all accounts give the same version; agree in the minute details of the given weights, and yet I have never seen the probmuch gold the dishonest jeweler had

ounces of gold. When the crown was finished it was found to be correct in weight, but the King, for some reason or other, always suspected the jeweler of having stolen weighed exactly sixty-three ounces, silver.

go to an assayer to sell some piece of water. of broken-down jewelry, he tests the proportion of gold contained in the piece by rubbing it upon a test stone. which leaves a fine streak of gold. Some acid is then applied and the fore it becomes a simple calcula- by his strange death. time is reckoned to determine how tion to determine the quality of the long it takes the acid to destroy the alloy for 8.2245 inches of pure gold gold, as the metal will resist the acid should weigh over eighty-five ounces, third and fourth I ate? In-sat-i-ate.

They probably had no such tests in those days, as we are told that the King, as wall as the philosopher Archimedes, was troubled for a long time to discover a method of solving the problem. There seems to be a difference of opinion as to who should be credited with the honor of hitting lem worked out to show just how upon the happy thought which suggested the solution to the mystery. It is said that the King was taking It is told that Hiero, the King of a bath, and noticing that the crown Sicily, ordered his jeweler to make weighed less in the water than in the him a crown containing sixty-three air, gave vent to his joy by the memorable shout of "Eureka!" which has been echoing ever since,

Well, the authentic facts of the case were as follows: The crown part of the gold and substituted and when weighed in the water gave a weight which showed that it had In this enlightened age, when you removed just 8.2245 cubic inches

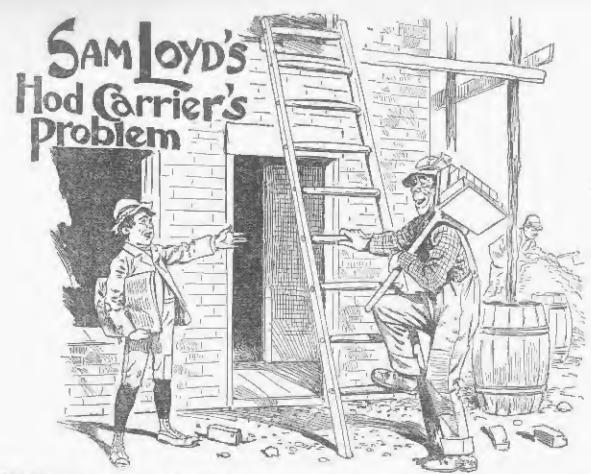
It was found that a cubic inch of 10,36 ouunces, and that a cubic inch

T IS SOMEWHAT in proportion to the purity of the whereas the crown weighed but sixty-three. Supposing it to be all silver, the 8.2245 cubic inches at 5.85 would weigh but a little over forty ounces, which would be some thirteen ounces short.

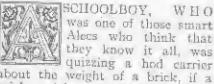
With these facts before us, it becomer a simple mattes to make even a close guess as to the amount of the jeweler's peculation, and if we assume that an ounce of pure gold is worth \$21, and an ounce of silver to be valued at sixty-one cents, we can determine the exact amount over which there has been so much fuss made for all of these centuries.

Archimedes was the greatest mathematician and philosopher of his time; he it was who, during the siege of Troy, destroyed the enemy's fleet by means of reflecting mirrors. He invented many mechanical powers and boasted to King Hiero hat he could move the world if he could only have a point on which to gold carefully tested weighs exactly rest a layer. The reason why the answer to this crown problem is of silver but 5.85 ounces. There- never given may be accounted for

In my first my second sat, my



PROPOSITION-Tell how few steps need be taken on the ladder to go up and down and up to the top, stepping twice on every step.



twice on the top.

was one of those smart Alecs who think that they know it all, was quizzing a hod carrier about the weight of a brick, if a brick weighs three-quarters of a brick and three-quarters of a pound, when the man retorted by saying: "Now, every one should stick to his trade; you are up on figures and I am up on the ladder, so I will agree to guess your puzzle if you will tell me the correct answer to mine. Just figure out the fewest number of steps one has to take to go up and down and up this ladder, so as to be twice on the ground and

Every step must be of the same height and all of the steps must be used the same number of times?"

There is no catch or pun about this puzzle. It is straight goods, and yet it is safe to say that our Now a louder ray of darkness young folks will have to go up and down that ladder many times before they hit upon the correct answer.

Words, Empty Words.

The following lines do not per-tain to the world of puzzledom, in the accepted meaning of the term, and yet they would bufflethe average Ere he comes in all his splendor, puzzlist to get at their meaning. if any there be. The verses were Sighing like a maiden tender given to a young man of literary aspirations, with instructions to convest the same into prose in such a way as to preserve the exact spirit and meaning of the poet, whose works had been enthusinstically lauded by his friends. As the descriptive name of the poem has been lost it would be difficult to suggest an appropriate one, so it has to be omitted:

See! the fragrant twilight whispers O'er the orient western sky, While Aurora's verdant vespers Tell her evening's reign is nigh.

Carols o'er the effulgent scene, And the lurid light falls markless On the horizon's scattered screen

Night is near, with all its horrors, Sweetly swerving in his breast. And the ear of finey borrows Morning mists to full the west.

Hark! the milky way is seen, In her hower of ruby green.

Such a scene, ah! who can list to. And not saddened, silent, seek To unveil the burning vista Of Diana's raven cheek?

Thus tremulous, and ever dear. Robed in repollant splender, Lingering moments, swift as the year, Illumed by Cupid's capture!

And when hymenal joys are ours, And memory sours above us. Hope shall trace for future years The love of all who love us.

What tree is of the greatest importance in history? The date. When is a lady's arm not a lady's arm? When it is a little hare



PROPOSITION Show how to ferry a quarelsome party across the river in a boat that will carry but two



S A PREFACE TO A very interesting problem which shows how a party of quarrelsome picnic-

in the same boat without upsetting it, I shall take for granted that all puzzlists, young and old, are familiar with the ingenious tactics of the boatman who had to ierry a fox, a ine poser. goose and some corn across a river in a small boat just "built for two." wolf, a goat and, I think a tomato can, which he was to get across the river in a way to circumvent the wolf's love for goat meat, as well as the natural tendency of the tomato ladies could row. can to telescope into the gost. Either of the stories, as familiarly told, possesses interest for the juveniles, and when solved would strengthen a branch of the memory and reasoning powers not generally called into exercise. To a trained puzzlist the problem possesses no difficulty what men to conduct them all across the ever, but to one who is not versed in such matters, if he will just try to un the solution through his mind test mentally just how many times the boat must cross the river, he will speedily realize what a valuable school it is for learning to concentrate the thoughts.

I wonder, however, if any of our readers who are familiar with both stories have chanced to realize what a funny state of affairs might arise ers might cross a stream if the two incidents were combined in one? That is a trick I often resort to when I have a couple of easy puzzles which are susceptible of being twisted together into one genu-

Aided by the accompanying pic- acquired. ture, which explains the situation in There is a German version of the a way which words would fail to do, story which tells of a peasant with a we will tell the story of a party of tourists, who, returning from a picnic were compelled to cross a stream in a small hoat, which would hold but two at a time, and none of the

It so happened that Parson Cinch the popular colored preacher, had quarreled with the other two gentlemen of the party, and as a result Mrs. Cinch had a falling out with the other ladies.

How is it possible for the gentleover together or even remain on either side of the stream at the same time. Another curious feature of the strained relations being that no one gentleman should remain on either side with two ladies.

The puzzle is merely to show how many times the little two-seated boat must cross the stream, to ferry the entire party over; but I take occasion to say that not one person out of a thousand is endowed with a headpiece which would figure it out mentally, without recourse to pencil and paper, although the power or faculty of doing so may readily be

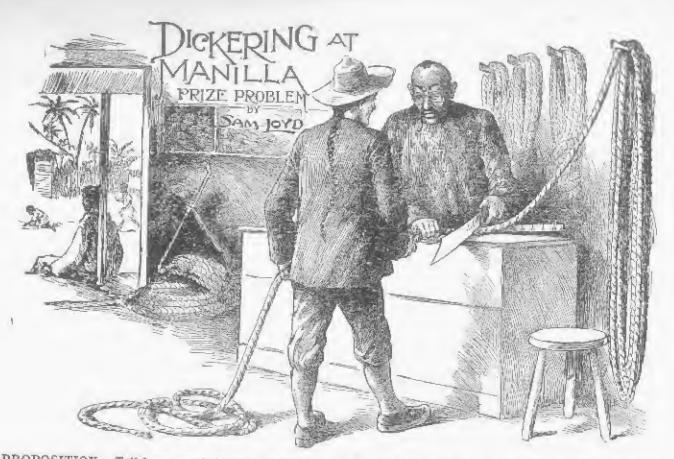
Used to Kissing.

They were in a magnificently decorated room in the West End of London They approached each other from opposite directions.

Presently they met, and careless of the fact that dozens of eyes were watching them, they kissed each other with a resounding smack!

The meeting seemed to bring them perfect peace; but alas, alack! they had scarcely been side by side above twenty seconds when a man approached with the fire of battle in his eye. With cool insolence he stream in such a way that no two raised the stick he carried, and disagreeing parties shall over cross then-oh, horrorl-he struck a sharp, quick blow, and the pale one was sent spinning several feet away.

The other neither sceamed nor fainted. There was no heartbreaking, no resentment; not even a murmur was heard, because --- ?



PROPOSITION--Tell how much is lost by measuring off 20 feet with a yard measure 3 inches too short



interest at the present time, let us until I find better. How much you world. look at the following account of the ask for the cable rope?" "Seven

Philippines.

which is the most important industry of the islands, is controlled to a great extent by Chinese exporters, who ship these products to all guarantees the length and quality. parts of the world. The traders and small dealers are Japs, who what you want for 2 cents a foot." have an original way of doing busi- "Cut off 20 feet," says the Chinaness, peculiarly their own. The man, as he estentiatiously displays take with you a red of white coston lack of an established currency or a five-dollar gold piece, to show that and a needle. At the first opporfixed prices necessitates a dicker he can pay. and wrangle over every transaction, with no redress from the lax laws if an exaggerated display of anxiety one is "skinned" out of his eyes.

S ANYTHING AND where they sell good rope?" The everything pertaining to shopkeeper, swallowing the implied the manners and cusinsult, says: "I keep only the best, ways of doing business in the dollars the hank, 100 feet long." 'Too long rope and too much The hemp or manila rope trade, money. I never pay more than \$1 for good, and this is rotten." "Standard rope", says the Jan. showing the unbroken seal, which "If you have but little money, take

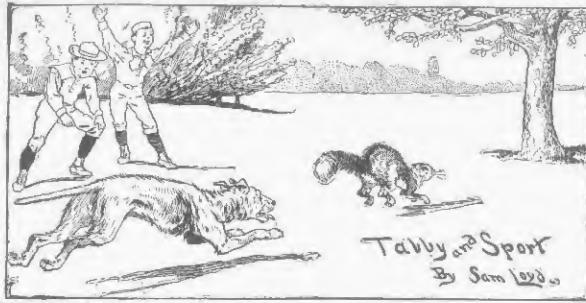
to give full measure. The China-The accompanying puzzle sketch man notices, bowever, that the the coston, leaving about two inches shows the ordinary way of doing yardstick is just 3 inches shy, hav- hanging upon the outside of your business. Omitting the vernacular ing been cut off at the 33-inch mark, black coat. You will be interested as well as currency features, we will so when the rope was cut he couldy to see how your friends will try to say a Chinese sailor man saunters points to the long end and says: "I do you the kindness of removing into a rope store and asks, in a pe- take the eighty-foot piece. No, the cotton, and the effect will be culiarly aggravating way: "Can you need not send it. I carry it my- startling when they pull out an

counterfeit five-dollar piece, which the storekeeper gets changed next door As soon as he gets his change toms of the people of our but my poorest is prountly better ne warks on assistant that what you want." Show me balf a minute could not be tracked by the shrewdest detective in the toms of the people of our but my poorest is probably better be walks off with the rope, and in sessions in the Far East will be of the best you have; it may serve by the shrewdest detective in the

> The puzzle is to tell how much the Jap has lost, assuming that he is called upon to make good the counterfeit five-dollar gold piece and that the rope was really worth 2 cents a foot.

A "Reel" Good Catch.

The next time you go to a party tunity thread the needle and drop The jap measures off 20 feet with the reel inside your breast pocket; pass the needle through your coat from the inside, and detach it from you direct me to a respectable shop self." Then he throws down the apparently endless length of thread.



PROPOSITION-Tell the result of this race.



books. Don't look in the book for the answer,

nor ask your teacher, for he or she, as the case may be, accepts the recognized answer in good faith, so you would lose your chance of solving it correctly.

Tabby and Sport raced from a tree to a stake and back to the tree. distance in all, seventy-five yards. Sport sprang five feet at each bound and the cat only three, but then Tabby made five springs to Sport's three, so what should be the result of To these the lilac adds her fragrant the race?

Caught by a Puzzle,

I remember, some forty odd years ago, that two Cincinnati editors became involved in a news- Of kingdoms peerless as a fairy paper controversy, which for some time was conducted with all candor and courtesy. At length, however, one of them who was really getting the worst of the argument so far forgot himself as to become, first personal, then scurrilous, and then virulent, which induced the other to quietly withdraw from the contest. Editor No. 1 thereupon Sweet voices now are heard on every indulged in loud paens of victory, in which he boasted of "having spiked his adversary's guns, ' 'put bim to rout," "utterly demolished him," etc. While he was in this complacent frame of mind be re- Runs the clear stream in music of ceived from an anonymous contributor a seasonable poem on In noisy groups, far from their "Spring," which he published, accompanied by a sulogium on its Now round the lofty spire the swaloriginality and beauty, with a warm-

ERE IS A PROB- ly expressed wish that the gifted lem from one of our author might often be beard from, standard a rith metic The poem ran as follows: SPRING.

> The genial spring once more with chaplets crowned

Has showered her choicest blessings all around.

Each silent valley and each verdant Each happy bird expands his daplawn.

Enriched with flowers, looks smiling as the dawn.

Demure and modest hued the violet Prows:

In yonder garden blooms the blushing rose;

dower

Of perfume cherished by the sun and shower.

Reviving Flora walks the world a dueen.

scene.

Far o'er the hills, in many a graceful line. The rainbow blossoms of the or-

chard shine. How softly mingled all their tints

unite. Embalm the air and bless the grate-

ful sight! tree.

The breeze, the bird, the murmur of the bee.

And down the cliff, where rocks oppose in vain,

the plain.

southern home,

lows roam;

The fearless robin builds with glossy

Her fragile nest beneath the farmer's caves;

Embowered in woods the partridge makes her bed

With silken moss o'er tender osiers spread;

pled wings,

Soars with his gentle mate and sweetly sings.

The sounds of early husbandry arise In pleasing murmurs to the pale blue skies;

Shrill fleats the ploughman's whistle while he speeds

Along the yielding earth his patient steeds. Joyous the life which tills the preg-

nant soil, And sweet the profits of the farmer's

Content, as smiling as an angel

Keeps peaceful vigil round his dwelling place,

And gentle Hope and Love, forever bright,

Smiling like seraphs in their bowers of light,

Salute his mornings and embalm each night.

A few days passed before the complacent editor had the mortification of reading in the other paper that "the editor of the "Star of the West" has fully justified the acrostic contained in a beautiful poem on 'Spring' by publishing and indorsing it in his paper."

What is the worst kind of a seat a man can sit on? Self-con ceit.



PROPOSITION-Tell what the men are laughing at.



cleve tess and ingenuity. The term palendrome which means running. He found my whole to please the air backwards, is applied to words or sentences like Eve, Hannah, and Noon, or the famous introduction of Adam to Eve, when he remarked: My whole's a sad catastrophe "Madam I'm Adam." It applies when read backwards will present an entirely different meaning, like murder, Moor, dray, etc., etc., many of which will appear in other nuzzles. The children's parade is given to See how majestic I am borne illustrate a little political puzzle Belicad, some treat me then with which was picked up on the street in the neighborhood of the Star Yet knaves with all their art and Theatre. Irrespective of party proclivities the young kids are having a grand parade with a fusion of Restore my head, transpose, what interests concentrated upon the gathering of ash barrels for a great I'm higher than I was before! bonfire. The puzzle is to guess why that cop concludes that the procession does not conflict with the ordi-

What is the oldest tree in America? The elder tree.

nance as posted on the wall.

tention of our puzzlists
to an interesting style
of palendromic writing
Which affords special which affords scope for His thoughts assume a different tone Oh | then with what assidious care Cypher Ans. 19, 15, 14, 14, 5, 20,

A REBUS.

When none to help are nigh it; as well to words or sentences which Cartail, transpose, and you disclose Who mostly suffer by it. Cypher Ans. 23, 18, 5, 3, 11.

A REBUS.

Deem me to often as a prize. more

Ans. 13, 1, 3, 5,

CHARADE.

I lie and mislead So I pray you take heed. Be nice in your choice.

Take Franklin's advice, And don't pay too much for your Ans. 1, 21, 3, 20, 9, 15, 14, 5, 5, 18.

A REBUS. I'm but a little letter, still

Have sacred duties to fulfill: But if you take My tail, you make An alteration in my lot; You'll say I'm shorter-but I'm not. Cypher Ans. 14, 15, 20, 5.

When is a baby like a breakfast cup? When it's a tea thing (teething).

A REBUS.

Two personal pronouns if you take And join them in due order. An herb will name without mistake, That scents the garden border. Ans. 21, 8, 25, 13, 5,

Why cannot a deaf man be legally convicted? Because it is not lawful to condemn a man without a hear-

How would you speak of a tailor when you did not remember his My wit's like the point of a thistle; Lame? As Mr. So-and-So (sew and A problem in chances



The Comical Dog

locality of the following bunting

scene. With some brother journal-

most amusing time at the expense

cally a canine lunatic, given to pos-

was exceedingly comical, but not

conducive to filling our game bacs.

I snapped the kodak on him during

furnish a good subject for our juve-

stroyed? When the soldiers are

champagne like the flowers that

Why is too much whisky and

nile puzzlists to laugh at,

all in quarters.

We will ask you to discover the

SHOWING HOW puzzles of a very intereating nature may arise

at any manual tank chances of this mortal life, it may be said that George Washington Johnson, the very truthful guardian of the cloak room at a recent fashionable function, vouches for the correctness of the following problem. He says that at the close of the festivities there were just six hats left, but the applicants for the same were in such a helpless state of befuddlement that not one of them could produce his hat check, much less recognize his hat when he saw it, so in utter despair he was compelled to let each one make his own selection, and as it afterwards transpired, every one of the six persons took a hat which did not belong to him.

Now, George Washington J., like his great namesake, was one who could not fabricate, even if he desired to do so, nevertheless from a puzzler's standpoint it is interesting to determine the chances for and against such an event occurring as that six men each taking a hat at random should so happen that no man got the hat which belonged to liim.

AN ENIGMA

I am a word of five letters, and dear to the ladies, and yet I have chased great calamities. Take away my head and I adom an estate. Behead me once more and I am a place where all the world once congregated. If at first you curtail me I am a beautiful mineral. Curtail once more and I am a fushionable resort. To cut both my head and tail does not deteriorate my value.

Cypher Ans. 19, 16, 1, 18, 11.

ADINCO PUZZLE

"AD" was the word the master gave to Dick.

Who scratched his head, and looking rather thick,

Replied, "Hereafter it would make it stick!"

"You may stay 'IN' an hour, you stupid dunce."

The teacher said, "define an IN at "I think," said Dick, with eyes upon

the floor, "Hereafter it would make it stick

some more." "Your back with that same stick,

I'll put in CQ."

The teacher said, "unless this word vou know!

"Co," said Dick, "to me it seems, kind Muster.

Hereafter it will stick the faster."

ists I participated in a gunning ex-What trade should one follow in pedition in the wilds of New Jersey, order to cut a figure in the world? and although it was a failure so far A sculptor. as game was concerned, we had a

When do cards most resemble wolves? When they belong to a of our crazy dog. He was emphasi- pack.

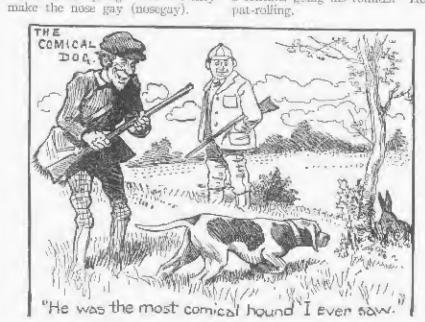
What vine does beef grow on? ing in a sort of statuesque act which The bo-vine,

What is the difference between the Mormons' religion and their wives? Their religion is singular, one of his trances, thinking it would but their wives are plural,

When is a man duplicated? When he's beside himself.

What makes everybody sick but When is an army totally de- those that swallow it? Flattery, What is that which never flies except when its wings are broken?

An army. Why is a drunken Irishman like bloom in the spring? Because they a sentinel going his rounds? He is





Did the ancients live in the atic or in the cellar?"

some of the peculiar extended tour of the old

nected with architecture, which seems to have escaped the notice of writers. In a certain locality, for instance, the name of which I have If only we divide it forgotten, it looked as if the dwellers had occupied the basements or attics of their houses, or had commenced the wrong way about, as You'll say it makes no difference, we might term it, by constructing the roof first and then build down to the cellar.

I questioned the intelligent guide To change this mass of sadness regarding the matter, and from my note book I find that he replied that "such was the case." The puzzle is to discover the locality concealed in the description of the ruins so as to locate these interesting ruins.

Lord Macaulay's Last Riddle. Lord Macaulay, like Byron and Bacon, perpetrated quite a number of poetical riddles, which may be said to reflect the pupular form of puzzles of those classical days. Here is the last effort in that line of the great poet and historian:

Let us look at it quite closely, 'Tis a very ugly word, And one that makes us shudder Whenever it is heard. It mayn't be very wicked; It must be always bad. And speaks of sin and suffering Enough to make one mad. They say it is a compound word, And that is very true; And when they decompose it,

(Which, of course, they're free to If, of the letters they take off

And sever the first three.

AM REMINDED OF They have the nine remaining As sad as they can be;

things I saw during an For, though it seems to make it less, In fact it makes it more, world, especially con- For it takes the brute creation in,

Which it left out before. Let's try if we can mend it-It's possible we may,

In some new-jushioned way. Instead of three and nine, then, Let's make it four and eight;

At least not very great: But only see the consequence! That's all that needs be done

To unmitivated fun. It clears off swords and pistols, Revolvers, bowie-knives. And all the herrid weapons

By which men lose their lives, It wakens believ feelings-And low joyfully is heard

The native sound of gladness Compressed into one word! Yes! four and eight, my friends! Let that be yours and mine.

Though all the hosts of demons Rejoice in three and nine.

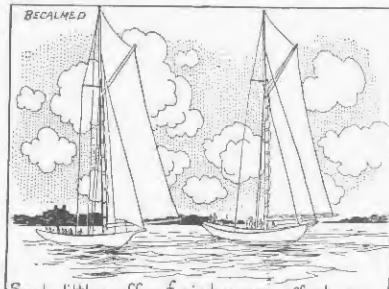
Becalmed.

To give our young yachtsmen a timely subject to puzzle over, I will mention that I was once an invited guest upon one of the yachts during a series of trial races for the selection. of a defender for the cup in the international yacht races. I never posed as a yachtsman, and will not attempt to tell how they figure out that the losing boat sometimes wind, It may have been on points, or broken masts and spars, for I thought that our boat outdrifted the other one; however, they said we were beaten on time allowance, Captain Shanks said the little pulls of air haven't much to do with the results, and I made a note of his remarks to accompany my sketch, as our young puzzlists will find the locality skillfully concealed in the words.

My first is a circle, my second a

If you meet with my whole look out for a toss.

Why are deaf people like India shawls? Because you can't make them here (hear)!



Such little puffs of air have no effect on the yachts.



PROPOSITION Guess the weights of the different girls.

COURSE WE were all young once, so the following little problem from true life will

children of a larger growth. discovered that by getting on a weighing machine in couples, and then exchanging places, one at a time, they could get the correct cent a dozen less than his first asking weight of a whole party on the payment of but one cent, found that in complex they weighed 129 pounds. 125 pounds, 124 pounds, 123 pounds. 122 pounds, 121 pounds, 120 pounds, 118 counds, 116 pounds and 114 pounds. What was the weight of each one of the five little girls if her twelve cents? It is a pretty pain. taken separately,

It proves that they must have been ciever scholars or they never would have been able to work out the correct answer to such an interesting paszle question, which is liable to confuse older heads than theirs.

A REBUS.

My first in the garden luxuriant KTOWS,

Delicious and sweet as everyone knows;

My second a noisy, vain, quarrelsome thing,

The lord of a harem, as proud as a

My whole is still prouder, and scems to rejoice As much in his tail as he does in his

Cypher Ans. 16, 5, 1, 3, 15, 3, 11

When is wine like a pig's tooth? When it is in a log's head.

Why is a waiter like a racchorse? Because he runs for cups, plates, aixl steaks (stakes)

The Price of Eggs.

arithmetic was sprung by the cook upon Mrs. Smith when she wanted interest some of the toknow what the grocer charged for Some school children who had cents for the lot," replied Bridget, name, "but I made him throw in two extraones, because they were so little, and My next a man's, and treated just you see that made them cost just one price!"

How simple and natural the whole transaction sounds, just as it might occur at home, and yet how many of our clever young pazzlists can solve Bridget's problem by telling-

problem, which would only be spoiled This odd little problem in domestic apoiled if the terms were changed or made more complicated.

CHARADE.

But lovingly abbreviated:

the same.

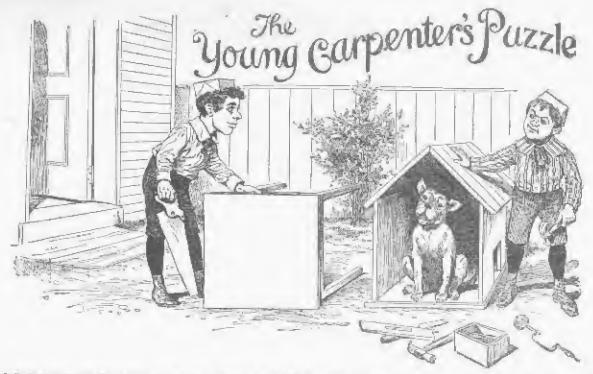
Now if this couple were but mated And to the altar duly leil,

To be my whole which might be

What is the difference between a cloud and a whipped child? One just how many eggs she received for pours with rain, the other roars with



PROPOSITION-What was the price of eggs?



PROPOSITION-Into how few pieces need the table top be cut to complete the dog house?



and scissors possess a peculiar fascination A donkey. for the young folks.

and aside from the mere feature of affording pleasure in solving them should be recognized as an invaluable kindergarten school of mechanics and geometry. The picture tells its own story and does not require a Sherlock Holmes to see that the lads have found an old tool chest in the garret; that their mother is attending an afternoon meeting, and that it must be Thursday, when Bridget has her day out. There are other interesting features which suggest themselves, such as how Towser is to get out of the little door when the kids have nailed up the side of the dog-house. That, however, is a problem for Towser to settle in his own way, so we will waste no time in getting at the real point of the puzzle, which turns upon the best way of cutting the square top of the kitchen table into the fewest number of pieces which will fit together so as to close up the open end of the dog-house,

The feat can readily be guessed by puzzle methods, pure and simple; nevertheless, it will be found to be based upon scientic principles. which will interest those who love to acquire mathematical knowledge.

Why does the butcher's wife

UTTING TRICKS always keep the books? Because which call for paper the business is a joint affair.

What key is the hardest to turn?

Bookwarms.

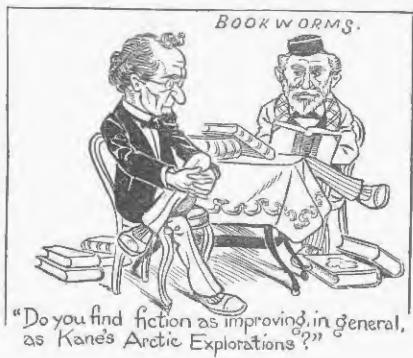
The juveniles are given another lesson in concealed geography this week, to discover the locality of the place being discussed by these learned professors, as hidden in the description of the picture.

What is that which flies high, flies low, has no leet, and yet wears shoes? Dust.

Why is a ladder like a prize fight? Because it is made up of rounds.

Why had Eve no fear of the measles? Because she'd Adam (had 'em).

Why would you be justified in picking the pockets of a vender of engravings? Because he has pictures (pieked yours).





ERE IS A SOUVENIR from our college days which will interest the the walls of the old abbey, which

> P.RS.V.R.Y P.RF.CTM.N V.RK..PTH.S.PR C.PTST.N

The dots represent a certain vowel which had faded from the inscription. In the present dustration the college professor of etymology was asked to construct the sentence properly by the introdustion of the one vowal.

A REBUS.

My first you hear its sullen roar When wandering by the ocean's shore;

My second in the gambler's art Hath played no mean or paltry part, But, fired with sordid thirst to win. It often aids him in his sin. My whole is something that is found Upon the face of all around, Yet if you take from me my face, I am a title commonplace.

Cypher Ans. 19, 21, 18, 6, 1, 3, 5.

Why is an acquitted prisoner like a gun? Because he is charged, taken up, and then let off.

Why are horses little needed in the Isle of Wight? Because visitors prefer Cower to Ryde (cows to ride).

Why are bad riddles like a deserted inn keener? Because there is a host put out and not one guest (guessed).

A Puzzling Verdict.

Here is what we will term a neckwhich will interest the the puzzle, wherein the object is to discover a missing word to be placed is built upon similar lines in the bow, so that by reading it to the story of the epitaph upon twice as you go around the loop the sentence will be complete. I think the sentence in this case should have been a hempen necktic around the culprit's neck on account of a missing watch which was found in his possession, but by some twist of the law the sentence was defective, so I will ask our young puzzlists to supply the missing wordl so as to Upon his wedding Eve. make the sentence correct.

> Why does a donkey eat thistles? Why, the Because he's an ass.

A REBUS.

My first is a color; my second an agreeable exercise; my third an article of clothing, and my whole a celebrated character, dear to the young folks.

Cypher Ans. 18, 5, 4, 18, 9, 4, 9, 14, 7, 8, 15, 15, 4.

A PUZZLE.

Place the same word in the blanks so as to make each line read prop-

1] The——to Fingal's cave would—the visitor.

2. The Arabs sometimestravelers in the-

3. To select—sometimes a writer to annovance.

4. To excuse donating theyto the-

A CRYPTOGRAM.

E10100010001000 U N 1100 A T X N. Answer: Excommunication.

Take the bees away from something we cat and make it read out loudl Ans. Bread and butter becomes read and utter.

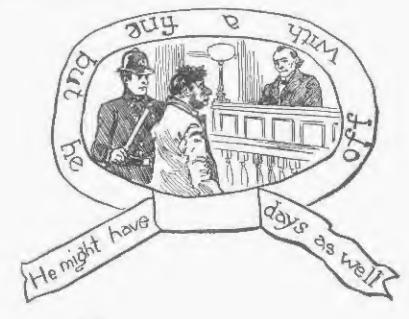
What is the difference between a bottle of medicine and a troublesome boy? One is to be well shaken before taken, the other to be taken and then shaken.

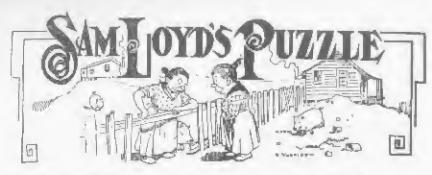
Why is a loaf of bread on the top of the Eiffel Tower like a racchorse? Because it is high bread.

At what time was Adam married?

What part of a fish is like the end of a book? Don't you know?

FIN-IS.





As showing how the keener sensibilities, when confined within the I captivate many when trained well house with pleasure. limitations of the domestic sphere, are prone to establish a new era, dating from some all-important episode, we quote a morecau of Cherry Hill gossip, incidentally allied to a pretty mathematical thought:

"You see," said Mrs. Murphy, "Paddy is now one and one-third times as old as he was when he took to drink, and little Jimmy, who was My fairest of forms he has carefully forty months old when Paddy took half as old as I was when Paddy took to drink, so when little Jimmy is as old as Paddy was when he took to drink, our three ages combined will amount to just one hunderd years."

How old is little Jimmy?

At what age should a man marry? At the parsonage.

Why is an egg underdone like an egg overdone? They are both hardly done.

Why is a very old umbrella, that has been lost, as good as new when found? Because it's re-covered.

Why do the Salvation Army lassies walk on their heels? To Save their soles (souls).

Because it makes ill will.

Which is the oddest follow, the one who asks a question or the one who answers? The one who asks because he is the querist.

When does the wind most rekeeps stationary (stationery).

What benefit can be derived from a paper of pins? It will give you many good points,

Why are authors who treat of physiognomy like soldiers? Be- The things which daily fore me pass, cause they write about face.

it. I sat down to look for it, and then I went home with it because I could not find it. A splinter.

How did the whale that swallowed Jonah obey the divin law? Jonah was a stranger and he took him in,

A RIDDLE.

by art,

To each lover of song an impulse im-

Though to gay pleasure I'm closely allied

The grave son of care in me will confide;

The miser will smile when safe with his gold

roll'd; to drink, is now two years more than I useful am found in commerce and trade.

To friendship and love I lend my kind aid,

Ladies then while you are aspiring to me

Let virtue and worth your motto still he; Then grandeur may frown and envy

may scorn. But happy if merit your life shall

adorn. Ans. 14, 15, 20, 5.

A REBUS.

My first is found in many mines; And there my costly second shines. As for my whole-what shall I say? It seems intended to betray, Then, oh! beware unthinking youth, Why is the letter W like gossip? Adhere to honesty and truth. Cypher Ans. 19, 20, 18, 1, 20, 5, 7,

A RIDDLE.

Ladies a riddle I submit :-To fifty now add one; semble a book-seller.? When it And, having thereby shown your

You may my whole put on! Cypher Ans. 12, 1, 3, 5,

A REBUS.

Cause me much deep reflection; I went into the woods and caught Behead me, 'twould be hard to make A giddier selection.

> Behead again sure stubborness Will scarce escape detection. Cypher Ans. 7, 12, 1, 19, 19.

Why is the polka like bitter beer? There are so many hops in it.

CONCEALED GEOGRAPHY.

133. I should be proud to entertain such a guest.

134. Shall we see the ghoul tonight?

135. Which do you prefer for lunch, clam, oyster, or turtle soup?

136 We eat the melon, but the rind gets thrown to the pigs. (Cout-

try.) 137. From wax tapers I anticipate a great deal of pleasure. (Country.)

138. My brother, I enter your

139. My high-wrought exasperation lifled the enemy with utter dismay, (State.)

140. They only light their astral Sunday nights.

141. He rode to Plymouth on a ticket for Quincy.

142. The siege of Sebastopol gave the French much trouble.

143. Madam Parepa lost her voice. on that occasion. 144. The amphibinus monster

crossed the river on a raft. 145. Sarah ought on all accounts

to be remembered, 146. Poor Sambo got a whipping

for running away, 147. The Mustage I orroneously supposed peculiar to Mexico.

148 I must go somewhere for dinner.

149. Water I eat, bread I drink. 150 In trying to stop that animal I made a misstep and fell. 151 We must feed our cows with

hay till next June. (Island.) 152. She wore a crepe ruche on

her mock. (Country.) 153. The Queen of the Adriatic or King of Abyssinia must reign

154. At the great Anawan I celebrated the Fourth of July.

155. I have a hundred and one; I dare say you have a hundred and two. (Lake.)

156! To a man under age, no agreement is Minding

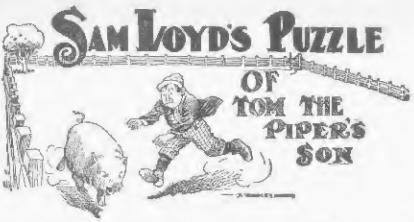
157. The best cows are Alderney. 158. I met my great aunt in Washington street.

159. When the rain began to fall I made my friend put up her um-

160. Our cook's name is Augusta. 161. Do you think books of travel are as interesting in general as Kane's Arctic Expedition? (Terri-

162. Nine vehicles, in the open day, were stolen from the public

Why is a patter like a musician? Because he fingers the keys.



Here is the puzzle of Tom the Piper's Son, who, as told by "Mother Goose," stole the pig and away be the far gate shown at the top on the as my first. right hand. The pig was rooting at the base of the tree 250 yards distant, and Tom captured it by always running directly towards it, while the pig made a bee-line rude (rood). towards the lower corner as shown. third faster than the pig, how far did the pig run before he was caught?

The puzzle is a remarkable one on account of its apparent simplicity and yet the ordinary manner of ing handling problems of this character is so complicated that solvers are asked merely to submit approximately correct answers, based upon judgment and common sense, just to see who can make the best guess. The simple rule for solving it, howelementary arithmetic.

A REBUS.

A pendent charm-bereft of tail and head.

A quadruped will give you in its Cypher Ans. 1, 13, 21, 12, 5, 20.

When is a lady's dress like an unfortunate bull-fighter? When it is gored.

Why is an old man's farm in Texas like the focus of a sun-glass? Because it's a place where the sons raise meat (sun's rays meet).

Add half a score to nothing, and what animal does it make? OX (ox).

What shape is a kiss? Elliptical (a lip tickle).

How is it that trees can put on newtdresses without "opening their trunks?" Because they leave out their summer clothing!

A REBUS.

My first is found in every country of the globe; my second is what we run. It is known that Tom entered all should be; my whole is the same

How many foreigners make a man uncivil? Forty Poles make one

Now, assuming that Tom ran one- year? Forty-six; the other six are and the other by a be-laboring? only lent (Lent).

> than by day? Because he is let out the leaves are turned, they are red at night, and taken in in the morn-

the Ark? Preserved pairs (pears).

Students of concealed geography are given an opportunity to exercise their ingenuity in discovering the locality where according to tradition ever, which will doubtless be quite the custom of ringing the merry new to our puzzlists is based upon wedding bells is said to have originated.

A REBUS.

I received the following communication the other day from a young puzzlist:

Missed her-trees being at the of king of terrors, 10 mills for his quakers, and who, which and what. They order for Dr. Juvenile Humanity (who)-2 Dr. Haypreservers, little devil behold gold band servants; Cigar stump B4 he arrived. the not legally good changed color.

Here is the intended translation: Mr. Dashwood, being at the point of death, sent for his friends and relatives. They sent for Dr. Childs, who inclused a short line to Dr. Barnes imp-lo-ring help, but before he arrived the invalid died.

What is the difference between a beehive and a had potato? None Cypher Ans. 13, 1, 14, 11, 9, 14, 4. at all; as the one is a bee holder (beeholder) the other a speck'd tatur (spectator).

What's the difference between a piece of honeycomb and a black eye? How many weeks belong to the One is produced by a laboring bee,

Which of the four seasons is the Why is a watchdog higger by night most literary? Autumn, for when

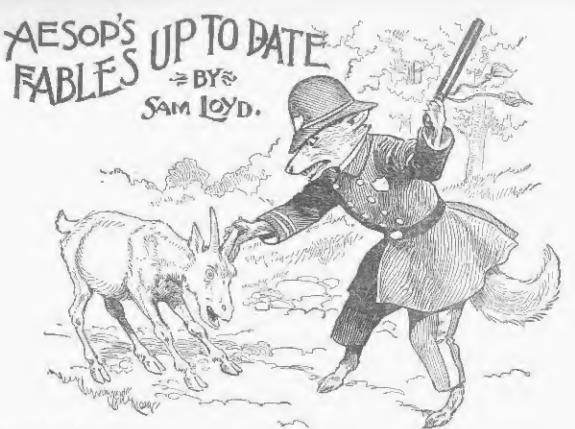
When is a young lady not a young What confection did they have in lady? When she's a sweet tart (sweetheart).

How does a nitcher of water differ from a man throwing his wife from a bridge? One is water in the pitcher, and the other is pitch her in the water.

What is the difference between an angler and a dunce? One baits his book; the other hates his book.



In that country the brides wear white, the bridesmaids blue.



Æsop tells of a hongry wolf, who, seeing a fat little goat sleeping on a roof top, resolved to capture a meal by impersonating a policeman who would accuse the youngster of throwing snowballs at him, and of having butted him on a previous occasion.

"How could I throw snowballs at you in July, when there is no snow?" said the frembling kid, as he came down from the rouf. "Moreover, I have been asleep for an hour and never dreamed of such a thing, and I am not the kind of a kid to toss coppers."

"You offer an ingenious equivoçation in place of a straight denial, and I despise a person who pans," replied the cruel wolf as he seized his victim. "To pelt a cop with snowbaits is only a misdemeanur, and would have only cost you your pelt in return, but out of your own mouth you are now convicted of a heinous crime, and I will have to take you in!" Which he proceeded to do. Of course, the moral of this true tale is that it is folly to come down to argue with a cop, but how many of our clever puzzlists can guess this conundrum by telling the nature of the charge against that poor little kill?

Why have miserly people never quarreled?

Because they have always a-greed.

A Rebus.

To a word of denial add one to incite, morning and night,

Cipher Answer .- 14, 15, 15, 14-

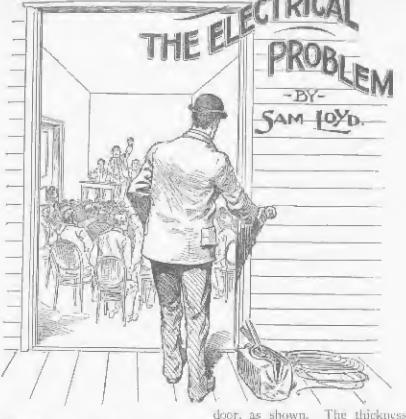
A Rebus.

My second, who is a relative, took You'll see what there passes 'twixt my first, after using my whole at dinner. Ciplier Answer .- 14, 1, 16, 11,



\$1.10 per day, the handy man \$1, entertainment committee, he inwork for days for \$303, but on the yet at the end of the season each second day two of them organized a man received \$101, and there had planters' and diggers' association, been just 303 days work done,

When Smith bought a farm he en- and asked for shorter hours with ingaged three foreigners to do the creased pay. Recognizing the justice work, agreeing to pay the foreman of their demands, as explained by the and his helper 90 cents, so as to aver- creased the wages of two of the men age \$1 per day. They contracted to so that every one was satisfied, and



ERE is a practical problem in electrical wiring which developed recently at a county convention and which will

amuse and instruct our puzzlists. It gives ample scope for one's genius for estimating and guessing, so it is safe to say that the clever wits will find no trouble in mastering such a practical problem.

It appears that at a recent primary meeting an electrician was given a contract to place an emmeiator in the back of the hall, to be connected with a push-button at the front door, so that the managers could notify the long-winded orators when to ring off. The length of the wire required for the work gave rise to quite a discussion between the workmen, and the question was referred to me, and I find that it involves a problem which I am sure our puzziists will be qualified to tackle.

The hall was just twelve feet wide by twelve feet high and thirty feet long, and, as shown in the picture, the wire must be strong along the wall, ceiting or floor from the annunciator, three feet from the ceiling in the center of the back wall, to a push button three feet from the floor, in

door, as shown. The thickness of the wall, nor the question of single or double wire need not be considered; the problem is merely to give the length of the shortest route where the wire should be strong.

A Charade.

Complete I'm unpleasant to hear, Behead. I'm not so to the taste: Behead again, there's a great deal Of what scribblers too often waste. Cipher Answer.—19, 3, 18, 5, 1, 13. A Rebus

I cheer the pilgrim's lonely way, As toils he on from day to day; Curtail me, and I then am found What students do on collège ground; Curtail once more, and by inspection You'll find I am an interjection.

Cipher Answer.—8, 15, 16, 5.

Illustrated Charade



Can our young folks tell why both of these illustrations are just alike y

A Charade,

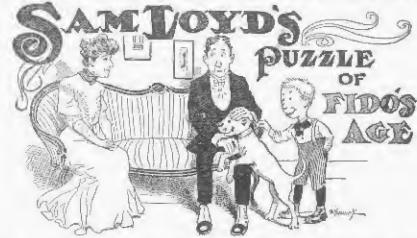
My first, kind reader, is thyself; My next is in the sea. My whole to many will apply, But not to thee and me, Cipher Answer,-20, 8, 15, 21, 19,

A Charade.

Of a monster I've read, which deprived of its head, Is strong, healthy, hearty and clever

And if you repeat, a brew you will

That is hearty and healthy as ever. Cipher Answer. -23, 8, 1, 12, 5.



the center of the Iron wall, near sister was four times older than help him?

"You can't tell a dog's age by the Fido, now she is only three times as number of rings in his bark," said old!" Charley Slowpop is very anxl'enfaut terrible, "but five years ago ions to know Fido's age. Can you



The above picture of Master Sam Loyd was made in 1850, and shows the nine-year-old lad giving an exhibitinn of lightning calculating. As his mathematical and chess problems of that date are well known, we will give his earliest recollection of precoclous figuring. His father bought two hammers from a pedlar, and said "The man offered me one for fifteen cents, or two for a quarter, and said be would make just as much profit whichever I took." "Then," said Sammy, who was but four years old, "the hammers cost him ten cents spiece, for if he made the same profit in either case, he must have sold the second one at cost." It is a simple problem devoid of all difficulty, but my chief propelling power, I said at the reason why.

Puzzling Synonyms.

- 1. Behead a musical instrument and leave a musical instrument.
- 2. Beliead a margin and leave a
- 3. Dehead a class of animals and leave one of the same class;
- a. Behead a vessel and leave a
- 5. Behead an animal and leave an animal.
- 6. Behead to liquely and leave to liquefy.
- 7. Behearl to ascend and leave to ascend.
- 8. Behead a woman's name and leave a woman's name.
- o. Behead an animal and leave the class to which it belongs.
- to. Behead to move slowly and leave to move slowly.
- 11. Behead a woman's name and leave a woman's name; again, and leave a man's name.
- 12. Behead and curtail a bird and leave a bird.
- 13. Curtail a lamentation and leave to lament.
- 14. Curtail a protection and leave a protection.
- 15. Curtail to blemish and leave to blemish.
- 16. Curtail to disclose and leave to

17. Curtail to conceal and leave

Answers to the above will be found among the following words:

Mar-k, P-love-r, M-avis, S-melt, L-lama, F Inte. Ope-n, Complain-t, F-lag, A-rise, C-raft or B-ark, B-rim, Hid-e, Cover-t, A-m-abel, M-adeline,

A Baseball Problem.

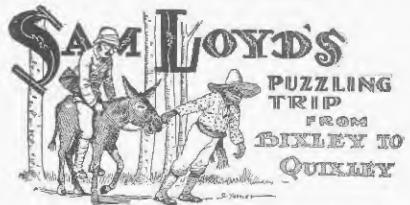
The game was between the "Sockers" and the "Sleggers." The Sockers were first at the bat. At the end of the eighth inning neither team had scored. The final score at the end of the ninth was 5 to 2. Which won?

A Legal Problem.

A correspondent who wishes to lay a claim to an estate in changery asks if there is a law in any of our states which would have prohibited his grandfather from marrying the sister of his widow. He says that the entire proof of his right of inheritance to an old farm now covered with sky-sempers and palatial residences turns upon the solution of this question. What have our correspondents to say on the subject?

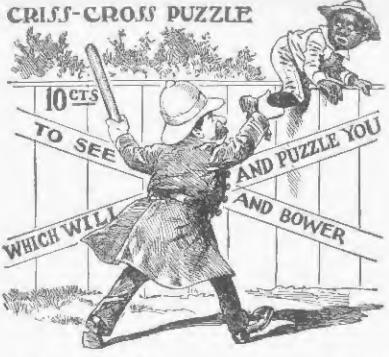
Can you tell of what nationality Napoleon was? Of course I can (Corsican).

Why is your mother like your grandmother? She is your aunt's sister (ancestor).



Here is a pretty problem which I figured out during a ride from Bixley to Quixley astride of a razur-back mule. I asked Don Pedro if my steed had another gait, and he said it had but that it was much slower, so I parshed my journey at the uniform speed as shown in the sketch. To encourage Don Pedro, who was to get some liquid refreshments; and from Bixley to Quixley.

from that moment be could think of nothing but Pixley. After we had been traveling for forty minutes I asked how far we had gong, and he replied: "Just half as far as it is to Pixley." After creeping along for seven miles more I asked: "How far is it to Quixley?" and he replied as before: "Just half as far as it is to Pixley." We arrived at Quixley in another hour, which induces me to shows the correct manner of getting we would pass through Pixley, so as ask you to figure out the distance



Here is a new style missing word pazzle for the young folks which will tell you just what that little coon expects to see without the formality of paying a dime. You see, there is some sort of a show going on, as described by the sign on the fence; I can't tell you exactly what it is, because one word is hidden by the cop, so you will have to guess it. Place a word at the intersection of the two sentences which will make them both read correctly, and you will know all about it.

Can These Things Be True?

A traveler in a little Canadian village had stoped to speak to an old man who was sawing wood in a back yard, and said to him, pityingly, that he must see very few things of any interest in so narrow and confined a life. The old man was sharper than he looked, and replied as follows:

"Though seldom from my yard I

- I saw some squeer things here at home.
- I saw wood floating in the air; I saw a skylark, bigger than a
- bear : I saw an elephant with arms and hands:
- I saw a haby breaking iron hands; I saw a blacksmith weighing half a ton;
- I saw a statue sing and laugh and
- I saw a schoolboy nearly ten feet tall:

I saw an oak tree span Niagara

- I saw a rainbow, black and white and brown;
- I saw a parasol walk alone through TOWN:
- I saw a politician doing as he should t
- I saw a good man-and I saw some wood."

Now, how many of our clever puzzlists can decipher the old man's remarkable story so as to tell just what he meant, and to show that he was not such a lineal descendant of Baron Munchausen as his wonderful tale would seem to imply?

A Rebus

At the still hour of eye, when nature

And sweets are emitted from lilies and roses.

To insects and bees my first does be-

Like the musical notes of a beautiful SOUT.

To my second I like not to own recognition.

But in duty I'm bound to give some definition:

All are reinefunt to make the confession

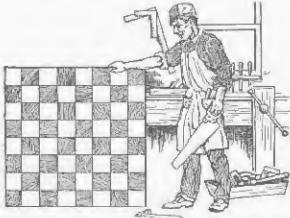
When in the head it has taken possession. My whole is a term more of fashion

than rule: Expressing the has-been, the would-

be, the fool: 'Tis what all honest men most justly

And is easily discovered by such as

Cipher Answer.—8, 21, 13, 2, 21, 7.



This clever young carpenter received a chest of tools for a Christmas present, and immediately set to work to make a fine chess-board to present to Dr. Lasker, the chess champion of the world, who is a Dr. Lasker Is a marvelous chessplayer, but Harry wonders whether board can be divided (on the lines) pieces!

so that every piece will be different. You see, you could make one strip with eight squares, one with seven, six, five, four, three, two and one, a crooked piece with two white squares, a grooked piece with two black squares, etc., in endless variety great mathematician and puzzlist. -but then you are limited to sixtyfour squares. Doctor Lasker is going to try to solve the problem blindhe can beat our puzzlists in discov- folded, as they term it, so perhaps ering into how many pieces this chess he will overlook one of the little





ment that made him absolutely invul- bridged. nerable in debate. We often discould not answer. I became firmly convinced that there would be no mantie,

Who but Henry George could give a sound and satisfactory reply to the 13, and so on until all of the points proposition: "If buildings, as representing labor, are to be free from taxation, how about the poor man's house or store which occupies just as much land as the capitalist's adioining five million dollar free-from- them up in regular order, beginning tax office building? And from with the first letter of the word, and whence should the city derive its see in how few jumps you can make necessary income?"

Half of the people of the United States would vouchsafe an off-hand answer to this problem, while, as a

IONG the great men of reaching a definite conclusion. At our times, noted for one time, when we used to meet alovercoming early obsta- most daily at the Press Club, Mr. cles and battling their George had been tantalizing me with way to success, the late some of his mighty problems on po-Henry George should be accorded a litical economy. I retaliated by offerwell deserved prominence. By the ing a puzzle of my own, which offers profound study of his one dominant a wide range of possibilities-from a subject, the author of "Progress and simple trick which a child might Poverty," had acquired a familiarity guess in a minute-to an endless with every possible phase of argu- chase through Webster's Una-

It is built on the principle of the cussed the problems pertaining to old star puzzle which consists in fillsingle taxation, and, although aston- ing up the points of a star with ished at the readiness with which he counters according to the following demolished objections which others rule: Take a counter and place it on point No. 1, and then give it one jump-as in checkers-forward or competent successor to take up his backward to No. 3 or No. 12; then place another, say on No. 2, and jump along the line to No. 4 or No. are covered but one.

The idea of the Henry George puzzle is to select a word of twelve letters, and write a different letter on each of the counters. Then take the word snell property.

It is a puzzle pure and simple, yet pazzles of this kind develop a knowledge of the meaning and charactermatter of fact, the best of them could istics of words, for it will be found ponder over it for a life time without that different words produce different answers and call for skill to play

Heury George was greatly pleased with the puzzle and paid me the equivocal compliment of saying it was "the brightest thing I had ever originated." See if you can find a good twelve-letter word which can be readily placed upon the points.

Concealed Geography

163. I am decided to go at last, or I am not in my right mind.

164. Neither men, butterflies, nor angels can sew on a button.

165. A man took his soft soan to Sobustopol, and thence to his eastle in the air. (Country.)

166. Anna's sansages are the very best I ever are.

167. A Jewess went to Cuba, that loved Henry the 8th.

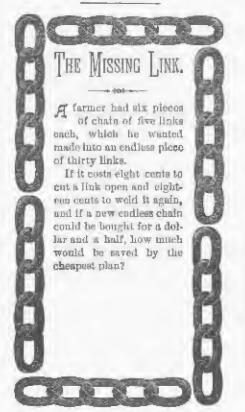
168. If you carry into a room a half-dozen oysters, they will blush like a rainbow.

169. If any one stabs a rat, O. gather up the fragments.

170. My sister had a fall by which she was lamed for days.

171. The country everywhere about here is very green.

A Cryptogram I Y Y I own concert.



The Tower of Hanoi

story of a remarkable puzzle. In the great temple at Benares, says he, heneath the dome which marks the center of the world, rests a plate of brass in which are fixed three diamond needles, each a cubit high and as thick as the hody of a bee. On one of these needles at the creation was placed sixty-four dises of pure gold, the largest disc resting on the brass plate, and the others getting smaller and smaller up to the top one. This is the tower of Bramab. Day and night unceasingly the priests transfer the disc from one diamond needle to another according to the fixed and immutable laws of Branah, which require that the priest must not move more than one disc at a time and that he must place this disc on a needle so that there is no smaller disc below it. When the sixty-four discs of millions of years to carry out? As shall have been thus transferred from the needle on which they were placed at the creation to one of the other needles, tower, temple and Brahmins discs from the top of the tower and alike will crimble into dust, and with a thunder-clap the world will vanish!

of single dises which the Brahmins other places to build on, but are never must make to effect the transfer of to place a larger disc above a smaller the tower is 250 -1, that is 18,446,- one.

A Rebus

The swain will not its aid refuse,

When wintry storms are raging;

Once more behead, transpose; I'm

Cipher Answer.-19, 8, 15, 22, 5,

A Rebus

My second graced my grandma's

Cipher Answer. -3, 8, 9, 12, 4, 8,

Protect my first, wee, helpless elf,

It asks your tender care;

At market, church or fair;

Appears a summer's morn:

A fading dream of fairy joys,

Gone, never to return.

15, 15, 4.

My whole, a retrospective glance,

Employed in acts of tillage.

Beheaded, you'll a shelter ken,

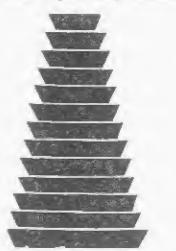
A passinn most engaging.

there

An implement in daily use

In city, town and village:

M. De Parville gives the following 744,073,700,554,615, a number which, even if the priest made no mistakes and could make one transfer per secand, would require many thousands



our puzzlist could not afford to spare the time to solve such a complicated puzzle, we give them just thirteen ask in how many transfers can the change now be made? The discs are The number of separate transfers in one pile, and you are allowed two

> Take the bees away from something we eat and make it read out land.

Answer.-Bread and butter becomes read and utter.

In every hall my first is found, Convenient to the hand;

No structure raised above the ground Without my next could stand. My whole, although a little toy With simple science fraught, It charms the heart of every boy, And gives them food for thought. Cipher Auswer.—16, 5, 7, 20, 15,

A Rebus

A Charade

My whole is both common and useful 1 ween,

Or yet may be precious and rare; It both in the cottage and palace is

And often adorneth the fair: Beliead: 'tis either exquisitely sweet Or harsh and ungrateful it sounds. Curtailed: it is massive—to make it

complete. You must furnish a good many pounds.

Cipher Auswer,-19, 20, 15, 14, 5.

A Charade

When your fine vessel on the ocean speeds.

Unto my first the watchful tar's attending:

And yet my second oft employs his thoughts.

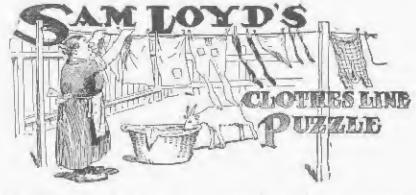
When at my whole his powerful form is bending.

Cipher Answer. -23, 9, 14, 4, 12, 1, 19, 19.

A Rebus

My first entireles all the earth; You date my second from your birth; My whole is always backward traced, Hoping it never was disgraced.

Cipher Answer.-12, 9, 14, 5, 1,



foot clothes line with her friend Mary O'Neill, but as she paid the larger pieces?

Mrs. Hogan bought a new 100- part of the hill, one piece was only five-sevenths of the length of the other. What were the lengths of the

PUZZLE OF AN ECCENTRIC WILL



Glouster in the year 1803, a re- ceived, for the curious feature of the spected and worthy citizen, he left the proceeds of his successful ventures in the slave and smuggling traffic to his nine heirs-consisting of a married son with a wife and child; a married daughter, her husband and child, and a stepson, who also had a wife and child-as pictured above. He stipulated in his will that each of the Imsbands should receive a specihe sum of money more than his wife, but that she in return was to receive just so much more than their child. This arrangement pacified the good wives, who in their ignorance of figures supposed that they would lose puthing, as they would get just as much from the children as they had to give to the husbands! It was a cunningly devised will, executed in such a way that none knew how much was left to the others. The money consisted entirely of nne-dotlar bills, and each heir received a package of sealed envelopes, each envelope containing just as many dollar hills as there were scaled envelopes in his or her original package. Each package being marked with the name of the person for whom it was intended, it is evident that even the executors did not know how much each one received, although it was stated in the will that "Mary and Sarah together get just as much as Tom and Bill together, while Ned, Bill and Mary together get \$299 more than Hank. In consideration of the needy circumstances of the Jones family, they get over one-third more than the Browns."

The portraits shown across the top of this page give no indications of their relative ages, but from the data of the will our pazzlists should have in 100, came in and proposed a threeno trouble in guessing the family sur-

When Capt, John Smith died at and the amount of money each repuzzle is that it shows which are the wives and children.

A Rebus.

I hope you have two of my first; My next we will term an extreme; My whole pertains to ancient tales, Wild and romantic as a dream. Cipher Answer.—12, 5, 7, 5, 14, 4

A Rebus

My whole is acknowledged a place of

And for me oft a wish is expressed, My head now displace and you'll quickly disclose

A bright grace by the ladies pos-

Again me decapitate, and then you

Without which all Nature would speedily die. Cipher Answer.-3, 8, 1, 9, 18.

My wife's last dress of one is made, And shows, in line, a lovely shade. When she sits down to neo, I think She is perfection's very pink, And when at fairs-now all the go-Where apple-sauce the ladies show, She on parade appears, she draws The eyes of people all, who pause To scan her outfit, fing and neat, Made of rare one I here complete.

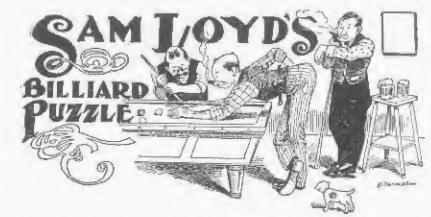
A Charade.

A Rebus.

View yonder smiling bonny lass; My first sometimes she's reckon'd. And you will notice as we pass, Her cheeks outvie my second,

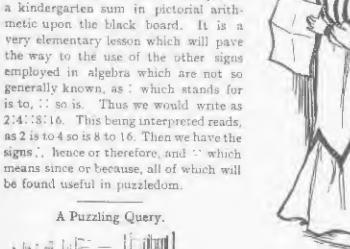
Around her cottage in the spring My whole you may discover; Like her a simple, modest thing, With many an ardent lover,

Cipher Answer.-16, 18, 9, 13, 18,



Prof. Apfelbaum was playing billiards the other day with his friend, Blumenstein, giving him the odds of 20 points in 100, when Gugelheim, to whom Blumenstein gives 25 points handed game of 200 points. Of names of the nine portraits shown, course the usual discussion ensued

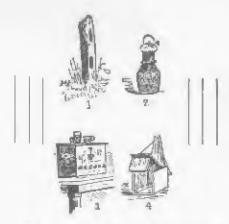
regarding the number of points that Prof. Apfelbaum should give Gugelheim, and it developed that no two players, puzzlists or mathematicians, could be found to agree upon the simple proposition: A can give B 20 points and B can give C 25 points in 100; then how many points can A give C in a game of 200?



PICTORIAL ARTHMETIC

To familiarize Harry with the arithmetical signs of multiplication X, addition +, substruction -, division ÷, and equality =, teacher has placed

> this kind is by the aid of pictures, which leaves more to the imagination to tell what they represent. Here is a simple illustration of a square word .



The most remarkable square word extant is the seal of the McCormack's, the inventor of the reaping machine.

> SATOR AREFO TERET OPERA ROTAS

This Latin inscription reads the same from four directions, up or down, right or left, and freely translated, says: The reaper shall cease from his toil as the mower works his

A Rebus.

A pleasant herb, or what relieves our

Transposed will sport upon the verdant plain.

Cipher Answer .- 2, 1, 12, 13.

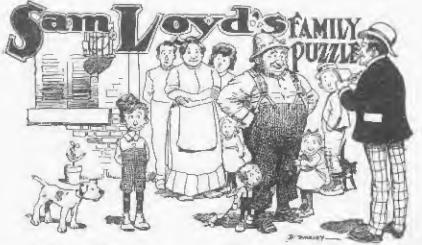


How do I know that this man is preparing a great feast?

Square Words

Of course all puzzlists know how to make square words. Take a word that means frozen water; what parents given to children; a sign, and a word that indicates gone. They will form a square word, the same from the top down or from left to right, The answer to this, of course, is:

SNOW NAME OMEN WENT



The Family Puzzle.

Farmer Smith and wife say that the race suicide seare is of no account down their way, as they have fifteen children born at intervals of one year and a half. Miss Pocahontas, A better way to form puzzles of the eldest of the children, who is

reluctant about mentioning her age, admits she is seven times older than Captain John, jr., the youngest of the brood.

Can you assist the census man in figuring out the age of Miss Poca-



"No one would believe the absurd experiences I go through nor the silly questions I am asked to answer during the course of the day," said the rural postmaster.

"A few days ago a smart Alec To these add a title of highest degree, came with a letter appointing him to stand by the stamp window holding out his tongue for people to moisten stamps on. While I was trying to convince him that he was the victim of a practical joke one of those weakminded correspondents who answer froud personals came along and asked:

"'Is there a letter here for me?' "'What's the name?' says I.

"'He signs his name just 'Honorable,' says she, 'and it would come by the first New York mail."

"'Put what is your name?' says I. " 'Smith,' says she.

"'Married or single?' says I.

"None of your business,' says she. Just give me my letter, or I'll know the reason why,' and then she planks down a dollar hill and says, 'Give me some two-cent stamps, ten times as many ones, and the balance in fives," There's a puzzle to give the Postmaster General a pain. Some two-cent stamps, ten times as many one-cent many stamps she got for her dollar." by doubling our assets. Then the How much money did I start with?

Evolution Puzzle.

Evolution puzzles are very interesting, and the young folks should practice with them more than they do to learn to originate ideas of their own. How would you change a ent into a dog, one letter at a time, by introducing new subjects? Cat, cot, dot, dog, and there you are in three

A Pictorial Charade



Can you tell what kind of a weight

A Charade.

My first when in a circle found, Betakes to whirling round and round;

My second, elevated high, Calmly surveys the passerby; My friendly whole acts like a brother, Not for himself, but for another.

Cipher Auswer,-19, 16, 15, 11, 5, 19, 13, 1, 14.



I was initiated into the mysteries count and I won the third game, fives! Just figure it out and tell how and I scored the second game, there- had lost \$100.

Take the head of a fish and the heart

With one-fourth of whatever is mean

And the meanest and basest of mor-

of an acc.

and base :

tals you'll see.

of "cinch" in the cardroom of the which doubled our chips. The myssteamship Bacteria. I lost the first terious feature of the situation was game to Baron von D. and Count de that each player had won twice and stamps, ten times as many one-cent c., who each won enough to double lost only once, each then having the stamps as twos, and the balance in their stacks of chips. The baron same number of chips, although I



PROPOSITION --- Cut one of the triangles in half and then fit the six pieces into a perfect square.



ERE IS A PRETTY trick version of an old-style puzzle, which while mute simple, will temply repay all who

study out the principle upon which it is based.

The clown after juggling with the five triangular pieces at cardboard to attract attention, proceeds to cut one of them into two pieces.

He then lays the six pieces upon the top of the box and shows that they will fit together and form a

perfect square.

The pieces represent five rightangled triangles, say one inch high by two melies on the base, so you can readily out five similar pieces from paper and then guess how to cut one of them so that the six pieces will form a perfect square.

The Miller's Problem.

A nuller took one-tenth of the meal of flour he grinds for "toll." How much did be grind if the customer had just one bushel after the toll had been taken?

Why was "Uncle Tom's Cabio" not written by a woman's hand? Because it was written by Mrs. Beecher Stowe (Beccher's toe).

What moral lesson does the weather cock teach? It is vane to

When is a house like a bird? When it has wings,

Why is a lame dog like a school boy adding six and seven together? Because the dog puts down three and carries one.

When is a lawyer like a beast of burden? When drawing a conveyance.

Why is a coward like a leaky barrel? Because they both run.

If a short man married a widow, what will his friends call him? A widow's mite.

Who is privileged to sit before the Queen with his hat on? Her coach-

Why is it unjust to blame coachmen for cheating as? Because we call them to take us in.

What is a counter-irritant? A fashionable woman shopping.

When was paper money first mentioned in the Bible? When the dove brought the green back to

Which is the easier profession, a doctor's or a clergyman's? A clergyman's: he preaches, the doctor practices.

When does water resemble a cat? When it makes a spirng.





and biblical lore, Solomon's Temple, the most remarkable building ever constructed, was

signed by the architects and crafts- ment's consideration. men, that the immense edifice in all its parts and details was put together without the slightest poise from hammer, saw or chisel.

quarry, so perfect in its proportions and measurements that it could be fitted into its proper position without the use of implements or the creation of any noise whatever. The blocks of finished marble, some of immense size, were drawn by teams of oxen to a point just outside of the radius of a mile from the site of the temple. and from that point they had to be carried by hand up an inclined roadway, which raised them 880 yards higher, to the level of the plane of the temple.

As the body of the temple was built with blocks of marble one cubit (viz.: 18 inches) square, it is an easy matter to compute that those square blocks would weigh 632 pounds each. which speaks well for the strength and endurance of the trained carriers of these days,

Ancient pictures representing the building of the temple, show that

CORDING to tradition these building blocks were carried by three men, as shown in the sketch, and if the ancients were so exact and scientific in this particular, as they proved to be in the assembling built on Mt, Moriah, in Jerusalem, of the many parts, it would involve and was so cumpingly or skilfully de- a pretty pazzle, well worth a mo-

I give the problem as I found it. with the front man grasping the handles of the carriers thirty-six inches ahead of the block of marble, Every stone was finished at the and I ask you to locate the correct distance for the two men in the rear, so that the weight of the stone will be divided equally between the three

> The old picture from which I glean the problem, gave the correct pesitions of the three men, and was so suggestive of a problem, that every one with puzzle proclivities could not resist the temptation of making a mental calculation to determine whether the weight was evenly distributed, but to conceal whatever difficulty the puzzle may possess. I have changed their positions, so that as now shown it is a little hard on the head man.

A Charade.

My first a kind of wing no aid to birds I lend:

My next a beverage; my whole we'll call the end.

Cipher Answer.—6, 0, 14, 1, 12, 5.

A Riddle.

My first and my second, their faith truly plighted,

As man and his wife were foully united:

My second (like wife) on my first quite depended.

At his useful vocation she always attended:

As a whole they are perfect, both skillful and clever.

While alone each is usaless, so join them together.

Cipher Answer .- 20. 8, 18, 5, 1, 4, 1, 14, 4, 14, 5, 5, 4, 12, 5,

Buried Proverb.

In each of the following sentences a word is concealed. When the words are rightly guessed, and read in the order here given, they will form a familiar proverb:

1. A naughty cat ran away. 2. They found a closely written roll in gathering up the rubbish. 3. It is the best one that I have ever seen. 4. The rug at her stairway is not a valuable one. 5. He is an old acquaintance of mine, 6. Amos soon saw through the stratagem.

A Rebus.

Allow my first and third to meet, They form a noble ranger, My second panders to deceit, And in my whole there's danger.

The Infantry Drill.

Here is a lesson in military tacties which goes to show that General Cinch, like the great Mapoleon, exhibited a precocious genius for the arof war at a very carly age. Refore he reached his tenth year he drilled a company of street urclains in the manual of arms, and originated the famous "two by two march," which is so puzzling to military students. The company is supposed to be standing at present arms, with a boy and a girl alternately on the line. Wishing to separate the soldiers from the red crass lassies by moving two adjacent persons at a time, he calls them by name, as indicated by the letters on their hats, always moving two adjacent persons at a time, so that in four moves, still standing close together, the boys are separated from the girls in just four moves, of four

A Charade

My modest first would ne'er aspire To rise above an equal, To pity of my next has claim, A safeguard in the sequel.

A Rebus.

Take a number and repeat it, Add another to complete it. And then I think you'll quickly know That I am neither dull nor slow.

A Charade,

The troop arranged for battle, Without my first would fly. And whether good or had, Without it you would die.

Go seek the earth and ocean, For smallest things you guess;

Yes, bring the atom from the air, And still my second's less,

May calm his cares and pray:

Yet when the axe sounds "dust to dust," My whole he's horne away.

Why is a cart-horse always in the a chair. Wrong place?

Because you have put the cart be- Puss?" said he, forc the horse.

What has many leaves but no stem? A hook.

What two letters make a prophet? Mr. Funnyman's Joke.

"Say, Algy,"said Mrs. Fonnyman, of London, "tell me the smallest amount of money above three cents that cannot be represented by four American coins?"

Algy gave it up, as it is a hard little puzzle, but he resolved to worth over seven pounds?" And get square with Mrs. Algy, so just here speech failed him. before starting for his office he said: "By the way, dear, have a look at now.

the dates of your coppers now and again; our exchange clerk told meyesterday that 1860 pennies would fetch over seven pounds just now in London.

"Really! Who'd have believed that now?" replied Mrs. Funnyman, "I'll just go through all mine this very morning." And as Algy closed the The traitor, when condemned to die, door he chuckled. "Got her that time," said he,

When he reached home the same evening he found Mrs. Funnyman in front of her mirror, trying on a Cipher Answer,-8, 5, 1, 4, 12, 5, dainty Paris creation in hats, while a lovely jacket lay over the back of

"Who's left us a fortune this time.

"Oh," said Puss, in ecstasy, "I found two 1860 pennies to-day, love; that meant over fourteen pounds, so I knew you would not object to my getting a few-" But here the paleness of Funnyman's face brought her to a pause,

"Whatever's the matter, Algie?" sairt she,

"Jerusalem, woman!" he shouted. "Whoever heard such moonstruck nonsense? Can't any idiot see that 1860 pennies at twelve a shilling are

He always explains his little jokes



PROPOSITION-Show how the men should divide their money.

are periodically springing upon the \$1.10 per running yard for his work. public, and which go the rounds of explanation or solution. It is safe agreement and found that each man are led to look for a deeper proposition than pertains to the problem, introduction of a complex problem. whereas it is a simple little incident in "hire mathematics," which the

themselves: men to dig a driveway from a new possibility of figuring out how much house he was building to the road, work each man had done at the distant from his door just one hun- price agreed upon, to earn an equal dred yards. He agreed to pay one huadred dollars for the job, so it made no difference to dim how the men divided the money. The men dissatisfied. The carpenters, masons did not work continuously so as to and plumbers struck out of symcharge for their time. They worked from opposite ends of the road and estimated according to work done per running yard. The man who worked from the house end had a larger distance to wheel the dirt, but did not have to remove so much as did the man working at Because it becomes a young woman. respect from its fellows? The elder.

GIVE OUR PUZ- the other end, so he agreed to take zlists one of these natural 90 cents per running yard for what problems based upon the he did. The man working in from accidental development the road had more earth to remove. of ordinary affairs, which so it was agreed that he should have

When the road was finished, they the press challenging a reasonable estimated their work according to to say that the problem, in one form was entitled to fifty dollars, so they or another, has reached me from a divided the hundred dollars evenly, score of noted puzzlists and mathe- and went on their way rejoicing. maticians, all of whom question its They saw no difficulty in the settlecorrectness for the reason that they ment, and did not even suspect that there was opportunity for dispute, or

The owner of the house, however, who was a noted professor of mathelaborers could readily solve for matics, called them back and showed that the money should not be divided A gentleman engaged two work- in that way. He explained the imamount of money, and evolved therefrom a complicated state of affairs which made both of the men pathy, so that the house was not. My second takes my first completed in two years.

Can you show how much work each man did to receive the same amount of money. ?

Why is a blush like a young lady?

A CHARADE.

My first is seen in every line. And may be found of course in mine; My second howsoever near, You cannot see, but often hear; While by my whole the man of trade,

Has information well conveyed. Cypher Aus. 9, 14, 12, 15, 9, 3, 5,

A REBUS.

My whole, kind puzzlers you will Designates the female kind; Behead, and then you'll plainly see The sex entirely changed will be: Decapitate once more, and then The female sex appears again. Cypher Ans. 13, 1, 4, 1, 13.

ENIGMA.

Though they eatch me with a book. I'm more allied to bird than beast, In form more like a snake I look, Though having sixteen feet at Cypher Ans. 16, 5, 18, 3, 8.

A CHARADE. As first she leaves her nest. My whole a boly name you'll find Among the martyrs lilest, Cypher Ans. 19, 20, 5, 1, 8, 5, 14.6

Which tree commands the most



PROPOSITION-Show how to change the fifteen stripes into thirteen.



puzzle, built upon an incident of the late Spanwherein a blockade-runish-American war.

ner was captured, which had displayed an American flag containing fifteen stripes.

It is not generally known that our flag originally had thirteen stripes, but, according to the "Congressional Journal," January 7, 1794, a resomont and Kentucky had come into the Union. Mr. Goodhue, of Massachusetts, thought it "a trilling business which ought not to engross the attention of the house."

Mr. Lyman, also of Massachusetts. retorted that it was "of the greatest states.

Mr. Thatcher, of Massachusetts. branded it as "a consummate specimen of frivolity."

Mr. Greenup, of Kentucky, considered it "of very great importance to inform the rest of the world that we now have two additional States."

At the suggestion, however, of Mr. Boudinot, of New Jersey, who thought Vermont and Kentucky ought to be kept in good humor," the bill was passed. On January A Secret.

ERE IS A PRETTY 13, 1794, it was ordered that from and after May 1, 1795, the flag chicken thiel? A cock robin, should have fifteen stripes and fifteen stars,

Twenty-three years later, in December, 1817, Mr. Wendover, of New York, had the following resolution passed:

"Be it enacted, that from and after the 4th of July next, the flag of the United States shall be thirteen horizontal stripes, alternate red and lution was introduced to add two white, and that the Union be twenty stripes and two stars, because Ver- stars-white in a blue field, and that, on the admission of a new State into the Union, one star be added to the Union, of the flag; and that such addition shall take effect on the 4th day of July next succeeding such admission."

The puzzle to which attention is importance not to offend the new called, turns apon the converting of a fifteen-striped flag into one of thirteen, without any waste of nurterial. Show how to divide the flag into the fewest possible number of pieces which will fit together so as to make a flag of thirteen stripes.

> Why is a cock-eye like a note of interrogation? Because it is a

What is enough for one, too much

What bind might be called a

What did Job's wardrobe consist. of? Three wretched comforters.

When is a sailor not a sailor? When he is alward.

Why is a farmer like a potutoe? He depends on the plough.

What word deprived of a letter makes you sick? M-usick. In which month do ladies gossip

the least? February, What are the most seasonable

clothes? Pepper and sait. Which are the most peppery

letters of the alphabet? KN (Cayenne.) When would you welcome a blow from a lady? When she strikes

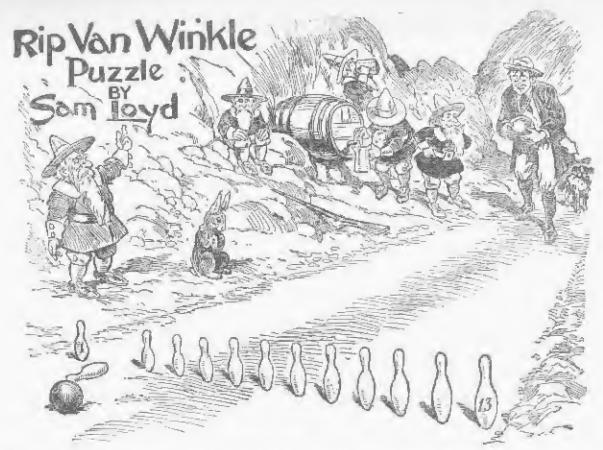
you agreeably. When is the pudding inhabited? When it has a little Indian in it.

What kind of leather would a naked Moor remind you of? No! not undressed kids, but undressed

Why is a French franc of no value compared with the American dollar? Because it is worth-less.

Why are people with short memories coveteous? Because they are always for-getting something.

Why are pigs more intelligent for two, and nothing at all for three? than human beings? They nose (knows) more.



Rip Van Winkle Puzzle.

The old Dutch game of Kuge!spiel, from which the modern ten pin alley was derived, used to be played with thirteen pins placed in a row, so that only one or two pins could be knocked out at one shot. The bowlers stood so close to the pins that it sides. did not call for much skill to hit any single pin, or two adjacent ones, problem in ten pins. which the player desired to knock down. At first it would look as if Twenty-two Birds Expressed Enigit made no difference whether one or two pins got knocked down, for the players bowled alternately, one ball at a time, and the point of the game the last pin,

It is assumed that they played with such skill that any desired pin could be hit at will, for, according to the old rules, a player loses if he scores a single miss. Supposing, therefore. that a player can hit any single pin or any two adjacent ones he wishes that supplies us with meat, and (12) and that they play turn about, one ball at a time, who can solve the bird that mimics and apes, and (14)

The little Man-of-the-Mountain with whom he is playing has just

single pins, or any one of the ten middle spots which will bring down two puns. Which is his best shot to win the game? It is assumed that the game is continued to the end, with the best possible play on both

It will be found to be a very pretty

matically

(1) A hird full of frulic and fun. (2) the standard old Romans adored; (3) the bird that sad judges put on. was to see who could knock down and (4) the bird that from Eden hath seared, (5) A bird that must help you to dine, and (6) a bird that is useful in chess; (7) a bird made of paper and twine, and (8) a bird in mourning dress. (9) The bird that must be in a fleet, and (10) one raising a penderous load: (11) the bird the name of an iron road, (13) A problem that now confronts Rip Van

a food the Chinese eat. (15) A bird

Winkle?

A Repus.

A Repus.

An animal tired of his kind, (16) the hird that off sells from door to door; (17) the bird that can write rolled a hall and knocked out pin No. with a pen, and (18) the name of a 2. Rip has the choice of twenty-two foreign shore. (19) The hird that in

different plays, any one of the twelve ages past was the scourge of imperious Spain, (20) the hird that should travel fast, and (21) one with a shallow brain. (22) The readers may often have heard of many a wonderful nest, but tell me the name of the bird that built of our churches the

A Study in Palmistry.

Inform a young man that you will tell him the name of his future wife by reading the lines of his palm,

Ask him the name of his father and mother, and also his full name, so that you may count the number of letters. (He says John Henry Smith.) Then, after asking him numerous embarassing questions regarding how many times he has been in lave, whether he could support a wife, how many times he has been rejected, etc., tell him that the name of his future wife will be Mrs. John Henry Smith.

Being just inclined to go estray; One slightly changed came up be-

And surely then it flew away

Why is	Why is D	Why is	Why is (1)	Why is 15
like Moneysuckle?	placed before C?	like a Cenal maam?	like at squaling child?	like 3
why is	bully is	as a formal formal	With 12 1	Why is 1
like a	like a	good for	189	like
Fish hook?	Hot day!	Deafness?	lucky Yowel?	Your nose?
Why is		Whyish	Why is	Why is
like a	- The	a favorite		like a
Pigstail?		with miners!	a pig?	Horse:
Why is	Why is	Why is R	Why is	Why is
a false Triend?	like a	like a	like a	like
Triend!	Guider	Winner	fithed lady?	an Island!
Why is]	Why is	why is V	Why is	Why is
	always	like WW	a de	a
Queer as I?	Spoory?	a scandal!	Mystery!	Great Day
06660000				

Let the young folks exercise their minds with commulators and riddle if you would have them grow bright and companionable. Nothing sharpens the wits and teaches one the hidden meaning of words like guessing confindrings. The process of composing or answering commidrants de- my first. Divide my first by twenty velops the imagination and strength- and you have my third. Divide my eas the mental powers. Harry has third by five and you have my second prepared a set of committums upon and fourth. the letters of the alphabet for the benefit of his young friends; see how many of the questions you can answer correctly.

I received the following communication the other day from a young puzzlist;

Missed her-trees being at the of king of terrors, to mills for his quakers, and who, which and what, They odor for Dr. Juvenile Humanity (who) = 2 Dr. Haypreservers, and little devil behold scarlet his assistance; but Bu he arrived the not legally good changed rolor.

Here is the intended translation: Mr. Dashwood, being at the point of death, sent for his friends and relatives. They sent for Dr. Childs.

who inclosed a few lines to Dr. Larnes and imp-lo-red his assistance. But before he arrived the invalid died.

Arithmetical Paradox.

I um a word of five letters. Multiply my fifth by two and you have

Cipher Answer.-3, 9, 22, 9, 12.

A Rebus.

I'm an honored lady in the land, And though I'm dignified and grand, I'm sure ten thousand times a year As many people call me dear; Behead me and bowed down with

vears Your oldest relative appears, Behead again, and till her death A fonder mother ne'er drew breath. Behead again, but leave a leg.

For cockneys like me with an egg, Behead once more, and strange to see A thousand things are found in me, Now reconstruct you'll find my name. Backward and forward reads the

Cipber Answer.—13. 1. 4. 1. 13.

Alphabetical Addition. To substitute numbers for letters.

BOW PPLE HOPS SE H E S H E "E H W"

PALEALE

Alphabetical Addition,

TE N D O Z DNLL

Evolution Puzzle.

Convert fade into silk in five changes, substituting one letter at a time and always forming correct

A Charade:

The first of equal value, The second to deeny The whole a very noisy bird From South America.



PROPOSITION-How many words end with cion?



highly complimentary letter from a lady who says that her children take such interest in my

puzzles, and who suggests that a few good word-puzzles would be instructive, if built upon a plan which would induce the scholars to study me a few words ending with cion." their books, we will inaugurate a little chase through the dictionary.

If space was not somewhat limited I should like to tell about the disappointing experience of a party of prospecting minuts who staked out a town and christened it "Dictionary," because, as they believed, that the dictionary was "the only place where peace, prosperity and happiness could be found." But they discovered by bitter experience that anything and everything can also be found in that same dictionary, so it was the things that they were not looking for which turned up.

Just to show how elusive some things which we want may be even in the dictionary, no matter how

N RESPONSE TO A simple they are, try to help Henry out of a little quandary which befell him the other night in a dream. He thought he was passing through some woods on his way to school, when he met a wise owl, who took his dictionary, and to give him something easy, said: "Just name

Harry was completely nonplussed, and asks our young puzzlists to belp him out by suggesting a few words.

What is the difference between a photographer and the whoopingcough? The one makes fac-similes, the other sick families.

What is the difference between 100 and 1,000? O (nanght).

Why should a ship's officer never put his chronometer under his pillow? Because he should never sleep upon his watch.

Which are the most contented birds? Crows, because they never complain without caws.

What author would eye-glasses and spectacles mention to the world if they could only speak? You see by us (Eusebius).

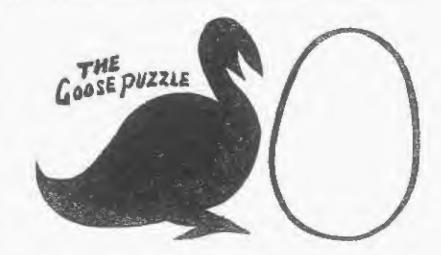
What is the difference between a hen and an idle musician? One lays at pleasure, the other plays at leisure.

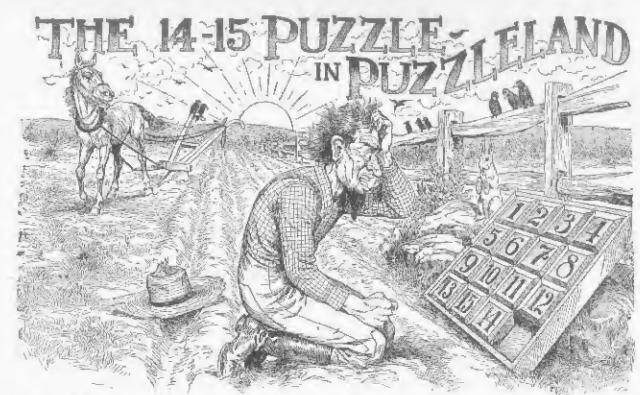
What's the difference between your last will and testament and a man who has enten as much as he can? One is signed and dated, the other dined and sated.

Why is a mouse like hay? Because the cat'll (cattle) eat it.

THE GOOSE PUZZLE.

Of course you have heard of the philosophical goose who worried herself until she grev black in the face in trying to solve the evolutionary probblem as to whether the original egg came from a goose or the goose from an egg. Well, in this case you are to show that the goose can be cut into just three pieces which will fill the egg, and as the egg cannot be divided so as to make a goese of anybody, it is supposed to throw some light upon the vexed question.





The older inhabitants of Puzzie- he went for his noon lunch and was land will remember how in the early seventies I drove the entire world crazy over a little box of movable blocks which became known as the "14-15 Puzzle," The fifteen blocks were arranged in the square box in regular order, only with the 14 and 15 reversed, as shown in the above illustration. The puzzle consisted in moving the blocks about, one at a time, so as to bring them back to the present position in every respect except that the error in the 14 and 15 must be corrected.

A prize of \$1,000, which was offered for the first correct solution to the problem, has never been claimed, although there are thousands of persons who say they performed the required feat.

People became infatuated with the puzzle and ludierous tales are told of shopkeepers who neglected to open their stores; of a distinguished clergyman who stood under a street lamp all through a wintry night trying to recall the way he had performed the feat. The mysterious feature of the puzzle is that no one seems to be able to recall the sequence of moves whereby they feel sure they succeeded in solving the puzzle. Pilots are said to have wrecked their ships, engineers rush their trains past stations and business generally became demoralized. A famous Baltimore editor tells how

discovered by his frantic staff long past midnight pushing little pieces of pie around on a plate | Farmers are known to have descried their plows and I have taken one of such instauces as an illustration for the sketch.

Several new problems developed from the original puzzle which are worth giving:

Second Problem-Start again with the blocks as in Fig. 1 and move them so as to get the numbers in regular order, but with the vacant square at upper left-hand corner instead of lower right-hand corner; see Fig. 2.

Third Problem-Start with Fig. 1, turn the box a quarter way round and so move the blocks that they will rest as in Fig. 3.

Fourth Problem-This is to move the pieces about until they form a "magic square," so that the numbers will add up thirty in ten different

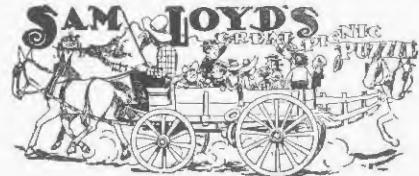
Fig 3. 8 9 10 ti 0 8 12 13 14 15

The Picnic Puzzle.

When they started off on the great annual picnic every wagon in town was pressed into service. Half way to the grounds ten wagons broke down, so it was necessary for each of the remaining wagons to carry one more person.

When they started for home it was discovered that fifteen more wagons were out of commission, so on the return trip there were three persons more in each wagon than when they started out in the morn-

Now who can tell how many people attended the great annual pic-





The Japanese jugglers do some stants which puzzlists are invited to. My first is a prayer, or a service di- Your heart is heavy, when my first guess. Little Miss Tokio performs her balancing feat upon a ladder, and you are asked to guess how many steps must be taken to go up and down and up, so as to go twice to the top and once again to the ground (as the puzzle starts from the ground) using every step the same number of times. Tommy Riddies says: "Their ain't no catch about this puzzle, it's straight goods, but it's a safe guess that you will go up and down that ladder some before you hit the correct answer!"

In the second act Hiki, the famous swordsman, performs the feat of throwing a watermelon up in the air and cutting it into eight pieces with one stroke of his sword. Tommy says: "Cut out the eight pieces and fit them together before practicing the trick with a live water melon," Of course the puzzle is merely to fit those eight pieces into a perfect circle.

A Charade.

My first is the Supreme Being, my second a resemblance, and my whole, the highest epithet that can be bestowed upon a hero.

A Charade,

understood,

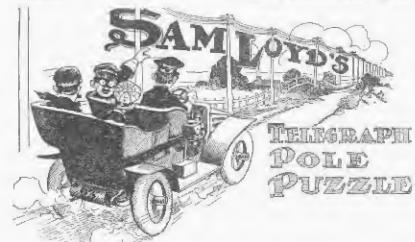
My total, alas! you may truly define, A horrid effusion of innocent

is light:

By my next, is a portion of land My second, fools as well as wits can write;

'Twere vain, at first, within my third

For secrets it will tell you by and by,



I discovered that the average poles the poles?

We were coming in the other day passed per minute, multiplied by the from an automobile trip, when we three and five-eighths miles, would came to a short signal line of three give the number of miles per hour and five-eighths miles of telegraph that the car was going, and now ask poles. With the aid of a stop watch if you can tell how far apart were



King Puzzlepate is shown to be in hard luck in playing craps with the wild man from Borneo. In the game of Bungalose craps a dice is tossed in the air and the other fellow takes the number which turns up and the choice of any one of the four sides. His opponent takes the total of the other three sides, as the under number is never counted. The game is very simple, although mathematicians differ regarding the exact advantage in favor of the two numbers over the three. In the sketch, the wild man wins this toss by five points and breaks the King's exchequer, so the puzzle is to tell just what numher must have turned up to enable a player to score five points! The Princess Enigma is keeping tally, which shows the King to be a heavy loser, but when you see the score translated into Bungalose it will look still larger. The wild men of Borneo, as we all know, have but three fingers on each hand, so they have learned to reckon by the sextimal notation, which does not employ the 7, 8, 9 or 10, as in our decimal system. As a pretty problem, therefore, in elementary arithmetic, we ask our puzzlists to translate 109,778 into the Bungalose notation, so that the wild man who does not know the

meaning of the 7, 8, 9 or 10 will

he has won.

know just how many gold pieces

A Charade.

Ladies, my first you ought to shun, If you would beauty prize; And those poor ladies who have

May yet be very wise.

My second then I recommend,

Which you may jointly find: My second's happy to attend The beauty of the mind.

To you, then, ladies, I compare My whole as being bright, For like the beauty of the fair,

It always charms the sight.

A Charade.

My first is as senseless as iron or

But my second is very acute.

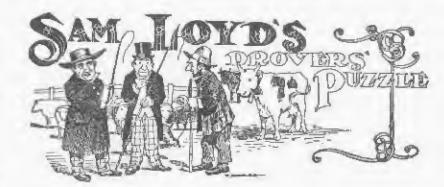
The highest sensations it often can

And yet 'tis a part of a brute. My whole no idea that's brilliant can

know. And from the first hour of its birth.

He scarcely can tell e'en a friend from a foe,

In short, 'tis a mere lump of earth.



highway and proceeded to dicker as follows: Says Hank to Jim; "I'll give you six pigs for a hoss; then you'll have twice as many critters in your drove as I will have in mine," Says Duke to Hank: "I'll give you were in the three droves?

Three Texas drovers met on the fourteen sheep for a hoss; then you'll have three times as many critters as I." Says Jim to Duke: "I'll give you four cows for a hoss; then you'll have six times as many critters as I." From these interesting facts can you tell just how many animals there



King Puzzlepate visits the Darktown Kindergarten and finds that My first is a term that's distinctive. My first, the a small, is a most use-Prof. Johnsing is having trouble with his class of pickaminnies, who For all plans that are form'd it has And there's scarcely a page where it have taken the liberty of constructing a checkerboard out of the back. 'Tis fear'd in the palace as well as. My next, to the tattle and corn is a of his coat! He is ordering the champion of that cheeker club to And yet had a hand in the gun- And should it be wanting, they all patch up the cost or suffer dire consequences. Of course, it is a very My second of life has been some. My whole I'd not give, nor would simple problem; nevertheless, you, as well as the members of the chess and. And still has a mighty effect on the. Consider and weigh, it may be a mischecker clubs, are invited to assist in

In the second puzzle Tomniy Riddles and the Princess have discovered. But I yet declare it is nought but a. And who judges too rashly may fall a problem in simple addition on the blackboard, where the figures 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0 are represented by the letters A, B, C, D, E, F, G. H, I, J. Can you find out by rule or experiment which letters represent the numbers, so that substituting figures for letters on the blackboard the sum will prove to be correct?

A Charade.

When scudding with a pleasant breeze.

Jack calls my first his friend; Drinks to my next and is at ease, Such hours he loves to spend.

But when my first doth chance to

Or otherwise doth prove;

With haste the tar will move.

A Charade,

power to destroy

the cot.

powder plot.

times the bane.

the replacing of those eight pieces. I scarce know what order my whole. For things do not always appear as

now must rank

A Charade.

ful word.

has not occurred.

guard.

may be main'd:

willingly take,

they are,

and was 20 yards on the return trip time for the half mile run.

Here is a pretty puzzle from when he met Jill whom he beat home Mother Goose's story of Jack and by half a minute. The record of the lill's race for a pail of water. The race is complicated by the runners distance to the top of the hill was being able to run down hill one-half Straight from my whole to furl each 440 yards, which is just a quarter again faster than they ran up, so of a mile, Jack got to the top first you are asked to figure out Jack's

Mathematical professors say that if

three cats catch three rats in three minutes, they catch one rat every

minute; therefore, "the same three

old cats" would catch one hundred

rats in one hundred minutes, being

This is the correct school teacher's

answer, and no other can be given,

minutes, but how long would it take

teacher: "If a pedestrian with five

toes on each foot can walk a mile in

eight minutes, how long would it take

Ohrlenoff, the Russian, who has eight

toes on each foot, to walk the same

distance? Of course all good school

children are taught to place implicit

faith in the maxim that figures never

lie, and yet some well-known propo-

sitions of the text books are calculated

to tax the common sense of any one.

It is hardly reasonable to ask a

scholar: "If a starving man could de-

vour four loaves of bread in fifteen

minutes, how many could be eat in

two hours?" and yet the cat and rat

If three cats will catch three rats

in three minutes, how many cats will

it take to kill one hundred rats in

problem is very similar:

one hundred minutes?

Then the terrible scholar asked the

three cats to kill the same rat?"

just one rat per minute,

after him?

A Rebus

THE THREE CATS!

My whole is always caused by pleas-

Behead me, then I am a measure; Take off my head once more, and I am found

In sacred church or edifice renowned. Cipher Answer .- 19, 13, 9, 12, 5.

Worth Their Weight in Gold.



Old Moneybags let it be known that he would endow his daughters with their weight in gold, so they were speedily suited with suitable suitors. They were all married on the same day, and before weighing in partonk of some exceedingly heavy wedding cake, which made the grooms very light-hearted.

Collectively, the brides weighed three hundred and ninety-six pounds, but Nellie weighed ten pounds more than Kitty, and Minnie weighed ten pounds more than Nellie. One of the bridegrooms, John Brown, weighed just as much as his bride, while Wilfiam Jones weighed half again as much as his bride, and Charles Robinson twice as much as his bride. The brides and grooms together weighed half a ton. But you need not bother about the weights of the brides, for the puzzle for you to solve is to tell the full names of the several brides after the wedding.

The Game of Matrimony.



This odd little puzzie-game, which is played between two persons, playing turn about, with the one counter, is calculated to sharpen the wits and teach you to figure quickly. Place a marker on any one of the numbers shown on the hand, and call out that number (say 5). Your opponent moves it to any other number (say 4), and adding them together calls out 9. Then you go back to 5, and call 14, and so the game goes on until one of them makes exactly 35, and wins. If either is forced to go above 35, she or he will be an old maid or bachelor, as the case may be.

The game can be played very nicely with a ring which is changed from one finger to another alternately by the players as described above, remembering that the thumb always counts 5, the first finger 1, etc. This is an innocent little game played just for fun, not at all like the real game, where the placing of a ring on the third finger may place you under the girl's thumb for the rest of your mortal life!

Now, what is the best number to begin with? As Hamlet says, that is the question.



A Clever Riddle.

Here is a catch, fastened with two screws; can you tell why one screw is just like the other?



OF, BURBANKS, who developed the seedless orange and coreless apple, and proved that figs might grow on

thistles and that leopards can change their apots by lying down on some other spots has been playing all sorts of pranks with his domestic fowls. He has produced a brand of nestless chickens who are trained to fill up a crate of eggs without the useless intermediary nests, thereby saving the labor of packing and counting,

Each hen keeps account of her own eggs by making it a rule never to lay more than two eggs in line in any possible direction, up and down, right and left, or on the diagonals. This is a very pretty puzzle, which restricts, or sort of unionizes the work of the hens, and betrays a higher intelligence than is developed by the goose, who cannot be taught to perform the feat.

Can you tell how many eggs it is possible to place in the above 6 x 6 crate without having more than two eggs in a row? We have placed the two first in a row on the bias, as the ladies term it, so you must place no more on that diagonal, but as

"The little black rooster said to his:

'Do what you can to fill up the crate."

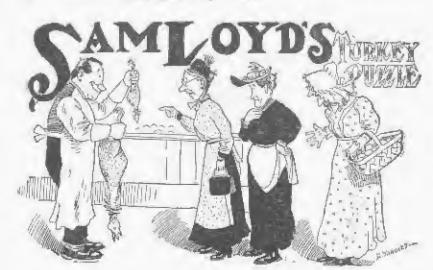


I hope it will take you some time to guess this illustrated characte, so that you will remember it all the

A Conundrum



Sammy knew that his sister expected a box of gloves for a hirthday present, so he drew the above sketch and asked her if that was what she wanted. When she expressed her satisfaction at the prospect of receiving such an acceptable present, the little brute exclaimed: "All right: I promise to give you a box on the



Here is a seasonable problem developed from a chance meeting of two shoppers at the poultry market. Mrs. O'Flaherty explains that she four cents a pound, and the same goose." weight in geese at eighteen cents a pound. Mrs. Smith tells her that she chase?

A Rebus

My blooming first comes once a year,

And only once, the mind to cheer:

My next comes with the rising sun,

And dies when his course has run,

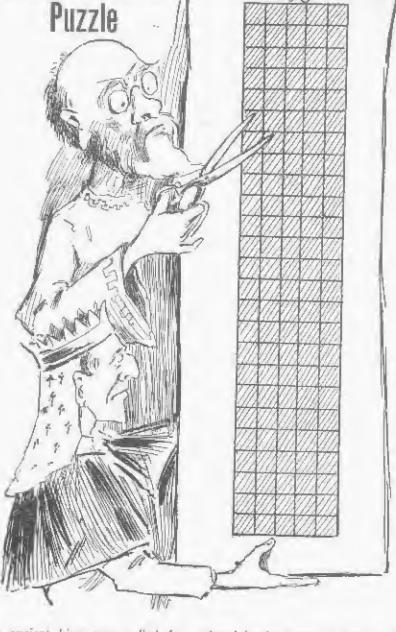
My whole is hail'd by old and young

With garland and with festive song.

Cipher Answer.-13, 1, 25, 4, 1, 25.

might have gained two pounds by following the rule given in "Hints to Boarding-house Keepers," which says: "For Christmas divide the purchased some turkeys at twenty- money evenly between turkey and

What was the amount of the pur-



An ancient king once called for his architect and, presenting the ground plan for a new dungeon, stated that he wished to have the plan so modified that the gaoler, who occupied one of the corner cells, could make the rounds of the prison by the most direct route.

The Architect's

The royal architect picked up a pair of scissors and, remarking that he had been familiar with the interior of gaols during his early life, cut the plan in two pieces, which he fitted together, saying, "By this arrangement the same amount of ground is covered, the doors are

placed in the center of the walls of each cell, so as to give an unobstructed view of the entire length of the cells, and an opportunity is afforded of passing through the whole building back to starting point without visiting any cell more than once." Show the improved plan and suggested tour of the warder.

A Charade

My first in half my second, just, Oh, false and traitorous second; My total dwell in silent shades. Purity's emblem reckon'd.

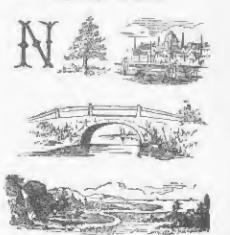
Cipher Answer .- 12, 9, 12, 9, 5, 19.

.The Canals on Mars



Here is a map of the newly discovered waterways in our nearest neighbor planet, Mars: See if you can make a tour of all of the towns and back to point of beginning without going through any one spot twice. Commence at the south pole from the letter T, spell a complete sentence, using each letter once. The puzzle was sent to a leading magazine, where over fifty thousand correspondents unanimously reported: "There is no possible way," and yet it is a very simple puzzle.

Illustrated Charade.

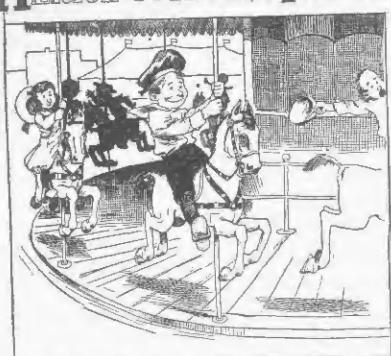


Here are the names of three New England towns given in pictorial language; can you guess them?

A Rebus

My first is a measure of space, My second is a part of a tree; My whole is but half of my first And is frequently seen when at sea. Cipher Answer .- 25, 1, 18, 4, 1, 18, 13,

MIRARY GOROUND UZZIE



While enjoying a giddy ride at the carousel Sammy propounded a puzzle which reflects much credit to his mental abilities. "One third of the A metal you'll have, not found in a number of kids riding ahead of me, added to three-quarters of those riding behind me gives the correct num- 5, 3, 11, ber of children on this merry-go-'round' is the way he puts it; but it will puzzle you quite a little to tell just how many riders there were at this whirligig circus.

ARebus.

With the Lord of Creation A yowe! combined, Is no small decoration To some animal kind; And the poet's ambition You'll quickly disclose, If with all expedition You rightly transpose.

Deign again to transpose me, 'Tis full worth your while; For you then will expose me Detested and vile, Now the same operation A third time repeat, And each one supplication I render complete. Cipher Answer.-13, 1, 14, 5.

The Frenchman's Effort.



Here is one of those happy little incidents which break into the munotony of our hum-drum existence. and proves, as Slinkespeare says, that "Life is but a Nickel-in-the-Slot.

You may get the Tuti-Fruti. Or you may not."

At the table of Madame O'Flahrity's pension francaise, the Count says to the graceful lady of the

"Ah, Madame, I find one of your beautiful rabbits in ze goat!"

It was not a "bon mot;" but only the efforts of a foreigner struggiing with the difficulties of our language, endeavoring to manufacture conversation. But what did the Count wigh to say?



At a recent Heidelberg drinking bout between the Red Caps and the Blues, each student invited all the others to pledge his good health in flowing bumpers of beer. There much beer was consumed altogether.

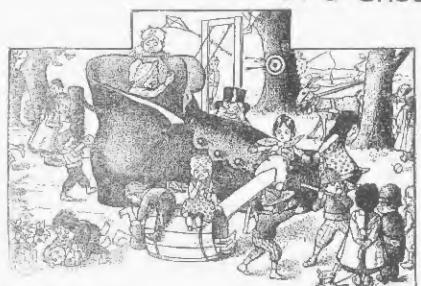
A Charade

If a sourceze you'll combine with a

Cipher Answer.—16, 9, 14, 3, 8, 2,

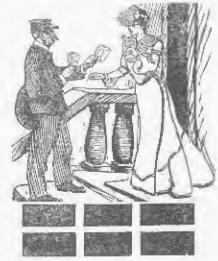
were less than two dozen students present, and yet the Red Caps collectively drank one hundred and eight more steins than the Blue Caps, so you are asked to tell how

Sam Loyd's Puzzle of the Old Woman Who Lived in a Shoe.



That is all there is to it: whether they got more whipping than bread does not cur any ice in this puzzle. The question is to determine how many chudren this famous opponent to race-suicide had to pack in her

Puzzle of the Letter Carrier's Route



This letter-carrier has to serve six city blocks, as shown in the sketch, and he asks if you can guess the shortest route he must take. Begin and end wherever you please, but whenever you turn, turn only to the of a penny ten times in succession. right and then your answer will be. He replied that he did not believe right and you won't be left. Let us that such a thing could happen in a say the long blocks are on Avenues lifetime. And yet, if a little pitch- and wherein is it better than the

on 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th Streets. That will assist you in describing what you suggest as the shortest route for him to take.

Here is another pazzle worth mentioning in connection with this subject. It appears that a valentine was expected from London or Clifton, but the only legible letters on the postmark were ON. Now what would you say were the chaoces that the letter came from London?

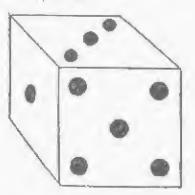
The Dice Game

enters largely into almost all games, we are continually surprised to find how many persons have no conception whatever of the theory of possibilities. It is not every one who can tell you offliand what are the chances now rolls the die over, giving it against a penny falling three times merely a quarter turn, so as to select in succession with the same side up, any one of the four sides, one, two, or, with four aces turned down on five or six. Suppose he took six, the the table, what is the probability of score would be fourteen. The next your picking up two cards of a color, Twist the corners of a handkerchief together, and what are the chances for or against drawing two diagonal

I asked a noted sportsman the other day what were the chances in favor of correctly guessing the toss A. B and C, while the short ones are penny tournament were imaggrated others?

with 2,048 competitors, the first toss would furnish 1,024 winners, the secand 512, the third 256, the fourth 128, the fifth 64, the sixth 32-16-8 -4-2, and on the eleventh throw we should have one victor, neither more nor less, who had correctly guessed the toss of a penny ten times in succession.

With these preliminary exercises to show the relationship of chance to the exact sciences. I will relate that I once became stormbound with a party of miners for nearly a month, where our stock of games was limited to a solitary, well-worn die, from which I evolved the following game, which became known as "The Twenty-five Up Puzzle,"



The game is played between two persons, and the object is to see who can get twenty-five first or compel his opponent to carry the score above that point. The first player "sets the pace," as the boys termed it, by calling out any number from one to six. Although an element of chance Supposed be commenced the game with 5, the second player then throws the die. Say three turns up; the score adds up eight. The die is no longer thrown now; the element of calculation begins. The first player player turns up four, making the score eighteen; the other player turns up six, carrying the total to twentyfour, which will win, as his opponent cannot make twenty-five, and is compelled to go above that figure. The miners believed in lucky mimbers, and were ignorant of mathematics. But what I wish to know from a scientific standpoint is this: What is the best number to call first,



Here is an odd little puzzle which occurred the other day at an archery meeting. The young lady who carried off the first prize scored exactly one hundred points. Can you figure out how many arrows she must have used to accomplish the feat?

The Recess Hour



I note with considerable amusement that when one of our great inventors was asked regarding the study which benefited him most during his school days, he replied that he "picked up the most useful information during recess."

It is safe to say that the fun, sport and exchange of bright ideas between a lot of romping scholars does as much to sharpen the wits and inject vim and go into a boy's character as does arithmetic or geography. We never forget the jokes and tricks of the recess hour, and on the timehonored maxims of "once a puzzlist, always a puzzlist," to pass them along to the second and third generations. I give a little puzzle which comes up with pleasant recollections of the long ago.

A bright lad challenges his classmates to give a figurative answer as to what a fellow should do when he

blackboard,

Can you decipher it? I see that he has that farmous old puzzle on the blackboard; four squares built with eight marks; change the positions of four of the marks so as to leave but three squares.

It reminds me of Captain Fred Burnahy's experience in an Armenian school as related in his book, "On Horseback Through Asia Minor." He says: "The following day I went to see the Armenian school.

" Perhaps you would like to ask the boys some questions?' said a priest who accompanied me through the building.

like, it is being turned into an examiner, so | besitated,

"'Well,' said the priest, a little impatiently, 'they are waiting for you.'

"There was a dead pause, and then I gave the worthy divine the following question: If one man can mow a field in three days, and another man in four, how long will they be doing the work if they are both working together?

"'Come,' said the divine, 'you have set them a very easy sum,' and he duly translated it into Armenian,

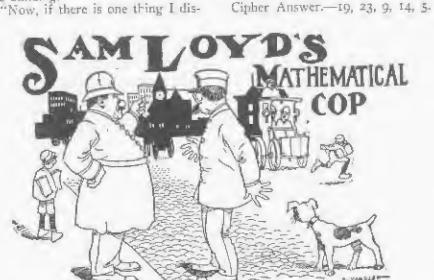
" 'It is hardly worth doing,' said one of the schoolmasters, 'for, of course, the answer is three and a

"'Of course, three and a half," said the priest.

"'No," I replied, and I breathed more freely on arriving in the open air, and blessed my old master, who had once set me that catch question, for my reputation as a profound mathematician was established among the schoolboys in Yuzgat."

A Rebus

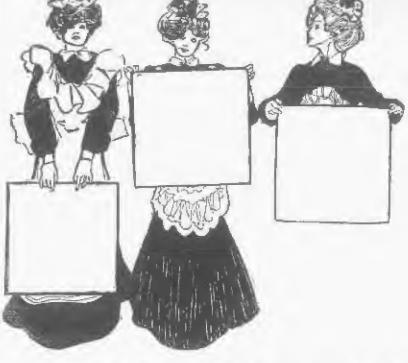
A dirty, idle race are we, As sois in us their image see; But place the head upon the tail, And when we're advertised for sale, Let sons of luxury beware! Distinction speeds a tempting snare.



can you tell the time on that clock?" asked McGuire of his friend Clancy, who was known on the force as the has forgotten his lunch? The "fig- mathematical cop. "I can do that urative" answer is shown on the same," replied Clancy. "Just add when this conversation occurred?

"The top of the mornin' to you; one quarter the time from midnight till now to half the time from now till midnight, and it will give the correct time."

Can you figure out the exact time



The Three Napkins

"Retsy Ross wasn't so much of a much with her star cutting stunt, I don't think," said the office boy "That trick is so dead easy it gives me a pain. She wouldn't be one, two, three in it with the girls over at the restaurant. Oh my! but ain't they the cut-ups for fair!"

"Here's a puzzle Maggie showed me the other day, that's a puzzle as is a puzzle; Take three napkins, each a foot square; then tell me bow big a square table could you cover with those three napkins?

"There ain't no cutting, just lay them down, lapped or folded, and see how hig a square the three will cover. You needn't send anything, just tell me the size of the square and I can tell if you have guessed it all right, all right, and then I'll give you some more.

Twenty-One Palendromes

Originally the term "palindrome" seems to have been applied mainly to sentences that read the same from left to right and from right to left, The ancients were very foud of these verbal tricks and very likely we should be so, too, if the language readily lent itself to them. As a matter of fact, it is very difficult to construct palindrome gentences in

English. One of the very few ex- 15. Your bird, too, may sicken of tant examples is Adam's famous introduction of himself to Eve-"Madam, I'm Adam," Here, however, are twenty-one riddles the an- 16. You may quaff of a drink made swer to each of which is a palindromic word:

1. Dean Swift often speaks of an empress whose name, Read backward or forward, is always the same.

2. The mother of men was a lady whose name. Read backward or forward, is

always the same.

exile, whose name. Read backward or forward, is always the same.

4. And of female recluses we know that the name,

Read backward or forward, is always the same.

find that the name, Read backward or forward, is always the same.

6. When a child, you were dressed in a garment whose name, Read backward or forward, is I'm cold and hard, and aid the bold, always the same.

7 Then, too, you were fed on a I'm damp and wet, and still more diet whose name, Read backward or forward, is always the same.

wee name, Read backward or forward, is always the same.

18. But this you can't do without something whose name.

S. You may travel abroad in a

9. You may pass o'er a flat piece of

10. When the lamb trots about by a

11. You may go out and walk at an

12. You may ride at a time that is later, whose name,

13. If you shoot off a gun, you'll

14. And your dog may bunt well,

for no longer his name.

something whose name,

of wheat, and its name,

17. Or stare at a giant, whose little,

Read backward or forward, is

Read backward or forward, is

creature whose name.

country whose name,

Read backward or forward, is

hear something whose name,

Read Jackward or forward, is

Read backward or forward, is

carriage whose name,

always the same.

always the same.

always the same.

hour whose name,

always the same.

Read backward or forward, is always the same. 3. And Cain took a wife in his 19, Whatever your doctrine or dog-

ma, its name, Read backward or forward, is always the same.

20. Do but take a sly look, and of this, too, the name. Read backward or forward, is

always the same, 5. When you speak to a lady, you'll 21, Nay, whatever is done, still believe me, its name.

Read backward or forward, is niways the same.

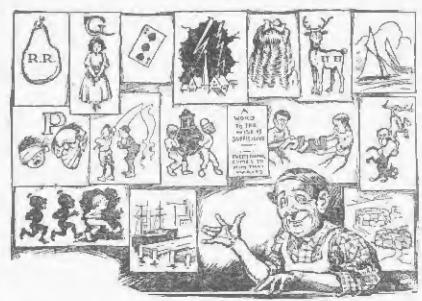
A Rebus

Then take me and transpose:

cold.

The comrade of the snows. Cipher Answer.—19, 20, 5, 5, 12

The Hardware Store Puzzle



Here is a series of simple relates with the time-honored poser of which illustrate articles for sale in a hardware store. Now see if you can correctly name the sixteen articles which the storekeeper has advertised for sale.

Four Kinds of Sound



To convince his mama that sound. like good little children, should be seen but not heard, Sammy drew the above picture, in which he says you can see four kinds of noises! Can von guess what are the four kinds of sounds which are visible?

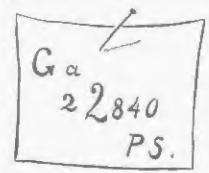
A Cryptogram

Here is a capital puzzle which will be appreciated by such as in the past have enjoyed presenting their friends

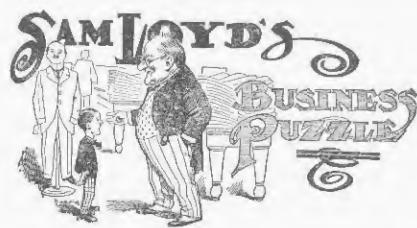
refers to "chestnut" coal when he called to his mother, who was reading "in no sense a broad by mark twain," is: "If the great B rat nut colon. If the great B full stop putting colon." To which the snart trother teplied: "How can I put colon with such a hyphender."

But I started out to tell about a most mysterious cryptogram which a young lady pinned upon her friend's wall; you see, she called to take her out to lunch, but after vailing in vain for an hour she pins the fellowing laconic note on the wall and sets out alone.

in bed with nothing over his head"



For the benefit of such as do not parlez Français, I will mention that reading A | , "I say, mother, if the B at put if the B , putting :" To the first two letters G a convey a little message in French, but the three numerals express her sentiments in good English, while the postscript is a capital joke upon her I don't know if I was the first to name, which her friend will readily perpetrate the above, but it has been interpret. This is not an easy probaccredited to me for half a century. Jem, but it is one of exceptional inso we will assume "the little dark e terest.



ful merchant to his little son, "it is not what we pay for things, but what we get for them that makes a dollar less money. Now, what did good business. I gained ten per cent I get for that suit?"

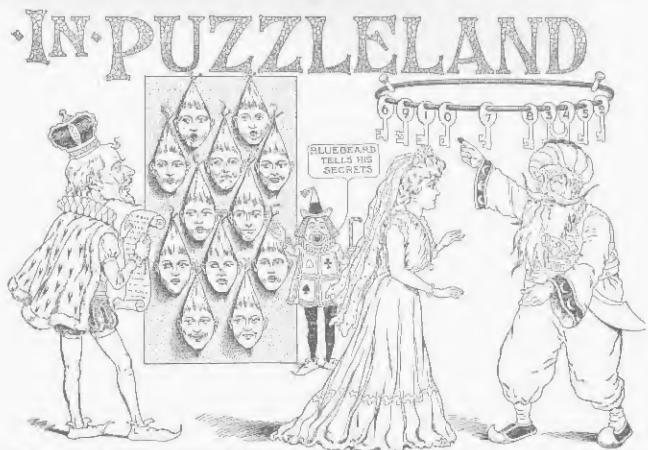
B . D, who, feeling cold, called to

his mother, who was in the library

which the fond mother replied:

"How can I put: with such a .

"Johnnie, my boy," said a success- on that fine suit of clothes, while if I had bought it ten per cent cheaper and sold if for twenty per cent profit it would have brought a quarter of



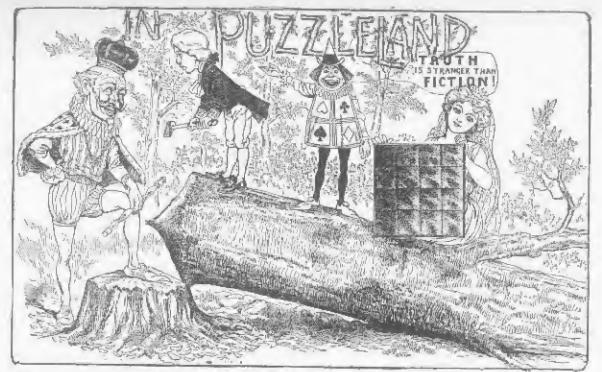
Here is an educational puzzle forbidden chambers had been en- the keys must have been arranged form an incredible feat." Here are Can our clever puzzlists show how a dozen of Bluebeard's wives, whose names you can actually guess from their mouths! According to the lines of the old fairy tale, when King Puzzlepate asked them their names "they responded with one great voice," etc., "and lived happily ever afterward." Their names were Addie, Ooli, Mary, Fatima, Saltie, Audrine, Edith, Thilbet, Armenia, Shirley, Rose and Louie, (that is a peculiar name; did you ever see four vowels come together before?) Now, if you will study the lips of each while repeating the list of the twelve names, you can readily tell which name each one is beginning to say. It is an interesting lip-reading puzzle which illustrates the manner of teaching the deaf and dumb to carry on a speechless conversation.

In the second act, Bluebeard explains that his bunch of keys was strong upon an endless key ring and divided into three groups so that the first group multiplied by the second equalled the third! That was the secret by which he knew whether the keys had been tampered with and

which, as Tommy Riddles says, "Is tered. You see that 6910 multiplied in three groups so that the first and to astonish every one on account by 7 does not amount to 83452, so group multiplied by the second of the case with which they will per- the keys were not replaced properly. makes the third?



This noble knight has chosen a very peculiar motto. You will have to change one letter to know what word was intended.



Little Tommy Riddles presents two remarkable puzzles for the consideration of students of American nistory. The youthful George Washington is shown to be taxing parental credulity by his awful confession of having cut down the cherry tree with that little hatchet, coupled with the claim of his mability to tell a lie, which in itself was very clever. For you see, if he had lied and said that he lied, he would have been telling the truth, whereas if he had not been lying, the fact of his saving that he had would not have made it so; hence his inability to tell a lief

The puzzle to tax your cleverness, however, is to find concealed in the picture the portrait of Washington as he appeared when he became "The first in war, the first in peace and first in the hearts of his country-

In the second puzzle Princess Enigma is shown to be pundering over that famous geometrical problem of dividing a Washington Fie into six square pieces. Make them of different sizes if you wish, but let there be but six pieces, all perfectly square,

A Charade.

My first, an adjective of frequent

My second, is of no avail on land: My whole, you may complain of, if you choose.

When cruelty uplifts her iron hand.

A Charade.

My first for trembling oft is nam'd, My second in the battle famid; Both these, my lovely fair ones join, They paint a poet most divine.

Here is one of the old-time Illustrated Charade Puzzles of the time of our grand-daddies:



A Charade.

My first is a noisome insect, my next a ferocious animal, and my whole is used to frighten children and

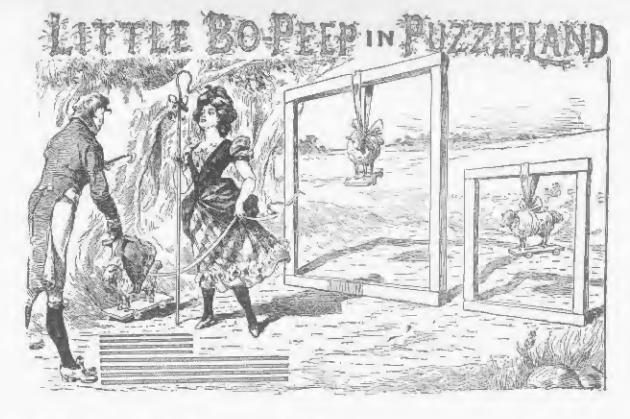




Here is a clever little problem exchanging them for cups and sauplates at the great china sale on Saturday, when 2 cents was marked off them on Monday at regular prices, on Saturday?

which illustrates the feminine in- cers, one plate being worth a cup stinct for shopping. Mrs. Bargain- and sancer, so she got 16 more arhunter purchased \$1,30 worth of ticles; but as saucers were worth only 3 cents she took 10 more saucers than cups.

Can you tell how many cups she from every article. She returned could have bought with her money



Once upon a time when Little Bo-Peep was tending her flocks upon the hills of Puzzleland, one of her many admirers presented her with a little lamb whose fleece was bright lake gold.

Now Little Bo-Peep had two pet lambs which site enclosed in separate folds made of four bars each, as shown in the picture.

The puzzle is for you to find how to lay the eight bars (strips of paper may be used to illustrate the puzzle), four of which are twice as long as the others, so as to make three square folds of the same size.

A Charade.

What is that sound the silence beenks?

'Tis martial music, loud and clear, An army comes: the firm ground shakes

With their measured tread, as my whole appear.

Their waving plumes, their helmets bright,

Proclaim my second's in my first, My whole is, too, my first in fight,

A Charade.

Oftrimes you'll find, laid up in store, My first it term'd a vital juice, Within my first, my second. In tales of love, and deeds of war,

A Charade.

The heath my second does produce, The sturdiest oak that e'er was seen. Quite fair my whole is reckoned. My tender total once has been.

MILITARY PUZZLE



The captain shouts an order to his squad. Can you change one letter As headlong on the foc they burst. and produce a word which reveals the order he wished to give?



Little Tommy Riddles announces that the admiral of the Swiss navy, who is a suitor for the hand of Princess Enigma, invites all clever people to discover how to cut the red part of the Swiss flag into the fewest possible number of pieces which can be fitted together so as to form a perfect square. This gives great scope for cleverness and ingenuity, for, while any one might perform the feat by making a dozen or more, a better answer requires fewer

Then the Swiss admiral gives the famous national puzzle which is used in all civil service examinations for the Swiss navy: Into how many pieces can you divide a Swiss cheese with five strokes of a sabre?

The admiral was also called upon to solve a pretty puzzle, which Tommy Riddles says puzzled Lasker, the chess champion of the world, although one does not have to be a chess or checker player to solve this problem. It is merely to guess how many pieces a checker board can be divided into without any two pieces being alike. The smallest piece might contain only one square, and the largest eight or a dozen, but no two pieces must be alike,

A Charade.

My first is the lightest of things, My first is a person of whom we've without doubt :

My second we should not be always without.

My whole, you will find, as a great prize is reckoned

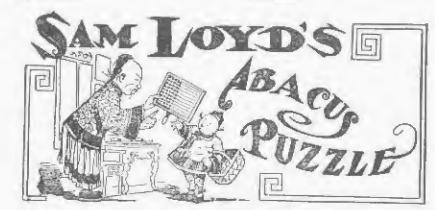
A Charade.

all read,

On my second, I feat we oft heedlessly tread;

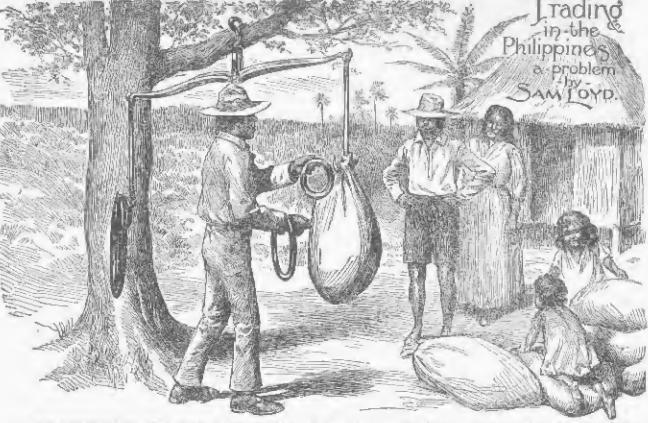
When these are selected, and rightly combin'd.

By people who are a long way from A substance proverbially hard you



or "gridiron," as it is termed: A small merchant of Canton bought a bits each for the puppy dogs and two What are they worth at retail?

Here is a simple illustration of the bits for a pair of rats. He sold them calculations performed by the Chi- at an advance of 10 per cent. When nese mathematicians with the abacus he had disposed of all but seven he had just received the amount of his number of fat puppies and rats, an first outlay, so that his profit was equal number of each, paying two represented by these seven animals.



PROPOSITION - What are the weights of the four rings if they give any desired weight from a quarter of a pound up to ten.



across an old book of travel which contains a picturesque description of the primitive methods

of conducting business in our newlyacquired possessions in the far East. grow abundantly all over the islands and are cultivated in little patches by the natives, who barter them for general merchandise with the itiner-

I was particularly struck by the reference to the unique scales with which these traveling merchants weigh the products received in trade from the natives. The scales consist of a balance bur and four metal rings of different sizes, representing the weights, which the man wears or earries when journeying, in a somewhat picturesque manner, on his arms like bracelets.

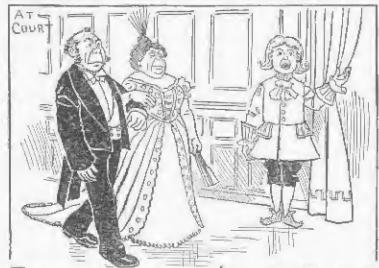
With these four rings, which are used as weights and counter balances the trader can weigh anything from a quarter of a pound up to ten. A similar trick in juggling with weights is given in the puzzle books, but does not strike me as being so clever as this one, which really enables the

RECENTLY CAME trader to get within a quarter of a upon, so, as he remarked, even when pound of any weight. What are he was presented at the court in the weights of the separate rings?

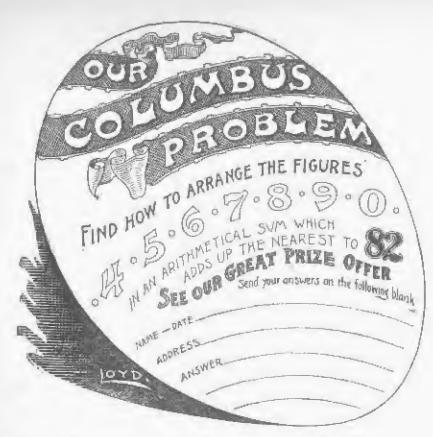
In my journey around the world given to the natives. I once fell in with a jolly companion, The staple products, which consist the importance of concealing one's were always slighted or imposed puzzle for the young folks.

Pans, he assumed some French title and received all the consideration

I could not see just how he conwho cadcavored to impress upon me cented his identity so well, and as I now recall his general appearance, of rice, tobacco, hemp and sugar, nationality. He said that foreigners it suggests an excellent hidden city



They were announced as the Count Du Blinkenspell and lady!"



Here is a famous prize problem I issued in 1882, offering \$1,000 as a prize for the best answer showing how to arrange the figures and dots .4.5.6.7.8.0.o. which would add up the nearest to \$2. Out of several million answers, only two were found to be correct.

A Rebus

At first I'm advanced for interest or

Behead, and you'll find I've a place on the shelf;

But beliead me again, and perform it with care,

If you handle me now, you have need to beware.

Cipher Answer.—16, 12, 5, 4, 7, 5.

A Charade

The things which daily 'fore me pass, Cause me much deep reflection; Behead me, 'twould be hard to make

A giddier selection.

Behead again, sure stubbornness Will scarce escape detection.

Cipher Answer. -7, 12, 1, 19, 19.

A Rebus

Take first a tree you often see, And then a letter add: It now will show where'er you go.

What makes our homes so glad, If by mistake you now should take A letter, then how sad!

You could not stay a single day Twould make you simply mad!

Cipher Answer.-6, 9, 18, 5.

A Charade

Crispin, snug in his cobbler's stall, Waxing his end and driving his all, A judge of my first may be reckoned; For deeds of blood my whole was famed,

But imposence is often blamed: Transpose a grain for my second.

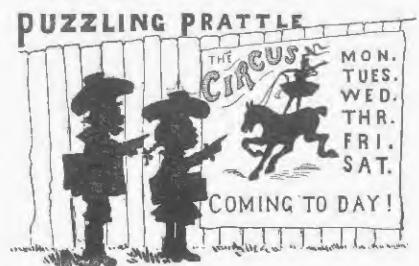
A Rebus.

My first two are beds ne'er slept

My next oft decks the regal My whole may transient vantage

Yet leaves behind a moral stain.

Cipher Answer.—19, 20, 18, 1, 20, 1, 7, 5, 13.



Two school children, who were all after to-morrow is yesterday, 'totangled up in their reckoning of the day' will be as far from Sunday as days of the week, paused to that day was which was 'to-day' straighten matters out over a circus when the day before yesterday was poster, when little Priscilla, who was to-morrow!" hinting for an invitation to the show. On what day of the week did this remarked to John: "When the day puzzling prattle occur?

A Charade

My first is nothing but a name,

My second is more small.

My whole is of little fame.

It has no name at all



Hidden Cities and Rivers.

Conceafed geography wherein you are asked to find the name of the locality hidden in the description of the picture forms such an excellent introduction to the world of puzzledom, that I cannot refrain from presenting a large selection of similar subjects. It would be well if students would learn to form similar puzzles after guessing these;

- 1. It has been said that man sometimes apes the monkey.
- 2. The months of July and August are the warmest of the year.
- 3. Do you still imagine that labor controls capital?
- 4. The cable road ran ninety-three cars on the track yesterday.
- s. It was a miracle-burnt almost to a crisp-she still lived!
- 6. Mary, you left the door open, and your tratch is on the table.
- 7. Stept or I may forget myself!
- 8. Can I leave my parcel here?
- q. The pedestal was unique, and as for the vase, I never saw its equal.
- 10. She had on a beautiful silk dress.

Transpositions

First find a word you often say, It may be on a Sabbath day: Transpose it then, and it will tell What decorates your courser well. Again transpose, and you will see What every one bestows on me; Transpose again these letters four, And write them on the miser's door.

Cipher Answer.-1, 13, 5, 14.

Some Difficult Anagrams.

- z. Mind, rat is on it,
- 2. A cute call,
- 3. Tis giu tea.
- 4. Oh, Ma, Pa ran.
- 5. Dan ties it on. 6. No car? Let me go!
- 7. Ma kept a lion,
- 8. Meat is on it.
- o. No tool is right.
- to, Let man love.

Make one word with each line,

Answers to the above will be found in the following words:

Malevolence, Conglomerate, Kleptomania, Estimation, Ornithologist, Administration, Calculate, Instigate, Panorama, Destination.

A Rebus.

When chappies tell their love to maiden's fair,

My chilling first fills their hearts with despair:

All fly from my second, dear youth, 'tis your bane,

Its fruits are repentance, and sorrow and pain;

Woo the arts and fair science, ard press to the goal,

You may gain it, though now you are merely my whole.

Cipher Answer.-14, 15, 22, 9,

A Rebus.

My first, dear ladies, has no end, And it may quickly visit you,

Whispering softly, "I attend

To bind a knot that's endless, too." My next is only half a letter,

Nor need you long that letter seek; My whole adds charm to every fea-

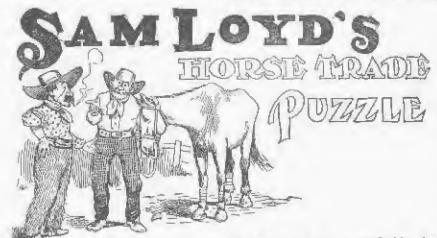
And graceful decks the beauty's cheek.

Cipher Answer.—18, 9, 14, 7, 12,

Would you know of what to make a coat if you couldn't get fine clothes? Of course (course),

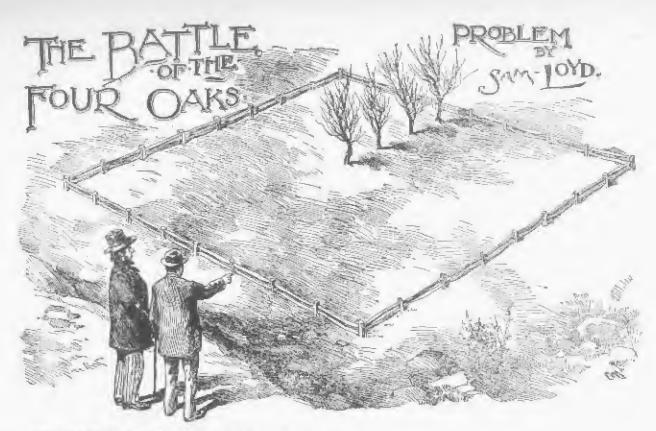
How did Peter spell his name? With case (c's).

Does a man know what he proposes to be when he chouses the trade of a blacksmith? To be shoer (sure).



For some reason or other I never was much of a success as a horse trader. I bought a broucho down in Texas for \$36, and after paying for his keep for a while sold him for \$60. That looked like a profitable deal. Nevertheless, I found that I had lost just half of the original price and pne-quarter of the cost of keep.

Can you figure out just how much I lost on the deal?



PROPOSITION-Divide the field into four parts.



ERE IS AN ODD

four trees, into four pieces of the what was known as the "battle of same size and shape, and to be so the four oaks." The person who arranged that each of the pieces will contain one of the trees. The puz-2le is based upon an incident which is said to have occurred in the Far suggesting of a theme is concerned, West, at a place called Four Oaks, but it is needless to say that the which derived its name from the main facts of the story as told to me, although it had to be considerably modified to be presentable in puzzle form. I have had to reduce the field of operation, as shown in the sketch, to what might pass for a five or ten-acre plot, and to place the trees in a row, whereas, according to the popular version of the story, the piece of ground covered some seven thousand acres, and the four oaks, which served as important landmarks, were nearly a mile apart. I was told that Four Oaks derived its name from the fact that one of the early settlers , who owned a large tract of land, having devised it to bill as told, it is really not very diffi- succeed if she chews. his four sons, with the stipulation cult, nevertheless it is safe to say that they should "divide it into that everyone will not hit upon the whale that brought him up. equal portions, as indicated by the best possible answer. positions of four ancient oaks, which had always served as landmarks."

The sons were unable to divide little puzzle based upon the land amicably, as the four trees. An animal tired of his kind, the possibility of divid- really furnished no clue to guide ing a square field, upon them, so they went to law over it which there is a row of and squandered the entire estate in told me of it suggested that it might form the groundwork for a good puzzle, which it has done, so far as the problem and sketch is given to show how puzzle ideas may be gleamed from any incidents as we journey by the way with our eyes and ears open.

The picture represents a square field with four ancient onk trees, equal distance apart, in a row from sell? When he taxes his memory. the center to one side of the field. The property was left to four sons, who were instructed to divide the field into four pieces, each of the same shape and size, and so that each piece of land would contain one of the trees. As the pazzle is an impromptu one, gotten up on the spur of the moment, somewhat in the nature of a challenge to fill the for a quid pro quo and then she will

What is best out? A conflagration, name,

A REBUS.

Being just inclined to go astray; One slightly changed came up beaind And surely then it flew away

CHARADE.

My first for ages dangerous reckoner. Was ne'er so deadly as my second:

If rightly you conjoin the two, I tell what every man should do.

Why is a sporting dergyman like a soldier who runs from a fight? Because he departs from his sphere of action (fear of action),

When does a man impose on him-

Why are chemists and alchemists both of the feminine gender! Because one is an analyser (Arm Eliza), the other a charlotte (Charlotte

What are the requisites for a lady who desires to enter the cigar trade? She ought to have capital to back her, be up to snuff, always looking

Who was Jonah's tutor? The

What is the only pain of which every one makes light? A window PROPOSITION-Show how much wire it will take for the switchboard.



good payzle ideas as well as information may be good pazzle ideas as well of the wire.

that I was called upon to tuckle the showing the line along which you other day, which scores a point for would string the wire, or merely the puzzliss. I found two elec- state the least possible number of tricians who had invented some inches of wire required to perform kind of switchboard prannunciator, the feat. wringling over the most economical method of stringing a fine copper wire, which should connect all of the My first will range the meadow contact points together. It was an elaborate affair, consisting of some hundred points, but as sixty-four is sufficient to illustrate our problem, only an 8x8 section of the board is My whole in russet cap is found.

length of wire, going from B to A passing across the centers of the sixty-four squares. The squares are supposed to be one inch wide and exactly two inches apart. These dimensions will show that an inch of wire is required in making the necessary winds around the corners families.

SHOWING HOW in the agles of the proposed route

You may draw a similar 8x8 depicked up from time to sign of 64 squares, observing that. To a fee I might then be the terror time "as we journey by two of them can only be crossed in the way," I will give a little problem one way, and mark out the answer,. Decapitate twice, and reverse what

A CHARADE.

through.

In savage pride and state; But should be make my next at you, Your danger would be grent.

And robe of lovely green, The problem is to find the shortest Tall, springing from the marshy ground.

Like some bright Fairy Queen. Aus. 2, 21, 12, 12, 18, 21, 19, 8.

What is the difference between photography and measles? One makes fac similes, the other sick

A REBUS.

I'm of little importance, so off with my head,

and dread;

remains.

And lof you're a wundering sprite for YOUR DRIES.

Cypher Ans. 20, 18, 9, 6, 12, 5,

A CHARADE.

Aristides had, of Grecian fame My first appended to his name! Where Boreas reigns my next is found,

Immersed in Ocean's depths pro-(cund1

My whole the balance rightly scans, And baffles Fraud's unhallowed

Cypber Ans. 10, 21, 19, 20, 9, 3, 5,

Why are ladies who wear large crinolines ugly? Because they are not even passable.

Why should a man never marry a woman named Ellen? Because he rings his own (K)nell.



Here is a clever little study in concealed geography wherein you are asked to find the locality of the scene hidden in the description of the picture. Puzzles of this kind are always amusing and instructive, as they fa- endlessly the sea, miliarize students with their geography, so we give a further instalment. Co., Raman, delive on. of clever hidden subjects:

195. We seriously mean to go. (River.)

196. A rebel belonging to the Tenth was shot. (River.)

197. When with a mesmerizer shut your eyes, (River.)

198. She began gesticulating, and I laughed. (River.)

199. She lost her hat! a gushing thing! (River.)

200. How can a damson pie be converted into a squash pie? (Prov-

201. Give me a kiss in genteel

202. It is astonishing. Ham and eggs is his favorite diet,

203. Have you a turban? Go, rascal, if you have.

204. In the days of Nero, they covered the foot with a sandal to nar-

205. Simpson, son and sire, landed on the twenty-fifth. (Country.) 206. He that is last at the club will

be the last at breakfast,

207. Far yet near, absent though

208. Did the old man lean on a staff, or did he walk with a crutch?

200. Aunt Jerushy rides a creamcolored horse.

210. Susan loved a maniac; her only brother objected,

211. Round the rude crag raves

212. Said Brown Brothers and

213 Travelers asperse Polish innkeepers as extortionate,

214. From the record oval mirrors

A Charade

Without my first. I'd have you know, My beard a frightful length would grow:

Discordant noises from my next Might make you feel annoyed and

My whole's the best-you need not

For he's a rogue who is without it. Cipher Answer.-8, 15, 14, 5, 19, 20, 25.

A Rebus

Should you suspend my first, no art Can to my next its charm impart,

Or make it sweetly sound; And should a rope my whole em-

You'll find from it in sad disgrace. No credit can redound.

Cipher Answer,-23, 9, 14, 4, 16,

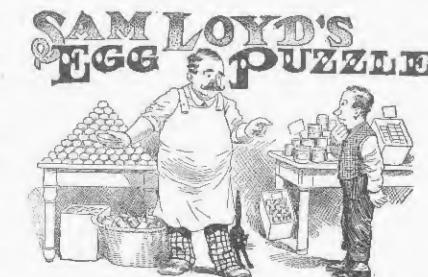
A Rebus

Behead a young and tender family, And then a small estate you'll plainly

Reverse, and a protection safe is found,

When the midnight darkness envelops round.

Cipher Answer.-2, 18, 15, 15, 4.



his new boy, "now you saw me lay those eggs carefully in a pile, so do not let me hear you tell another customer that you do not know if those pounds?"

"Hans," said the corner grocer to eggs had just been laid. Run over to Prof. Khigler and ask how high it is safe to build a pyramid of eggs, if each egg weighs two ounces and would sustain a pressure of eight

PROPOSITION-Show how to change a spade into a heart, URING A RECENT visit to the Crescent City Whist and Chess Club my attention was called to the curious feature of

a red spade which appears in one of the windows of the main reception room. The design came from Dresden, and, after the manner of cathedral windows, is made of numerous small pieces of stained glass skillfully fitted together, so as to make the desired pattern.

No reason was ever vouchsafed, nor even asked for, regarding the incongruousness of the color of the emblem. It was looked upon as a blunder which occasioned considerable comment at first, but which came to be looked upon afterwards with favor, not only on account of the novelty of such a thing as a red spade, but from the recognized point that a black spade would make the room too dark.

Hearing, accidentally, however, that a blunder had actually been committed by the manufacturer, in that the ace of hearts was to have been the insignia of the club, I was led to examine the window carefully and foundd that the spade was com- and foolish people? Bug-bear.

posed of three pieces, and speedily discovered that by proper arrangement of the three pieces they would fit together so as to form the ace of hearts, as originally desired.

The members have become so accustomed, not to say endeared, to their unique emblem that they would not consent to having the same changed, nevertheless it makes a unique although simple puzzle. and the honor will be divided among such of our young friends as discoverthe best way of dividing the spade. as shown, into three pieces, which can be arranged so as to form a perfect ace of hearts.

My first for trembling oft is named. My second in the battle famed; my whole

Will name a poet full of soul. Shakes-near,

My first is the sound made by my second, but my whole does not exist? Hum-bug.

My first is an insect, and my whole is used to frighten children A REBUS.

I am borne on the gale in the stillnose of night,

A sentinel's signal that all is not

I am a swallow, yet skim o'er the

I am a doctor, yet patients I save; When the sapling has grown to a flourishing tree.

It finds a protector henceforward. in me? Barki

CHARADE.

Eliza was looking untidy to-day As she may very often be seen: For my whole round her head, though they useful may be. Are not ornamental, I ween.

Both these, when joined to make Let her twist up my first in her second at night.

She should take them all out in the morn. For my whole, though they be

pretty well in their way. Ought never at noon to be worn. Curl-papers.

Why is an grange like a church steeple? Because we have a peci-



PROPOSITION-Show how to win 777,777 francs by betting only the multiple of seven.



ment tikit some one had won 777,777 francs at time as "Rosslyn's lucky system."

Monte Carlo recalls the If you cannot produce the exact sum of 777,777 francs at first, a few

years ago.

Without going into the techni- as it looks. calities of the play of roulette as practiced at Monte Carlo we will accept the statement that Lord Rosslyn's system was based upon the principle of playing the multiples of seven and ask our puzzlists. My whole an insect which feeds like to tackle the following simple prob-

Supposing a player (merely betting on red or black, where the chances are even), lays down a single franc piece seven times in succession and then whether he won or lost again plays seven times. He then bets 49 francs seven times; then 343 francs seven times; then 2,401 francs seven times; then 16,807 francs seven times; then 117,649 francs seven times. If by thus playing 49 times he chanced to win 777.777 francs, how many times did he win to gain that amount?

This is somewhat simple, nevertheless interesting at the present

HE RECENT STATE- time as illustrating the utter absurdity of what became known for some

If you cannot produce the exact sum of 777,777 francs at first, a few lyn's system, promulgated a few experimental trials will show that the puzzle is not so mathematical Transpose me, quickly drive me

A CHARADE.

My first is a bird, my second a fish, And each has served upon a warm

ourselves

On anything good it finds on the shelves.

Cypher Ans. 3, 15, 3, 11, 18, 15, 1,

A REBUS.

raises the stakes to 7 francs and Short was my life, and brilliant my

Behead me, I in lovely green appear; Behead again, I once was made to

My chosen inmates from a watery

Cypher Ans. 19, 16, 1, 18, 11,

Why is Canada like courtship? Because it borders on the United A REBUS.

A piece of kitchen furniture, I'm useful in my place; The servants always like to see My comfortable face.

hence.

Alas, my pretty creatures! Where I remain is little sense And sadly altered features. Cypher Ans. 18, 1, 14, 7, 5.

A CHARADE.

My modest first would no'er aspire To rise above an equal, To pity of my next has claim, A safeguard is the sequel.

What is it that which every living being has seen, but will never see again? Yesterday.

Who is the oldest lunatic on record? Time out of mind.

Why does a young lady prefer her mother's forcune to her father's? Because, though she likes patrimony she still likes better-matrimony.

What is the best way to enjoy happiness of courtship? To get a little gal-an'-try.

What must be done to conduct a newspaper right? Write.



PROPOSITION - Draw the Greek symbol with a continuous line, making the fewest possible turns.



some photographs of

vations in Greece, I was struck by given to our puzzlists in that form, the repeated appearance of the symbol of the circle and the triangle. Not entaring into the discussion regarding the accepted interpretation of the sign about which many volumes have been written by men of learning, I will merely call attention to the curious mathematical or puzzle feature which always appears to be a part of the scheme in such mutters.

The sign is attached to certain inscriptions on memorial monuments somewhat in the nature of a seal or signature, and is suggestive of the well-known puzzle of Mahomet, which, like many similar tricks of ancient origin, was to be drawn by one continuous line. It is a pleasing and interesting feat to discover the method of doing the trick by one continuous line, without going over any line twice, but if we change the turns to the more popular plan of going over the same lines as often as one wishes, and merely require

N LOOKING OVER that the figure must be drawn by second a root, and my whole is a one continuous line, making the root. Horse-radish. marvelous relics of an- fewest possible number of turns, it cient times unearthed becomes by long odds the best puzduring the recent exca- zle of its kind ever produced, so it is

My first is a useful animal, my eign parts.

Students in concealed geography are invited to discover the locality of the little incident which I sketched during a trip through for-







PROPOSITION-Guess the boy's age.

ERE IS A REMARK-I am sure will amuse the young folks and at the same time open up a new line of reasoning for some of the wise-

It appears that an ingenious or eccentric teacher, as the case may give a prize each day to the side of boys or girls whose combined ages would prove to be the greatest,

prize went to the boy.

sister to school, and it was found that their combined ages were just twice that of the boy, so the two girls divided the prize.

When school opened the next day, of his brothers, and it was found them

able age problem, which tween the Jones and Brown families. their booty.

and on the fourth day the two girls appeared accompanied by their elder sister; so it was then the combined ages of the three girls against the two boys, and the girls won of course, once more bringing their ages up to just twice that of the boys. Again the struggle went on until the class was filled up, but as our problem does not need to go further than this point, to tell me the age of that first boy, provided that the last young lady joined the class on her twenty-first birthday.

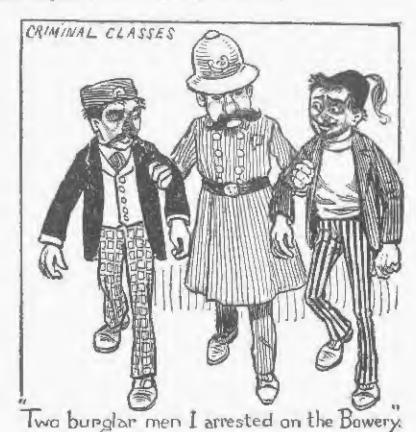
It is a simple but pretty puzzle, which calls for ingenuity rather than mathematics, and yields readily to puzzle methoris.

What is that which will give a cold, cure a cold, and pay the doctor's bi,1? A draught (draft).

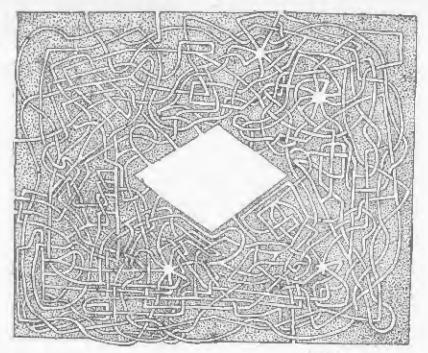
What is that which no one wishes to have, yet no one cares to lose? Bald head.

CRIMINAL CLASSES.

As a study in conevaled geography we ask our young friends to give the nationality of two hapless foreigners who got mixed up in a scrimmage on the Bowery and got pulled in as hurgiars, while the real culprits who The battle waxed warm now be- had a political pull escaped with



A MAZE PUZZLE



Any or every style of puzzle which excites interest or affords amusement is beneficial, in that it trains the mind to concentrate and pursue a line of thought to a definite purpose. Maze puzzles are always interesting to both young and old on account of the historical associations which connects them with noted mazes in ancient parks and gardens, as well as from the inate pleasure we all feel in overcoming seeming obstacles. Of course there are many styles of labarynths with various conditions which make them more or less difficult, but the above may be said to be one of the best because the crossing of paths by means of bridges permits of a much wider range of travel than the old fashioned limitation to branch walks. This puzzle is by Lewis Caroll, who as you all remember, wrote Alice in Wonderland, was a great mathematician and a noted puzzlist. It is supposed to represent poor little Alice lost in the woods; she starts from the little park in the centre and wishes to get out of the woods to go home. Can you give her any assistance in finding the correct path? You will notice that some of the paths are obstructed so as to make you retrace your steps, but not to be discouraged just remember that Euber formulated a rule for solving all mazes. Never-

theless it is quite a clever and diffi-

cult puzzie.

A Rebus

My first is a negative greatly in use, Which people first say when they mean to refuse;

My second we'll call a measure of

Frequently used when talking of freight.

An article always in use in my whole, With texture and form under fashion's control:

A something that's needed all over "Twill name what thousands are

Yet often is quoted a thing of small

Cipher Answer.-2, 21, 20, 20, 15, 14.

Here is one of the oldest style of charades, now quite out of date:

A Charade

An animal, harmless and meek, The monarch and pride of the wood;

What issues whenever we speak, What is shunned by the wise and the good;

The initials enjoin, and you then will have plain

What often gives pleasure but sometimes gives pain.

Cipher Answer.—12, 1, 13, 2; 15, 1, 11: 22, 15, 9, 3, 5; 5, 22, 9, 12,

A Rebus

My first is a pet the housewives de-

Its ravages always deplored;

The harp and the green in my second

Though often my third is ignored. With a harp in hand my whole may now stand,

Like a treasure, safe from first

Cipher Auswer.—13, 15, 20, 8; g, 18, 9, 14; 12, 1, 23.

A Riddle

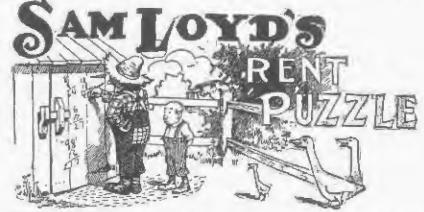
Take of a wild heast two fifths, if

Head and tail of a mouse, we will

striving to kill,

Though they're killed by the same every day.

Cipher Answer .- 20, 9, 13, 5.



Farmer Sykes was complaining to Ikey that he agreed to pay \$80 cash and a fixed number of bushels of wheat as the yearly rental for his farm. That, he explained, would amount to just \$7 an acre when

wheat was worth 75 cents a bushel, but as wheat was now worth \$1 a bushel he was paying \$8 per acre, which he thought was too much,

Can you tell how large the farm

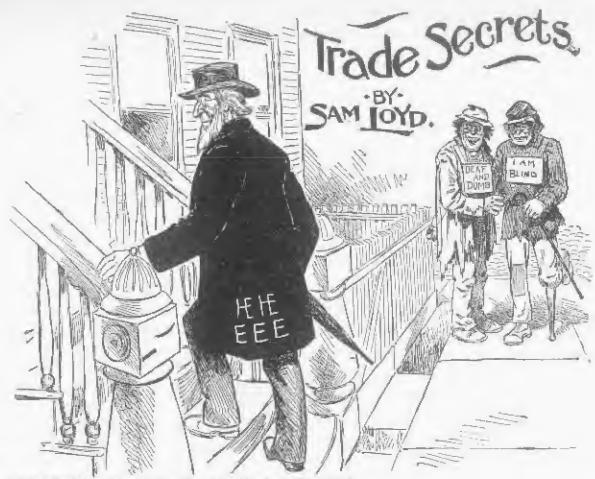
acres who make a specialty of statistical calculations.

be, being desirous of bringing together a number of older pupils into a class he was forming, offered to

Well, on the first day there was only one boy and one girl in attendance, and, as the boy's age was just twice that of the girl's, the first day's

The next day the girl brought her

however, the boy had recruited one that the combined ages of the two boys were exactly twice as much as the ages of the two girls, so the boys carried off the honors of that day and divided the prizes between



PROPOSITION-Read the sign chalked on his coat.



cutting the heart out of business, and it's just dog eat dog, or every

one for himself.

"I used to belong to the Advertiser's Mutual Help Association, but the organization affiliated with the Benevolence Solicitors, the Insurance Canvassers, the United Colporgrinders and mendicants, which put an end to our Haleyon days. There printers would buy back blocks of men who were not in good standing with the association. The professional walking gentlemen also insin- a capital repus buzzle. uated that the trade journal fakirs and fellows with schemes worked both sides of the street, and they retaliated by putting the secret 'good thing' sign on the sidewalks or doors of places when the 'oysters' were out of town, or where there was no show for 'biz' at all, which made hundreds of us waste time and even husband.

HINGS ARE OUT OF sometimes get roughly handled."

joint," remarked a communicative gent who jokers marked the good thing sign
shared a park bench with in front of deal and dumb asylums
me the other day. to annoy the musicians, or steered "Those trusts and competition are sympathy men and veterans up against distributers of work or meal tickets, when there was no chance for hear money, so the entire 'profesh' was soon at loggerheads."

Many stenographers belong to the organization, so the meaning of the good thing" sign as shown on the door post in the picture will be faturs, and eventually the organ miliar to such as are posted, but being desirous of seeing just how many of the veterans recall, or may were complaints that the union be able to decipher the meaning of the personal sign which used to be returns from colporturs and poster tagged or chalked on to recognized philanthropists, as shown in the picture, it is presented in the nature of

> like young pigs? Because they are the effects of a sale. likely to become bores.

Why are tight shoes like summer showers? They make the corn grow. fowl-in-pieces.

When is a candle like a new tomb-

What is the difference between attempted homicide and pig killing? One is assault with attempt to kill, and the other killing with intent to salt.

Why is a reckless fellow like a man stabbing at a shadow? Because he strikes at nothing.

What ship do the ladies prefer to embark in? Court-ship.

What kind of a lock should be placed on your forest preserves? Hern-lock.

What look requires the attention of a physician? Lock-jaw. What is the difference between a

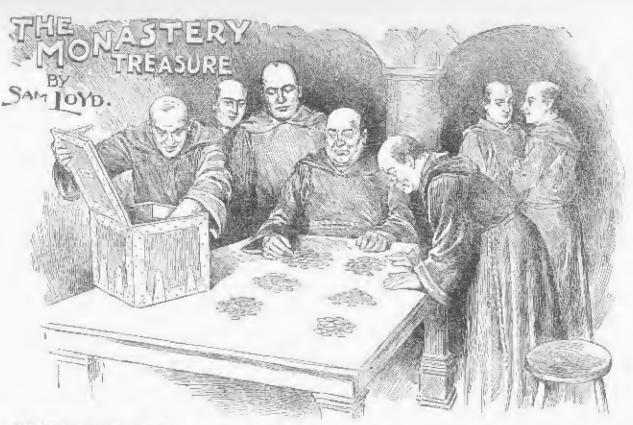
schoolmaster and a railroad conductor One trains the mind and the other minds the train.

What kind of essence does a young man prefer when he pops the question? Acquiescence.

What is the difference between an auction and sea sickness? One Why are talkative young men is the sale of effects, and the other

Why is chicken-pie like a gunsmith's shop? Because it contains

Which is the strongest day of the stone? When it is set up for a late seven? Sunday, because the others are week days.



PROPOSITION-How many coins had the monks.



zlists. It appears that according to the rules of one of the monasteries of the St. Benedictine order founded in the Fifth Century, the black friars, as the monks of that order were called, were required to see that a should be dropped into the treasury Benedicts? chest of the monastery.

The value of the coin has nothing to do with the problem, although from its being called "tithe moncy," which in those days meant "onetenth," the coins thus collected showed the annual receipts of the treasury represented in weeks and years.

chest every Saturday, and according be counetd by dividing them evenly to the rules of the monastery, the into four piles, or five piles, or six whole amount was only counted at piles -oach pile exactly alike-how such times as when Saturday oc- many coins would there be? curred on the last day of the year. The treasure was formally counted three times, and a record of the same most literary? Autumn, for then the custodianship of new guardians red (read).

MERE IS A BIT OF appointed at each meeting, although Italian legendry from according to the word of an eminent the Fifth Century, which authority on such matters, no object involves a pretty al- was ever assigned for the collection though simple problem, of the money, aside from the feature which will greatly interest our pez- of keeping a record of the monustery,

If I might be permitted to make a slight digression, it may be asked how it is that, in view of there having been fourteen popes of the name of Benedict, and of the fact of St. Benedict having enforced the vow weekly contribution of one coin, of celibacy upon his followers, by supposed to represent one-tenth of what right or reason Shakespeare the money collected during the week leads us to style all married men as

But to get back to the simple little problem which our puzzlists can answer, let us assume that this particular Benedictine menastery was founded on the first day of a year beginning on a Sunday, and that one coin was dropped into the treasure chest every Saturday, until such characters? Because the worse time as the year would end on a people are the more they are with The coin was dropped into the Saturday, and that the coins might them,

Which of the four seasons is the at ease).

A REBUS.

Take the head of a fish, and the heart of an ace,

With one fourth of whatever is mean and base;

To those add a title of highest degree And the meanest and basest of mortals you'll see.

CHARADE.

Allow my first and third to meet They form a noble ranger, My second panders to deceit, And in my whole there's danger.

How do we know that Lord Byron was good-tempered? Because he always kept his collar (choler) down.

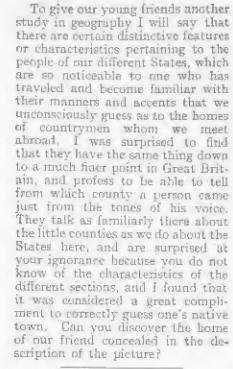
What is the difference between a person late for the train and a schoolmistress? One misses the train, the other trains the misses.

Why are doctors always bad

Why is the world like music? Because it is full of sharps and flats,

Why should a man troubled with the gout make his will? Because he will then have his legatees (leg

Why is a coach going down a steep made and with the chest given into the leaves are turned, and they are hill like St. George? Because it's always drawn with the drag-on,



What is pretty and useful in various

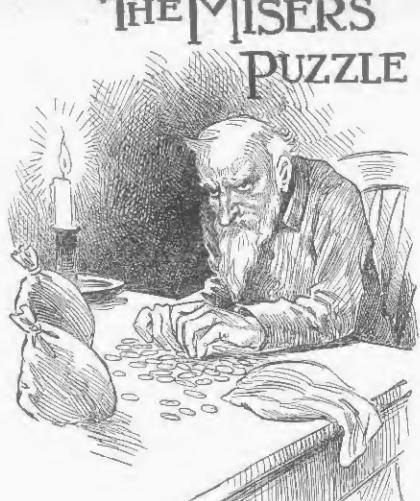
Though tempting weak mortals to shorten their days.

Take one letter away, and then will

in the year; Take two letters away and then

without doubt You will be what it is if you don't

find it out!





PROPOSITION-Tell how much gold the miser has.

MISER WHO HAD hoarded up a quantity of five, ten and twentydollar gold pieces used to keep the same in five bags, each of which contained simi-

lar coins. While toying with his treasure he would divide it into four piles, each of which would be exactly alike; then, to be certain that none was lost, he would take two of the portions and construct three piles. each containing similar coins,

As by this method it could be told if any coins were missing, it should also be an easy matter to guess the exact amount of his heard, so we will ask our puzzlists to tell just how much money this poor old man had when he starved to death.

What is a good definition for a muff? It is something or somebody that holds a lady's hand without squezing it.

What youngsters admire every day Glass. GUESS.

"My good man, are you of Celtic or Kentish origin:"

263



A Rebus To meet a need, our maid was sent in

Haste; my whole is what she went

Behead, transpose, the thing she bought

Appears; and which she safely

Curtail, transpose, and take for granted You have the end for which 'twas

wanted. Transpose once more, though strange

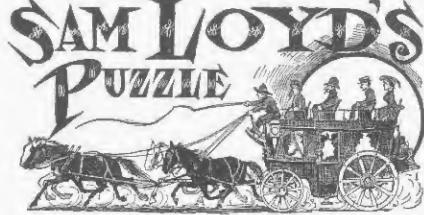
The maiden's name appears in view.

A Charade.

Fair L N promised to bestow My first upon her lover, And much I hope that no dark clouds Around the pair may hover.

Sweet L. N's age is just eighteen, Of gold she has my second; On hearing of the lovely prize How many beaux had reckoned!

And now my riddle I'll conclude, And hope you'll not me quiz, For what I say is very true-My whole fair L N is. Cipher Answer.—9, 1, 14, 4, 19, 15,



fact, and was told that the same thing had occurred in 1776, when it was ascertained that all of the steeples were provided with weather cocks, in order to includate a well-known moral lesson, and not, as one might suppose, to tell the direction of the The maxim or moral point of the lesson, however, was so well known that like all common things, it had

Once while staying in London I

noticed that after a heavy wind storm,

which lasted for over a week, the fog-

had been blown away to such an ex-

tent that we would see the tops of the

church steeples. I called the atten-

tion of several Englishmen to the

became forgotten. I could find no one who knew it, although every one remembered the fact, and the custom of putting weather cocks upon all steeples was still maintained for that

I present a sketch taken from my hotel window and will ask my puzzle friends to help solve the commdrum as to what moral lesson is incalcated by the weather cock on a church steeple?

Glasgow, a distance of 189 miles, the train from Glasgow we had beaten where the tourist has the choice of looping the loops on a veritable seemic railway, or of bumping the bumps and shooting the chutes on a lumbering old stage coach, I selected the latter as being just half a day

quicker. From that circumstance I was enabled to jot down one of the most interesting puzzles of my globe trotting tour. The train as well as

While going from Inverness to able to figure out that when we met it just as many miles as we had been traveling hours. From this and the other facts mentioned, I ask you to tell just how far we were from Glasgow when we met?

I seen from an entry in my notebook that I asked a Scottish gentleman who was touring with his family why the Scottish gentry always traveled third-class. He replied that it was because there was no fourth the diligence left simultaneously class. I can not see, however, that from opposite ends of the route, this item had anything to do with the so, by the aid of the milestones I was problem.



PROPOSITION-Ferry four jealous couples across the river.



or shortest answer seems to have stipulations? been overlooked by methematicians and writers on the subject.

It is told that four men eloped with their sweethearts, but in carrying out their plan were compelled to cross a stream in a boat which would hold but two persons at a time. It appears that the young men were so extremely jealous that not one of them would permit his prospective bride to remain at any time in the company of any other man or men unless he was also present.

Nor was any man to get into a hoat alone, when there happened to be a girl alone on the island or shore, other than the one to whom he was engaged. This feature of the condition looks as if the girls were also jealous and feared that their fellows "Mend I cants."

F COURSE ALL GOOD would run off with the wrong girl if puzzlists are familiar they got a chance. Well, he that with the time-honored as it may, the problem is to guess I problem of the country- the quickest way to get the whole man who had to ferry a party across the river according to fox, a goose and some corn across a the conditions imposed. Let us river in a boat which would carry suppose the river to be two hundred but two at a time. The story of the yards wide, with the island in the four elopments, equally old, is built middle. How many trips would upon similar lines, but presents so the boat make to get the four couples many complications that the best safely across in accordance with the

> Why is a madman like two men? He is like one beside himself.

Why is your hand like a hardware store? Because it has nails.

Why does a man who runs in debt remind you of a clock? He goes on tick.

Why is a drawn tooth soon forgotten? It is out of your head. Why is a jailer like a musician?

He fingers the keys.

Why is a painted lady like a pirate? She displays false colors.

What relation is your uncle's brother to you, who is not your uncle? Your father.

What class of people might we call those who can't improve?

What medicine is a cross dog fond of? Bark and wine (white),

What is the difference between perseverance and obstinancy? One is a strong will and the other is a strong won't.

What country does a baby cry for? More-rock-oh, or Lapland.

Why is a coat worn by a weatherbeaten tramp like a man with insomnia? Because it has not had a nap for a long time.

Why are spiders good correspondents? Because they drop a line by every post and at every house.

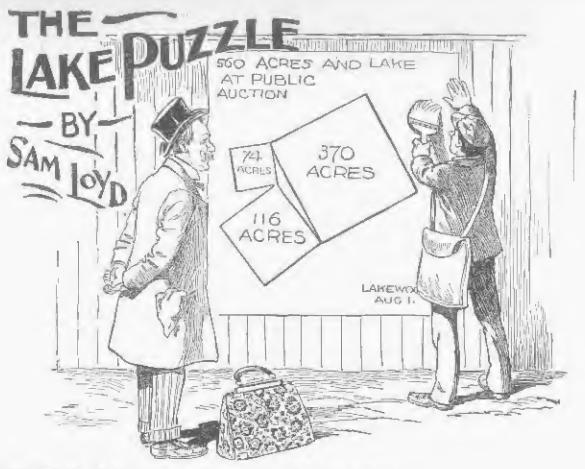
What does a young lady become when she ceases to be pensive? Ex-

What is the sure sign of an early spring? A cat watching a hole in the wall with her back up.

A lady asked a gentleman how old he was? He answered, My age is what you do in everything-ex-

Why is the world like a cat's tail? Because it is fur to the end of it.

If a two-wheeled wagon is a bicycle, and a three-wheeled wagon is a tricycle, what would you call a five-wheeled one? A V-hicle of



PROPOSITION- Tell how many acres the lake contained.



of some land, but did

on account of a peculiar problem tions, which developed regarding what the buyer would get for his money. It was advertised as shown in the posters on the fence as 560 acres. including a lake. The three plots show up the 560 acres without the lake, but as the take was included. in the sale, I, as well as other wouldbe purchasers, wished to know whether the lake area was really deducted from the land,

The auctioneer guaranteed 560 acres "more or less," which was not satisfactory to the purchasers, so we left him arguing with some Katy Dids, and shouting to the bullfrogs in the lake, which in reality was a swamp,

The question which I ask our puzzlists who revel in just such questions, is to determine just how many acres there would be in that triangular lake, surrounded as shown by square plots of 370, 116 and 74 peres. The problem is of peruliar interest to those of a mathematical did her husband decypehr it?

WENT TO LAKE - turn, in that it gives a positive and wood the other day to definite answer to a proposition, attend an auction sale which, according to usual methods, produces one of those ever-decreasnot make any purchases ing, but never-ending decimal frac-

A CHARADE.

My little criticising first Is found on either side: My faithful second guards the crown With digntiy and pride: My whole delights in summer flow-

And lovely Autumn's fruitful Cypher Ans. 5, 1, 18, 23, 9, 7,

A REBUS.

I am fat and well favoured When made up complete. Curtail and you'll find me Quite wholesome to eat: Bestore me my tail, and In lieu take my head, Like (eathers I'm light, Or as heavy as lead. Cypher Ans. 16, 12, 21, 13, 16.

A lady wrote on the bottom of a flour burrel: OICURMT how

A CHARADE.

When o'er the wave the vessel flies, Her masts and sails my whole sustain;

Behead, though vast my length and

I move with swiftness o'er the plain:

Agrun behead, come when I will. The farmer frets and grumbles

Cypher Ans. 19, 20, 18, 9, 14.

A REBUS.

When whole 'tis true, I sometimes lend my aid --

Nay daily, to the tidy servant maid; Once take my head, 'twill clearly then appear

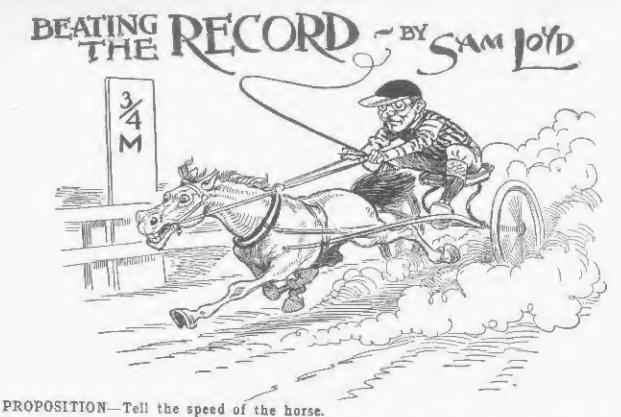
My useful hole is often wanted there: Transposed, a foreigner I boldly stantl.

Or represent a stretch of land. Cypher Ans 2, 18, 15, 15, 13,

15, 18, 20, 8,

A CHARADE.

My first appears in verse and prose, My next true morit will disclose; My whole reveals a poet's name, Encircled with immortal fame. Cypher Ans. 23, 15, 18, 4, 19, 23,



miles, in the recent wonderful performance of

the trotting queen, Lou Dillon, was struck by an odd little problem at the uniform price of a dollar and which occurred between a couple a quarter each. He did not like of the timekeepers, which proved to to cut a ham, however, but in orbe too much for their limited knowledge of mathematics,

It appears that the first threequarters of a mile were trotted in 81% seconds, while the timekeeper who recorded the finish showed that the last three-quarters were trotted in 81M seconds, and that the last half of the race was just as fast as the first half.

Despite the paradoxical appearance of there being six quarters to that mile, both timekeepers were correct, but they lacked the services his load of hams, and the first perof a clever puzzlist to tell the time for the whole mile. How many of our puzzlists can guess it correctly?

A Study in Hams.

Here is a problem for the juvnile class, which will surely interest the young puzzlists and probably baffle directing him to another place some of the 'children of a larger where he readily disposed of half growth.

It appears that a Dutch farmer,

PEAKING ABOUT year with a wagon load of hams, stock and half a ham. He conthe manner of scoring which he would sell among his the time on the quarter neighbors at wholesale or retail.

The hams were so nearly of a size that he did not trouble himself about weighing them, but sold them der to be accommodating established the rule that he would sell the half of a ham when it was asked for, but would charge double for it. In the innocence of his heart, he did not see that he was charging the same price for half a ham as he asked for a whole one, and as many of his customers knew less than he did about arithmetic, he sold many a half of a ham for what he asked for the whole one.

Well, one day he started off with son he met was so pleased with their appearance that he purchased the half of his stock and half a ham.

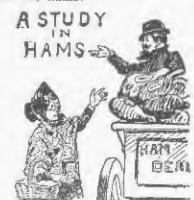
He was equally successful with his next customer, who was also a dealer, as he took half of the stock he had left and half a ham, besides of what remained and half a ham.

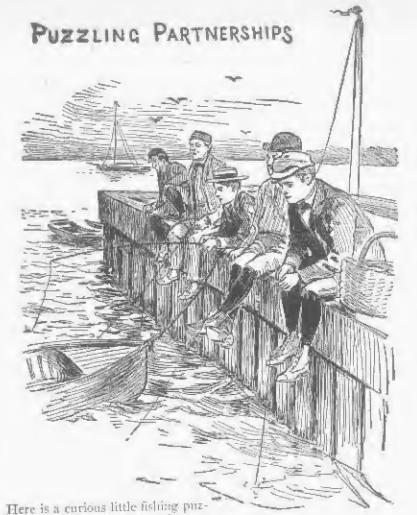
He then came to a large hotel, who knew more about curring hams the proprietor of which was not at than he did about arithmetic, was home, but he managed to prevail in the habit of starting out once a upon his wife to take half of his

tinued on his journey, but had not gone more than a quarter of a mile when he met the hotel proprietor and a friend. The hotel man, not knowing that his wife had purchased any of the hams, took half a ham and the half of what remained, and induced his friend to take half of what was left and half a ham, as it just cleaned out his stock.

Now, what I want our young puzzlists to do is to figure out just how much money this lucky Dutchman received for his hams, and be sure that you don't make a mistake. for the problem was sent to one of our universities and pronounced unsolvable! which would make it rank with the squaring of the circle.

How much money did Hans get for his hams?





zle which will prove interesting, as it yields readily to experimental methods without much arithmetic, although some who are well versed in figures find difficulty in grasping the situation according to ordinary rules. It appears that five boys whom we will designate as A, B, C, D and E. went fishing, and entered into certain agreements regarding the divisions of the spoils, which solve readily in actual practice when distributing the fishes, but looks like a complicated partnership agreement, as each hoy has to pool his luck with the one next to him. It appears that A and B caught 14 fish, B and C 20: C and D 18. D and E 12, while A and E each caught just alike. We will now go into the complications of the separate partnerships and ask our prizzlists to tell from the figures given just how many fishes each caught. It is a puzzling problem to solve mathematically, but in actual practice C just pooled his eatch with B and D, and each of them took just onethird. Each one does the same, adds his stock to those of his two side partners, and then divides the same A Charade.

An object for which many thousands do sigh,

A biessing I prove, or a curse; And when to the altar of Hymen you

You take me for better or worse.

I am of both sexes-both husband and wife,

You court me, you love me, you scoul me;

I'm the source of much joy, contention and strife.

Yet few can be happy without me.

I travel by land-on the ocean I

With the lowls, too, I scar in the

I'm constant, I'm fiekle-too much given to change,

Therefore, when you choose me, beware!

Cipher Answer.—13, 1, 20, 5.

A Charade.

See how majestic I'm borne! Behead, some treat me with seorn; Yet knaves, with all their art and

Deem me too often as a prize: Restore my head, transpose, what пюте?

I'm higher than I was before! Cipher Answer.—13, 1, 3, 5.

What kind of a diary is productive of harm? Incen-diary.



from the notes of two gentlemen of leisure, returned from their summer's outing: Weary Willie, who had outstaved his welcome at Joytown, started for Pleasantville simultaneously with the departure of Dusty Rhodes from Pleasantville. They town?

into three portions until all five are

just alike. Can you guess how many

lish each boy caught?

Here is a pretty problem culled met and exchanged the fraternal grip at a point where Willie had gone eighteen miles farther than Dusty. After an affectionate parting, it took Willie thirteen and a half hours to reach Pleasantville, and Dusty twenty-four hours to get to Joytown, How far was it from Pleasantville to Joy-



PROPOSITION-To change a square into a Greek Cross.



khown Greek cross puz-Zi zle, only it is made more nin'?"

difficult by working the theme backward. In this case you are required to convert a square into a which is not so easy, for the reason mine?" that there are no angles and corners to assist you.

The problem is to divide the square into four pieces which will fit together and form a perfect Greek cross.

Lightning Messenger Boys-A Problem for the Juvenile Class.

Harry Nimble, as his name implies. is the most speedy telegraph boy in the city, while Jimmy Pace, can set the pace against all the district messengers in the service. It is not surprising, therefore, that it once so happened that these popular flyers were engaged simultaneously on urgent business. The one was to convey a message from a broker to a customer, telling him that the market was going to smash and that he had better unload his stocks. The other messenger chanced to be from the customer to the same broker, ordering him to clean out

ERE IS A PRETTY everything at panic prices. The cutting puzzle, built boys met in the park, going in oppoupon the lines of the well- site directions, on the full run.

"Hullo, Harry, where you run-

Uptown with a special hurry what's yor'n?"

"Downtown, rush. Let's rest. cross instead of a cross into a square. How much money you got? See

"Gee, what a pile. Let's play a game of poker for fun while we get our wind. I've got the cards, and you can't heat me as you did last time,"

"Yes, I kin; come on. We got lots of time." So these two speedy boys scated themselves so as to recuperate their mind, that they might make all the better speed when they resumed their lightning journeys. They were not playing for keeps, and were to readjust their finances at the end of the game.

At one stage of the play Harry had twice as many pennies as he began with, but Jimmy in his impetuous way staked all that he had left in one jack pot and won, so he then had 36 pennies to Harry's 42.

As it was getting too dark to play longer they broke up the card party, straightened out their finances and resumed their mad career. The problem is to tell just how that money was to be divided so that each boy could get back his original number of pennies.

CHARADE.

Crispin, snug in his cobbler's stall, Waxing his end and driving his awl, A judge of my first may be reck-

For deeds of blood my whole was

But innucence is often blamed; Transpose a grain for my second.

When does a cow become landed property? When she's turned into a meadow.





PROPOSITION-Divide a square piece of paper into two halves which will fit togetheras shown

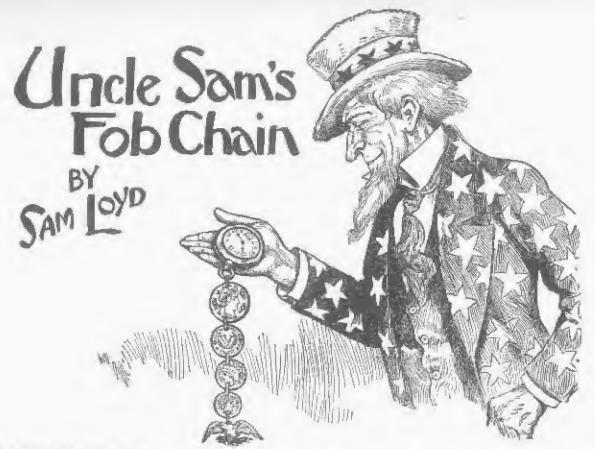


accident where the overturning of a of wood, which we are told was di- ready explained, the two pieces platform precipitated a workman vided into two pieces. Like all from the roof of a lofty building. mathematical problems, the propo- refitted back into a perfect square. He struck squarely on the head of a sition can be worked either way, with the three openings closed, but passer-by, who was killed instantly, viz., to make a pair of stocks by while the lucky fellow who tumbled dividing a square, or to divide the with the feat of producing the holes nearly a hundred feet escaped with- stocks into halves which will fit toout a scratch.

AW IS ADMINIS- as it may seem, we find the descrip- square piece of paper, and, without inal but impartial lines fully set forth. The stocks, which gether and form a square.

In the above narrative, strange The Puzzle.-Take a perfectly ingenuity.

tered according to origination and terms of a capital puzzle any waste, cut it into two pieces which will fit together and form an in the Flowery King- secure the head and wrists of the un- oblong pair of stocks, with openings guished traveler. "I once saw an ture, were made from a square piece and wrists of the culprit. As already forming the stocks can always be there is a pretty trick connected in the exact positions as shown which will tax one's patience and





WAS SHOWN A curious fob chain the other day, patterned after the old custom of carrying

a string of coins atfob chain consisted of four coins and the figure of an eagle. The coins, as shown, were punched respectively with five, four, three and two holes, so that the small links which joined them together might have been placed differently, so as to have furnished quite a variety of patterns.

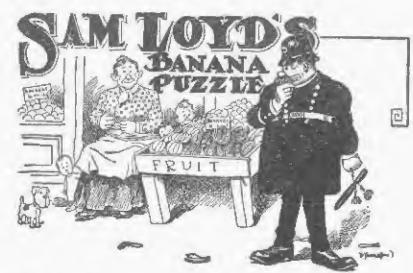
This feature of being able to produce a series of fob clinins, consisting of a string of four coins connecting the watch and eagle, gave rise to ouite a discussion regarding the number of possible arrangements which can be made from the pieces as shown, without any two being exactly similar.

The design has been adopted by the society of Patriotic Americans, which was recently organizer irrespective of party politics to demand respect for the Chief Executive during his term of office.

The chain is built upon a progressive order of presentation, so that member as designating a given determine just how many chains

The problem of the puzzle is to ing exactly alike.

could be made without any two be-



"The top of the mornin' to you. Mrs. O'Neill," said Clancy, the mathematical. "Can you tell me why the banana market is like a sunset?"

could be recognized upon a fellow as she recalled the old commdrum, hanagas?"

"but perhaps you can tell me how it is that when I buy yellow bananas at three shillings a bunch and the same number of red ones at four shillings a bunch I would get two more "I'm not dealing in chestnuts just bunches for the same amount if I now, Clancy," replied Widow divided the money evenly between each one would be different and O'Neill, with a twinkle in her eye, between the yellow and red



PARENTS APPREciated the benefit of puzlze practice they would cacourage everytihing in the form of conundrums,

riddles, problems and puzzles. Familiarity with conundrums paves ial artist who was endowed with the the entering wedge by remarking; the way and serves as the stepping usual conversational powers as well stones toward the ability to master as business instincts of his craft, but and originate clever puzzles. The my mind was so tangled up in the above simple contundrum is supposed to be asked by a species of human gadfly which had been tormenting his poor aunt with a never- humor for extended conversation; secret concealed in my remark. It ceasing series of queries: "Aunt Sarah, how do I know that this field is older than you are?

A CHARADE.

If you a journey ever take, No matter when or where, My first you'll surely have to pay, Before you can get there. My second you would scarcely see If London through you go: But still 'tis what I hope you are; Few better things I know, I say my whole with secret pain. Though hoping soon to meet again Cypher Ans. 6, 1, 18, 5, 23, 5, 12,

Why do sailors working in brigs make bad servants? Because it is impossible for a man to serve two mast-ers well!

Why are unprotected grates like insolent beggars? Because they are destitute of fenders.

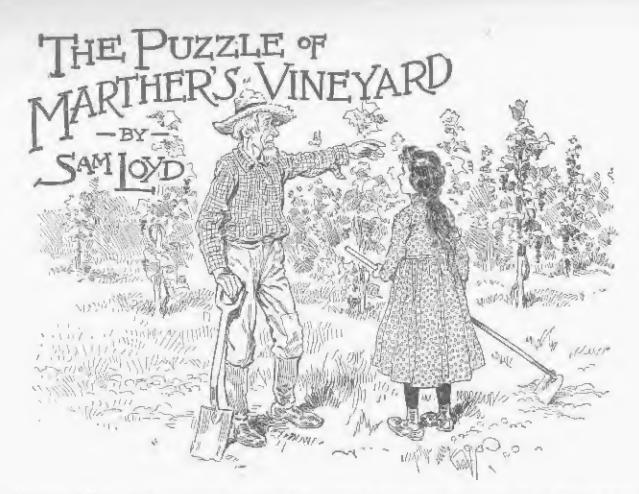
What notes compose the favorite tunes, and how many do they compose? Bank notes, and they make for-tunes.

ing I mipped a prospective sale in the attack from a different standthe bud in a way that produced a point, meekly saying: "Our bay silence that was actually oppressive. rum is a little sour from the hot I had occasion to patronize a tonsor- weather!" But again I headed off consideration of the problem as to how much greater is four-fourths from the long silence I was inclined than one-fourth that I was in no to think he was working out the so when he politely suggested: is a concealed-word puzzle wherein "Your hair is a little thin!" I replied, you are to find a geographical lesson "not half so thin as your chance of hidden in the decsription of the picselling me a bottle of patent hair ture.

tonie." I beard him gasp and catch During my present summer out- his breath, but he speedily renewed "If your bay rum is sour, you may use good river water!"

That remark was a clincher, and





PROPOSITION - How many grape vines can be planted, not closer than nine feet apart, in a square plot containing one-sixteenth of an acre?



the popular legend of varieties, which became famous.

That is all there is to the story that you when it is reduced to plain forts

of being given in puzzle form.

undertaken the difficult task of of her wonderful success. cultivating the rocky soil of that to set out a vineyard. To encour- teenth of an acre in size? age ber, as well as in lieu of other remaneration, he permitted Martha calculated to tax the ingenuity and to cultivate for her own use or profit cleverness of our puzzlists and a little square patch containing mathematicians, but not to comexactly a sixteenth of an acre of land.

vines, according to custom, in rows 710-1000 of a foot square, so that nine feet apart, and cultivated them a sixteenth of an acre in 52 feet 2 just like the others, and yet, as the inches square. This you will obstory goes, her little venture pros- serve is somewhat different from the pered and grew in a way that made popular measurement of 70 yards Martha's Vincyard noted. She square which prevails in the rural raised more grapes to the acre than districts, where a plot 210 feet any vineyard on the island and square is reckoned as an acre.

SHOEFERRING TO produced many new and valuable

this Vineyard, it may when it is reduced to plain facts. him in the corner be said that there is a Nevertheless, without wishing to possible solution or explanation to impeach Martha's skill nor to questhe pretty story which is worthy tion her sweetness which imparted the flavor to her grapes, I wish to all the others are in purgatory. It is told how, in Colonial days, engraft a practical problem to her one of the sturdy settlers who had vines which may explain the reason

How many grape vines, not barren island, essayed with the closer than nine feet apart, can be aid of his little daughter Martha, set out in a square plot one-six-

The problem is a pretty one, well in this. pel a return to the long forgotten school books, occasion is taken It is said that she planted her to say that an acre is 208 feet and

Why is a naughty school-boy like a postage stamp? Because you That is all there is to the story lick him with a stick and place

Why is I the luckiest of all the vowels? Because it is in the centre of bliss, while E is in hell and

What is the longest word in the English language? Smiles, because there is a mile between the first and last letter.

Why have chickens no fear of a future state? Because they have their next world (necks twirled)

Why cannot a deaf man be legally convicted? Because it is unlawful to condemn a man without a hearing.

Why is a man who beats his wife like a thorough-bred horse? Because lie's a perfect brute.

What is that which you can keep after giving to some one else? Your word.

Why are dealers in glassware unlike all other dealers? Because it won't do for them to crack up their goods.



PROPOSITION .- How many chickens must one start with to have 6468 at the end of three years?



ness the profits re- the result claimed, sulting from an incu- It need only be so

future plans with safty is illustrated tions which the young couple had in this interesting puzzle

less fellow," exclaimed the irate gave his consent, so the wedding a tale, a tail is an attachment, an father, "what do you expect to took place and the mortgage was attachment is love, and love is live upon?"

daughter, "Claude has got it all planned and figured out. He is benefit of other young couples congoing to buy some chickens this templating similar ventures we ask spring and raise so many broads our puzzlists to tell just how many we can sell enough of the surplus start with. gentlemen chicken for us to get married on. We will sell enough at the end of the second year to pay sets in his garden? His foot. our housekeeping expenses, and on the third year we will have 6468 of so as to pay off that \$3,000 mort- a better half. gage on the house, which wornes you so much."

vague, nevertheless, allowing for cause she has outskirts. the enthusiasm which is a part of

HE ADVANTAGE OF some certain averages and ratios with absolute correct- entire enterprise so as to produce and dies (dyes).

It need only be said that after a bating venture so as to lav one's careful examination of the calculapaid off on schedule time, besides "My dear papa," replied his leaving a little surplus for contin- blind. gencies which developd. For the

Why does a backelor who has a the cheese. counterfeit half dollar passed on

Why do we generally dub a city her or she? Because about a city When it is a humbug. The data seems to be somewhat there is so much hustle and be-

Why does a hair-dresser die a being able to estimate are to be maintained throughout the sail death? Because be curls up

If thirty-two degrees is freezing point, what is squeezing point? Two in the shade.

Prove that the winds are blind. made on the other side of that The wind is a zephyr, a zephyr is "If you should marry that worth- paper, the stern paper relented and a yarn, a varn is a story, a stoy is blind; therefore, the winds are

Why is a married man like a fire! Because he provokes his wife by going out at night.

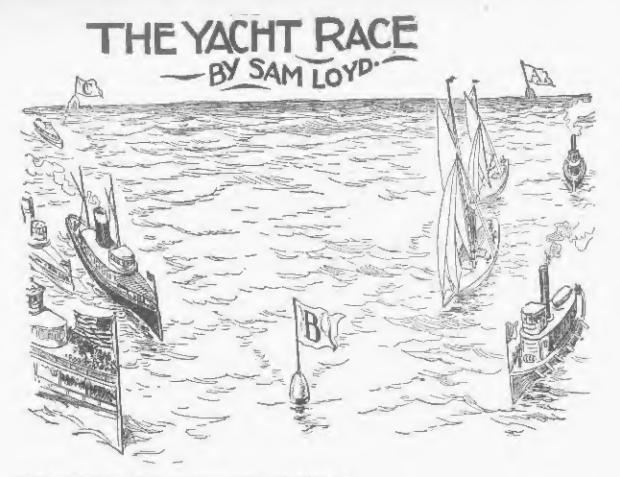
Why is a pig's brain larger than of young chickens that in the fall chickens they must have had to any other animal's? Because be has a hog's head full.

What is the difference between What is the first thing a man a young lady and a mouse? One charms the he's, the other harms

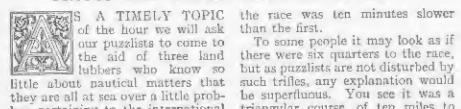
Why is Patti like a jeweler? Bechickens! Which we will dispose him want to get married? To get cause she deals in precious stons (precious stones).

When is a beer a great nuisance?

What is the difference between a gardener and a Chinaman? One Why are washwomen great flirts? keeps the lawn wet, the other love's young dream, we must as- Because they wring men's bosoms. keeps the lawn dry (laundry).



PROPOSITION-Give the correct time of this race.



yacht race.

They endeavored to keep exact tab on the speed of the boat, but not being very good sailors, Father Neptune interfered somewhat with their the distance. At what hour did the observations, so their log book race end, if the bonts started at nine shows that their account of the race minutes past ten? is divided into two dog watches, the one overlapping the other. Smith, who had charge of the first dog watch, failed to record the exact hour of starting, but reports that the boat sailed the first three-quarters of the race in three and a half hours, at which stage of the game he retired, owing to seasickness. Jones, who had charge of the last dog watch, records that the last threequarters of the race were sailed in four and a half hours, while Brown, who had charge of the middle watch, only noted that the middle leg of falling due (dew).

little about nautical matters that such trifles, any explanation would they are all at sea over a little prob- be superfluous. You see it was a lem pertaining to the international triangular course, of ten miles to each leg, although that is immaterial as the gist of our problem turns upon the time consumed between the buoys A, B, and C, irrespective of

A PUZZLE.

Express with four letters a sentence of four words containing fourteen letters? Ans. I O U O.

There was a man who was not born, His father was not born before

He did not live, he did not die, And his ep taph is not o'er him? Ans. The man's name was Not.

Why is a note of band like a rosewas so anxious to reach land that he bud? Because it is matured by

A REBUS.

My first it is a curious thing, Of Nature's own produce, And many who have lost a limb Have found it of great use.

By my second's wondrous skill Ships are made with ease, To stem against both wind and tide Across the boundless seas. My whole is very often found

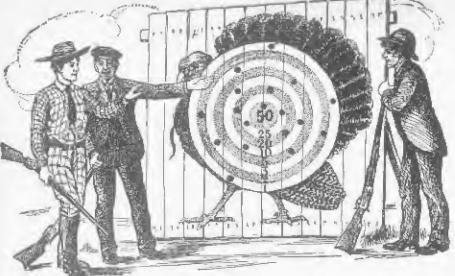
Together with my first. And comes in very handy

When you would quench your Cypher Ans. 3, 15, 18, 11, 19, 3, 18, 5, 23.

My first is a female, My second the same, My whole is much dreaded -Pray what is its name? Ma-lady.

How would you express in one word that you had met your doctor? Met-a-physician.

Why is a blush an anomaly? Because a woman who blushes is admired for her check.



Here is a Thanksgiving Day puz-

zle representing a turkey shoot in

which I once participated in the

"wild and woolly West." It was for

a prize of a fat turkey and I reniem-

ber that we all made tie scores. Each

had six shots and made seventy-one

points apiece, as you will see if you

add up the hits as indicated by the

number in the rings on the target,

I remember that the score made quite

a respectable puzzle, für the reason

that it requires some little ingenuity

to pick out the six counts which each

one must have made if we made tie

A Charade

Which adds to his cares and the sores

But all should be feel all the weight

His misery, nearly complete, may be

My whole often adds to your pleasure

No more need I say-you'll soon find

Cipher Answer.—16, 1, 3, 11, 1,

A Rebus

My first's a well-known cruel rogue

When you would walk abroad.

My whole may frequently be found

In fields where beauties bloom

Who lives by deeds of fraud;

My second's often in your hand

rowful hack.

on his back;

of my second,

reckened:

or pest:

7. 5.

15, 12, 5,

A Rebus

My first to farmers oft a pest, A pretty creature prone to earth; My second is in the place, or sphere, In which we move, perhaps from

Those who do crooked paths pursue, Or some indeed whose ways are

May from my whole a check receive, Which may annoy or stop delight. Cipher Answer.—13, 15, 12, 5, 19, 20, 1, 20, 9, 15, 14.

Drop Letter Puzzle From Tennyson. Every Vowel Omitted,

T. b. wr w. th .n. w. l. v. D.th w.rk l.k. m. dn.ss .n th. My first may be borne by some sor- br..n.

A Rebus

Seeking my first, as once fair Biddy

And paced the verdant meads with maiden pride;

Paddy perchance my lovely second

And stole a kiss, and then for pardon

Then of my whole he made a neat

And chaxed her then to name the wedding day. Cipher Answer,-3, 15, 23, 19, 12,

9, 16, 19,

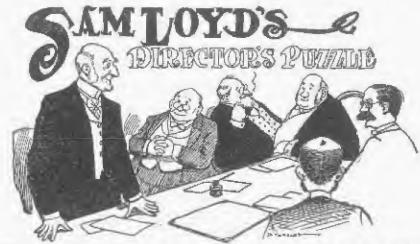
A Charade

My first's a sign of pain, Of sorrow, or surprise: My second, it is plain Within your kitchen lies,

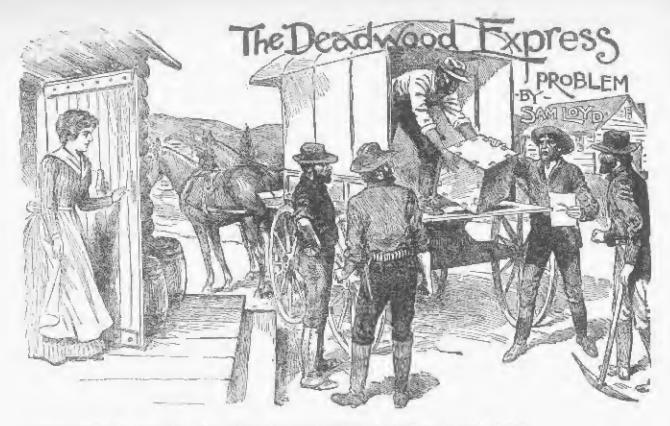
My whole is found in Spain, Neath genial southern skies. A fruit-but 171 refrain. And leave it in disguise. Cipher Answer.-15, 18, 1, 14,

A Rebus

Decapitate, and what of me Remains behind is still before; Curtail my last, well pleased to see The prudent still provide a store. Curtailed again, my head replace, See me on Israel's border stand; My whole a poet's name display Whose fame is known in every Cipher Answer,-4, 1, 14, 20, 5.



"Gentlemen," said Channey, at a which we pay 71/2 per cent. interest recent directors' meeting, "the pres- we are therefore only able to pay 5 ent income from the earnings of the per cent, interest upon the common road would pay 6 per cent, upon the stock." From these facts you are Cipher Answer.-6, 15, 23, 7, 12. entire stock issue, but as there is asked to tell the amount of the com-\$4,000,000 of preferred stock upon mon stock.



PROPOSITION-Tell the size of the two square boxes that came by express.



ion piece to the plum- of the other. ber's lank problem which illustrates a very

the wild and woolly West as the thousandth part of a cent differ-Deadwood Express arrives at the gold diggings with a consignment of two bexes for the young lady, and running foot, her admirers are having a lively dispute with the expressman as to the proper charges for the same.

There are two boxes, one of which is in view and the other concealed

in the wagon.

wished to charge for the boxes at the rate of \$5 per cubical foot, as per his instructions on the freight bill. The miners, however, strenutheir custom was invariably to pay so much per running foot-accordnot see what right an express company had to medille with the "cubi- tively. cal contents" of a young lady's box, any wayl

The expressman was compelled preasured the length of the boxes odd number. and charged \$5 per running foot.

The strange part of the problem is that when the expressman placed puzzling point in prac- the two boxes together and measured their combined length it was The sketch represents a scene in found that there was not the ence in the ways of charging-at

It is a simple, yet very interesting puzzle, which will cause the gray matter in the brains of our mathematicians to circulate somewhat The point is that the expressman before hitting upon the proper way to bandle these express boxes .

An Odd Trick.

Here is a pretty way of telling ously objected on the grounds that in which hand a person holds an odd or even number of coins, which, if well understood by the pering to mining laws and they could former, so that he can vary the same, may be shown very effec-

Tell a person to hold an even then be.' number of coins in one hand, an odd number in the other, and you to accept the proposed terms, so he will find out which hand holds the cause they root for a living.

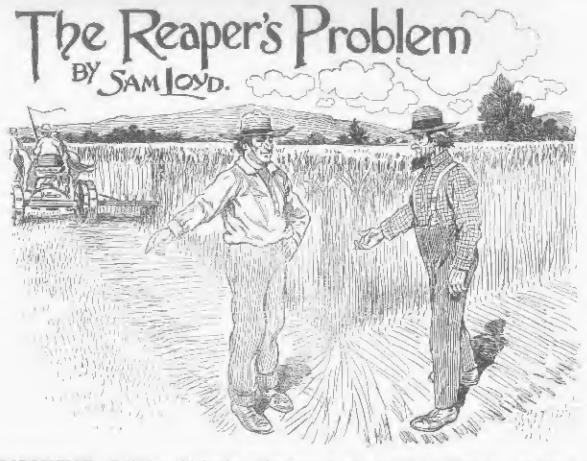
The boxes are perfectly square ber in his right hand by any odd holds a gal-on (gallon).

MANUERE IS A COMPAN- and one is exactly half the height number, and to multiply the number in his left hand by any even number and tell you how much it amounts to. You may now go into same hokus-pocus calculation or explanation regarding the figures mentioned, which will mystily him, but all you need to note is whether the sum mentioned is odd or even \$5 per cubical foot or at \$5 per as it tells whether the sum in his right hand is odd or even. If he What were the sizes of the two said 792 you know that he holds an even number of coins in his right hand. If he should say 551, his right hand holds an odd number. and as a matter of course the left hand holds the reverse.

By changing the order, and sometimes telling him to multiply the number in his left hand by an odd number, which would reverse your reply, you can conceal the trick. Another way is to say, "Take an old number of coins in one hand, an even number in the other. Now treble the number in the right hand and double the quantity in the left, and tell me how many there would

Why are hogs like trees? Be-

Why is a four-quart jar like a You tell him to multiply the num- lady's side-saddle? Because it



PROPOSITION-Tell the width of a strip around a field which will take half of the field.



SHOWING HOW mechanics and laborers having no knowledge of solve, in a practical way,

some very difficult problems, I will call the attention of our puzzlists to ren) figtree, the clever way in which a couple of farmers adjusted their affairs.

more land than he could conveniently farm, leased certain fields to a neighbor, who agreed to work. A comb. them on shares. One particular field was two thousand vards long by one thousand deep, but as there were certain bad streaks running through the land it was decided that a fairer average would be given to morning she returns to dust. each man by cutting a hand comdividing it into halves.

presume our puzzlists will find willth of the strip which must be out all around that field to get just half the crop of wheat, and to discover a resemble? An open-faced watch simple rule which will always apply to any rectangular field of any dimensions which that farmer in the checked shirt looks as if he could apply to the other fields.

What is the most difficult lock to pick? One from a hald head.

Why is snow like a maple tree? sweel but unrefined. mathematics will often Because it leaves in the early spring.

Who is the first nobleman men-

If a man bumped his head against the top of the room, what article of A Texas randoman, who owned stationery would be get? Ceiling whacks. (sealing wax),

What is a good thing to part with?

If your uncle's sister is not your aunt what relation is she to you? Your mother.

Why has a chambermaid more lives than a cat? Because each groom is often sold.

pletely around the field than by come wealthy? Because he does a easier to preach than to practice. driving busidess.

no great difficulty in guessing the faith in sooth-savers? They cannot work without an augur (augur), What does a vawning policeman (Noah)

> Why is a grow like a lawyer? He likes to have his caws (cause) heard.

Why are umbrellas like good

Why is a nice, but uncultured gir! like brown sugar? Because she is

Why are eccentric women like tea-kettles? Because they sing tioned in the Bible? Baron (bar- away pleasantly and then all at once boil over.

How would you keep fish from smelling? Cut off their noses.

Why should you never confide a secret to your relatives'? Because blood will tell.

Which nation produces the most marriages? Fascination.

Why is a bridegroom often more expensive than a bride? Because the bride is given away, but the

Why is divinity the easiest of Why ought the coachman be- all professions? Because it is

When is love deformed? When it Why do carpenters have great is all on one side.

When was B the first leter in the alphabet? In the days of No.a.

Why is it right for B to come before C? Because we must B before we can C.

Why is a windy orator like a churchmen? They keep Lent so whale? Because he often rises to spout.



Here is a puzzle which taxed the ingenuity of the pretty little French blacksmith. She received a box containing thirteen pieces of chain which she was to mend and return in the same box. You are not asked to do the joining and welding, but merely to show how the chain appeared when packed in the box. You can see that some of the pieces do not fit together as now placed. So take thirteen pieces similar to those shown and find how they can be packed so as to appear mended.

Here are some simple studies in concealed geography for the juvenile

172. We shall have nice cake for tea.

173. Do you like your poetry in lambic or in the Trochaic metre?

174. Agatha's tooth aches; dismol Agatha.

175. We have borne wor; kings can do no more.

176. After this refusal, a man called Tinder popped the question. 177. She called it a cabal, because

she is a ninuy,

178. I have lost my opal, my rather uncommon opal.

179. Arisel ring a-pat a merry

180. Queen Elizabeth said awjul

181. Adoniram is so long hindering Jacob.

182. March in a line. (Country.)

183. I said to her, O mercy! what's the matter?

184. Eliza then said to me, I have sprained my ankle.

185. I would rather ride under an elephant them in er a rat.

186. I gave my apple to John, he gave his to William.

187. I have often seen a woman ride on a hieyele, but never on an

188. George Bergen conded the

189. Which name do you prefer, Loring or Hamilton?

190. Shall you be at Holyoke this Summer?

101. Neither woman nor man dwd their hair in the middle ages. (Province.)

192. He smote himself upon his chest, erring and weak King Charles.

103. Such a color! a downright brick-color. (River.)

194. She brought a battle of myrrh in each hand. Myrrht Oh, never touch that. (Rivers.)

A Rebus

My first is a substance both pleasant and good,

And its use by the ladies is well understoor! :

My next, ever moving, so light and

Of delicate structure in both body and

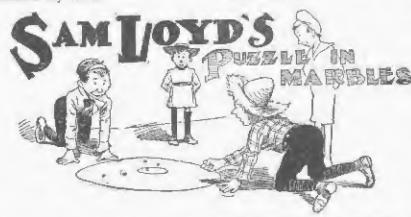
My whole, shall I tell you how brilliant and gay,

How vainly it flutters, how short is

How just is the emblem, frail man has his prime.

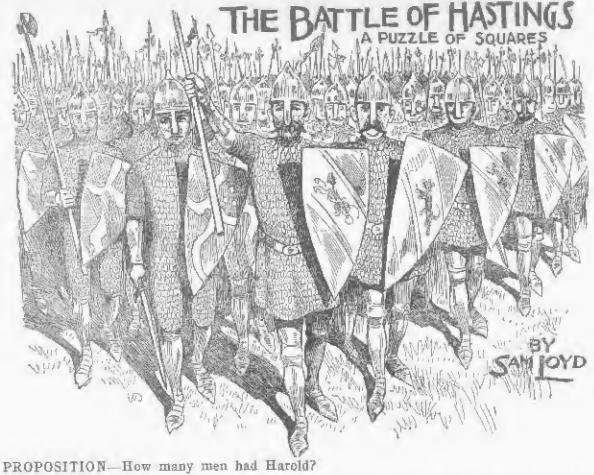
How soon metamorphosed, and changed by time,

Cipher Answer.-2, 21, 20, 20, 5, 18, 6, 12, 23,



Harry and Jim, two rival marble shooters, started in to play for keeps when each had the same number of matbles. Harry won twenty in the when they commenced to play?

first round, but lost two-thirds of his stock in the play-off, which left Jim four times as many as Harry. Can you tell how many marbles each had



history know of the mys-

one mighty square of men, shouting number of men engaged in that the battle cries of 'Ut' 'Olicrossel' 'Godernite!' Contemporary authorities agree that the Suxgon did actually fight in that solid order. An emblem of stupidity, In the "Carmen de Bello Hastingensi," a poem attributed to Guy Up in air oft rises high, Bishop of Amiens, it tells how "the Saxons stood fixed in a dense mess."

LL STUDENTS OF And Henry of Huntington speaks of "the square like unto a castle, tery and uncertainty con impenetrable to the Normans." cerning the details of the Robert Wace, a century later, conever-memorable battle firms the arrangement of the forces which occurred on the fateful Octo- in a way that suggests a possible ber 14, 1066. This week's puzzle solution to the mystery concerning deals with a curious passage from the actual number of men engaged ancient history which has not re- in the battle. So let us look for a ceived the attention it deserves. literal and exact answer to the propo-The passage in question, as pointed sition, that if Harold's forces were out by Professor Dudency, says: divided into thirteen squares, which, "The men of Harold stood well to- when he added himself to the numgether, as their wont was, and ber, could be arranged into one large formed thirteen squares, with a like square, the proposition is a simple number of men in every square one. How many men must there thereof, and woo to the hardy Nor- have been? but the puzzle is so diffiman who ventured to enter their cult that it is safe to say that few war-hatchet would break his lance rectly, so I shall present it now in and cut through his coat of mail. the shape of a guessing match, and * * * When Harold threw him- ask all our puzzlists to guess a numself into the fray the Saxons were ber which will come the closest to the memorable battle.

A REBUS.

My first in forest found;

Though fastened in the ground. But by sharp means it is removed,

And managed various ways: By art or skill it is improved, Or, perhaps it makes a blaze,

My second is of every kind, Is good, or bad, or gay;

Is dull or bright, to suit all minds. By night as well as day

The patient seaman keeps with care my whole.

And well it knows its secrets night. and day;

And though it has no tongge, nor heart, nor soul. It tells the story of the ship's long

Cypher Ans. 12, 15, 7, 2, 15, 15, 11.

CHARADE.

redoubts, for a single blow of a Saxon mathematicians will solve it cor- My first is a creature of wonderful

My second gives shelter in sunshine and storm:

The empire of Flora embraces my

Entire you may find me where seabillows roll.

Which is the most cheerful part of an arsenal? The ball-room.

Why is a magnificent house like a book of anecdotes? Because it is made up of good stories.



Little Tommy Riddles calls King Puzzlepate's attention away from the agreeable task of "sitting in the counting room counting up his money" to mention the catastrophe of the maid losing her nose while hanging up the family laundry. He then propounds Mother Goose's great riddle of:

Twice four and twenty blackbirds are sitting in the rain,

many did remain?"

Tommy says the Queen gave him a piece of bread and honey for his clever answer to that puzzle.

The head cook demands an audience to explain how the famous baked pie containing four and twenty blackbirds can be cut in two halves of the same shape and size, each containing a dozen birds, so that when the pie is opened the birds, not being burt by the cutting, will all begin to sing.

A Charade.

Behold my first in sable hue, View it again, an azure blue; Sometimes carnation's not more bright.

Again it seems a milky white. My second, I must make confession, Is a most choice and rich possession, Which all enjoy; for rich and poor Possess alike this valued store,

My whole is sometimes formed by

And vertie rises o'er our head.

A Charade.

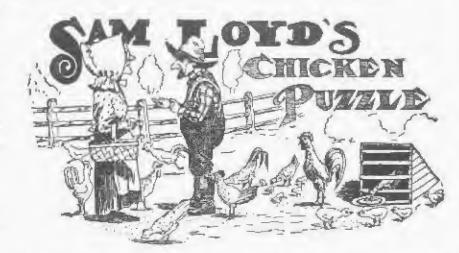
My first is what you're doing now, My second is procured from stone; Before my whole you often stand, But mostly when you are aloge.

A Crow Conundrum.

Not only have birds a language of their own, but according to Professor Du Point, who has made the lan-One shot killed a seventh! How guage of birds a life study, they sometimes say very clever things of the puzzled Professor?

and are especially partial to conundrums. He recently overheard the following little bird gossip between two croakers on Long Island: "Said one old crow unto his mate, I notice lovers stay out late; In childhood's hours 'twas ever thus, Now tell me why are they like us?"

The Professor is very desirous of obtaining the correct solution to this conundrum. Who will send in the best answer and so please the heart



mer Jones said:

"Now, Mariah, if we should sell off seventy-five chickens, as I pro- chickens have we, anyhow?" pose, our stock of feed would last just twenty days longer, while if we chickens had they, anyhow?

While discussing practical ways should buy a hundred extra fowl, and means with his good wife, Far- as you suggest, we would run out of chicken feed fifteen days sooner."

"Well, now, Josiah, how many

That's the problem-how many

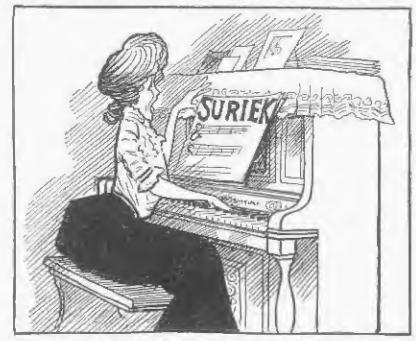


As announced by Tommy Riddles, the court page. King Puzzlepate is holding high court and shows how justice is administered in Puzzleland so as to make the punishment fit the crime. A stupid boor, who could not see the point of the old conundrum: "When is a door not a door?" was condemned to be pilloried with the door about his neck and wrists until he discovered how to divide the board into two pieces which will fit together so as to form a perfect square. How many of our clever puzzlists can solve this unique trick of cutting the board into two halves which will release the culprit, and then fit the pieces together so as to make a perfect square, with the three holes closed up?

Princess Enigma is shown explaining to a couple of quarrelsome merchants, who are disputing the ownership of a marvelous Persian rug, that they will be consigned to prison until they discover how, by cutting on the lines, so as to divide the rug into two pieces of the same shape and size, without destroying any of the patterns. This puzzle was given to demonstrate that any symmetrical form can only be divided into similar halves by a line from one side to the other, passing through the exact center. If the line from the starting point to center is irregular, My first's a portion of a book, then its shape must be duplicated (in reverse) from the center to the ending. This rule furnishes the groundwork for some excellent parales.

A Charade.

One of the insect tribe my second; Whene'er upon my whole you look, A splendid show it must be reck-



By changing one letter in this Greek ballad you will know the name by which it is termed by all of the te nants in an uptown apartment house.



that King Puzzlepate and the Prin- one of the Eastern States wished to any were able to figure out "Wha Solomon, which is engraved upon doubtless an important branch of puzzle? the royal tomb. The Puzzle King is engaged upon the first puzzle, which consists in figuring out just how many equallateral triangles are to be found in the design of the pyramid. The Princess is engaged upon another puzzle, endeavoring to master the best method of drawing the design of the seal in the fewest sters as they get lobsters for thirty- By using of my whole appears possible number of straight lines without removing her pencil from the paper. In other words, the design is to be made with one continuous line, consisting of straight strokes, although it is not prohibited to go over a stroke twice. The point is, to complete the sketch in the fewest number of turns.

According to "Notes and Queries," the old phrase, "as difficult as to give the first cost of a lobster," originated in the House of Representatives during the bitter war over protective tariff between John Quincy Adams and Andrew Jackson, in 1829, when the latter was elected in opposition to what was known as the "American system."

Eastern commerce, and the phrase became one of ridicule against the protectionists.

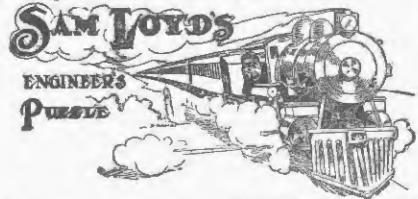
The member when pressed to tell what he knew about the price of lobsters could only say that "prices varreceive as much for six dozen lobtwo shillings." The members were

Little Tommy Riddles announces of raw material a Representative of not given to mathematics so few if cess Enigma are investigating the know how they would calculate the is the first cost of a lobster?" Can secrets of the famous seal of King first cost of the lobster, which was you give the answer to the clever

A Charade.

Brave conquerors in my first-of old, Where drawn from battle home; Out of my second, silver, gold, And copper too do come. ied, but the original lobster eatchers. The lady who looks wan thro' years,

Whose face no reduces shows; As fresh as any rose.



Big Jim, engineer of the Owl Express, says: "We blew off a evlinder head an hour after leaving the staplacing of a tax upon the first cost three-fifths of the former speed, tions?

which brought us in two hours late. If the accident had occurred fifty miles farther on, the train would have arrived forty minutes sooner," During a debate regarding the tion and had to continue the trip at How long was the run between sta-



To show how the clever people of Puzzleland, like everybody else all Productions first of vacious good. over the world, try to get the better of a bargain, it may be mentioned little squares for a penny. But there And awful rends my first apart. is always a puzzle connected with ginger-bread in Puzzleland which gives purchasers a chance to win the whole cake for nothing. This puzrle is to find how to cut the cake on the lines in two pieces which can be fitted together so as to form an 8x8 square!

Then, as usual, there is a second problem connected with the gingerbread exhibit which you are asked to guess. Each of the children has a nickel and the funny old saleslady offers to let each of them take as big a piece for the nickel as can be marked off provided that each one of them gets a piece containing just as many of the little squares as the other purchaser.

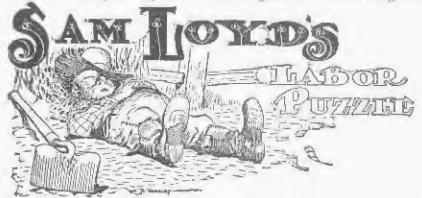
Like all good children they were very elever at puzzles and got good big pieces, but you will fund it quite a puzzling problem to tell just how many of the small squares each got for a nickel.

A Charade.

For man and beast supplying food; My next th' effect of cold or fear, that ginger-bread is always made in Or from the feather'd tribe we hear; odd shapes, marked off in so many My whole strikes terror to the heart. In July's eve, my whole is sound,

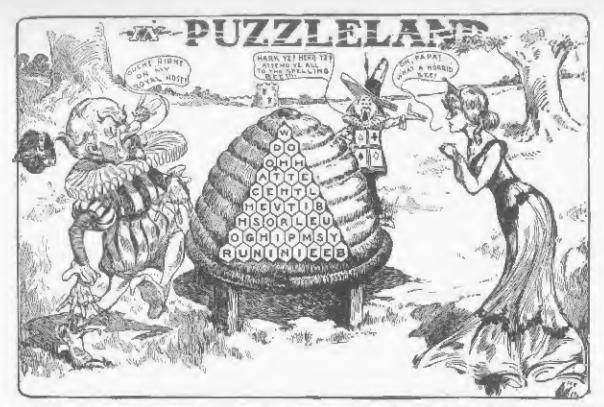
A Charade.

My first, ye fair, adores your head. You wear not any thing instead; Within the convent's gloomy walls, My second to devotion calls; Decking, with azure tint, the ground



money?" he said. "To save it up," what's the use of working to rest plished?

I asked Bill Sykes if he wanted to when I can begin to rest right now?" work, and he asked, "Why should I I failed to convince him, but I got work?" "To earn money," I re- him to contract to just try for 30 plied. "What's the use of earning days at 16 shillings a day, but stipulated that he would forfeit 20 shil-I replied. "But what do I want to lings for every day he idled. At the save money for?" he asked. "So that end of the month, neither owed the when you grow old you can rest," other anything, which convinced Bill says I, "But I am growing old as of the folly of labor. Can you tell fast as I wish now," says he, "and just how much work Bill accom-



a wonderful educated spelling bee, mentary proposition which will interwhich has been trained to perform est our young puzzlists is as follows: all sorts of interesting tricks. You is familiar. Can you figure out the What was the number of bees? route which spells out the hidden sentence?

The second puzzle is somewhat different. The bee enters the door, and beginning at one of the lower cells, passes over all of the other cells in straight lines, ending up at the top cell, having followed a route which required the fewest possible number of turning points.

When Longfellow, the poet, held the professorship of modern languages at Harvard College, he frequently referred to the possibility of clothing mathematical problems in more attractive guise, so as to interest the students. He was foul of mathematical studies himself, and in pursuance of his plans suggested some very interesting and clever problems, which were afterward embodied in his work entitled "Kaya- tea which a Hong Kong shopkeeper nah," The few specimens of his spring on a member of the Taft book named are the only problems cry Kingdom. It seems that the tea he used in the mixture?

Tommy Riddles calls attention to which have been preserved. One ele- And often is composed of silk;

If one-fifth of a hive of bees flew will observe that each of the 45 to the ladamba flower, one-third flew cells contains a letter, so that the to the slandbara; three times the intelligent bee starting from a cer- difference of these two numbers flew tain letter, can pass in a continuous to an arbor, and one bee continued to line over the 45 letters and spell out fly about, attracted on each side by a little couplet with which everybody the fragrant ketaki and the malati,

A Charade.

And though it's somewhat like a fable.

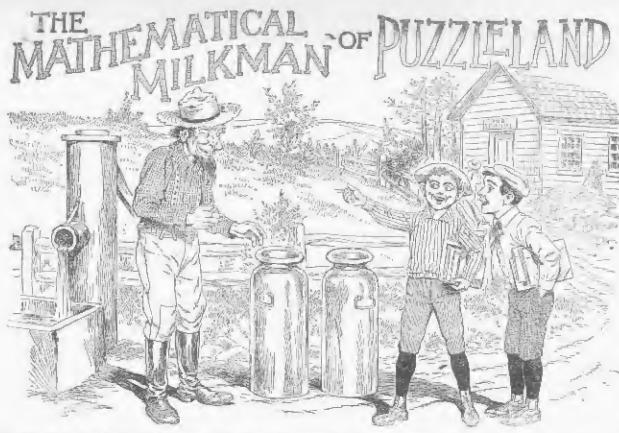
Again its color is a sable. To make the wonder still more rare, I've often seen it made of hair. So you'll find out without much

'Tis not far distant from the brains My second, I must now reveal, Is formed my former to conceal; My first and second now connect. My first is sometimes white as milk, And then my charade you'll inspect.



The Chinese revel in mathematics, and every merchant is an expert juggler in figures as well as weights and measures. Here is a puzzle in mixed

"Chink" sold a popular mixture of two kinds of tea, one of which cost him five "bits" the pound and the other three "hits." He mixed up forty pounds, which he sold for six "hits" per pound, gaining a profit of 33 1-3 per cent. Now can you tell mathematical skill introduced in the Party during its sojourn in the Flow- how many pounds of the five "bit"



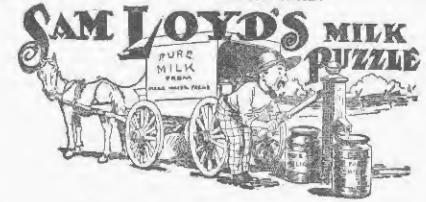
one of those every-day little problems with which all good citizens of Puzzleland are supposed to be familiar in that country of riddles and tricks where all business transactions are done upon a puzzling basis. The school children were retarning to their homes when they met the mailiematical milkman, who propounds the following problem with which he interests his customers: "In one of these cans there is milk which is Therefore in the other can there is portion for you! some pure spring water; now I proceed to pour from can No. 1 into No. 2 sufficient to double its contents. and then repour from No. 2 into No. I enough of the mixture to double the contents. Then, to equalize matters, I again pour from No. 1 into No. 2 to double the contents of No. 2, and find the same number of gallons in each can, although there is one more gallon of water in can No. 2 than there is milk, so I want you to tell me how much more water than milk is there in can No. 1?

"That is a simple problem," exclaimed Harry, "but if you want a

Our puzzlists are here treated to real clever little puzzle in proportion. It was the daily practice of a con-

brother";

to work off on your patrons, just scientious milkman to fill his two solve this: "Suppose you had ten gal- sixteen gallon cans with pure milk lons of milk in one can and ten gal- and start our to serve customers on lous of water in the other and you four different streets, the same numshould pour a quart of milk from the ber of quarts being required on each first can into the water can. The street. After serving the first street mixture would evidently be 40 to 1, he connected with the city water supbut as that might be too rich for the ply and lo, his caus were again filled blood of some of your patrons and to the brim. Then he served street you want each can to hold ten gal- number two and again backed up to lons, you proceed to pour one quart the fount, which replenished his cans of the mixture back into the milk as before. And so he proceeded servcan. Now tell me; how much great- ing each street and diluting with so rich with cream that it becomes er is the proportion of water to milk water until all of his happy customers absolutely necessary to dilute it with in one can than of milk to water in were served. If forty quarts and one a little water to make it wholesome. the other?" There is a study in pro- pint of pure milk remained in the cans after all of his customers were attended to how much pure milk Here is "another story about his must have been delivered on each of the four streets?





Tommy Riddles tells us that we need know nothing about checkers or chess to solve these puzzles. King Puzzlepate is trying to place the greatest number of men on a chess board without having three men in line in any possible direction. He has started by placing the first two men correctly; now it is up to you to assist him by adding as many men as possible without getting any three

We are told that the first checkerboard ever constructed, which was made by a man by the name of Siesa, and is still preserved in the British Museum, is made of four pieces, as the one shown in the second puzzle. Now the four pieces of this board can be rearranged together so as to make three different puzzles: A square board of 64 squares, an oblong one of 65, or an odd-shaped one of but 63. It is said that Dr. Stasher won the championship by this marvelous coup of arranging the four pieces so as to reduce the board to 63 squares. See if you are able to do it. There has been so much discussion regarding this par- the stage would only get there one marked, "from these facts there is a adoxical problem that occasion is mile ahead of him for although it clever way of figuring out how to taken to say that Mr. Loyd presented would get to a certain wayhouse beat the stage by 15 minutes ?" Can it before the first American Chess while you were walking four miles, you tell how far it was from the Congress in 1858.

A Charade.

the worse,

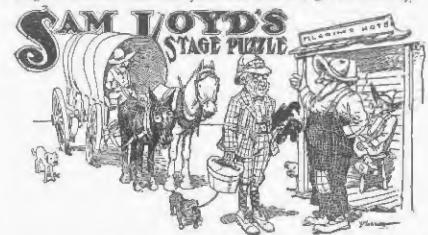
I'm not what I was, but quite the reverse;

but fret.

And sigh to be what I never was yet. Butchers' and grocers' honesty,

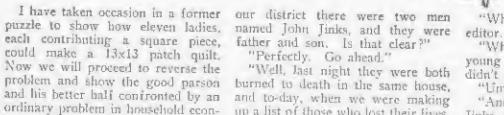
I am what I was, which is so much. My first, a substance hard and

Is useful, morning, noon, and night; My second, find it where you will, From morning till night I do nothing Is of the same dimension still: And by my whole, I often try,



An English tourist in the wild and woolly West was informed that if Piketown if you wished. "But," as he wished to walk on to Piketown the host of the Pilgrim's hotel reit waits there 30 minutes, so you hotel to Piketown?

would catch up in time to ride on to



ordinary problem in household econ- up a list of those who lost their lives, omy. They have use for two quilts the boys insisted on putting down now, and as they have but one in 'John Jinks, sen.,' and 'John Jinks, all. That is the way I figured it out, stock, so they are compelled to draw junt." upon their inventive resources. The sketch shows them discussing the editor.

ways and means of securing two from one to the best advantage. The about," returned the spokesman. "Of problem, it may be seen, differs from the Pythagorean rule for uniting or separating squares, in that the checkered pattern prevents the bias cut on interrupted the query editor. the line of the hypothenuse, never-

theless, it is closely allied to square root and the 47 problems of Euclid, Cut the 169 patches into the fewest possible number of pieces which will

Worrying the Query Editor.

fit together and form two squares.

man of the delegation, "is an impor- other way, fire ahead. If you can't, tant one, but more difficult to answer get out and let me go on with my than you would think, when you first work.' hear it. We have wagered a matter very careful in answering it."

plained the spokesman. "Over in old man died first."

"Perfectly. Go ahead."

"Well, last night they were both

"Quite right," asserted the query ways right, and if you say that-"

course, we all knew who was meant, a weird mark which looks like a sign but technically-

"Technically it was exactly right,"

"Sure?"

"Sure! Of course, I'm sure. How else would you refer to them?"

"Oh, if you're so dead sure about it we're not going to dispute you, but you ought to take all the technicalities into consideration."

"I have," thundered the query editor. "If you can advance any reason "The question, sir," said the chair- why they should be referred to in any

"Well," said the spokesman, slowly of three eigars on it, so there is a and deliberately, "I figured it out a special reason why you should be little differently. You see, the old man lived downstairs and the boy "Fire away," said the query edi- lived on the floor above, and the fire started in the basement. Conse-"Well, you see, it's this way," ex- quently, it stands to reason that the "What of it?" demanded the query

"Why, when the old man died, the young man ceased to be 'junior,'

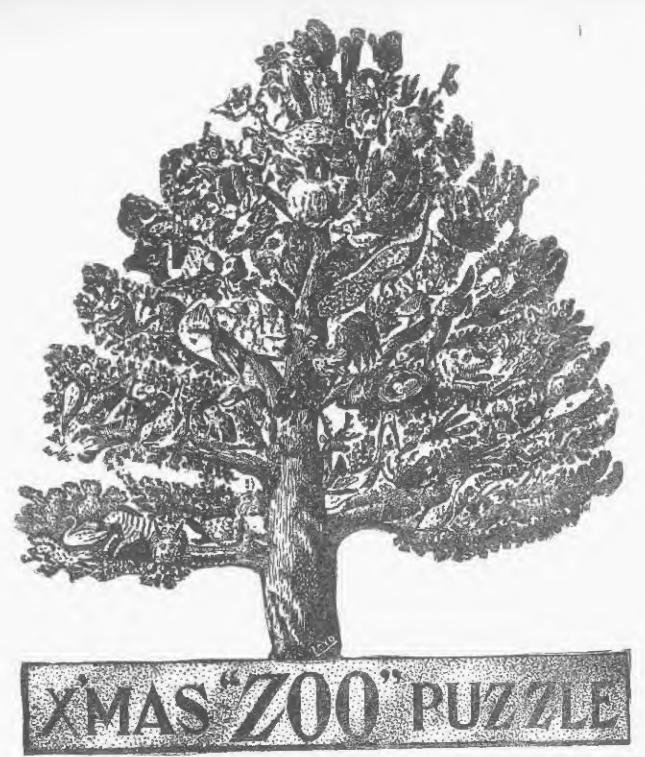
"Lim-ab-"

"And if he did, he was not John Jinks, junr., when he died, Consequently, no John Jinks junr., died at but, of course, a query editor is al-

The chairman of the delegation "That's what we came to ask you dodged as an inkstand grazed his bead and struck the wall, leaving of the black hand.

It may be because I was there and heard the editor's ejaculation, or, that being a puzzlist, such things come easy, or it may be sheer imagination, but when I look at that blotch I can read the editor's last remark just as plain as if it was written in black and white. And I should like to know if it is as clear to other palmists as it





Here is the famous Zoological Puzzle, which I perpetrated in my youthful days. It is merely a collection of all the birds, beasts, fishes, and creeping things that could be thought of. It is safe to say that every living thing you have ever seen oan be found in the picture.

PUZZLE OF THE EDUCATED CATS.
These trained rate have unamped their plates so as in apell the word SPARKLING.
One cut picks up its state and runs away, and

the slates then spell an eight-letter word; then abother state is quarted away, and then acother, and so on until but one is left, but in think of any other longer word with which to preform the same least.





The above is a remarkable Re- and is making quite a furore.

bus Puzzle, written by the late was cabled to from London for my George du Maurier, author of views on the subject, and have this "Trilby," to his friend, Shirley to say: "The puzzle deals in mat-Brooks. On May 5 Shirley wrote: ters of such personal and private Mr. Layard, author of "The Life." nature that it is difficult to attack found this letter in an Oxford it as one would a Rebus intended street book seller's shop, and the for the public at large; nevertheless "Heard from Kilci (du Maurier), it is sure to say that the following, a note of symbols-very clever," which is the reply I cabled to Engsame ims been published in London land, is pretty close to the intended

answer: "My Dear Brooks, I can not hand ewe by post a long letter to-day, but expect one before long, ewera Kick eye."

Not knowing the date or locality, which I assume to be represented by the sketch at the head of the letter that feature is omitted.

THE TRADER'S PROFIT.

A dealer sold a bicycle for \$50, and then bought it back for \$40, thereby clearly making \$10, as be had the same bicycle back and \$10 besides. Now having bought it for \$40, he resold it for \$45, and made \$5 more, or \$15 in all.

"But," says a bookkeeper, "the man starts off with a wheel worth \$50, and at the end of the second sale has just \$551 How then could he make more than \$5? You see the selling of the wheel at \$50 is a mere exchange which shows neither profit nor loss, but when he buys at \$40 and sells at \$45, he makes \$5, and that is all there is to it."

"I claim," says an accountant, "that when he sells at \$50 and buys back at \$40, he has clearly and positively made \$10, because he has the same wheel and \$10, but when he now sells at \$45 he makes that mere exchange referred to, which shows neither profit nor loss, and does not affect his first profit, and has made exactly \$10,"

It is a simple transaction, which any scholar in the primary class should be able to figure out mentally, and yet we are confronted by three different answers. The first shows a profit of \$15, such as any bicycle dealer would; while the bookkeeper is clearly able to demoustrate that more than \$5 could not be made; and yet the President of the New York Stock Erchange was bold enough to maintain over his own signature that the correct profit should be \$10,

Here is a complimentary retine which so all bend sent to a young indy:



The above little tale, told in eight tablesun, was given some close ago to see who could give the best reading of the same, as well us to originate some clever tales of the same kind.

my very early youth I developed a faculty for cutting silhouettes, and have had occasion to make likenesses of many of the crowned heads of Europe, as well as of distinguished personages from all parts of the world. I propose at some future day to give some il-Justrations which became quite noted, but will at present only refer to an amusing incident which befell me at Glasgow, Scotland.

We were discussing the greetings, or salutations, of the different nationalities, and I illustrated the subject with the portraits shown at the foot of the page.

ferent people say "good-morning."

"How can you?" Swedish. "How do you are?" That's

Dutch. "How do you stand?" That's Italian.

"Go with God, senor." That's Spanish.

"How do you live on?" That's Russian.

"How do you perspire?" That's Egyptian. "How do you have yourself?"

That's Polish. "Thank God, how are you?"

That's Arabian. "May thy shadow never grow

less." That's Persian. "How do you carry yourself?"

That's French. That's Ottoman.

you eaten your rice?" That's Chi-

pected to do, but just simple, How feet eight-by-eight checker board! do you do?"

We were discussing games of I will take occasion to say that in skill and chance, when a gentleman from Glasgow said that the Scotch could beat the world at checkers. I accepted the challenge, and played one game with each of the sixteen personages shown below. I lost to the gentleman from Dandee, the one from Dundalk and from all the others.

the three who beat mel

But speaking about checkers reminds me of another little puzzle connected with the same incident: The discussion of the prowess of the several nationalities resolved it-Now let me tell you how the dif- self into a wordy battle which, for useless extra thirty-two squares, lack of a checker board, could not That's be brought to a practical test, when which I would call to your attena solution to the problem was sud- tion: One game was played and denly discovered. A woman was brought to an absolute finish in just observed in one of the seats wear- twelve moves! If I am not mising a plaid shawl which had been taken, it holds the record for brev-



A shilling was offered to the good woman for the privilege of playing "Be under the guard of God." a few games of checkers on this patch, which offer was not only "How is your stomach? Have readily accepted, but she cut out and presented us with the piece.

It does not say what you are ex- fitted together so as to form a per-Can you perform the feat?

To prove that the good woman was endowed with her full quota of brains, I will give another puzzle which she proposed.

Observing that we played only on the black squares, she suggested that two more players might engage in a game on the white squares. When we remarked that the one from Dunkirk, but won it would be somewhat inconvenient, she remarked, "Then I would Now examine the faces care- construct a checker board with only fully, and see if you can pick out thirty-two squares, so that they would all be used."

This is the puzzle; Construct a thirty-two-square checker board which gives every possible combination of the game as it is now played, but do away with those

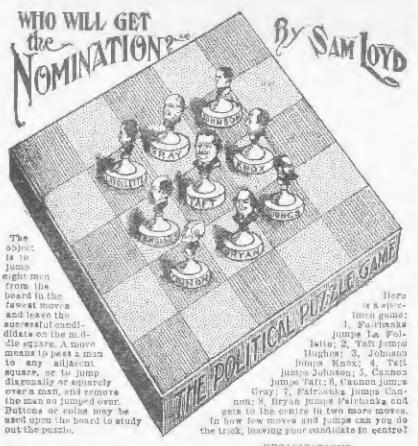
Then there was another puzzle repaired by a remarkable patch! ity of checker play. Can you produce the game?

MR. OWEN'S VALUATIONS.

I leave it to the ingenuity of our puzzlists to figure out a reasonable reply to the following query from a collector of rare old manuscripts. He is not a man who is accustomed to expressing himself in the ordinary, understandable way that most of us choose. He says:

"Regarding the value of all of my letters shown, I would say that two are worth six dollars, ten are worth ten dollars, while none is worth sixteen dollars, while one being worth eleven dollars, I would like you to estimate the value of a ron upon the same basis!

But right here comes a most re-"Respectfully, nese. markable puzzle. She cut that ir-And the most ridiculous of all regular patch in two pieces, which is American: "Flow do you do?"



DECAPITATIONS.

Prening every Presidential election I have insured prize to the season of price and leave a her's remainden of which takes scattered all overfames the country. The above is a souvenir at I Behrad a kind of grow and leave as injects then country. The above is a souvenir at I Behrad a kind of grow and leave as injects, which covered to manner the normalization were credit, I. Hebrad a graticur and leave as injects, gave the Presidential Preside which shows the 4. Hebrad a piece of wood and leave part candinate gring through the forty rime states the beats, and to Precise on a stringing class. The Salical what all with to have and leave piece in the short freed may being selected anywhat we can't he without, must through all the hearthers and back to the following form of the highlights have the following process of struggle strakes. The content remarks to the following a garment and leave a mass of the mass dames have to perform the lent in 154 to 154 to 155 to 1

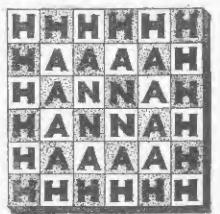
lerrion of water.

(B) 等 动 (31)

HANNAH

Here is an odd little puzzle in the form of a monogram, as shown, we also discover that we may begin and end at any point, and from that fact of each monogram being susceptible of being read upside down, as well as backwards, the puzzle becomes very confusing to determine just how many ways it can be read so that no two ways will be exactly alike, the only stipulation being that the letters must be inlineent, so that one is not permitted to slip across the diagram.

Here is a similar puzzle:



10, Rehead what many like on do and leave girl's passe 11. Unique of the months and leave

Belead a port, or haven, and leave a Id. Rehead on animal and leave part of

14. Behrail a part of a chaire and leave part of the from 15; Behealf a ship instrument and leave a

of tree. Related a place for a fire had leave what lichesd a kind of stone and feave a

umber, 18. Hebead a building and leave a vine, 16. Hebead the cry of a dog and leave a

lichteid a plant and leave a reptile. Behrail a corpenter's hool god leave a

22. Behend a part of a whip and leave a

nd of tree. 21. Rebend a man's manie and feave a ves-24. Behead a building and leave a house-

article. Believe a piece of leather will have a

BURIED PROVERS.

In each of the following sentences a word is concented. When the words are greened, and real in the order hare given, they will form a familiar procestly.

1. A paughty cat ran away. 2. They found

to closely written roll in gathering up the rub-bish. 3. It is the best one that I have ever seen. 4. The rug at her trairway is not a rollushle one. 5. He is an old sequining and of mine. 6. Acres such saw through the



The first of the Puzzleland problems is to divide that licangular dag into four pieces which will lit together as to form a perfect square. In the second taubleau the Sultan of Zulu is explaining Jungle Arithmetic to Princess Enigma: a Monkey, Crocodile, and an Elephant are worth a hat. The values of the Monkey, Crocodile, and Elo-phant multiplied together also equal a hat; and as the value of monkeys and crocodilus are the same, who can guess what the Sultan of Zulu paid for his

A STUDY IN COMIC GEOGRAPHY.

Try the following questions some night when you have a party of Iclends assembled. Also see if you can send me a correct list of ans-

1. What country is always lumenting?

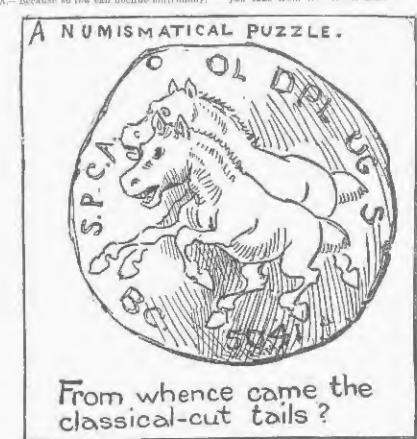
- 2. What is a good vocatry to get angry in? 3. What country in the south temperate some is never whim?
- 4. What country is always in a state of familie?
- 5. What Is a good country for fishing rods? 6. What concern is good for fish?
- 7. What island is like a loolish girl?
- 8. What country is hest for twory?
 9. In what lead in the traveler in danger of being gobbled up?
 10. What is the brat country to bore oil
- wells in? 11. What is the best country to get shaved
- 12. When is an African traveler almost out

- 12. When it is a serian city in Ireland in-diamones a certain city in Ireland in-crease in sire very maidly? 14. To what city should we go to purchase paper at whilesale? 15. What city in France is a had ending for a loutney? 16. What city is Humpe is always in a state
- 17. Here is an old coin with the name of the place where it was found. concealed in the description.

What is a soldier's definition of a kiss?

A.—A report at headquarters.

What is that which increases the more Why are men like pipes? A .- Because the lest of them are mere shame. Why are young ladies had grammerians? A.- Because so low can ducline matrimony, you take from H" A -A hale.





Prof. Urrory has discovered that the Sun spots may be fitted together so as to show a perfect sphere, supposed to sepresent a shattered planet. It is quite a difficult purile, however, to fit them together properly.

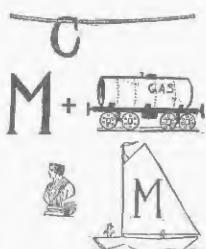
A BOTANICAL TREE-TICE.

Here is a hotanical potpourri of trees, shrubs, vines, etc., given to test the reader's knowledge of such matters. No one is expected to give the entire list correctly, so do not hesitate to present the names of such as you may hit upon, as it is safe to say it will prove to be an interesting guessing contest.

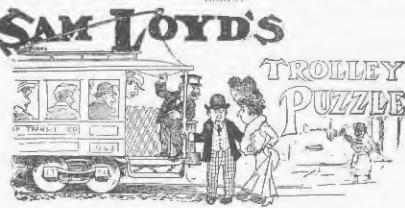
- I. What is the sociable tree?
- 2. And the dancing tree? 3. And the tree which is nearest the sea?
- 4. And the busiest tree?
- 5. The most yielding tree?
- 6. And the tree where ships may be?
- 7. The languishing tree?
- 8. The least selfish tree?
- 9. And the tree that bears a curse?
- 10. The chronologist tree?
- 11. The fisherman's tree? 12. And the tree like an Irish nurse?
- 13. What's the traitor's free?
- 14. And the telltale tree?
- 15. And the tree that is warmest clad?
- 16. The layman's tree?
- 17. The housewife's tree?

- 18. And the tree that makes one
- 19. What's the tree that in death will benight you? 20. And the tree that your wants
- will supply? 21. And the tree that to travel
- invites you?
- 22. And the tree that forbids you to die?
- 23. What tree do the hunters resound to the skies?
- 24. What brightens your house, and your mansion sustains?
- 25. What tree urged the Grecians in vengeance to rise? And fight for the victims by tyranny slain?
- 26. The tree that will fight?
- 27. And the tree that obeys you?

- 28. And the tree that never stands still?
- 29. And the tree that got up?
- 30. And the tree that was lazy? 31. And the tree neither up nor
- down hill?
- 32. The tree to be kissed?
- 33. And the damliest tree?
- 34. And what guides the ships to go forth?
- 35. The unhealthiest tree?
- 36. And the tree of the people?
- 37. And the tree whose wood faces the north?
- 38. The emulous tree?
- 39. The industrious tree?
- 40. Aml the tree that warms muston when cold?
- 41. The reddish-brown tree?
- 42. The reddish-blue tree?



Charley Smalleash treats his best girl to a trolley ride, but on account of his limited resources they plan to walk back, so, if the car goes at the rate of nine miles an hour and they can walk at the rate of three miles an hour, how far could they ride if they must be back in eight



SOLILOOUY OF A FRECO-CIOUS LITTLE CHICKEN DISCONTENTED WITH ITS HOME.

"Here's what's going to fly the

Boss the yard and make things whoop!

I won't be sat on by a hen, I want to roost up with the men, Flap and crow as father uster,

Fight and strut like full-fledged rooster.

Toin the union agitators. Smash and boycott incubators! Now mama halves her legal thirds Of papa's worms to feed us birds, But what's the chance of grub for

(Although as smart as any three) With fifteen others in the brood, In one long scramble after food?"

That's the mathematical problem in an egg shell; what are the chances for that little broiler to catch an early worm? But there is another puzzle connected with the picture which has a bearing on Confucius' great proposition. Did the or did the first egg come from the chicken? How would you cut this little chicken in two pieces which can be fitted together so as to form a perfect egg?

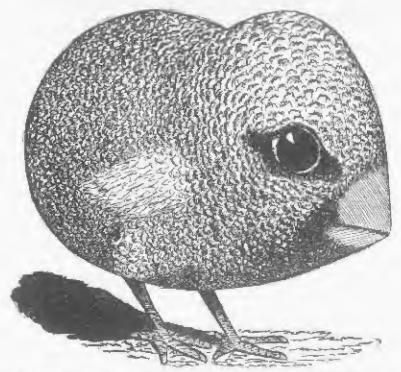
Here is a sketch of the poet who wrote the above lines on the precocious chicken; The picture was thrawn by "Samoy" when he was eight years old.

Why are planes noble characters? A. Because they are grand, upright and

Why is an actress like an angel? A .-



INJURED INNOCENCE. "I haven't seen 'era. Do I look like a



AN ANCIENT REBUS BY lowed, or it would have stated FRANKLIN.

Here is an old time rebus by Poor Richard, which might well be original chicken come from the egg termed "a blumlerbuss." It says,



'All that glitters is not gold." which is far from the truth, for gold does glitter. It should have said: "All is not gold that glitters, "for tiusel, brass and other things glitter but are not gold. It is on a par with the ungrammatical notice posted in our subways:

NO SMOKING ALLOWED.

On the invitation cards to a publie dinner, where it was hoped that the gentleman would appear in full evening dress, was added "undress suits allowed." The intimation be- the yolk of an egg is white or are ing that full dress were preferred. white?" but that undress suits would be permitted. It is plain, therefore, that What next?" smoking in our subways is preferred, but no smoking will be al- the yolk of an egg is yellow."

plainly. "Smoking not allowed." A very pretty puzzle may be built upon this NO SMOKING AL-LOWED sign. How many words can you read in regular sequence by merely omitting other letters? I see nose, King, all, old, and many other words, but how many are there all together?

PERFECT NUMBERS.

Do you know a perfect number when you see one? Any number which is exactly the sum of all of its integral divisors is called "perfect." There are a good many perfect numbers-6 is one, 28 is another. Thus 3, 2 and 1 are the only numbers that divide exactly into 6, and together they add up to 6. So with 28; its divisors are 14, 7, 4, 2, 1, their sum being 28. Do you know any other perfect numbers?

AN AMUSING CATCH.

FitzSmart—"Would you say a yoke of oxen is plowing or ere plowing?"

FitzNoodle-"Is, of course." FitzSmart-"Would you say

FitzNoodle-"Is, of course.

FitzSmart—"Well, I should say



always inaugurated by the Swiss.

By what I look upon as a mere me-

chanical accident, the hands of the

clock must have been put upon the

wrong pinions, so that the hour

If the clock was started at 6 o'clock, as shown by the picture. with the hour hand moving tweive times as fast as the other, as explained, when will the hands first reach a point which will indicate the correct time?

A LEGAL OUESTION.

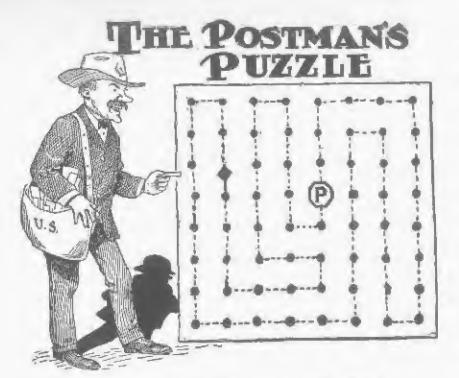
In a Washington store window hand started off while the latter re- there is displayed a freak United volved twelve times slower, with. States piece of money which has

of the hour hand. The old clock- a bill which, through some error of maker was infirm, and the strange - the pressman, is a self-evident misanties of the bewitched timepiece print; on one side it has the perexplained to him, he insisted on be- feerly printed and numbered face ing carried in his bed to witness the of a twenty-dollar bill, while on strange phenomenon, but when he the other side is the equally perarrived the time as indicated upon feet impression of a ten-dollar the clock was perfectly correct, bilt. The question of what it is which had such an effect upon the worth or might be sold for is not old man that he actually died of under discussion, for Buffalo Bill joy. The clock, however, continued offered, and is still willing to give its strange antics and was looked fifteen hundred dollars for it, but upon as bewitched, and no one was you are asked to give an opinion ever bold enough to repair or even as to the responsibility of Uncle wind it, so its works have rusted. Sam if he was asked to redeem to pieces, and all that remains is the that particular note. Legally or curious problem which I now pro- morally, how much should the government pay for it?



SOME GOOD ANVICE by the Bahop of Oxford:





Peter the postman has to collect the mail from sixty-three letterboxes; his predecessor went over the route from one lamp-post to another and back to the post-office near the center in nineteen turns. Peter has found a much better route calling for a jewer number of turns, and challenges you to discover it. Just mark a new route in the fewest possible number of moves going from the post-office to each lamp-post and back to the starting point. Peter is calling attention to the fact that the square lamp-post is a little out of alignment.

A Rebus

Though my first may be scorned by your lovers of state,

Yet my second with hundreds has fashion and weight.

For my whole, you may find it on going to bed,

Either under your pillow or over your head.

Cipher Answer .- 3, 15, 20, 20, 15. 14-

A Charade.

A vowel with two beasts unite, You'll have what poets often write.

There are two equally good answers to this charade, 5, 16, 9, 7, 18, I. 13, or I, 14, I, 7, 18, I, I3.

A Charade Ladies, a riddle I submit: To fifty now add one; And, having thereby shown your wit, You may my whole put on. Cipher Answer .- 12, I, 3, 5.

A Rebus

My whole takes a lofty position, And yet may be reckoned obscure. Behead, then whate'er its condition, It cannot be silent, I'm sure. Cipher Answer. -3, 12, 15, 21, 4.

A Rebus

My first is a curious thing, Of Nature's own produce, And many who have lost a limb Have found it of great use.

By my second's wondrous skill Ships are made with ease To stem against both wind and tide Across the boundless seas.

My whole is very often found Together with my first, And comes in very handy When you would quench your Cipher Answer .- 3, 15, 18, 11, 19, 3, 18, 5, 25.

A Rebus

My first is a number, my second another,

And each, I assure you, will rhyme with the other :

My first, you will find, is one-fifth of my second,

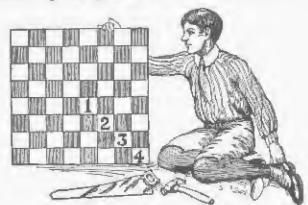
And truly my whole a long period reckoned;

Yet my first and my second (may think not I cozen),

When added together will make but two dozen.

Cipher Answer. -6, 15, 21, 18, 19. 3, 15, 18, 5,

When is a dog hurt like one of Dickens' characters? When it is all of a twist /Oliver Twist1



puzzle which calls for much ingenuity and patlence. It appears that a boy received a present of a checkerboard which had been divided into four pieces. All of these pieces were pieces, all the pieces exactly alike, exactly the same shape and size. They each section bearing one of the numwere numbered respectively 1, 2, 3 bers, 1, 2, 3 and 4.

Here is a pretty checkerboard and 4. He fitted the pieces together, making the complete board with the numbers placed as seen in the illustration. The puzzle, therefore, is to reverse the plan of the boy's working and to divide the board into four

We are here given an insight into the business methods of Puzzleland. where every transaction is based upon a problem or trick which enables the clever ones to get the best

of a bargain. Farmer Jones tells how he proceeded to sell the half of his melous and half of a melon to the first customer he met with. The second purchaser took one-third of the remainder and one-third of a melon. The next customer pur-

chased one-quarter of what remained and one-quarter of a melon. Then he sold one-fifth of those left and a fifth of a melon. What was sold were disposed of at the rate of \$1 a dozen, but he then cleared out the remainder at the rate of thirteen for a dollar, and asks you to guess how much money he got for his stock

of melona? Little Tommy Riddies, who is shown recreating on a farm, also has his troubles and asks such puzzlists as are familiar with the problems of piling cannon balls, to tell him what two triangular pyramids of musk melons could be combined so as to make one large triangular pyramid? He has two pyramids of melons

which he desires to combine in one larger pile

A Charado.

My first is an useful animal, my second is a root, and my whole is a IDOL.



My first is unaffected seen, My next a ponderous weight will show:

Almost an idiot you'll allow.

A Charade.

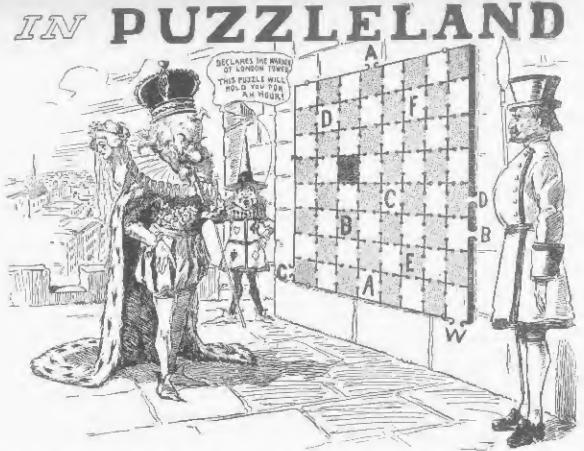
My first secures and guards my sec-

Which is a sort of profit reckon'd, My whole appears with vacant mien, And from my total doth proceed, As is by ev'ry trade agreed.



as to tell what they are?

Substitution Puzzle, By the slip of his pen the artist has introduced a very confusing species of monkey. Can you change it by substituting one letter so



exceptionally good puzzles which he room twice! preffets will hold our clever solvers for an hour. King Puzzlepate is pondering over the famous problem of London Tower, which is as follows: Five guards are shown on the plan of the tower by letters, and promptly at the firing of a gun which denotes the setting of the sun the guard A marches out by the exit A, B exits at B, C at C, D at D, while E changes to F. The puzzling feature of the movements mentioned is to discover how the five marches of the guards can be made without any one man crossing the line of march of another, and yet Tommy says it is a very simple trick when you know how.

That, however, is not so unique a puzzle as a second one, wherein we are told that the warder, com- I met Tschigorinsky, the Russian twentieth, which had but 50, that monly known in England as "The Beef Eater," every night, at the outbreak of the Russo-Jap unpleas- colonel of the lifth (which had 800 witching hour of 12, enters the por- antness he was put in command of men) was a capital chess player, so, tal W, and with stately tread marches an army station where 28 regiments in order to keep him from being adthrough every one of the 64 rooms, were continually in process of for- vanced to the front, which would ocending at the dark chamber, where mation, 100 men per week being our in five weeks, he allotted him the young princes of Edward IV added to each regiment, so that on but 30 men every week instead of were supposed to be murdered. By the last day of every week the one 100 as given to the others. long practice he has discovered the having the most men would be sent shortest possible way to reach that to the front. which makes the fewest possible second 950, the third 900, and so on to go to the seat of war.

A Charade.

that are told,

Adam of old;

Tommy Riddles here presents two turns without going through any. In my second, each year many thousands are laid;

How transient, alast in all earthly parade!

Most attentive's my first to all tales 1,et a man in his life-time be ever so

And as Moses relates, was with He'll never once jost when he's laid in my whole.



OF THE CHESS-PLAYING COLONEL.

chess expert, who told me that at the Gun. Techigorinsky found that the

During my visit to St. Petersburg down, decreasing 50 each step to the

Assuming that 20 regiments are being continually recruited, can you chamber of horrors, so every one is It so happened at a time when the tell just how many weeks it was bechallenged to discover the route first regiment had 1,000 men, the fore our chass-playing colonel had



Little Tommy Riddles calls attention to a couple of Christopher Cotumbus' famous egg tricks. In the first puzzle the famous trick-chicken, Americus Vespucius, after whom our great country was named, showed a clever puzzle wherein you are asked to lay nine eggs so as to form the greatest possible number of rows of three-in-line. King Puzzlepate has only succeeded in My glittering whole does often rest. getting eight rows, as shown in the picture, but Tommy says a smart chicken can do better than that! The funny old King is now trying to work out a second puzzle, which is to draw a continuous line through the center of all of the eggs so as to mark them off in the fewest number of strokes. King Puzzlepate performs the feat in six strokes, but from Tommy's expression we take it to be a very stupid answer, so we expect our elever puzzlists to do better; it is a very ingenious trick, fully as good if not better than that of making an egg stand up on end, for the perpetration of which with an over ripe egg the great navigator was loaded with chains.

A Charade.

My first is a liquor, my second contains it, and my whole is an ancient musical instrument.

When thro' the meadows Sally strays,

My first with sportive zephyrs plays; One-half a mountain's ancient name. Where dark combustion bursts in flame,

Will name my next: on Sally's breast.

When sable night rides down the

Chased by my first array; My second comes then with the first, And hails the genial ray,

My whole combined, to you will Show

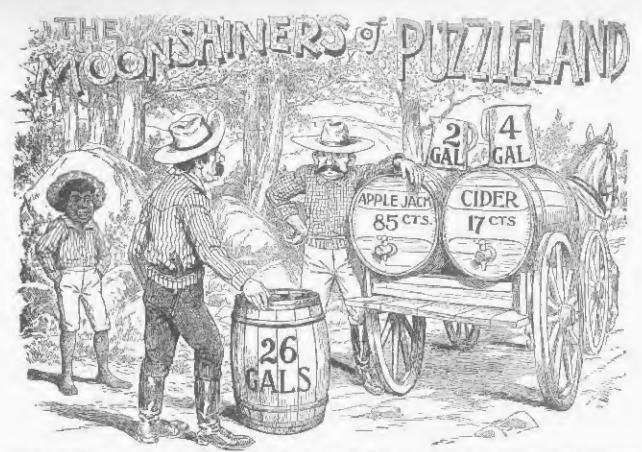
A time allowed for rest; Tho' tis absurd, alas! too true? Good Christians all confess,



receive a 5 per cent commission on got their 5 per cent! madame's hills or the goods would prove unsatisfactory. As the honest bill?

Madame Bonpain, of Rue St. Ger- merchant only made a profit of 5 main, purchased wines from a mer- per cent on cost he judiciously raised chant, who offered a 5 per cent dis- the amount of the bill, which would count. Her butler, however, in- have been only 882 francs had the formed the merchant that he must butler not butted in, so that they all

What was the amount of the new



Here is a puzzle which shows that The Puzzle of Trading Chickens. even the moonshiners who manufacture "Mountain Dew" in the wilds

we get the required 4 quarts, but just exercise the gray matter of your brain by trying to solve the puzzle mentally, so as to tell in how few changes the feat can be performed.

That well known feat will prepare your mind for our present juggling puzzle, which is to guess how near that moonshiner, with a barrel of appleiack and a barrel of eider (311/4) gallons to a barrel) can come to giving his customer \$21.06 worth of "Mountain Dew" as they term mixed applejack and cider, in that 26-gallon keg, if he has only the 2 and 4gallon measures to juggle with?

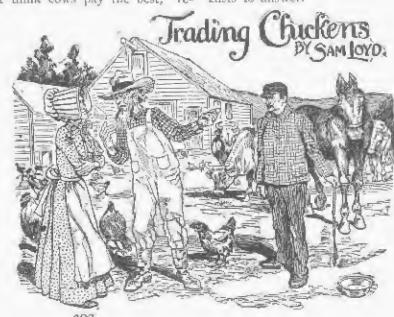
You will observe that cider is worth but 17 cents a gallon, while applejack costs five times as much, The puzzle is really to discover how few manipulations are required to perform the feat.

trick concealed in every transaction. "Five times the price of a horse he- to pay for them." Of course, we have all heard of ing equal to twelve times the cost of

"I think cows pay the best," re- zlists to answer.

plied the farmer, "and, moreover, I A farmer and his good wife have find that if we double the number of been to market trading poultry for cows we have picked out it would of Puzzleland carry on their illicit live stock, upon the basis of eighty- make nineteen animals in all, and trade with some kind of a clever five chickens for a horse and a cow, we would just have chickens enough

These unsophisticated country the man with the barrel of honey, a cow" is the old trading rule of valu- people knew nothing about algebra who met a customer with a 3 and a ations, so, when the good wife said: or mathematics, and yet they knew to 5-quart pitcher, who wanted to pur- "John, let us take as many more a feather just how many chickens chase 4 quarts of honey. It is a horses as we already have selected, they had and the number of horses simple matter to juggle the honey and we will have but seventeen head and cows they were to get, which around with the two measures until of both to feed through the winter." are the questions for our clever puz-





Once a Puzzlist, Always a Puzzlist.

To point a moral and adorn a tale I will take occasion to explain to each as have been struck by the innate modesty of the puzzle editor that when he became of age his grandmother presented him with a watch, In her early days, which would now date back about a century and a half, she was very partial to puzzles, and used to contribute to the local papers under the nom de plume of Kitty Sharp. Well, in accordance with the time-henored motto of our craft. which says "once a puzzlist always a puzzlist," the ruling passion was still strong, for she presented the timepiece, accompanied by her admonition that "the watch will always teach you to be modest." As it must have exerted a powerful influence on my whole life, as intimated, I pass the precept along for the rising generation: "why should a watch teach you to be modest?"

Then she gave me an illustrated rebus by Davy Crocket and one by Benjamin Franklin, both of whom were foul of puzzles as school children. Just think of it! Without doubt, George Washington has puzzled over these rebuses, for they were exceedingly popular in those days.





There is a seasonable problem which comes with the whist craze, and which will interest all alike, whether they play the game or not. It is a simple arrangement of a party of players and five tables and makes as preity a pozzle as the young folks could wish to study over. It occurred at a recent whist party, where five married couples were pitted against five pairs of young folks:

Darres of Chil) puris 1	CARS.
Mr. Smith.	Tommy. Table No.1. Nellie.	Mrs. Smith.
Mr. Jones.	Harry. Table No.2. Dolly.	Mrs. Jones.
Mr. Brown,	Table No.3.	Mrs. Brown,
Mr. Clark,	Peter. Table No.4. Kitty	Mrs. Clark.
Mr. White.	Charley. Table No.5. Berlie.	Mrs. White,

Showing how the players were scated five times.

Mr. and Mrs. Smith, for instance, are always partners and play one game at each of the five tables. Tom and Nell are also partners, and are to play one game with each of the married couples, and so on; no one to play twice at the same table nor to meet the same opponents a second time.

This is a very popular plan with whistites, to test the relative strength of their teams. It is a simple matter to make four changes with sixteen players, or five with twenty as given in this puzzle, or seven with twenty-eight players, "but for the life of me," as a noted whist crank says. "I don't see how to make the changes on six tables, for twentyfortr players."



PROPOSITION --- Tell how much they drank and how to divide the remainder into three equal portions.



ERE IS A JUGGLING trick, which occurred to a company of our the campaign in Cuba.

It is merely an extension of the four gallons of honey.

Ouestion of Facts and Figures.

down to an exact chance or prob- will pay \$200, or \$400 if head first their mark? Those who can't write.

ability, as can be demonstrated by appears on the third fall, or\$800 on the infallible laws of mathematics."

boys in blue during fallen iato the popular error of til the head first appears. placing implicit confidence in the all-conquering power of figures, for that no one can give even an approxfamous old story of the barrel of noting that while it is true that mate value of the offer as originally honey and a five and a three-gallon "figures never lie," nevertheless, made. measure, into which you are to put some fiars will figure, and do not realize that there are many calcu-In this instance, the boys, who lations pertaining to the principles had been on a foraging expedition, of life insurance which will not yield captured, among other things, a to mathematics. No more unforten-gallon keg of beer. They nat- tunate illustration could have been ing (morning), urally sampled a part of il, and referred to than the health rate of carried the remainder back to camp cities; for the death rate in proporin three equal portions, viz., one tion to the population of a town has portion in the keg and the other two nothing whatever to do with the portions in the three and five-gallon health of the place. If a certain locality were so healthy that no one cause it has many pages. The puzzle is to show how much died for fifty years, a new disease they drank, and how they measured called old age must eventually de- pared. out and divided the balance into vulop and become so virulent as to to any other expedients except only correct method of determining straight measuring, as is understood the health of a town or of a class of average age of those who die.

Speaking about the infallibility of mathematics, my friend the An authority on life insurance actuary is challenged to figure out matters says: "It is incorrect to the value of my offer if I say: You maid. assume that reliable calculations may toss a cent and as soon as it cannot be made upon the proba- falls head I will give you a prize. bility of the length of life, for we If it falls head on the first throw I know that even the health of the will give you \$100, but it does not come out of his head. different cities has been figured fall head until the second throw. I

the fourth throw, or \$1,600 on the The distinguished actuary has fifth, always doubling the prize un-

It looks like a simple proposition.

What affection do landlords most appreciate? Parental (pay-rental). When day breaks, what becomes

of the pieces? They go into mourn-

Why are washerwomen the silliest of women? Because they put out their tubs to catch soft water when it tains hard.

Why is a book like a king? Be-

When are two apples alike? When

When a colored waiter drops a three equal parts, without resorting produce a higher death rate. The platter of roast turkey, why does it create a great continental disaster? Because it is the fall of Turkey, the to govern juggling problems of this people must be based upon the overthrow of Greece, the ruin of Africa, and the breaking up of

When should an inn keeper visit a foundry? When he wants a bar-

Why is an author more remarkable than a cat? Because he is the owner of many tales and they all

Who are the men who have made



announces that the King of Siam, Strange to say, the original farmer. To men and animals a treat who aspires to the hand of the Prin- has now turned up and recounts that For each will freely of it cat. cess Enigma, submits a puzzle upon on the return trip there was no boat Now I declare it is a flower, pate and his subjects to guess. The goose while the fox brought the problem is to find how to cut the corn. He says there were twelve Within my second I discover, flag into the fewest possible number ears of corn in the bag, and as the of pieces which can be refitted to- fox could only cross the stream with gether again so as to bring the schite three ears at a time, it produces a

Enigma tests the eleverness of her to cross the stream both in going and royal suitor by showing a plan of her returning. favorite orchard, which contains eight pear and eight apple trees, represented by specimens of the fruit as Though my first's a single thing, shown. The puzzle is to commence at any one of the eight pears and mark out the shortest possible route through the sixteen pieces of fruit which ends at the heart.

The numbers are placed on the fruit merely to enable competitors to describe their answers clearly, See If you can find a shorter route than the one marked out by the King of Siam.

The Fox and the Corn.

We have all read about the troubles of the farmer who had to ferry the fox from eating the goose or the as follows:

Tommy Riddles, the court page, goose from getting at the corn. Yet many hundreds from it spring. elephant into the middle of the flag. new and interesting problem to tell In the second puzzle Princess just how many times that fox had

A Charade.

his country's flag for King Puzzle- so he had to swim back with the That sweetly scents the verdant bower:

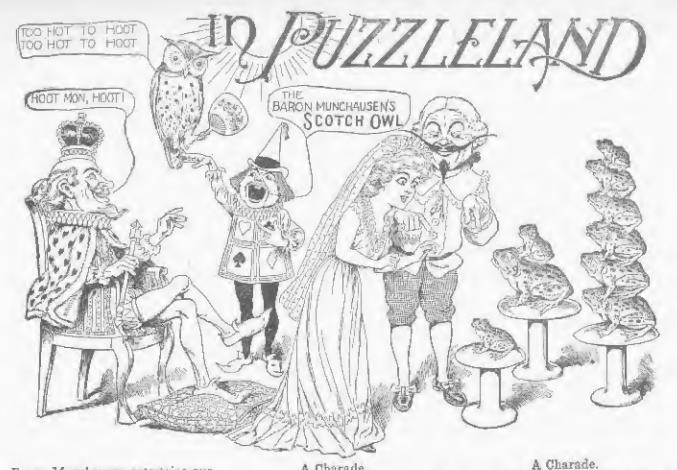
> The true exactness of a lover. And when Aurora's tints are spread, Behold my second leave its bed, Lindaunted by a sense of fear, His courage now will soon appear. For when contesting for a prize He never yields, though sometimes

My whole, I now beg leave to say, Is always deckid in gay array.



A gypsy queen who ekes out a pre-

"The week before last I earned a fox, a goose and some corn across carious existence by gathering quar- less than three dollars, last week only a stream in a boat which was only ters from gullible victims who want a third as much and this week somelarge enough to hold two, so that the future revealed, laments the de- what less than half as much as the many trips had to be made to prevent cline of the fortune-telling industry week before." How much did she carn in three weeks?



Baron Munchausen entertains our puzzlists with an exhibition of his wonderful animals. He is showing Princess Enigma his trained frogs which he calls "The Digits." He commands them to form a pyramid of nine frogs with the largest at the base, in the fewest possible number of hops, moving one frog at a time. At no time must a larger frog stand upon one of a smaller size, and the puzzle is to tell in just how few hops the feat can be performed. Numbers have been placed upon the frogs to make it easier to describe answers to the puzzle although it is only necessary to state the exact number of jumps required to perform the feat.

Little Tommy Riddle is showing the Baron's Scotch owl, which it will be remembered always made remarkable answers.

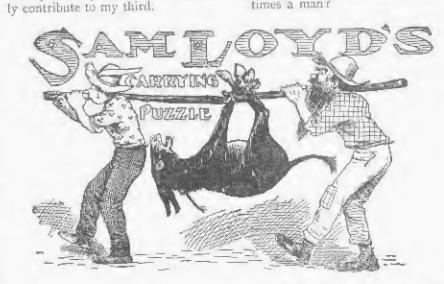
The Baron was a Scotchman and it is told that while journeying through the woods he met a wise ewl and said to it, "Hoot Mon, Hoot," and the wise owl replied, most remarkable answer, for no one has yet been able to discover in how many ways that one phrase can be read in those wonderful words of the wise owl!

A Charade.

my second, I frequently but judi-

If from a reasonable quantity of You cat me, you drink me; describe

me who can ciously take my first, it will material- I'am sometimes a woman and sometimes a man?



failing to ride their donkey in a way "Too Hot to Hoot," which was a to please the public, finally decided to carry the beast.

> They had not gone far, however, when they met the village schoolmaster, who explained that as the

Aesop tells how a father and son man was stronger than the boy, and the dankey weighed 220 lbs., they should adjust the position of the weight so that the man should carry 1.25 pounds and the boy but 95,

Where should the weight be hung if the distance from shoulder to shoulder was four feet?



Mrs. Wrags is explaining to King Puxile-rate that there are location even town of colloagen, according to magic appare rules. See asks jimt to take away six colleges and leave sixteen rows with an even number of each or to remove fewer colleges, but to have the gratiest possible combet of even rows. Felingess Entern is studying the prob-lem of how to divide one square into hix squares.



Here is a puzzle based upon the famous "Plimsoll Mark," which the late Samuel Plimsoff, M. P., known the world over as "the Sailors' Friend," after a continuous agitation for fifteen years induced the English Government to have placed upon every vessel that flies the British flag. It is placed on the extreme water line, and there are heavy fines inflicted for loading a vessel so that the mark is below the water. In one of his great speeches in Parliament he proyed that more than five hundred were arrested and imprisoned for refusing to go to sea in rotten ships. He proved by statistics that instead of breaking up unseaworthy vessels, over 1,000 per year went to the bottom from overloading and over-insurance. The Plimsoll Mark is often made with only one circle, but Mr. Plim-

soli's original design was exactly as given herewith. These Interesting facts are received from a surviving brother of Mr. Plimsoll, who is a pronounced puzzlist, but who, strange to say, had never heard of a pretty puzzle connected with the Plimsoll mark which every sailor should know: Commence at one end and draw the famous mark with one continuous line by the shortest possible stroke.

Why is a solar college like a mother beating her boy? A - Because it is a hiding of the son.

At what time of day was Adam created? A -- A little before Eve.

How long can a goose stand on one leg? A .- Try It and see,

Who first introduced salt mean pin the anvy? A .- Noah, when he took linm into the ark.

What species of bats for without wings? A .- ltrickbuts.

How does a natter know there is a man lu the moon? A .- Recause he has been

What fruit is the most visionary? A .-

Here is Abbot Wells Hawker of the Jolly Friers, showing worthy Bean thaples E. Cook a puzzle which he says is lust as easy as rolling oil a log. Ten coins are placed upon the sixteen squares so that you can readily discern ten nown up, down, right, left, and disagnally, like a magic square, containing an even number of onlies in cook row. The puzzle if to rearrange the cules so as is produce the greatest puzzle in turnber of cree name. the greatest possible number of even rows, Another passing currion which he asks in that How many even rows can you produce, employing as many counters as you like?





PROPOSITION Give the dimensions of a cross which will be just as large as the rest of the flag.



MENT THE RECENT the winte closs white fruitless negotiations by takes up exactly one-half of the space?

Chase of the Danish West Indies. Several unique

Indies. Several unique

Output

Description:

A CHARADE.

My first is four-sixths of a step that

legends were brought to light regarding the titles of that group of the

Virgin Islands.

St. John, St. Thomas and St. Croix, which constitute the Danish West Indies, were among the first discoveries of Columbus in 1492, but for centuries were considered of no value whatever, so when some shipwrecked Danes raised their flag as a signal of distress, the title passed into their hands without dispute, and according to custom was named after the patron saints of the mariners.

The Danish flag is so seldom seen that comparatively few persons know that it represents a white cross upon a red field, and I have never known the ensign to be constructed according to the regulations, which stipulate that half of the field should be white. Supposing, for instance, that the proportions of the flag are five feet wide by seven and a half feet long, how many of our passlists can finil a simple rule which gives When'er upon my whole you look,

NENT THE RECENT the width of the white cross which

is long,

My second a person of state; My whole is a thing that we know to be wrong,

As showing a symptom of hate. Striking.

My first is found in every house, From wintry winds it guards. My second you will always find

In every pack of cards. My whole a Scottish chief well praised

By ballad, bard and story, Who for his country gave his life,

And dying fell with glory.

You eat me, you drink me,: describe me who can!

I am sometimes a woman and sometimes a man? Toast.

My first a portion of a book, One of the insect tribe my second; A splendid sight it must be reckoned. Page-ant.

Sometimes, I aid the lover's cause, Sometimes, the soldiers in the wars; Sometimes, I with the thief conspire Sometimes, I'm useful at a fire; Sometimes, the curpenter beriend. Sometimes, the bricklayers attend; Sometimes, the gardener asks my

Sometimes, I help the painter's

Sametimes, naughty boys will try By me to gain a bird's nest high. A ladder.

What force or strength can not get through

I with a gentle touch can do. And many in the streets would stand Did 1 not prove a friend at hand?

A key. My first makes all nature appear with one face,

My second has music, and beauty and grace;

My whole, when the winter hangs dull o'er the earth,

Is the source of much pleasure, of mischief and mirth. Snow-ball.



Tommy Riddles announces to King Puzzlepate and the fair Princess Enigma that Don Outsote wishes to exhibit a living model of the windmill monster which he defeated in single combat. The pazzle in this case which Tommy says "is a very tricky little trick," is to ent out the nine pieces and rearrange them so as to make a perfect square. This is a clever and instructive study in geometry, while the second is a ematical genius. He said that when of a celebrated town in England, he was toss'd in the blanket he computed by Newton's law of falling. bodies that he went up thirty feet, and that, as each subsequent ascent decreased by ten per cent, it should be an easy matter to tell just how far he must have travelled before he came to an actual state of rest! As he wishes to charge mileage for the distance he was thrown, he asks puzzlists to help him out with their calculations to aid him in making out his bill of damages,

A Puzzle of our Grand-daddies.



A Charade.

My second was given through my first to an old woman in the dark.

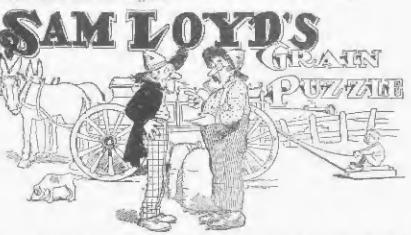
A Charade.

My first you will never find out; my second is founded in truth. I trust that you will never be my

A Charade.

My first is a virgin, my second what lovers compare their mistresses' tribute to poor Sancho Panza's math- hearts to, and my whole is the name





Farmer Smith worked a field of same number of bushels of rye, for which would be \$18.75 more than the square accounts.

grain on shares with his neighbor they estimated that 13 hushels of Jones, agreeing to give two-fifths of wheat was worth \$8 more than 8 the crops in Ileu of rent. He took bushels of tye. As Jones preferred for his own use some wheat which eye, Smith wants to know how many they estimated to be worth \$50, bushels of rye he must give him to





A COMPANION puzzie toPythagora's classical problem of the combination of two squares, we offer Deacon White's

bargain puzzle, which illustrates an extension of the famous Pons Asinorum. Mrs. Deacon White has purchased a piece of lincoleum, and, having a little triangular piece thrown in for nothing is endeavoring, with the good Deacon's assistance, to plan how to cut the pieces so as to form a perfect square. It contains a simple but pretty geometrical principle, which you could not learn at college.

What Did She Want?

"At my home the other day a young lady from Boston astonished the household by asking the loan of a diminutive, argenteous, truncated cone, convex on its summit and semiperforated with symmetrical indentations.

What land is like a merry dog wagging his tail? America (A merry cur).

What is the difference between a light rain and a young gentleman? One is mist and the other Mr.

A Charade

I captivate many when trained well

To each lover of song an unpulse impart;

Though to gay pleasure I'm closely allied,

The grave son of care to me will confide;

The miser will smile when safe with his gold

My fairest of forms he has carefully roll'd;

I useful am found in commerce and trade,

To friendship and love I lend my kind aid.

Ladies, then, while you are aspiring

Let virtue and v orth your motto still

Then grandeur may frown and envy may scorn,

But happy if merit your life shall

Cipher Answer.-14, 15, 20, 5.

How far is it from February to April? A March of thirty-one days. Who is the most popular man of letters in the country? The postman.

Why is a clergyman sometimes like a carpenter? Because he is often a joiner.

A Rebus

My first is fair and light as air, And often meets our view; My next adorns the rugged thorns When wet with pearly dew. In modest mien my whole is seen, In yonder garden gay; It's lovely form oft braves the Oi winter's closing day. Cipher Answer.-19, 14, 15, 23, 4,

A Paradoxical Word Puzzle

18, 15, 16.

When you gaze on my face It looks just like my back; When my form you can trace A woman you'll track; And when she is found, You'll find she is none. Now go and "expound," And don't say I "poke fun."

A Charade.

My first to my second is like a twin

Each seems but an colo of the other, My whole may be heard mid the wild, surging throng,

Or where the cool rivulet dances

Cipher Answer.—13, 21, 18, 13, 21,

in each bag.

Of course there are many ways of doing this puzzle; for example, weigh tourteen pounds of sugar by placing the five and nine pound weights on one side of the scales, so as to leave but six pounds of sugar in the large bag. Then, weighing out five pounds more from that six with the five-pound weight, we have but one pound left in the bag, which may be used as a weight to get two pounds

The puzzle, however, is to perform the feat in the fewest possible number of manipulations, so as to show the quickest way to do it.

A Rebus

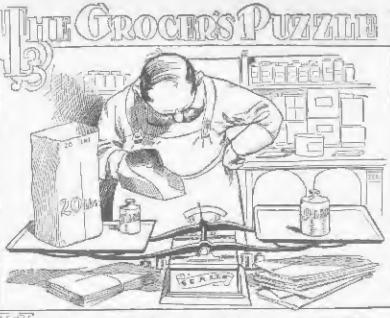
My first is nutritive and good, A valued part of human food. My next oft blooming as the rose That in you garden sweetly blows, My whole trips daintily along, And cheers the hamlet with a song. Cipher Answer.—13, 9, 12, 11, 13.

1, 9, 4

A Charade

My first, for ages dangerous reckoned, Was ne'er so deadly as my second.

If rightly you conjure the two. I tell what every man should do.



THE CRIT 5 AND 9 POUND WIIGHTS HOW CAN HE PUT his 20 pounds of sugar inno PACKAGES OF 2 POUNDS MACH?

A Rebus

If you, my whole, would now expound,

You'll find the form is mostly round; Cut off my head, you then will find, I'm not before, but come behind. And if again my head you sever.

You'll find me still in pool or river. Cipher Answer.—13, 8, 5, 5, 12.

A Tailor's Problem.

Here are two pretty puzzles belonging to the one design. A tailor had a remnant of cloth which he wished to cut into four pieces of the same shape and size. Show how he performed the feat by marking out

a similar design. The second is a entting puzzle. Take a piece of paper of the same shape and cut it into the fewest possible pieces which will fit together so as to make a perfect square.

A Rebus

My first, I must own, is duplicity's

A granted permission my second will name;

My whole will exhibit a privileged

To encircle a part of your delicate

Cipher Answer, -2, 18, 1, 3, 5, 12, 5, 20,

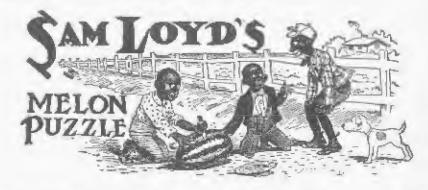
A Charade

In battlefield when front to front, Contending armies bear the brunt, My first is in the fray;

He'er with quantities perplexed, You gents may measure with my

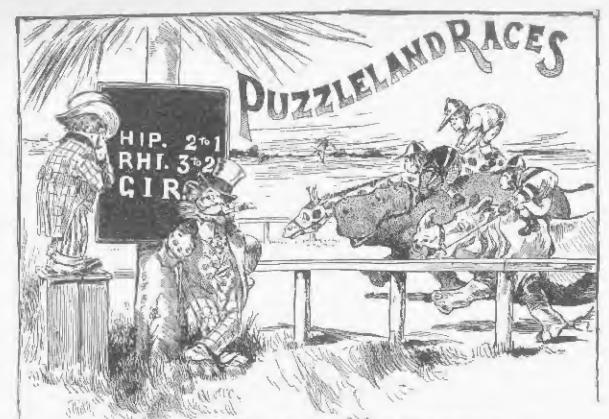
Or with my total weigh.

Why is a fish hook like a horse? They both need baiting.



melon for forty-eight cents, Frank contributing thirty cents and Sammy eighteen, which they were going to divide in proportion to their relative investments, when, spying Billy passing on the road, they conspired to

Frank and Sammy bought a water- unload a third of the melon upon him for the cost of the whole. After Billy had gone the boys preceeded to divide the money as they thought right, and then each of them ate a half of the remainder. How should the money be divided between Frank and Sammy?



Tust to show how little many people who are infatuated with the races really know about the theory of chances, we ask the following simple question:

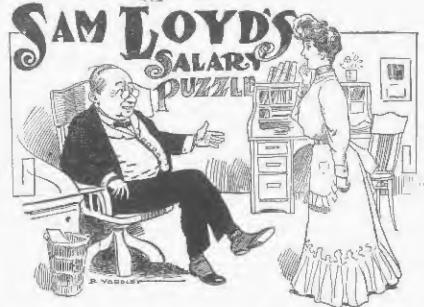
If the odds are 2 to 1 against the Hippopotamus and 3 to 2 against the Rhinoceros, what should be the odds against the Giraffe if everything is on the square, as it always is in Puzzleland?

Here is the second puzzle connected with the same picture, which shows how they make up a handicap in Puzzleland:

If the Giraffe can beat the Rhinoceros one-eighth of a mile in a two mile handican race, and the Rhinoceros could beat the Hippopotamus cne-quarter of a mile in a two mile handicap, what distance could the Giraffe beat the Hippo in the same race?

The Salary Puzzle.

Here is a problem from the ordinary affairs of life which is as interesting as it is puzzling to all who per year,' tackle it. The "Boss" was feeling pretty good the other day, so he said to his stenographer:



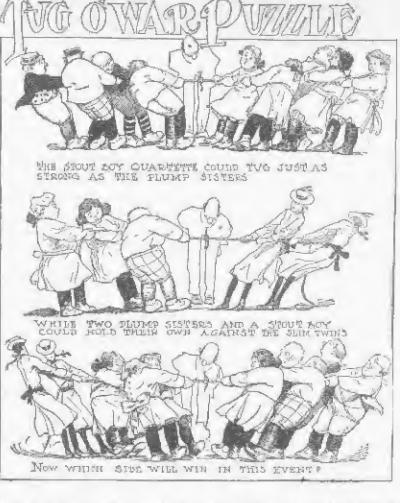
of your never indulging in useless the salary from to-day upon the basis ing year, you will be paid weekly at the rate of \$600 a year; next year at the rate of \$700, the next at \$800, and so on, always increasing \$100

"Now, Mary, in view of the fact make the change less abrupt. Start proposition. Can you tell?

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vacations, I have determined to raise of \$600 a year, as suggested, but at your salary \$100 every year. Be- the end of six months raise it \$25, ginning from to-day, for the ensu- and continue to give me a \$25 raise every six months, so long as my services are satisfactory.

The boss smiled benignly upon his faithful employee, as he accepted the amendment, but a twinkle in his other "On account of my weak heart," eye set some of the boys to figuring replied the grateful young woman, as to whether or not the "Boss" "I suggest that it would be safer to made a wise move by accepting her



tion of athletics in our public schools, we will show how a little tug-of-war pull might be utilized to illustrate the principle of changing terms by substitution in algebra to clear equations, The combined pulling power of the four stout boys just equals that of the five plump sisters. As the second sketch shows the slim twins to be equal to a stout boy and two plump girls we will at once simplify matters in the third illustration by changing the two slim twins for their equivolent in pulling power, so we substitute the fat boy and two plump girls. By this change we now have in the third picture five plump sisters and one stant boy opposed to one plump girl and four stout boys, so we cancel off five plump girls from one side and four stout boys from the other, because the first sketch gave it as their relative pulling power, and we are left with one girl on the right as opposed to one boy which proves that

Apropos of the popular introduc- the left hand fearn should win in the hoy's strength more than the other

third sketch as it has one-fifth of a team. The mathematical professor who empired the match said in his award, ".", as 25: 24:: the left team : the right,"

A Rebus

To boast of my first would but shallaw be recknowl.

To all it has happened, and that at my second:

But who is so unfeeling, so callons of

As not to rejoince at the sight of my whole?

Cipher Answer.—2, o. 18, 20, 8, 16, 12, 1, 3, 5.

A Charade

Ye bards, perhaps my first may do Era you begin to sing; My second off salutes the ear When borrid wars begin. My whole denotes a stupid elf, So find this out, to clear yourself. Cipher Answer. -8, 21, 13, 4, 18, 21, 13.

A Rebus

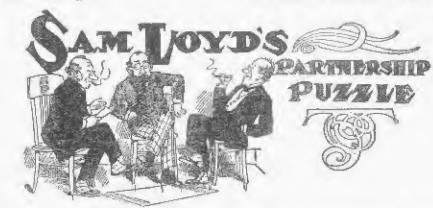
Miss Ann was only five years old, And scarcely yet was alife, Upon my first, as I am told, To reach above the table, Yet she my second took, queer soul. And for no other reason Than that manma refused my whole Until another season. Cipher Answer,-20, 9, 16, 16, 5,

A Charade

My primal is found where the wild wayes are dashing,

And thick falls the cold, bring My final is seen where the ferce eyes

are flashing. And fortunes are thrown away.



Here is a practical problem from common, every-day affairs which is well worthy of your consideration:

in the old firm of Brown & James. Brown had one and a balf times as much capital invested in the business as

Jones, when it was decided to admit Rubinson upon the payment of \$2,500, which was to be divided butween Brown and Jones, so that the interests of the three purtners would then be equal. How should the \$2,500 be divided?



PROPOSITION .-- If the Three Graces, with roses of varied hue, meet the Three Graces laden with golden apples, and each Muse gave each Grace the same quantity of roses and received the same quantity of apples, how many of each did they have?



ERE IS A GRECIAN Problem of the Graces and Muses. mythology, ascribed to different ages and to as many different men. The

problem feature has been accredited to Euclid and Archimedes, although it is known that Homer sang of the mythical daughters of Zeus, with their apples and roses many, many centuries before.

The problem of the Graces dividing their flowers with the Muses may be as old as the Pyramids, and yet, although I have seen it clothed in many forms as a tit-bit of classical lore. I have never known of an attempt to analyze or throw light upon that part of the legend which seemingly conceals a mathematical mystery.

The story would be clearer to our puzzlists, perhaps, if I gave the original Greek, but he is away, and as our font of Greek type is somefreehand translation, keeping as close as possible to the literal wordbooks:

Strolled three fair Graces, culling Howers

Of perfume rare; and varied hue, From pink and white to red and blue.

They chanced nine Muses fair to mieet.

With golden stores of apples sweet.

Each Muse; in turn, to every Grace Some apples gave, and in their place Such roses did receive as made Their stores all just alike, 'twas said,

Now, if the numbers were the same, The quantities of each proclaim!

I do not believe that a dozen lexicons would make the meaning plainer There were nine Musës with roses of various hues, as described, who met three Graces laden with golden apples. Each of the Muses gave to each of the Graces, what out of sorts, I am compelled and each of the Graces gave to to give what might be called a very each of the Muses, so that " 'twas said' all their stores' were its root upward? An icicle. just alike-every Muse and Grace ing of the original, which differs having a similar stock representing materially from the meaningless an equal number of apples and

Why are pianos noble characters? Because they are grand, upright, and square.

Why is a dog hiting his tail like a good manager? Because he makes both ends meet.

What is the difference between a glass of water and a glass of soda water? Five cents

Why is a good cabbage the most amiable of vegetables? Recause it

Why is an an itoxicated man like a noun adjective? Because he seldom stands alone.

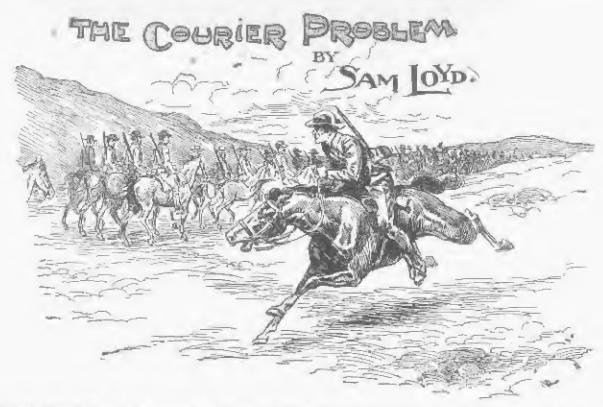
Why is a clergyman's horse like a king? Because he is guided by a

Why is a man in a garret committing murder like a good man? Because he s above committing a bad action.

Why is an avaricious man like one with a short memory? He is always for getting,

What is that which lives in winter, dies in summer, and grows with Why is a handsome woman like

bread? Because she is often toasted Why should watermelon be a version so often published in puzzle roses. It is a pretty puzzle for our good name for a newspaper? Because its insides would be read,



PROPOSITION-An army 50 miles long advances 50 miles while a courier goes around it.



I tions are being received relating to a very anrient problem, the au-

thorship of which has been incortion in the rear of the army? rectly accredited to me, occasion is taken to present the original version which has led to considerable discussion. It has been reproduced, in many forms, generally accompanied by an absurd statement regarding the impossibility of solving it, which produced let ers of inquiry, as well as correct answers from some, who, under the misapprehension of having mastered a hitherto unsolved problem, desire to have the same published.

It is a simple and pretty problem which yields readily to ordinary methods, and can be solved by experimental analysis upon the plangenerally adopted by puzzlists. The trouble is that the terms of the problem are seldom given correctly and are not generally understood, for which reason, with the aid of a realistic picture, we will first look at the ancient version which appears in far does the courier have to travel? the oldest mathematical works:

of a moving army, fifty miles long, dashes forward and delivers a dispatch to the front and returns to his ascertaining how much be gains or position in the rear, during the ex- loses by the advance.

OR THE REASON act time it required the entire army that many communica- to advance just fifty miles.

How far did the courier have to travel in delivering the dispatch. and returning to his previous posi-

If the army were stationary he would clearly have to travel fifty miles forward and the same distance back. But under the circumstances as stated, he must go more than fifty miles to the front, as the army is steadily advancing; on his return trip he meets the army and therefor does not have to travel so far. To those who are familiar with the rules which govern the question it is a simple matter, but to most people it will prove to be a problem which can not be guessed off hund.

A better puzzle is created by the following extension of the theme given as problem No. 2;

If a square army, fifty miles long by fifty wide, advances fifty miles while a courier makes the complete circuit of the army and returns to the starting point in the rear, how

It is self evident that the courier A courier starting from the rear would have to ride two hundred miles if the army were stationary, so the point of the problem turns upon

Which is the favorite Word with women? The last one.

At what age should a man marry? At the parsonage,

Why is an egg underdone like an egg overdone? They are both hardly done.

Why is a very old umbrella, that has been lost, as good as new when found? Because it's re-covered.

Why do the Salvation Army lassies walk on their beels? To suve their soles (souls).

Why is the letter W like gossip? Because it makes ill will.

Which is the oddest fellow, the one who asks a question or the one who answers? The one who asks. because he is the querist.

When does the wind most resemble a bookseller? When it keeps stationary (stationery).

What benefits can be derived from a paper of pins? It will give you many good points.

When is a new dress older than an old one? When it's more (moire) antique.

What plant is most fatal to mice? Cat-nip.

Why are balloons in the air like vagrants? Because they have no visible means of support.

If I were in the sun and you were out of it what would the sun become! Sin.

muses to muse over,

THREE LITTLE BOYS FOUND

a weil-filled pocket-book, and despite the fact that they had no more fireernokers and were financially broke, they promptly returned the wallet to a nice old lady, who was walking on the same block, and who proved her ownership by naming the contents. To reward the boys for their honesty she took what small change there was in the book and gave it to them. There was just 58 cents in six coins, but as it could not be divided into three even parts, she gave the eldest of the boys one coin, and then divided the remainder evenly between the other two boys, but told them to invest the entire amount in firecrackers, which they could divide more equitably.

coins which would fill the bill. I think our puzzlists should have no trouble in guessing the amount of that coin which the kind old lady gave to the oldest boy.

Why is the letter y like a young speed-thritty Robanse II makes po pay.

INVESTMENT PUZZLE.

The Soulths were purchasing a suburban villa when Spoich remarked:

"If you give me three-cateriers of your money I can just take the \$5,000 house and you will have enough left to buy the shady grove and running stream?
"No, no," replied his better hold, "give me only two-thirds of your money and I will have enough.

over to purchase the grave with the habiling

Can you figure out the value of the shady grove with its never-falling stream?



There seems to be but little data Eight children divided 32 apples as fol-many as his sister. Bill Jones three times to figure from, nevertheless, as lowe: Ann got one apple, May two, Jane as many as his sister and Jack Robinson to figure from, nevertheless, as three and Kate foor. Ned Smith took as four times as many as his sister. The puzzle there are several divisions of gix many as his elster, Tum Brown twice as is to prove the full names of the girls.





What is that which is often found where What does a man want when seasick to not? Foult about the watta the carts.

Who prolongs his work to as great a length as possible, and still completes it in time? The ropemaker.

Why is a philanthropist like an old horse? Because they stop at the sound of wo.

How many soft-boiled eggs could the giant Goliath cat upon an empty stomach? One, after which his stomach is not empty.

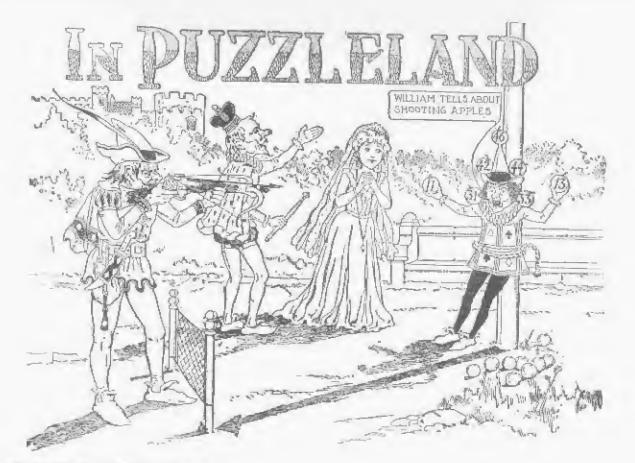
What fishes have their eyes nearest together? The smallest,

Why are your nose and chin at variance? Because words are passing between them.

Why is a man in debt like a misty morning? Because he is surrounded with dues (dews).

Who was the first that bore arms? Adam.

What smells most in the drug shop? The nose.



We are told that William Tell scored We are told that William Tell scores 100 points in the apple-sheet game at a distance of thirly-five yards. Can you tell which apple he must have hit, and what was the height of the flagpois on the top of which was placed freasier's cap, which we are told William Tell refined to selling. fused to makerey

IN SEARCH OF KNOWLEDGE.

IN SEARCH OF KNOWLEDGE.

"I say, pa." began little Clarence ('allipera, with the rating inflection of one who
estimation, "it—"

"Oh, I don't know!" replied his long-suffering sire wearily.

"You don't know what, pa?"

"I don't know the abover to the question
you are about to ask."

"Why, you don't know what I am going
to ask, do you, pa?"

"No, of course not!!"

"Then if you don't know the question, how
do you know you don't know the answer to
it, pa?"

"Because I know I don't know the interest.

do you know you don't know the snewer 10 it, na."

"hecause I know I don't know I don't know why it is that the more a mon gon, the least he wants, and the more he wants, the least he wants, and the more he wants, the least he usually gets, nor why so many men with hig brads wear such sthall hate, not any of the other foulish questions you always ask."

"Yes, vir. But the question I wanted to ask lan't foolish, pa."

"H'm! If it isn't foolish, you may go shead and ask it. But remember, less menquestion and my more."

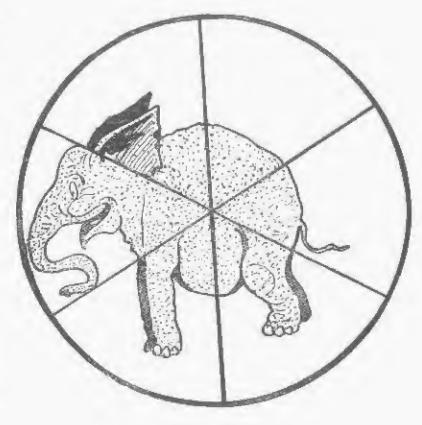
"Yes, pa. I loss want to know, If five times four was thirty-three, how much would the fourth of twenty he?"

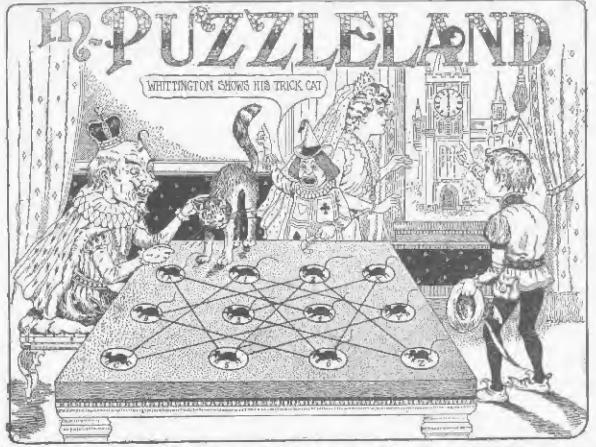
We would like to know have many readers can fell what can't end who wants there is an aparting payethy for the little felks. Figst cut the elephant into six segments then average them so us to show how he runs when he is in a turry.

be runs when he is in a turry,

What admain are always seen at fanarah? A.-Black hids.

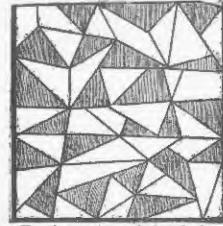
What should a clergyman prouch about? A .- About a half of an hour.





Whitting is showing his trained cat in its algebraical feat of going from A to Z by the shortest marked route, which takes up all of the mice. He then calls attention to the clock on the tower of London and asks: If it takes six seconds for the clock to strike six, how long would it take to strike eleven?

THE LOST STAR.



Here is an astronomical study for the little folks, although it may puzzle the grown ups as well. See how long it will take you to discover a perfect star in the above general

What is the mest cheerful part of an ersonal? The ballroom.

Why is counterfelt money like gooseterry ple? Because it's not current (cur-

Why is a douter like a glazer? One takes the puln out and the other puts it

How is it that Methuselah was the oldest man when he filed before his father? His father was translated. Why in a conundrum like a monkey?

Because it is far fotched and full of non-

What do we all do when we first get into ped? Make an impression,
Why is a joke like a secondult? Burnuse

ain't no good until it's cracked When did Esan, the balry man, lose his blakers. When his brother Jacob shaved

Who was the heaviest of mon? Ful-ton, What is the difference between Jone of Are and Nead's ark? One was Mald of Orleans, the other was made of chillin

Why is a horse like the prophet Elifah? He is fed from a loft.

Why is a new married man like aborse?

What number is that, which, added ceparminly to 100 and 164, shall make them perfect squares? 125.

Why is a gristinil like an orange [ree? Always in flour Why is it dangerous for a toetotlar to

have more than (we reasons for the faith that is in him? Because three scruples make a dram.

COMING TO TOWN PUZZIE.

Uncle Replen and Aunt Cynthia came to town the other day to glop. Replen hought a cult and but for \$15. Cynthia paid as much for her lun as Reuben did for his stdt, and she then invested the remainder of their money in a new dress.

On the return trip Cystina, who had "been thinking" over a remark of Reuben's about her hat costing as much as his suit, called attention to the fact of his hat having cost \$1 more than her dress, and suggested thet If they had portlined their has money so that her has would have cost half as much more than his, they would cach have spent the same amount of money, to which Renders replied: "How much would my has have cost?"





Here is a presty little puzzle which reads as if it had some political significance appropriate to the times, and which will probably repay those who study it

It appears that three little urchins who had formed a working partnership found themselves at the end of a day's labor with \$3.90, represented by seven coins. As the coins could not be divided into three even portions they appealed to a man whom they found seated on the fence, who apparently had plenty of time on his hands to devote to anything that might turn up. After listening to their statement he took one of the coins and coolly purifug it into his pocker, remarked in a superior sort of way; "You will now find no trouble in dividing the six coins so that you will each have the same amount. You will not mise that one piece of money, and it will repay me for the thought I have devoted to the question, All troubles arise from attempting to do even things in an odd way; now run away and in prosperous."

Now cell what were the seven ening, and how did they divide them?

What is the difference between a boy and His shadow? The boy can see his shadow, but the shadow cannot see him.

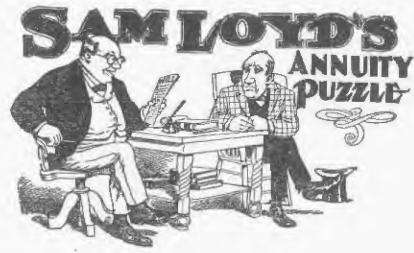
How can a person live eighty years and see only twenty birthdays? Be born on the 29th of FebANNUITY PUZZLE.

Jones rettled an annuity upon his three daughters, to be divided each year in the same proportion as their ages.

At the first payment the chiest was ca-titled to one holf of the entire amount. When the sixth payment was due, Martha received one dollar less than she had the first year. Plache one-seventh less than she farst got, while Mary Ann's share was twice as much as she received the first year. Now who can tell the amount of the Jones appoint?

A REBUS. I am bright as a whole Till you cut off my head; Then as black as a coal, Or a mortal instead,

Shaken up and recast We with science are found, Read us back from the last And we live under ground Answer-19, 20 1, 18,





Every game of skill, such as Chess, Cheskers, Cards, Billiards, etc., str., afford apportunity for the display of pro-Astency to the shape of problems or puzalsa. I have always taken the same interest in such problems as in the sayle of nuzzles which appear on these pages,

DEARA 0005 000 0 9 000 0000 0000 Here is a five-card cuting which ocsecred at the Heldge Club: Huarta trumps and South in play; with North as paranet take four out of five tricks.

A REBUS.

Let my second cut my hirst, Then cut me at the table; Though I cannot quench your thirst Eat me-you are able.

THE WHIST PROBLEM.

The above picture librarate a sample ending at the Whist Club, where each player has fire creds jets. Hankonds are laumps and it is for South to play. How can they capture all five tricks against the best possible defense?



Missingting the question of English, how would you send your ball, so as to bit all four cushions and return to the

table, against the cumbion, waven inches

the scraper? A step farther.

(acts).

BYRON'S ENIGMA.

You may search all the sky-I'm not there: In the morning and evening-though not

in the noon-You may plainly perceive me, for, like

I am midway suspended in air.

I am never in in sorrow nor gloom;

Though in wit and in wisdom I equally

Fin the heart of all sin, and have long

Yet I ne'er shall be found in the tomb.

He but stury to those who play the game,



A HILLIARD PROBLEM.

starting point? First place the balt at one end of the from a carner, sofore siriking it with the

What relation is the door mat to

Why is a woodman like a stage nctor! He is known by his axe

I'm, not in earth, nor the stor, nor the

a balloon,

l'hough disease may possess me, and sickness and poin,

省级大大学 大主义的 三型的 电相外的 鱼 计准备 有影響 Here is another of the old-style

The above pictured story is given as supplementary to our former illustrations of sillionette cutting of which some specimens have already been given. It is eafe to may that there is no accomplishment so readily acquired, which affords such endless amusement as making pictures in black and white,

Just a sharp pair of seissors and a sheet of paper, that's all that is required. Any one can speciffy fearn to make "paper people," animals, etc., and soon they will be able to cut portraits and then they have nequired on accomplishment which is never forgotton. I learned to mit portraits at a very early age, and it has been a great pleasure to me throughout my entire

If a woman stands behind a tree, how does the tree stand? In the ground.

Wherein does a turkey cock differ from a lady? He flourishes his fan behind.

Why are cashmere shawls like deaf persons? Because we cannot make them here (hear).

Why is an Indian like a flirt ! He bas many cast-off hows (beaux). Why is an Indianlike a scholar!

He is a well re(a)d man. Why is marriage like truth? Be-

cause it is a certain tie (certainty), Why is an unpaid bill like the

moisture of the morning? It is due. Why is a sanguiuary epistle like

a surgeon? It is a letter of blood, Why is a lost child like you? He gives it up.

Why were Hebrews called sheep? Descended from A-ram.

What is the most suitable dance to wind off a frolio? The reel.

REAPER'S PUZZLE

Greenfeaf (1866), gives a totally incorrect answer to the anciest problem of two men who were to receive on shillings for harvest-ing a field conditionally upon the work being done in five days. Jake could handle it alone in the days, but as Ben was not so good a worker they were compelled to en-sage Bill for two days, in consequence of which Ben got three shillings and nine pence less than he otherwise would have arrelved. How long would it have taken Ben and Bill to have completed the work?

our grand-daddies:



What stone opens and shuts at your convenience? A-gate,

Why is a thing purchased like a shoe? It is sold.

Why was Daniel like Nebuchadnezzar's image? Because the lions could not eat him.

What island in the Pacific is always at see-saw? Hi-lo.

What is an elephant like a lady's veil? Because there is a "b" in both,

Why is a butcher's dog in the parlor like your mother receiving strange company? He is ma, stiff.

Why should a hound never be admitted into the house! He chases the deer (dear) and is never chased

When is a boat like a knife? When it's a cutter.

illustrated rebusses of the times of



There is no puzzle about this picture; it is merely an illustration of the two-headed monster which Jack the Giant Killer slew, the only question involved being; Was it a twoheaded or a three-headed Giant that was killed?

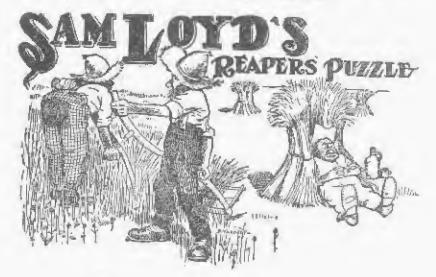
Why is a dandy like a haunch of venison? He is a bit of a huck

Why should doctors attend to window sashes? Because they have so many pains (panes).

What animals are like an apothecary? The ass, because he brays: Dr. Pott's horse, because a Pott he

What animal is like a stone breaker? a rooster, because he picks and

What part of a ship was made of Cain? The tiller.



Occasion is inten, therefore, to menitor

that I have composed in ward of a thou-

sand chose and whist problems which have

ABOUT MAGIC SOUARES.

The arrangement of numbers la the form of squares so that they will add up the same amount is every column and row, as well as in the two diagonals, is without doubt the oldest of all mathematical puzzles. It was held in great veneration by the Egyptians; and the Pythagoreans, to add more efficacy and virtue to the magic square, dedicated it to the then-known seven planets. In later times, when mathematics was supposed to pertain to magic and the black art, these iquares were allied with superstitlen and held in sacred veneration. To this very day the Chinese and Curean soldiera carry charms in the forms of magic squares to protect their lives, and on the eve of batthe scatter certain forms printed on pieces of paper to insure luck and to discomfit the enemy.

This strange freak of figures may be found in Durer's "Melancholia" engraved on copper in 1514.

As shown by ancient writings, the aim was not only to add up the same amount (34) in the ten rows of four, but to discover in how many symmetrical combinations that same amount can be discov-Take the squares 16, 3, 5 and 10, or 2, 13, 11 and 8, or 9, 6, 4 and 15, or 7, 12, 14 and 1, as well as 10, 11, 6 and 7 According to ancient love, "symmetrical combinations which no man could number" were to be found in this arrangement of the figures, from which we infer was meant symmetrical selections like the four corners 16, 13, 4 and 1. The opposite sides, 3, 2, 15 and 14, or 5, 9, 8 and 12, as well as any possible symmetrical set of opposite position which can be hit upon, like 5, 3, 12 and 14, or 2, 8, 9 and 15, as well as combinations on the knight's tours, like 3, 8, 14 and 9, or 2, 12, 15 and 5, or 16, 11, 1 and 6, and 4, 10, 13 and 7. Rhomboidal forms, like 1, 9, 16 and 8, or 1, 2, 15 and 16, or 4, 3, 13 and 14, and all similar shapes, produce the required 34 and go, far to bear out the extravagant claims of the Orientals Magic squares are divided in two classes—the even and odd number of squares-and many rules have been discovered for producing them in endless variety, so that it is no longer considered to be a meritorious feat to build them up to extraordinary size. Our less. IX-SIX. illustration shows the familiar arrangement of the nine numbers which adds up 15 in eight directions, but if allowed to duplicate any numbers you wisk, in how many possible directions can the same addition be shown?

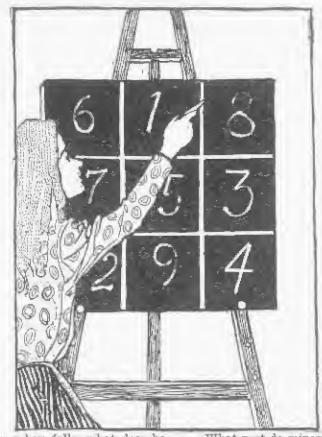
Can you discover how many times the four words can be spelled in this clever square-word puzzle?

A HIDDEN PROVERB. Yet I see them all on golden wings that

Old memories steal anew; With a tear, with a sigh, with an old, old cry,

They return in ghostly bue!

Which of the English poets would be most likely to make a lion feel at home? Dry-den.



When a boy falls, what does he fall against? Against his will,

When a boy is caught stealing, what does he catch? A whipping.

Why is Tom Tumbledown like Adam when he saw the apple? He is about to fall.

Why is a picture surrounded by books like a happy man? It is in a ggood frame of mind.

What bird is that which has no wings? The jail bird.

Add something to 9 and make it

What poet do miners value most? Cole-ridge.

What poet is least distinguished for brevity? Long-fellow.

What two syllables of the marriage coremony are mosts interesting to the priest? The last two-

Why were the Amalakites never allowed to speak? Because their king was a-gag.

What part of a house measures two quarts? The stoop.

go just forty miles. It could complete a mile in ten minutes: another could the journey with two passengers in one twenty. What would be the best possible hour, but could not carry the three persons at one time. Well, one who was a end of their journey?

Three men had a tandem and wished to good pedestrian, could walk at the rate of walk in fifteen minutes, and the other in

Just to show the style best calculated to sell in the stores or by street hawkers as a novelty, occasion is taken to illustrate the famous "Get Off the Earth" puzzle, of which over ten millions were sold to the public. The puzzle was printed in bright colors upon two movable pieces (which cannot be shown here). You first see thirteen men, and then only twelve, and the puzzle is to tell which man disappeared,

Out of many hundreds of thousands of attempted answers, the most idiatio of which recently appeared in the LONDON STRAND MAGAZINE, not one explained the mystery, for which reason Mr. Loyd has issued a new puzzle called TEDDY AND THE LIONS, which fully refutes all so-called explanations.

\$1,000 worth of prizes being offered for the best answers received during the year 1909.

THE HUMANE ARAB. An Arab came to the river side With a donkey bearing an obclisk, But he did not venture to ford the tide, For he had too good an *

So he camped all night by the river side. Secure till the tide had ceased to swell, For he knew that whenever the donkey died.

No other could be its |. *Find a word for this. | A suitable word here. Answers-1, 19, 20, 5, 18, 9, 19, 11 and 16, 1, 18, 1, 12, 13, 5, 12,

There are three hidden cities here besides Dover and Kent;

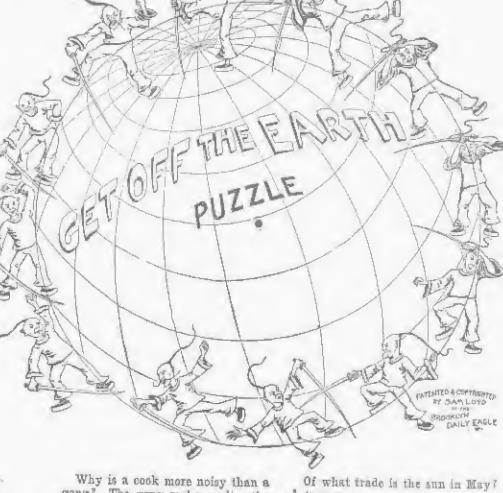
Wait while I think the matter over, On boliday intent; The best I've seen is surely Dayer.

That pretty port of Kent. Answer—12, 5, 9, 20, 8-20, 8, 5, 2, 5, 19 and 19, 20, 9, 22, 5, 22,

Why is a tallor fluishing your pants like a pulite host serving his guests with water lowl? He presses them with a What was a month old at Cala's birth

that is not five weeks old now? The What looks worse on a lady's root than a darked stocking? Our that needs

duratus.
What files high and low, wears boots and aboes, but has no wings or feet?



gong? The gong makes a din, the cook makes a dinner.

In what do grave and gay people differ at church? One close their eyes and the other eye their clothes.

Why is a spotted dog most reliable? He is always on the spot.

What little animal is made hig by taking one letter from its name? F-ox.

A tunner.

Spell hard water with three letters. Ice.

What word is that to which, if you add a syllable, will make it shorter? Short.

Why is your favorite puppy like a doll? Because he is a pup-pet.



According to Mother Goose, Jack Sprat and his wife together could gat a harrel of fat park in sixty days, whereas it would take him thirty works to perform the feat alone.

barrel of lean park in eight weeks, although she alone could not dispuse of it in less than forty weeks. Now figure our bow long it would take both of them together to ear a We find that meether they could consume a bacref of mixed purk, half fat and h 's le-

Here is a pretty little game, as well as a puzzle: Place a counter, supposed to he a turkey, on No. 7, and a man on No. 38. Move alternately in any direction, in straight lines, as far as you please. There is a choice of biteen moves, but you will lose if you afternot to pass over a spot gnarded by the opponent. If the man moves at first to No. 4 or 51 he would be taken at 12 or 52. No matter who begins, the man can capture the turkey. But in how many moves? The puzzle is to stand the turkey on No. 7 and start the man from No. 38, The turkey does not move, but the man must, capture it in 24 moves after passing over every spot but once. It is quite a difficult,

Why is a farmyard like a hotel? It is generally patronized by gob-

A charitable lady met a poor man, to whom she gave I cent more than a half of all the money she had in her purse. The post fellow, who was a member of the United Membranets' Association, managed while tendering his thanks to chalk the organization's sign of "a good thing" on her clothing, so that she mes many objects of charley as she proceeded on her journey. To the second applicant she gave a cents more than the half of what she had let, and to the next she gave 3 cents more than half of the remainder, and then found that she only

How much money had she in her purse when she started out?



Why is a man with wooden legs like one who has an even bargain? Because he has nothing to boot.

What fish does a bride wear on her finger? Her-ring.

Anni Mary brought some peanuts at the Zoo for the children and gave to the eldest, a boy, one peannt and one-quarter of the remainder. The little tot also received one likewise gave one petrut and one quotier of the remainder. To the third, a boy, she also gave one geemit and one-quarter of the remainder. The little tot also received one pearun aski mpe-quarter of what was left.

It was then found that the buys had received one hundred more peanuts than the mile. From these facts you are asked to detemaine how many peannts Aunt Mary kept

Why are handsome wemen like bread? Because they are often tensted.

Why is an avaricious man like one with a short memory? Because he is always for-getting.

(told).

Why is a parish hell like a good story? Because it is often tolled

What kind of morals are easily put on and off? Bai-morals.

What is that which is insivible, but never out of sight? The let-

Why are most of the heroes and heroines in novels like the letter O? They are always in love.

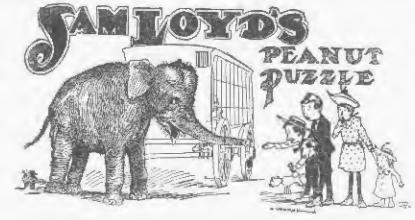
Why is a ship under full sail like Niagara? Because she shows her flowing sheets.

What animal resembles the sea, and why? The lion, because he roars and has a flowing mane (main)

What animals are the most windy, and why? The lion, because he bellows, and the whale, because he blows.

What belongs to yourself yet is used more by others than yourself? Your name.

Why is a nail fast in a wall like an old man? Because it is in firm



A CHRISTMAS TURKEY

Have you so : miles have different in the total the imme into a cheen by sendig it reflected in a broking ginea. Some passitive the very simple for the total the move on if it to a witten will a sended length for you are requested to the the possibility of the three hands of time. Marry has a very purely passite to some this time, so were if you can adopt the The count has stopped, but it is so discuss that he have the possibility of the first the time of the first the same that they are the same discussed for the adopt the action of the first the action of day dig the atom the military form.

ACCIDENTAL BURIALS.

The old-style concealed-word puzzle seems to be the only one of the aucient forms which retains its popularity, but as introducing a new variety it is safe to say that some very clever concentments can be found in almost any familiar quotation. Note how prettily Shake-peare hirles on animal when he says; "All the world's a stage.

And all the men and women merely players."

Or when he concests two animals in the couplet:

So we grow together Like to a double cheery seemingly parted."

And again when he gives the names of two animals, but conceals two more, in the following lines:

"The blood more stirs To rouse a him than to start a hare,"

Burns went him two better, and concealed two animals, a city and two rivers when he asks:

"Is there, for honest poverty, That hangs his head and a' that? The coward slave, we pass him by; We dare he poor for a' that,"

Hood kills two birds with one stone whom he says:

"I remember, I remember, The house where I was born, The little window where the san Came peeping in at morn;

He never came a wink toe soon, Nor brought too long a day; But now I aften wish the night Had borne my breath away."

Passing over the simple style where a single animal is concealed, as when Cow-

"Domestic happiness, thou only bliss Of paradise that has survived the fall." Or when Longfellow tells where: "The shades of night were folling fast

As through an Alphie village past." Where Moore says: "How sweet the Echn makes

To music at night . . . Or Goldsmith conceals a lone animal;

'That source of all bilss and all my woe, That found me poor at first, and kept Inc 50."

How Leigh Hunt tells how; "Jenny kissed me when we met." We will see how eleverly Longfellow conceals two animals and a town; "Under a spreading chestnut tree

The village smithy stands; The smith, a mighty man is he, With large and showy hands, And the muscles of his hrawny arms Are atrong as Iron bands,'

Or when he says: "Art is long and time is Beeting And our hearts, though stout and Benzele.

Still, like muffled drams, are benting Feneral marches to the graye."



following lines:

'A hahy was alceping. Its mother was weeping, For her husband was far on the wild, He made us the beroes we were not, be raging sea, And the tempest swelling

Round the falterman's dwelling. And she cried, 'Dermot, darling, oh come back to me.'

Taylor tells of a city and two animals when he says:

"From the desert I come to thee, On a stalling shod with fire, And the winds are left behind, By the speed of my desire. Under the window I stand,

And the midnight hears my erv." And though you may not believe it, take my word that there is an indefinite number of animals when we are told that: "Man wants but little here below,

Nor wants that little long." The palm for eleverness, however, must at least five animals in a single couplet: "We meet then like a pleasant thought

When such are wanted left us the cowards we are,

-Rossiter Johnson's "Lawrence." Some ca' the pleugh, some herd some tentil rin. I cannic errand to a neeber town,

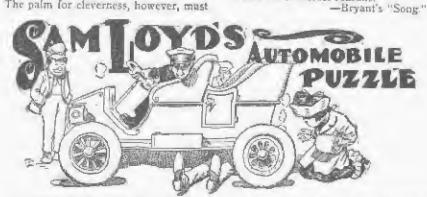
-Burns' "Cotter's Saturday Night." How many a rale their music tells. -Moore's "Evening Bells."

They have builded Ifim an altar in the evening dews and damps. -Julia W. Howe's "Battle Hymn."

And O, was it meet that-no requiem read o'er him-

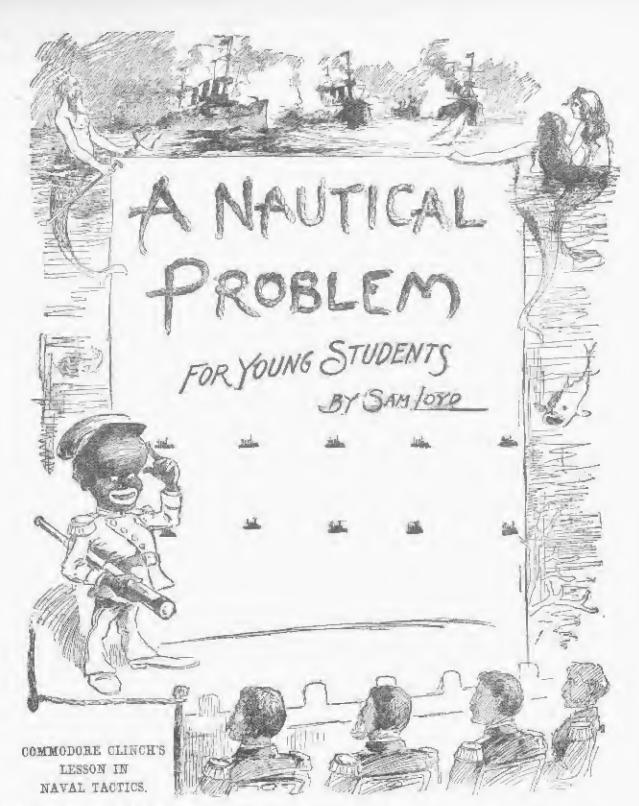
-Scott's "Helvellyn."

Doet thou idly ask to hear At what gentle seasons Nymphs releat, when lovers near, Press the tenderest reasons.



Monatour de Foie Gras, the noted chauffeur, mentions that while motoring from Party to the rower steadily diminished during the entire end of each buyy,

journey so that the hourly runs decreased a like number of miles each hour. What was Pariout, a distance of 116 miles, in two hours, the distance recorded by the speciometer at the



Here are ten battleships advancing in two rows; upon the approach of the enemy four of the vessels change their positions by the shortest tactics, so that the formation of the fleet will show five rows of four-in-line in each row. How can you perform the feat by only moving four vessels? Ten coins may be used to guess the puzzle.

Guggelheim's Turkey Puzzle.

There's all the turkeys we have left." said Guggi-beiri, the market man. "Together they weigh twenty needs a point more than the big bird."

in-line in each row. How can you was south house the full one for elabity-perform the feat by only moving two coats, and bless Brown paid two delians four vessels? Ten coins may be used

nad alloty-six cents for the hig turker, Can you tell 2279, Jones how many pointle the hig gebiller wedging?

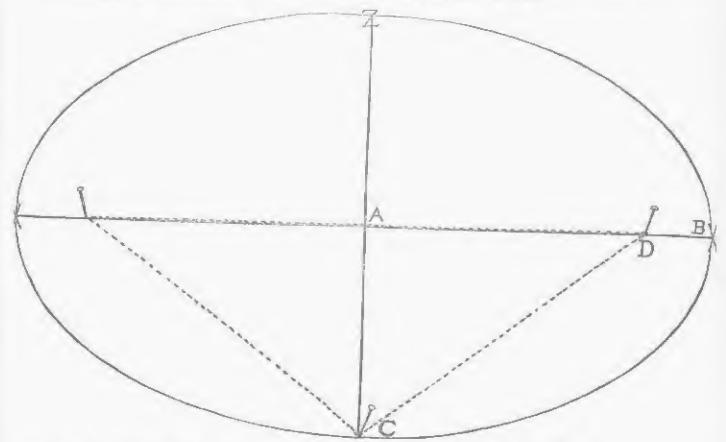


CAN YOU DRAW AN OVAL?

So many correspondents have inquired regarding the correct proportions of an oval for picture frames, table oevers, etc., etc., that we here give the rule for making ovals of any desired dimensions. These who have occasion to use such generally fold a piece of paper and cut it experimontally, but never get the classically correct eclipse.

Take a sheet of paper, mark a straight line of the desired length, and a cress line of the width, say 15 inches from x to x end D from c to z; insert two upright pins on the z x line, 4½ inches from C (being equal to half the length of the desired colipse), with a temporary pin

at C; pass a string around the three, pins as shown. Substitute a pencil point in place of sin C, keeping the string that while you now describe the eval, letting the string slide on the two plas, and the eval will be a perfect, an eclipse is a symmetrical eval, supposed to represent what is mathematically known as a conic section.





There were two books on a shelf. Vol. I. had 100 leaves, Vol. II. had 150 leaves; if a destructive little bookworm (Ftinus brun-

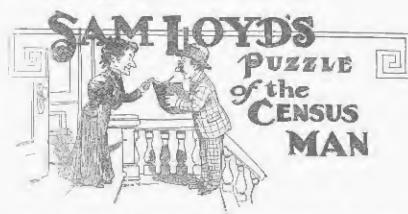
neus) can hore at the rate of one leaf a minute and through a cover in one hour, how long did it take to bore from the first page of Vol. I. to the past page of Vol. II.?

THRICE BEHFADED,
Unfouched I tell of budding growth and
life:
Beheviel I took arrested and all the state of t

Beheaded I lead upward more or less; Again-with varied fragrance I am rife; Again-but little value I express.

In what does a dog differ from a groom in his treatment of a horse? The dog worries him, the groom curries him; the dog bites him, the groom bites him.

Why is a goat in a hedroom I ke a house on fro? Both should be put out



A census convascer fells of a spinster who, being required to give her ago maintained that she complied with the law by saying:

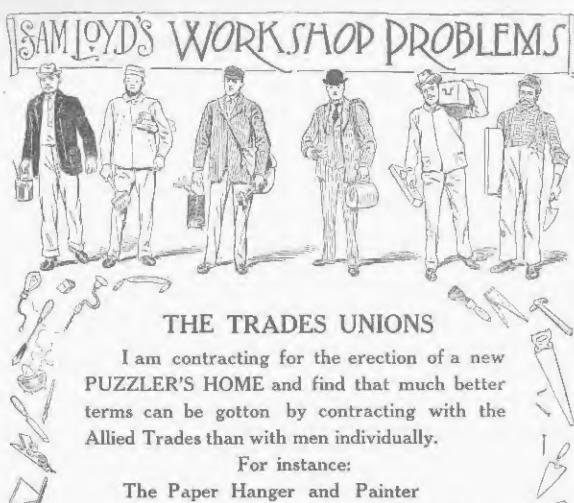
"If to my uge there added be One half, one third, and three times

three, Just three neare years and ten you'll see. Which is the age of you and me," You see, the conses man had only to deduct his own ago from three ecors years and ien to know the age of the coy maiden. How extremely simple and leaster.

Why can't they catch a this? who steals a complete barness? He desen't leave a

When are cooks cruel? When they beat good eggs and whip sweet craum,

327



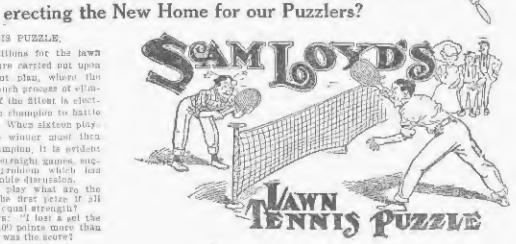
Will Paper and Paint for . . \$1,100 The Painter and Plumber for . 1.700 The Plumber and Electrician for 1,100 The Electrician and Carpenter for 3,300 The Carpenter and Mason for . 5,300 The Mason and Paper Hanger for 2,500 What is the cost for each kind of work for

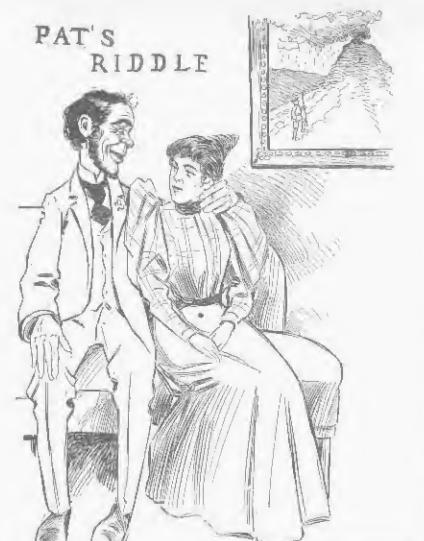
LAWN TENNIS PUZZLE,

The annual competitions for the tawn tenule championship are carried out upon the popular knock-out plan, where the losery reitro until by such process of elimination the survival of the fillest is elected to meet just year's champles to battle for the championship. When sixteen play era compete and the winter about then play with the old champion, it is nyidetel that he must win five etraight gumes, outgesting the wingle trailers which has given rise to openiderable disrussion.

Hefore commencing play what are the chances of getting the first leave if all are assumed to be of equal strength?

An ex-champion says: "I lost a set the other day, but made 100 points more than my opportul." What was the scure?





which, asked the other: "Why was Pat like the man in the picture This is a progressive conundrum, climbing up the mountain?" Can not in the ordinary up-to-date sense you tell why?

To cater to the tastes of many who revel in a fondness for mathematics pure and simple, as differing from puzzles, an occasional problem of a unique character drawn from the affairs of ordinary life has proved to be acceptable and instruc-tive. Here is one built upon a common, every-day transaction, which every one can understand, whether they know anything about mathematics or not. As a matter of fact, it was suggested and carried out by a man who was so deficient in common arithmetic that he could not compute simple interest and had such a fear of being cheated at figures that he would not make the deal in any other way.

It seems that he wished to buy a piece of property, but having only a small amount to pay down and having an abhorrence of figures, mortgages and interest, said he would not make the purchase unless he could get it upon what he termed the "building loan plan." He would pay down \$1,000 and make five more payments of \$1,000 each at the end of every twelve months: Such payments were to cover the entire cost of the property, including the interest up to the date of each of the five payments.

The sale was made according to the terms stated, but as the money was actually worth just 5 per cent a year to the party who sold, the question is to determine just how much he really got for the property,



Peddler Pete got his accounts all ing for each article just as many tangled up through the peculiar puryou going to Cuba?" and Pat caught chases of an eccentric old lady. First her in his arms and exclaimed: "Be- she bought some shoe strings and cause I am going to have Anna in then four times as many papers of pins, followed by eight times as many just how many handkerchiefs she Then one of them. I don't know handkerchiefs as shoe-strings, pay- must have purchased.

cents as she bought number of that article. She expended altogether \$3.24 and Peter is puzzled to recall

to Cuba very soon." Then she slipped a cog and asked, "Why are

in which they speak of smokeless

powder, horseless carriages, wireless telegraphy, and the like, and it does

not illustrate a phase of armless courtship which never will be popu-

lar. I merely mean to intimate that this young couple is making progress

and is getting there all right. It was getting late, and Amna asked Pat if

he was fond of traveling, and when he responded in the affirmative, she

asked him why he didn't travel, and that precipitated things,

him a little bit. He just looked ser-

ious and said. "Yes, I think of going

Such a broad hint never phased



It is said that the modern game of "Crups" is taken from an old dree game of India, wherein a group of natives play for a make by taking turns in throwing three dies mail the winger makes a throw which aids up seven by eleven?

What is it that Adam power had, never saw, yet left to such of his children?

What kind of a window conembles of Biart Skylight

Why is No. 9 the a posceed? It is nothing without he pall,

INSTALLMENT PUZZLE,

As showing how the general public fall to apply elementary arithmetic to practical matters, we call attention to the following problems:

A frugal bousewife who furnished her little flat with \$75 worth of goods purchased on the popular installment plan wishes to know what interest she really paid for the use of the money. The terms were that else was to pay down \$5 cash and \$5 per month until the goods were paid for; but incase she paid spot cash \$10 would be thrown off, so the articles would cost only \$65.

How many practical people can solve

no distribution

Can you analyze this old line game by celling what are the chappen of chrowing throw Gior to that they and up either neven

PERPETUAL MOTION.



Closely akin to the catch problem of the top of the moving wheel is the question of perpetual motion. Any person of mechanical ability should know that the idea of perpolasi multon is an absurdily equivalent to inventing a clock which will wind Itself.

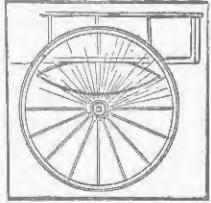
The following furlesque by Thomas A. Edison has an much sense as any idea yet promulgated. It impresents a wheel fur misted with eight digures, representing counds. There will always be a uses appears to a six and, as nine weight more than alz, it will make the whoel revalve rapidly, as well as your head when you understand it thoroughly.



THE CATCH PROBLEM OF THE MOVING WHEEL

I note in a scientific paper that a corres-pondent seeks for joiormation upon an old problem which has created considerable discussion in the mechanical world, by asking "When a wheel is going on the road does that part of the wheel close to the ground go slower than the opposite side that is free?"

Is would be strange that the editor should be caught capping on a problem as ald as Samson's iton packe, and yet see how cleverly be dodges the issue by giving an attweer which, while not responsive to the question asked, is worthy of the Salahara of the superior asked, is worthy of the Sphinx of Thelies. The reply says: "The rim or tire of the wheel travels faster than the limb, having to make a much larger revolution or circuit in the same time it taken the limb to revolve, but the part of the fire that is on the ground is novessarily travelling at the same rate around its own axis, as that part which is furthest from the ground. If the centre of the earth he regarded as the axis, that part of the wheel which rests upon the ground being nearer the central axis would be slower than the top part, which is further from the central axis. The computation of the difference would depend upon the size of the wheel." Read both the question and answer over several times, so as to compare the information desired with that imparted, and then to complete the missing data assume it to be 24-inch regulation wheel-riding upon frozen lake to eliminate all unevenuess the read-and then respond to the query how much faster, if at all, does the top of the wheel go than the bottom?



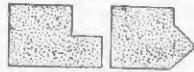
This is a famous problem, which has hern thiscussed actionally by mored scientists and mathematiciaus, nevertheless it is safe to say that the real point, as intended by the author, has been entirely over-Jooked. There is just enough of the mathematical and mechanical element in the make-up of the problem to provoke discussions from such as are well-up on these subjects, but the author propounded the question to decide a point of commind sense, which seems to have been utterly ignored.

It was evidently perpetrated as a joke, for the top of a wheel progresses exactly as fast as the bottom. If the question referred to a mark on the tire the answer would be different, for the top is the highest point of the wheel and cannot repart of an inch it ceases to be the top.

Why do girls blow bubbles better than boys? They are more siry,



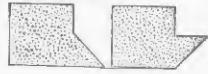
THE REMNANT PUZZLE.



Occasion has been taken to explain the Armi of these figures to show how any two square-shaped piece may be cut into three please which will it tagether an as to form a perfect square. It proves the correctness of Backid's forty-seventh problem, and is a most valuable rule worth knowing. The Remball Plants is siven to show that the same rule applies as well to the combination of squares with trangles to form one targe

The lady has an old-shaped remainit which she wishes to cut into three pieces which will form a square without

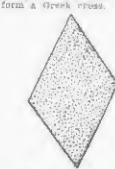
The following Illustration will abow that the trlangular place may also be placed to any position in contact with the square. We have, therefore, four puzzles which Hiustrate the famous Fous Ashorum, out say of the four shapes into three piesse which will fit together an as form a perfect square.

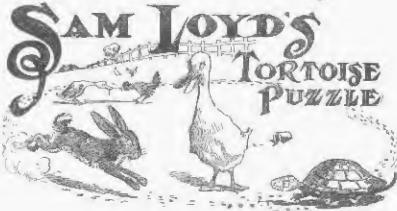


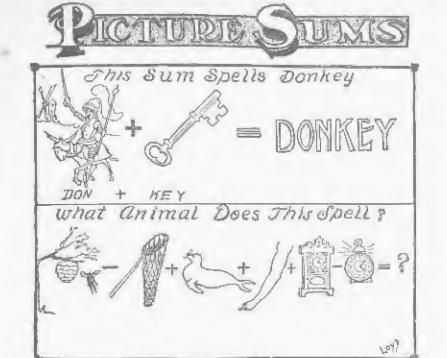
THE TORTOISE AND THE HARE.

Aesop tells of a sportive young have that raced with a tortoise around a circular track, which was too yards in diameter, giv ng him a start of one-eighth of the distance. The bare beld such a poor opinion of the other's ability that he loitered along ofbbling the grass, and only realized that the tortolse was putting up a great race when they met at a point when the bare had run but one sixth of his distance. How much faster than he went before must the hare now run to win the race?

Cut this dismond-shaped piece (ato three parts which will fit together so As to form a Greek crucis.







A FISHING EXCURSION.

Name the following score of fishes; A planetory tish,

A stamp. To find fault.

A lance

A carrine. A feline.

A sphere.

A smear. An explosive,

10 A weapon.
11. A heam of light,
12. Part of the foot. Part of the foot.

Terms of sale. 14. A kind of tree.

A Michigan pown. 16. A precious metal

17. The source of light,

18. A winter pastime, 19. A lineal measure.

20. A color.

27. Remove a letter from a cry and leave a country product; when beheaded again will leave a quantity of paper.

SIMPLE REPETITIONS.

Place a word in the first space of each sentence, which make sense when repeated in the second, even though it may have a different meaning:

I With the - gave me 1

2. The mischlevous young --over the - Cower heds and rained

3. He - minutes to catch the train so he must — or be left.
4. It is almost — to tell the gard-

6. His sister --- in the hammock saw him - out for a walk.

A CHAPTER OF ACCIDENTS.

Fill in the following dozen spaces with words which have similar endings. Each change is made by the substitution of a single letter.

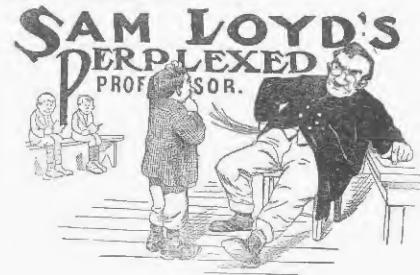
Mrs. — Jones — in her rocking-chair, pondering over last month's puzzle page, when she was startled by the entrance of a big - which in its desperate efforts to escape dislodged a --- from the wall. This so scared the -which was resting on the - after paring to _____, that she fell into a of hot - and was rescuted by - who exclaimed, 'Good gracious, where am - ?"

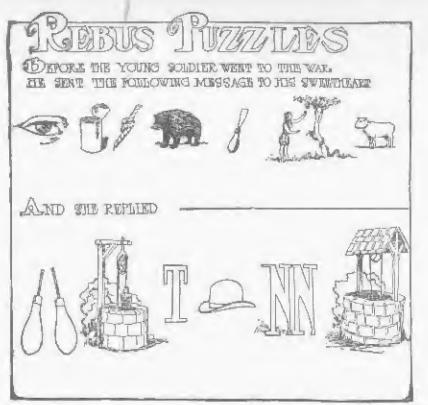
SOLATESDEADE

DEBUS DUZZLE 7.5 J.WOT

solved the problem readily, but

Tommy Muttonhead propounds to Tommy could not see how a thing that his teacher the perplexing query: "If was not what they said it was had five times six were 33, what would the anything to do with something else half of 20 be?" The other pupils that is not what they say it is. The other pupils that is not what they say it is.





DOUBLE BEHEADINGS AND CURTAILMENTS.

1. Remove the first letter from a word which signifies durable and leave a piece of furniture; behead once more and leave a word that inplies skill.

2. Remove the first letter from a building material and leave a musical sound; behead once more and leave a unit.

3. Remove the first letter from a railroad appliance and leave a sorcerer; behead again and produce a disease.

4. Remove the first letter from a solemn pledge and leave a word which signifies to use; behead once more and leave an important organ.

5. Remove the last letter from a word which signifies to gaze, and leave a planet; behead it and leave a sailor.

6. Remove the first letter from a word which pertains to harness, and leave a contest; behend once more and leave a single sput.

7. Remove the first letter from a word which signifies to follow and leave part of a fence; when beheaded once more it will be sick.

8. Remove the first letter from one of a pair and leave a victory, which beheaded again implies contained.

9. Remove the first letter from some grain and create warmth; behead again and learn what to do with

10. Remove the first letters from a word which signifies near and leave leave what you want for supper. a contest; behead once more and you will be not at home.

11. Remove the first letter from an edge and leave a place of amuse- will see the finish. ment; behead once more and you will be able to write with it.

piece of furniture and leave a cov- what signifies consumed. ering for the head; behead once more and leave a tune.

cold and leave an elevation which at; behead once more and we have beheaded once more becomes very a word which treats of things separ-

14. Remove the first letter from a creeping animal and leave an iron pin; when beheaded once more does not feel well.

15. Remove the first letter from a boy's name and leave a degree; curtail and it tells how he went away.

16. Remove the first letter from a cutting implement and be told to harken; behead once more and learn what you are to give.

17. Remove the first letter from the cost and leave a grain; behead once more and leave something very cold.

18. Remove the first letter from a shallow dish and you will be behind time; behead once more and it will be eaten.

19. Remove the first letter from a position and have some embroidery: behead once more and be one of a

20. Remove the first letter from the beginning and leave a sharp raste; behead once more to learn a umfession.

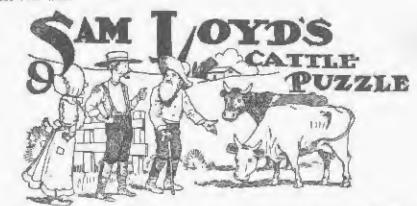
21. Remove the first letter from a melody and leave to educate; behead once more and find a shower.

22. Remove the first letter from vapor and leave a pair; curtail and

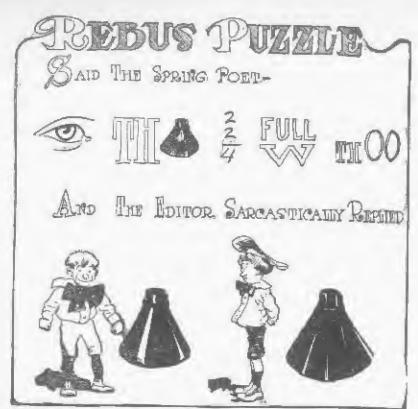
23. Remove the first letter from disbursing and find something unfinished; behead once more and you

24. Remove the first letter from a species of stone and find an en-12. Remove the first letter from a trance; behead once more and leave

25. Remove the first letter from a word which means to instruct and 13. Remove the first letter from a leave a word which signifies to arrive



CATTLE PUZZLE. cleaning up just 5 per cent, on his for \$210. On one he made 10 per cent, inally cost him? and on the other he lost 10 per cent.,



GEOGRAPHICAL DROP-LET-TER PUZZLES.

1. Take a letter from a town in Tennessee and leave a town in North leave what belongs to me.

2. Just drop a letter from a river in New York and leave a word which means to murmur softly,

3. Take a letter from a town in Oregon and leave a wager.

4. Take a letter from a city in Florida and leave a county in Iowa,

5. Take a letter from a river in Mississippi and leave a loud noise. 7. Take a letter from a New York

county and leave a flowing garment. 8. Take a letter from a New York

town and leave a word which signifies watchfulness.

9. Take a letter from a town in New Jersey and leave a lad.

10. Take a letter from a town in Pennsylvania and leave an animal, or from a county in Pennsylvania and leave an animal.

11. Take a letter from a New York town and leave some vases.

12. Take a letter from a New York town and leave a sound.

13. Take a letter from a Georgia town and leave part of a fish, also from a New York town.

14. Take a letter from a West Virginia town and leave work for a

sey town and leave a chain of moun-

16. Take a letter from a state and domestic animal.

and leave a young animal.

18. Take a letter from a New York town and leave a wild animal. leave a favorite heverage.

19. Take a letter from a foreign country and leave a coin of the leave a native.

New York and leave Jack Spratt's favorite food.

21. Take a letter away from a foreign country and leave what we all

22. Take a letter away from a town in Massachusetts and leave a transfer of property.

23. Take a letter away from a river in Russia and leave the name of a Russian princess.

24. Take a letter away from a river in Russia and leave the name of a Russian princess.

25. Take a letter away from a county in Pennsylvania and leave a national American delicacy,

26. Take a letter from a Long Island town and leave a landing-

27. Take a letter away from a Montana city and leave a girl's name. 28. Take a letter away from a

famous river and leave nothing. 29. Take a letter away from a town in North Carolina and leave what Mother Hubbard was quable

30. Take a letter away from a town in New York and leave a bird.

to find.

31. Take a letter away from a town in New York and leave a

32. Take a letter away from a 17. Take a letter from an island town in New Hampshire and leave a

33. Take a letter from a state and

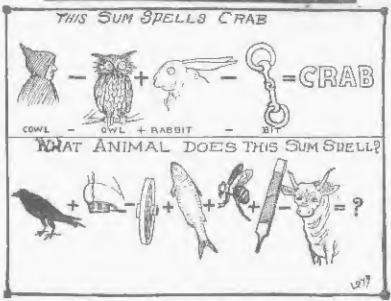
34. Take a letter from a state and

35. Take away a letter from a 20. Take a letter from a town in state and leave a reddish color.



"I spent one-sixth of my years in the mony, when Jimmy was been. He was Boss, "one-twelfth in the liquor busi- he was but half my present age." ness in New York, and one-seventh. How old was the Boss? 15. Take a letter from a New Jer- and five years in politics and matri-

old country as a boy," remarked the elected Alderman four years ago when



RHYMING BIRDS.

Complete the following verses by

at the sun,

Or perched upon some cliff, with aspect regal,

Far, far above the range of hunter's Pun.

2. A Bible tale oft runneth in my

Which, on my memory deeply

Tells of a prophet who by birds was fed. What bird was that? The

3. Wise birds are they "who to the moon complain." Of wolf and fox and bears who

nightly prowl. Though rats and mice flee from that bird in vain.

What bird is that? The

4. Black yest, white coat, with collar buff or yellow;

What bird is this, dear scholars? Can you think?

His song is cheery, light and gay, yet mellow. Sure, 'tis the

5. What bird so dear, we scarce could do without him?

To build his nest, he seizes cord and bobbin.

His whistling notes enchant the air about him.

You can't mistake the

A SEA SERPENT PUZZLE.

The crop of sea serpents has been theme are remarkably original.

ever, has disillusionized the public puzzlists to tell just how many ser-

dustry upon a substantial business basis. Exaggerated yarns of the old salts; expert testimony and professionally authenticated log books are to longer accepted unless backed up by a set of pictures taken by members of the amateur kinetoscopers.

A puzzling story of the sea serpent, told on the authority of Captain Hauptman, is that while becalmed off Coney Island he was surrounded by a school of sea serpents. The doughty mariner reports that many of the sement- were blind. He says; "Three could not look from their starboard blinkers; three could not look to larboard. Three could look to starboard, three to larboard; three could look both to starboard and larboard, while three had both their optics out of commission." So it was duly emered on the logbook and duly sworn to that "there were eighteen serpents in sight." inserting the names of well-known mausually large this year, and many. But a couple of camera fiends who new varieties have been seen at the got a focus on the school of mon-1. Now soaring high, while gazing seaside resorts. The yarns of the sters have developed their negatives Nantucket skippers are as thrilling in a way that negatives the whole as ever, and for such time-honored story and reduces the number of serpents to the minimum of possibili-The advent of the kodak, how- ties, which brings it up to our clever What bird is that? The mind and placed the sea serpent in- pents belonged to that school?

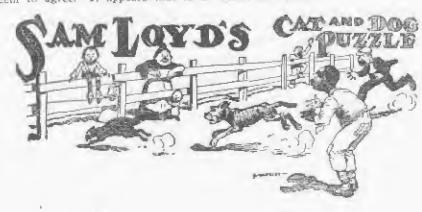
SOLAKSDEARE

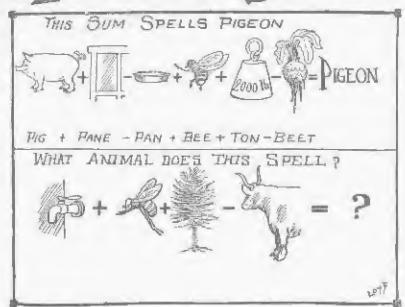
DEDUS DUZZLE



CAT AND DOG FUZZLE. siderally exercised over the outcome seem to agree. It appears that in a

race of \$4 yards from a post to a tree Darktown sporting circles are con- and back to the post, that Sport springs 5 feet at every bound and of a cat and dog race, about the facts Tabby only 3, but then she makes 8 and figures of which no two persons jumps to his 5. What should be the result of the race?





1. Separate a word which represents a vegetable into two parts one of which is a device for raising fluids, the other a relative.

2. Separate a preference and get an cities; animal and a personal prenoun.

3. Separate oppression and get un-lawful extortion and tell what became of Jake's dinner.

4. Separate obstinacy and get "by the way" and part of a prom.

5. Separate to make invalile and get the termination and a part of the head. 6. Separate a restoration and get a restraint and a civil power.

7. Separate an exchange and get a pleased sound and a pursuit.

8, Separate a collection value and get an assertion and a number of years. 9. Separating something chesp and

get the part of a fence and a profit. 10. Separate a color and get a vehi-

ele and something which belongs to 11. Separate a monotony and get a sound and what produces sound.

frisk and a piece of jewelry.

A DOZEN OF LEGAL SEPARA- A PUZZLING TRAGEDY OF THE HIGH SEAS.

In the following account of a piratical transaction are skillfully conscaled the names of a dozen

There were nine vehement muti- Why then, still pining?

neers conspiring to capture their ship. "A risky piece of business." muttered the mate to his pal. "My rank makes this part an easy matter. but the best plan is to hind the captain during his noon nap lest he wake up. He's usually ugly, so hand over the sword on the sofa, then secure the revolver on a shelf by his head. From every passenger we can then exact a large ransonn."

SOME MORE DOUBLE DECAPI-TATIONS

Showing Five Words Which Are Beheaded Twice. To tuneful Warbler's merry -Amid cheery sound of meadow --His heavy heart accordeth --

"Pshaw," said the silly fittle ---What need of making such a ---If for a moment I peep -

"Why should I fear the angler's --I'm not big enough to -Nor care to horrow future --- "

Why sit so silent on the ---Give me some music, Birdle -On all around the sun's light ---la gayly shining ----.

The gloonty shades of darkness ----Earth, with a floud of sunshine ----Finds many a voice to welcome ----

SOLAKSDEADE

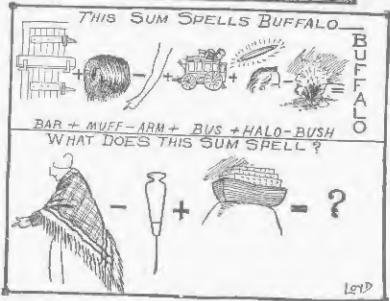


SKATER'S PUZZLE.

It is recorded that in a mile race between two graceful skaters the rivals the other's place of beginning. 12. Separate frolicking and get to With the advantage of a strong wind mile.

Jenule performed the feat two and a balf times as quick as Mande, and beat her by six minutes. The problem, started from opposite points to skate which has created no end of discussion, is to tell the time of each in skating the





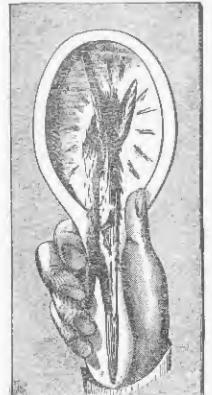
SIMPLE REPETITIONS.

Place a word in the first apace that second, although it may have a differ- success, one meaning.

Although the red stockings knew they were --- they hardly expected il to - to one defent.

The - Count informed the family that he was - to form the alliance until - a house,

FIND YOUR PORTRAIT IN THE MIRROR.



unless he received a proper settlement.

will make sense when repeated in the ness venture out - proves to be a and leave curtain wriggling nuimals.

large - to give - put in the salad, of vessel.

Willie wanted his - to go to the

I was not with so small -- to make the business a -- one.

Unless he could - prejudices, he country

She, taking the boy's - him away from the toy he so roughly ----.

He said that he would not --gambling and therefore refused to make - on the game.

The fencers were --- to commence - when it was discovered that they had forgotten their masks.

The landlady says it is -- to give her boarders a him that they must --

He said he wished to -- cent to help pay his rent, but the scent of his breath was so strong that we told him

DOUBLE DECAPITATIONS.

Behead a weapon used in hunting, and leave a fruit, again, and leave what Polonius bade Laertes "give every man." (Hamlet, Act I, Scene 3.)

Beliead to while drowsily and leave a part of a chain; again, a liquid in universal use.

Helicad to upbraid, and leave frigid; again, and leave ancient.

Beliead part of an automobile, and We are - told that not one busi- leave what is bad to be "nut at"; again,

Behead a dangering sea mouster, and The grocer presented me with this leave to listen; again, and leave a kind

Rebearf a sloggish animal, and leave country, but ma said they could not go part of a finger; again, and leave to be indisposed.

Behead calm, and leave to cultivate; again, and leave harm,

Behead that which rolling, "gathers had no other -- than to leave the no moss," and leave melody; again, and leave a whole.



CONDUCTOR'S PUZZLE.

"What is the true age of that boy?" suburban resident replied:

"My son is five times as old as my How old was the boy?

daughter, and my wile is five times as old as the son and I am twice as old asked the conductor. Flattered by the as my wife, while grandmother, who is interest shown in his family affairs, the as old as all of us put together is colcbrating her 61st birthday."

A BURIED PROVERB.

In the following lines may be found hidden words which, taken in regular order, will make a familiar proverb:

Yet I see them all I on golden wings that fly

Old memories steal anew. With a tear, with a sigh, with an old. old cry,

They return in ghostly hae!



PROPOSITION-Guess the location of the hits.



score-4889 to 4821. The shooting took place simultaneously on both sides of the ocean, and the results

and interesting one.

ments of the uninitiated spectators, one for the trouble of solving it. who were greatly mystified by the language of the marksmen who were continually calling out hours of the day strangely at variance with the correct time. Many persons gravely explained that it referred to the difference in time between New York and Paris. "What time did you shoot?" one expert would ask another. "Half past five, but I think I will try half-past four." tried three o'clock, then four, and I shall now try five o'clock!"

sary, on the longer ranges, to make occasioned the fall of man.

S A VETERAN SHOT an allowance for wind and distance. who has participated in so all marksmen look upon their many matches, I was targets as representing the dial of a greatly interested in the clock, so if, when firing straight at tures). recent pistol match by the bull's eye the ball hits down cable, wherein the Americans proved where the figure five would be, all their superiority over the French- he has got to do now is to fire at men, although it was a pretty close eleven o'clock to score a "plumb keep a big dog, and kick him.

lems developed during the match upon each target were cabled over, which I am certain would interest what relation is Dick to Tom? Tom which made the match an exciting our puzzlists. Here, for instance, is his grandfather. is one which struck me as being to

One of the marksmen scored 96 examintaion to show that he had scored three "doublets," as they term the feat of passing two balls through the same hole.

The targets show the rings scoring pires are examining, and which it up, make up the score of 96 points.

Why is a pair of skates like an

Why, if a man has a gallery of paintings, may you pek his peckets? Because he has picked-yours (pic-

How can you get a new set of teeth inserted gratis? Go into somebody else's garden, where they

Where did you go on your tenth There were some interesting prob- birthday? Into your eleventh year. If Dick's father is Tom's son,

If Joab was Zeruiah's son, what I was greatly amused by the com- pretty that I am sure it will repay relation was Zeruiah to Joah? His mother, his maternal parent. What is that which lives in win-

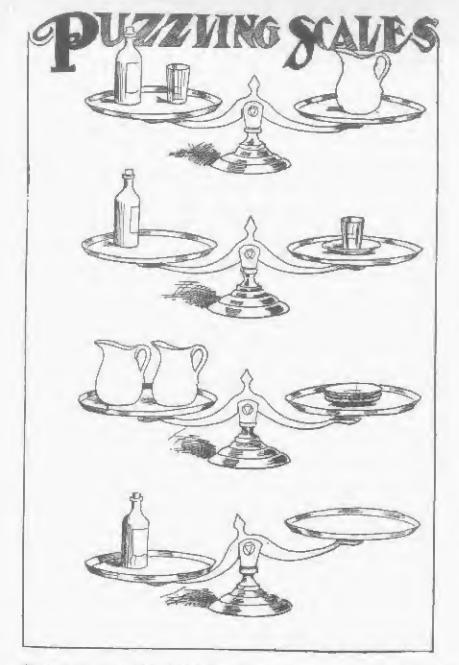
with six shots, but it required a close ter, dies in summer, and grows with its roots upwards? An icicle.

Why is a professional thief very comfortable? Because he usually takes things so easy.

Why is the food one eats on an from one to fifty points. The puzzle ocean steamer like a difficult conunis to name the shots which the um- drum? Because we have to give

> Why do little birds in their nest agree? For fear of falling out.

Which of the feathered tribe can The whole point is that it is neces- apple? Because they have both lift the heaviest weights? The crane.



Here is an illustration in kindergarten algebra. On the first scales a pitcher balances with a bottle and a tumbler; on the second scales a add a tumbler on each side of the bottle balances with one tumbler and a plate. In the third equation two make the left arm the same as that pitchers balance with three plates. which shows that one plate equals two-thirds of a pitcher. In the fourth you are asked to tell how many tun- Then the plate, being two-thirds of blers it would require to balance with x, the two tumblers must weigh the a bottle?

algebraical axiom that "things equaling the same things equal each other." As the letters x, y, z are al- bottle must weigh the remaining fiveways employed to represent the un- sixths, thus answering the query of

known quantities, we will say that the pitcher equals x, so a plate must equal one-third of x. Now let us scales in the second illustration to of the first scales, That proves x (the pither) to equal two-thirds of # (the plate) and two tumblers. other one-third, so each tumbler rep-Here we have an illustration of the resents one-sixth of x. In the first illustration we see one-sixth (a tunybler) and a bottle equal x. Then the

the last illustration by proving that a bottle would balance with five glasses

A Rebus

With my first do the waters contend, Or 'tis seen in the pastures so втеен:

My second brings all to an end And my whole's oft effected by

Cipher Answer .- 4, 1, 13, 1, 7, 5.

A Charade.

A word of two syllables-what is its

Though grapples two things, but one it can claim:

If I be expelled from this little word, Then lighter than air, ne'er seen, never beard!

Put head to the tail, transferring with

This light, floating thing, in sea, earth

Wherever you seek, will always be

Cipher Answer.-5, 9, 20, 8, 5, 18.

The following composition was handed to the teacher by a little advocate of reform spelling; it was entitled: "The Grey Cow's Soliloguy in a Barnyard."

Eyebrows awl dey threw loan would oar vell, weighting four Thee son's to raise two Marc Thee our The made whither pale honor Ed. Leeds Thee err dome buy Thee gait. Can you read it understandingly?



Kitty says to Harry: "Give me one of your permies and I can buy an apple for baby and one for myself, and you will have just money enough to buy yourself one."

"No," says Harry; "baby basn't got any teeth and couldn't eat an apple. Give me one of your pennies, and you and I can each get an orange and haby can hear us suck 'em."

How many pennies did the children have?

ANSWERS TO PUZZLES GIVEN IN REGULAR ORDER.

The clown's 47 problem is solved by the rule which produces a right angled triangle from any odd number, viz.: Square it; 47×47=2,209, Divide by 2, and make the hypoth. one greater than the base. Ans.: 47, 1,104 and 1,105. Strange that the fool should have hit upon a dione answer in whole numbers, There and Oahua, would have been ten answers if he from any even number, square the given number and divide by 4. The and I less than the hypoth., viz.; 8×8=64, divided by 4=18. So the triangle would be 8, 17 and 19.

I really blush to give the fool's answer to "Why was the blade of that scimeter curved?" It was curved so that it would fit the scabbard |

In the square game mark off 25, 6 and 19=50.

In the leeman puzzle the words are: Soltice, avarice, or artifice, as the mathematical powers of the notice, office, edifice, malice, service, choice or prejudice, office, practice, poultice, justice, comice, lattice, accomplice, vice, dice, rice, surplice, mice, juice, pamice, copice, splice, had gone some distance when Fred dentifrice, bodice, price, suffice, ca- broke his sprocket wheel in a way price, police, advice, device, crevice, which permitted of no temporary reand precipice.

The Patchquilt puzzle shows the turn. He could maintain a threenames: Jule, Lona, Dinah, Edna, minute gair on his own wheel, but on Mand, Jennie, Minnie, Anna, Carry, her wheel could not do better than Mary, Nan. Nancy, Jane, Mae, Judy, Hannah and Eva.

Sammy said that chicken was like a farmer because he loved a full crop and measured his corn by the pecks. It was large because it was over two feet. The wings, rear and head of sprocket wheel was ready at home, an army. The gas man's bill, The and could be replaced in ten minutes. foot, spur and side. The tail. The Now then, if they left home at 10 clause and leg I see. The eye, comb, A. M., and assuming that they did head, Hen, Biddy, and Hennie. The the best that circumstances pertows and legs. A base ball player mitted, according to the conditions might say it was a foul.

PUZZLE OF CASEY'S COW

lengths, less one foot, while the cow they had gone as far as possible up goes half a bridge length, less five to the point of the accident? feet, and would go three bridge five times as fast as the cow, and two wheel, at 3-minute gait-15m.; 18

to two and a half bridge lengths, less minute speed-3h. 17 11-17 m.; 23 bridge length is twenty-four feet and speed-Ih, 56 8-17m.; total, 8 hours, the whole length is forty-eight feet.

Concealed geography shows: Artois, Smyrna, Nahant, Marblehead, Amherst, Lawrence, Persia, Maderia. Andover, Salem, Roxbury, miles riding home, five-minute speed America, Malta, Pisa, Umbago, To- -1h, 56 8-17 m.; total, 8 hours. mension to which we can find but Jedo. Utah, Sacramento, Panama

Such of our puzzlists as completed had said 48 rails. To find a triangle the cross-State run, report that the only possible route by which all of the towns can be visited but once is quotient will be I more than the base to take them in the following sequence, according to the designated numbers: Philadelphia to 15, 22, 18, 14, 3, 8, 4, 10, 19, 16, 11, 5, 9, 2, 7, 13, 17, 21, 20, 6, 12 and then to Eric, which completes the trip after having visited the twenty-two towns.

AHEWER TO A BICYCLE MISHAP In that story from actual experience it was made clear, by giving the facts just as they occurred, so as to appeal to the common sense as well solvers. It was told that Fred and his best girl started out on a century run one bright morning at 10 o'clock. They went at a five-minute clip and pairs. They were compelled to rethree and a half minutes. She could walk, leading the broken wheel, at a speed of a mile in twenty minutes, and he could do the same in fifteen minutes. Everything was favorable, and it was also stated that a new mentioned, and both got home at exactly 6 o'clock, what would their As the train goes two bridge respective cyclometers register if

The accident occurred when he lengths, less three inches, while the had gone 33 3-17 miles at the speed cow went half a bridge length, plus of five minutes-2h. 45 15-17m.; Your feet, nine inches, we see that 33 3-17 miles he returns, at 31/2-minthe train would go five bridge ute speed-1h, 56 2-17m.; 23 5-17 lengths less fifteen inches, while the miles back to meet the lady, 31/2-mincow went one bridge length, less ute speed-1h, 21 9-17 m.; mending three inches. So the train goes just wheel, 10m.; 5 miles on his own

bridge lengths less one foot is equal 15-17ni., 9 15-17 nüles walking, 20twenty-five feet. Hence half a 5-17 miles riding home, five minute

Her record-33 3-17 miles to accident, five-minute speed-2h, 45 15-17 miles walking, 20-minute speed-3h. 17 11-17m.; 23 5-17

Many overlooked the point that she might ride on while he was fixing his new sprocket wheel, and that the time or distance is not affected by the loss of the ten minutes. Her exclometer should register 112 16-17 miles, and his but 66 6-17, leaving the matter as to which has done the hardest work and is the most tired an open question.

The hardware store shows the articles: Stovelifters, hammers, nails, bolts, spades, castors, locks, glass,

The eashier gave 5 ones, 50 twos and 19 fives.

If you cut the shafts off close and place on the other side the head will be where it should be:

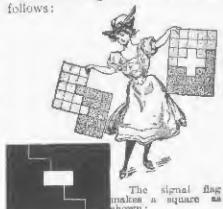
The proverb says, "it is never too late to mend."

That man seems to be prying.

ANSWER TO TURF PUZZLE

If the odds are 7 to 3 against Apple Pie, then we receive back \$10 for an outlay of \$3; or would get back \$11 for an outlay of \$5 on Bumble Bee. Therefore to balance the book we must place \$27 to \$83 on Cucumber, as proven by the following: \$33 on A would bring \$110, or \$50 on B would bring \$110, and \$27 to \$83 on C would bring \$110. So if you place \$33, \$50 and \$27, which amounts to \$110, no matter which horse wins you just get your \$110 back.

The Swiss flag was constructed as



Here is the way to convert the is correct, as it will be found that rying it two feet beyond the mark flag into a square:



Three squares can be cut into five pieces to make one square; by following the rule given later in the carpentry problems for changing oblongs into squares. It is interesting because all the puzzle books give an impossible answer in seven pieces.



The change of a cross into an oblong is explained in the 1903 Easter puzzle. The cross can be cut on any two of the transverse lines, as



The literary burglars have to guess the word PYX.

Grandfather's query as to the difference in weight between six dozen dozen pounds of feathers and half a dozen dozen pounds of gold, shows: that the catch of six dozen dozen being 864, while half a dozen dozen would be but half a gross, does not satisfy the question, because gold is weighed by troy weight, while feathers are weighed by avoirdupois weight. In this case the time honored reply of "A pound is a pound the world over," will not apply.

To be exact, six dozen dozen pounds of feathers weigh 864 pounds avoirdupois, while 72 pounds troy of gold is only equal to 59 pounds 3 onnees and 40034 grains, so the actual difference would be 804 pounds 12 ounces and 30 grains.

ception of the relationship between troy and avoirdupois weight. Some believe that the pounds weigh the same, but in one case is divided into race. sixteen parts and in the other case into twelve to represent ounces. has to make precisely 100 leaps to More people, however, believe that the ounces are the same, so that the avoirdupois pound weighs sixteen ounces while the troy pound weighs

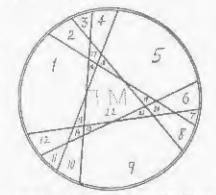
systems turns upon the fact that a pound avoirdapois weighs 7,000 grains, while a pound troy weighs only 5.760 grains.

In presenting the answer to the Fony Puzzle, Mr. Loyd takes occasion to point out the fact of the black pieces of paper being nothing but a delusion and a snare. The pieces are to be placed so as to make the representation of a little white horse in the center as shown,

It was this trick of the white horse of Uppington which popularized the slang expression: "Oh, but that is a straight lines. horse of another color!"



The boardinghouse pie can be cut into 22 pieces, as shown. The letters show how Aunt Mary marked her pies so as to tell whether 'tis mince or 'taint mince:



ANSWER TO THE CAT AND DOG RACE

In Barnum's great puzzle it was said that "A trained cat and dog run a race 100 feet straightaway and return. The dog leaps three feet at The average person has no con- each bound and the cat two feet. The she makes three leaps to the dog's two," and the puzzle was to tell what were the possibilities of the

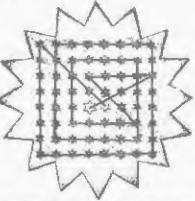
Now, the cat wins, of course. It complete the distance and return. The dog, on the contrary, is compelled to go 102 feet and back. Its thirty-third leap takes it to the 99but twelve. Of course, neither case foot mark and so another leap, car-

the connecting link between the two becomes necessary. In all, the dog input make 68 leaps to go the distance. But it jumps only two thirds as quickly as the cat, so that while the cat is making 100 teaps the dog cannot make quite 07.

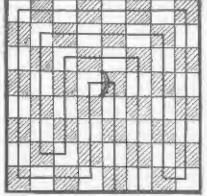
Hat the puzzle turns upon the possibilities of the rase, just let us suppose that the sat isa Sir Thomas cat and the dog Blanche is one referred to as sise. Then the possibilities which Burnam had up his sleeve would read; "A cat and a dog run a 100-foot straight away race and return. The dog makes three leaps to the cat's two." So the dog maily goes 3 feet to the cat's two." So the dog really goes o feet to the cat a 4. As the dog unishes the race in 08 lesses, the cat will have gone but M feet and 8 lunhes. That study in division was solved by a little boy No. 6.

Standing on his head so that the number 191 was divisible by 7.

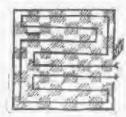
The astronomical puzzle solves by 14



That lesson in military tarties wherein a military division was to enter the park at one gate, go through the sixty four squares and out at the other gate after passing under the triumphal arch in the center of the field, was sufficiently difficult to amass and interest our young puzzlists, who found that there was but one way to perform the feat in difteen moves, as sh although there are a thousand and one routes which call for just one exten turn.



Paddy's Pig made 14 turns, as



ANSWER TO THE ROQUE'S LETTER

In that study of hidden cities we find the following familiar places in their regular order: Cleveland, Baltimore, Raleigh, Dallas, Omaha, Macon, Utica, Winona, Norwalk, Andover, Dover, Derby, York, Thebes, Reading, Rome, Early, Dayton, Lowell and Ellsworth.

Charade: Metaphysician. SOLUTION TO CONVENTION PUZZLE

found to be to the negative vote as transferred from the affirmative to the negative, the negative had a matority of one. This shows that 21 was one-seventh of the whole number of votes.

WHAT HAPPENED

elephant and the mischievous boy it was required to cut the picture into two pieces which would lit together so as to show what happened when the chain broke. The following ilhistration describes the scene very aptly:



The monkey went from 10, 11, 12, 8, 4, 3, 7, 6, 2, 1, 5 and 9, as that route travels the wide spaces but twice.

The rebus arithmetic reads: Cow lem is of use in discovering the an-+heel+women, less wheel, less cow, swer. which would leave O.

In the story of the great parade it was told that when the men attemptwas always a vacant space left where Casey used to walk. Now all of our young puzzlists know how to find the least common multiple of 2, 3, 4, first count the affirmative vote was of one puzzles them, because it took them away from the rules of their 4 to 3, but when eleven votes were books. Nevertheless, it is plain arithmetic and yields readily to a 8, 9 and 10, and may be divided by and pack them into the center. Then any of those numbers, hence that must have been the original number In this rolliesome picture of the of members, when Casey was alive. Take away the one man and attempt to arrange the parade with any number of men from 2 to 10 abreast, and it is plain to be seen that the last row will always be short just one scientific. man, so it is obvious that the correct answer would be 2,519 men if it were not for that puzzle catch where it said: "As eleven would not do." For 2,519 men could be divided by 11, so we will have to give 5039 as the correct number of men who could not be divided into rows from 2 to

> The Monad puzzle is cut into four pieces by the curved line as shown, whereas a straight cut from A to B would give 4 pieces of same size but different shapes. The horse shoes may be divided into four pieces which will fit together so as to make a perfect monad.



Charade: Mama or papa.

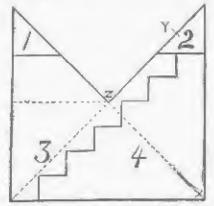
SOLUTION TO LAUNDRY PUZZLE

It can be seen that if there were thirty pieces of laundry and Freddie was charged 27 cents for half the cuffs and one-third of the collars, there must have been 12 cuffs and 18 collars, so Charlie will owe 39 cents, as collars cost 2 cents and cuffs 23/2 cents.

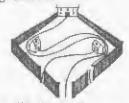
The Smart Alec puzzle, as was intimated, proved to be a difficult task to master by purely experimental methods, although, as was explained, a knowledge of Pythagoras' prob-

Pythagoras' rule will give us at least the size of the square to be formed, for if we divide the paper ed to march with any number of men into four pieces by cutting in the -from two to ten-in a row, there dotted lines, we know that 2 and 4 will make one square, while I and 3 will form a smaller one. Placing the two squares together, according to the manner explained some time ago, There were 147 votes cast. On the 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10, but that vacancy the hypothenuse line from the corner X to the top of the smaller square at Y gives the size of the new square.

To solve the puzzle, however, in little reasoning, 2520 is the least the fewest possible number of pieces. common multiple of 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, first clip off the little pieces 1 and 2 cut the zig-zag steps, and move the piece No. 4 down one step and the four pieces fit together so as to make a perfect square. There are numerous ways of performing the feat with from five to a dozen pieces, but the answer as given is both difficult and



The Quarrelsome Neighbors made their paths as shown in the accompanying sketch:



What did the bear want? Why, as he was in a dry goods store, he wanted muslin!

The players who all won were fiddlers in the German band and gained \$5 per night. I did not intimate they were card players.

ANSWERS TO LABELS AND TRADE-MARKS

All of the pictorial rebusses contained in that odd collection of labels from the corner grocery were mastered by our clever puzzlists, although some of them proved to be pretty hard outs to crack. The following are the words given in their regular order: Cab-ages, Beets, Berries, Tar, Borax. Time and Sage, Tom eight o's, Black king. Fears, Rays Inn's, Turn ups, Coal and wood, Teas and Condensed Milk. Dates, Butter, Candies, Candles, Canned Peas, Pickles, Mat chess, Cat sup, Flour, Molasses, Indian and Rhyme cels, Farina, and Carpet tacks.

THE REBUS PUZZLE

In the sketch of the two parrots which are supposed to represent the motto of a tea store a clever reading of the situation will discover that "ON ST is the best poll I see." or, as the merchant would say, "Honest tea is the best policy."

In the first of the Time Puzzles the watches must have started at 45 minutes and 25 seconds past midnight, and as the fastest gets three minutes ahead of the other every hour, it would be one hour ahead in 20 hours; it is therefore 20 minutes ahead of correct time, while the other is 8.45m. 25 sec.

In the proposition: How soon will the hour, minute and second hands again appear the same distance apart? Hold the picture before a nurror and it will indicate the time at which it will arrive in exactly 6 hrs., 10 min., 50 secs. The second hand occurs midway between the hour and minute hands 1,427 times every 12 hours (43,200 seconds), viz.: Every 30 seconds as the constant, which gives the position on the dial as the nearest possible tri-section.

A pendulum 52.02981 inches long will vibrate 52.02981 times in a minute. If you can't figure it out, take my word for its correctness.

The Butcher Boy problem is authentic in every detail. Butcher Boy cost \$220, sold at 12 per cent, loss= \$198. The other horse cost \$264, sold at 10 per cent, profit=\$295.68. Total, \$484; received \$493.68, which shows 2 per cent, profit on the whole.

The mystery of the Gold Brick is mathematically explained by saving that the new form is really 25 x 25 1-29, which still contains 576 square inches.

The Hindoo puzzle forms the cross as follows:



that the infant "cannot go a step farther.

Noah must have been the writer.

by one cut, into 4 by the second; 8 by the third; 15 by the fourth; 26 by the fifth, and 42 by the sixth.

The Japanese Mines may be cross- the towns must be 18 miles. ed by two straight lines as shown:



In the Puzzleland Patchquilt we find the names of Hannah, Esta, Tesse, Amos, Moses, James, Josh, Sam, Mose, Otto, Frank, Hanks, Harry, Thomas, Hope, Joseph, Jesse, Seth, Hart, Henry, Mat, Nate, Nathon, Aesop, Earnest, Anna, Ann, of saying that each pen must con-Anne, Emma and Jose.

The Cipher despatch says: Let us suppose that Charles is one-third richer than Ellen, then how much poorer is Ellen than Charles? The answer to which is that Ellen is onefourth poorer than Charles.

SOLUTION TO WEARY WILLIE AND TIRED TIM PUZZLE

The information gleaned from Weary Willie's diary proves that the distance between Joytown and Pleasantville is 18 miles.

The answer to this problem may be obtained by simple addition, subtraction, and a little common sense, as follows:

When they met for the first time, Weary Willie had gone ten miles from Joytown, while their combined journeys equaled the distance between the two towns.

Meeting for the second time, their combined journeys equaled three times the distance between the towns.

miles when they met for the second one pigs!

Weary Willie walked ten miles from Joytown and met Tim; then he went the distance from that signpost to Pleasantville.

Back he came 12 miles from Pleasantville to the signpost in the secoud picture.

We have proved that he went altogether 30 miles. Also that he went 10 miles, 12 miles and the dis-It is apparent from the struggles tance from the signpost in the first picture to Fleasantville,

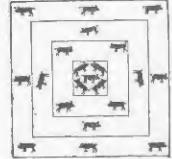
That unknown stretch we may The Bottled letter shows that now ascertain by deducting 22 miles from 30 miles, giving 8 miles as the The cheese is divided in two pieces distance Willie had to go to complete his trip to Pleasantville, after he had gone 10 miles.

Therefore, the distance between

The question of which is Willie and which is Tim cannot be answered from the picture, but we may christen them as we like without affecting the puzzle,

The Pictorial Charade reads: "Horses to let or for sale."

Pat's pig sty puzzled many elever mathematicians as well as puzzlists who failed to place twenty-one pigs in four pens so that there will be an odd number of pigs within each pen. as well as an even number of pairs. Clever puzzlists hit upon the necessary expedient of "nesting" the pens one inside of another, but the feature tain "an equal number of pairs," as well as the fact of the outside pen. which is in sight, holding not less than five pigs which can be seen, spoiled some of the answers suggested.



The only possible answer is to place five pigs in the center pen, viz.: two pairs and an odd pig. Then build a pen round that pen and place four pigs in it, a third pen surrounds that one, also with four pigs, and Weary Willie, who had gone ten the fifth pen with eight pigs inmiles at their first meeting, by the closes the other pens, and as a matsame ratio must have traveled 30 ter of fact contains the entire twenty-



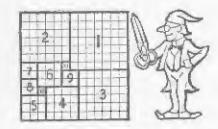
The Pretzel can be divided into ten pieces as shown:

Duck shooting at Fluzzard's Bay is solved by changing the position of two ducks, as shown, which gives five rows of four-in-line and places one duck in Grover's game bag:



ANSWER TO PATCH QUILT PUZZLE

The following diagram shows how the 13×13 quilt can be divided into ly surmised that the half dozen letters eleven smaller squares, which is the least number of square pieces which it will divide into without destroying come after T. the checkered pattern. It proved to be a difficult puzzle, and those who the M into Y and you spell the word discovered the correct answer, found cavenne. The second block reprethat there was a certain mathematical principle involved, which held them close to the rules of square



ANSWER TO THE APPLE WOMEN'S

To tackle the problem from a somewhat new standpoint it can readily be shown that the apples, if sold at 1-3 of a penny and 1-2 of a penny, would average 5.6 for two, or 25-60 of a penny for each apple, but as they were closed out at the rate of five apples for two pence. which is the same as 2-5 or 24-60 of a penny per apple, then 1-60 of a Pole cat, Marten, Goat, Antelope, penny was lost on every apple. As it was stated that seven pence was tost, we will multiply that 60 by 7, ins, uncles and aunts, caught on to rium; it might cause the weight to which shows there must have been

one-half. As Mrs. Jones had 210, for selecting one of the most remarkfor which she would have received 105 pence, but only got one-half of the proceeds of the entire sale at the rate of 5 for 2 pence, viz.: 84 pence, she lost twenty-one pence. while Mrs. Smith, who should have received but seventy pence for her three-for-a-penny fruit, actually gets eighty-five.

The invsterious discrepancy occurs at the end of the seventieth combination sale, Mrs. Smith's cheap fruit becomes exhausted on the seventieth sale, which takes 210 of three-fors, and 140 of the twofors, and at that stage of the game Mrs. Smith was entitled to half of the proceeds, and should have withdrawn with her seventy pence. As there were now just seventy of the better class stock left, every sale now involves the giving of three apples for a penny, which should sell for two for a penny, Mrs. Jones' stock is sacrificed.

ANSWER TO A. B. C. PUZZLE

Our sharp young puzzlists correctwhich did not come to supper were U. V. W. X. Y and Z. because they

Into the second proposition, change sents the island "Cuba A."

ANSWER TO THE SWARM OF BEES

The eight good resolutions which tht clever young miss drafted for the new year will be found to consist of always being "be backward in nothing, be wise, be independent, be benign, be on time, he honest, and he behindhand in nothing,"

AFTER DINNER TRICK

That odd little sleight-of-hand performance with the four empty and four full glasses can readily be remembered by the following rule: First, why one long move, then two short ones and then one long one, viz.: First move 2 and 3 to the extreme end; then fill the gap with 5 and 6. Fill gap with 8 and 2; then finish with I and 5. Counting the original numbers of the glasses.

Decapitation puzzle: Shark.

Animals enigmatically expressed: Beaver, Camelion, Glutton, REMARKABLE KLOHDIKE YARNS

Everybody, including their cous-

able of the three. As was surmised, however, while many discovered one of the catches, very few hit upon two, so, according to the theory of chances, the probability of any one person catching on to all three of the points was so remote that there were only a few left to the final

The winners all selected the first story as being remarkably beyond all belief. Just imagine that threeyear-old infant cating forty-eight pigs' feet in the cause of science! He had afready devoured "four pigs" feet" (not "four pig's feet"), and then tuckled twice as many more (32 more) just to satisfy his mind regarding the truth or fallacy of the existence of a "bouie man."

There was really nothing in the other stories which gives evidence of extraordinary intelligence or which should excite our surprise. A stupid child which had been told that there were exactly two pints to a quart said that the water which ran over the Falls of Niagara in a month was also exactly two pints to a quart. Nothing, of course, could be more natural that that a deaf and dumb babe should say absolutely nothing, so the first yarn was the only remarkable "whopper" which would bring a blush to the cheek of Baron Alunchausen.

ANSWER TO SANTA CLAUS PUZZLE

In that capacions pack in which were stored so many toys which were supposed to represent the the parts of a chopped-up person, we begin at the top with a watch and discover hands and face, teeth, caps, bair, calves, locks, arms, palms, limbs, two lips, two feet, chest, nails, side, drum, cords, veins, pupils, heart, bridge, soles, temple, column, ears, corns, tongue, body, skull, blade, lash, lights, gums and windpipe.

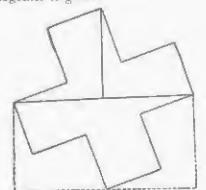
Lewis Carrol's monkey puzzle is about as paradoxical as a recent conundrum which is going the rounds, as to what is it that will go down a chimney down, but will not go up a chimney up? (Umbrella,) There are three possible consequences to select from in the monkey problem: The progress of climbing might have no effect whatever upon the equilibthe spirit of one or more of those fall, which would raise the monkey 420 apples, of which they each had. Klondike yarns, and gave reasons, quicker than he wished, or it might

raise the weight, which would be apt to give the monkey a tumble. From the standpoint of a guess, pure and tooth, south, south, simple, opinions were about evenly wrong in their conclusions.

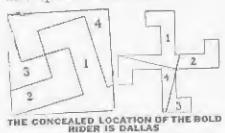
point of view it is just as paradoxical as the ambrella comundram, for if the monkey goes up he will go down, standing grass added to 45 days' whereas if he goes down he will go growth in 45 days, it is plain that 2 up. The argument is based on New- goats and a goose would take the ton's law that "action is equal to re- same time. As a gnat and goose action." The engine which moves a would be twice as long, we see that train is pulling itself along by the one goat would take 90 days, and rails. Theoretically speaking, if there was no friction, a fly could not crawl up that rope without destroying the equilibrium, so that the rope would be drawn over the pully and the monkey end fall by a rapidly increasing momentum.

ANSWER TO THE EASTER PUZZLE

The following illustration shows the manner of dividing the Greek cross into three pieces which can be fitted together so as to form a rectangle twice as long as it is wide. The reversing of the proposition to the dividing of an oblong into a Greek cross would be more difficult, as no inkling of the angles to be fitted together is given.



The Swastica pazzle may be cut and squared as follows:



Anagram puzzle: Punishment. Numerical enigma: Much ado

about nothing.

Evolution Puzzles. Lands, hands, hinds, hints, hills, Beer, bees, Ben's, bins, wins, pieces; the lady the 50, 10, 10 that it was designed to give the

North, forth, forts, torts, toots,

In the puzzle of the pasture field divided, so two out of three were it becomes necessary to figure upon the daily growth of grass. We were From a theoretical and scientific told that the cow cats as much as the goat and the goose. Therefore, if the cow and goat cat the stock of that the goose could just keep up with the growing grass. Therefore, if the row eats 1-60 of the stock per day, and the goat 1-90, together they would eat 1-36. The answer is that the cow and goat would eat up the standing crop in 36 days, while the goose devotes the same time to taking care of the daily growth.

In giving the answers to the necklace puzzle it may be said that any jeweler, as well as ninety-nine out of a hundred mathematicians, would say that to solve the necklace puzzle would be to open the smaller links at the ends of the twelve pieces. which, it may readily be seen, would reduce the cost to \$1,80. The correct answer, however, is arrived at by opening the ten links on those two small five-link pieces, on the right and left sides, which have three small and two large links each. To open and mend those ten links so as to bring the chain into an endless necklace would cost just \$1.70, which is the cheapest possible answer.

Rebus: Fund.

Mrs. Johnsing's laconic reply was: "Eight."

Hipity-Hop could go one mile up the hill in 40 minutes, and could come down a mile in 131/4 minutes. Therefore he would average a mile up and down in 531/3 minutes. Since the particular hill which he tells about required six hours to climb and descend, we may determine its height by dividing six hours by 531/4 miautes. Thus we learn that hill must have been six and three-quarter miles high.

Charade: Mated.

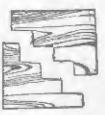
The florist had a 50 cent piece and a 25-cent piece. They pooled all their money, then the florist

wine. Shoe, shot, soot, boot, and I, and the boy 25 and 3, which gives each their proper change.

There would be many answers to the problem of playing the races were it not for the fact of fractional parts of a dollar being contrary to the rules of the turfites, so the only amounts which satisfy the conditions of the problem are that each lad had \$2 Jim bet 15 at 15 to 1 straight, and won \$225, which with his original \$25 equals \$250. Juck bet \$10 at 10 to 1, for second place, and won \$100, which with his \$25. equals \$125; so he has just half as much as Jim. Algebraically expressed the problem is simply 2 [a sq. plus e pins b] equals b sq. plas b plus a.

ANSWER TO THE CARPENTER'S PUZZLE





The amount to be distributed each week was 120 shillings. This divided among twenty persons gave 6 shillings to each. If there had been only fifteen persons they would have got 8 shillings apiece, but when twentyfour came the share of each was only 5 shillings.

ANSWER TO MILKMAN'S PUZZLE

Let us call one of the ten-gallon cans: A and the other B, and proceed as follows to show how the mill man supplied his two customers with two quarts each:

Fill 5 qt. pail from can A. Pour 5 qt. pail into 4 qt. pail, Empty 4 gt, pail into can A, Pour 5 qt. pail into 4 qt. pail, Fill 5 qt, pail from can A. Fill 4 qt. pail from 5 qt. pail. Empty 4 qt, pail into can A. Fill 4 qt. pail from can B. Pour 4 qt, pail into can A.

which fills can A, leaving 2 quarts in 4 qt, pail. Thus the milkman has supplied each of his customers with exactly two quarts of milk, and solved his perplexing problem.

Charade: Potatoes.

In the matter of dividing the inkes the \$1, the 5 and two 2-cent O'Shaugnessy estate, it being clear

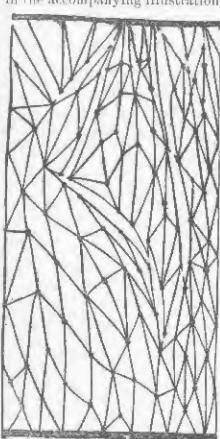
mother twice as much as the daughmother, it becomes a simple matter corner. to carry out the terms of the bequest by giving the daughter oneseventh, the mother two-sevenths and the son four-sevenths,

That vinegar merchant sold the 13 and 15 gal, kegs of oil at 50 cents per gal.=\$14. He also sold 8, 17 and 31 gals, of vinegar at 25 cents =\$14. So he had the 19 gal, barrel left, which was worth \$4.75, or \$9.50, according to whether it contained vinegar or oil.

Charade: Ciphers.

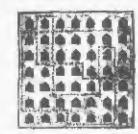
Mary's age problem shows that she was once three times as old as Ann, so let us try 12 to 4, which shows a difference of 11 years, so, if their combined ages amount to 44. Ann is 16 yrs. 6 mos, to Mary's 27 yrs. 6 mos. Mary being twice as old as Ann was (13.9) when Mary was (24.9) half as old as Ann will be when she is (49.6) three times as old as Mary was when Mary was three times as old as Ann!

When Miss Carrie Wait had her falling out she must have weighed 120 lbs. as the following 12 cords of the hammock broke as shown in the accompanying illustration



which shows the twelve breaks, you would make 900 per cent. ter, and the son twice as much as the beginning at the upper left hand

> Clancey's route is shown on the pendent." following diagram:



A Charade: Shaddock. A Rebus: Pat.

Miss Bo-Peep must have had at least eight sheep in her flock. Eight posts arranged in a square would contain the same area as ten posts of an oblong-of course, assuming that the posts were in both cases set a uniform distance apart. For instance, if the posts he set one foot apart, an oblong with five posts on one side and two on the other would enclose four square feet and require ten posts. Whereas eight posts set one foot apart and arranged in a SOLUTION OF BARGAIN COUNTER PUZZLE square will likewise enclose four square feet.

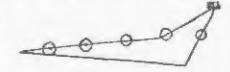
A Rebus: Myriad.

bullet at 10 o'clock, 21-minutes and dollars as he previously had pennies, I-11 seconds as proven by the position of the second hand.

A half turn of Rip Van Winkle's treme right as shown. picture shows that the features represent a little dog curled up;



The Admiral shows how he sank the five battleships in four rushes:



Observe that one of the circles is purposely out of alignment.

haste accuse no man."

was "Pork-you-pine."

the apples and sold them for seventy solves the problem in twenty moves.

The Rebus Puzzle advises you to "be independent, but not too inde-

Jennie is evidently offering hav to that cow, outlined in the picture.

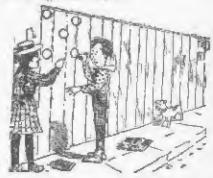
In the Frankfurter problem all that Harry had to do was to remember that if Jim paid 11 cents the others were supposed to have paid the same, which would make the 11 frankfurters worth 33 cents. Harry had bought 4 for 12 cents, so he should have I cent. Tommy had bought 7 for 21 cents, so he wants 10 cents of the money, and then each boy will have chipped in 11 cents. Concerning the equitable division of the sausages, it may be said that each boy was entitled to eat three and two-thirds of a sausage for his por-

There were 17 Camels in the

According to Bildy's verse her age is as much more than two as twice her age is than twenty. This makes her eighteen forty years ago and fifty-eight now.

Smith must have started out with \$99.98, and spent all but \$49.99. Now he has as many pennies as he The clock dial was struck by the before had dollars and hulf as many

> Jennie's trick was to move that one ring from the left to the ex-

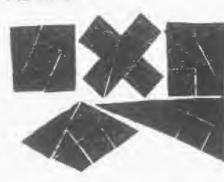


John Underwood's letter must have come from the Keystone state and was dated "fried A."

The Pictoral Algebra reads Pins +hoes+cart-shoes-car=pint.

The Kangaroo puzzle can be solved The illustrated proverb says: "In by any 12-letter word in more or less moves. The object, therefore, was Mandy's joke on Mr. Johnsing to find a word which would best suit the play. The title of the puzzle; The pals at Sing Sing go by their the reference to a bay in Australia numbers and not by their names, so and other hints were given as aids if you gave "Forty" seven cents for to the word "Wooloomooloo," which

The following are the five geometrical forms:

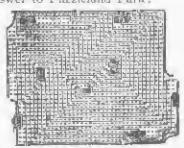


In Isaacstein's remarkable cut in prices, as the dealer has reduced the price 3-5 each mark down, the next should be 52 cents 2 mills,

BOLUTION TO REAL ESTATE

There were eighteen lots, bought at \$13.50 a lot, and sold at \$18, making a profit of \$81, which is the cost price of six lots.

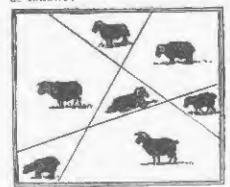
The following routes show the answer to Puzzleland Park:



Sammy's Robus in the story of the hunter and the squirrel say: "Nobody believes a liar."

In the election puzzle add the pluralities to the total vote and divide by the number of candidates. The quotient will be the vote of the successful one, from which the votes of the others can be ascertained by subtraction. The counts were 1,336, 1,314, 1,306 and 1,263.

Little Bo-Peep divided her sheep as follows:



In that puzzle of the greatest catch of the season the real catch turns upon the statement that "the scales weigh nine pounds." Carefully note that it does not give the weight of the scales as nine pounds, but informs us that the scales will weigh anything up to nine pounds! Everything now becomes plain sailing as the weight of the fisherman is 125 pounds. So the weight of the fishes must be 23/2 pounds, plus their scales 1/2 a pound, plus 91/2 pounds as the weight of the scales. Total 121/2 pounds, which equals one-tenth of the weight of the fisherman,

In that compound puzzle we know that he is not a young man as he is over forty. He is a scholar as he is intent on his letters: He is smart because he is bound to excell.

The Deaf and Dumb Story reads as

The other day I noticed an excited woman who no one understood, creating a commotion on an elevated train. After vainly essaying French and German, it dawned on me that she was deaf and dumb. She quickly told with her fingers that her purse was stolen as she bought her ticket. Observing a ticket in her other hand, and thinking she had deposited her purse in the ticket box, I suggested getting off at the next stop to telephone back to the station master. He found the purse and sent it by

The owner could not imagine how I recovered the purse, but I know from the look she gave me that she took me for a pick-pocket.

I hope the good lady may continue to live many, many days to tell of her thrilling adventure with a New York SAM LOYD.

The Darktown Patchquilt calls for two ways of getting eleven squares, so both answers are given:



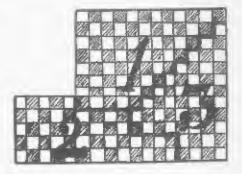


In the evolution puzzles we find the changes: Eat, cat, dot, dog. Boy, bay, may, man. Wood, wool,

cool, coal. Lion, limn, limb, lamb. Warm, ward, word, cord, cold. Fish, fist, fiat, feat, meat. More, lore, lose, loss, less: Fire, fore, ford, cord, cold. Ride, wide, wade, wale, walk.

The hidden city is Macon.

Mrs. Pythagoras shows the proper way of squaring her matting so as to preserve the pattern:



Here is what the telegram says:

Prof. Morse once took me to lunch at a new place on Dev street. I contmented on the number of young people present, espcially bright and pretty girls who appeared to be acquainted. He smiled knowingly at my remarks, but said nothing. We had been there but a short time when 2 young lady entered and took the next table. I noticed her bright auburn hair and snappy black eyes, an unusual but very pretty combination. A foreign-looking chap who was seated at the same table, stared rather impudently, and taking his knife beat the following tax-too upon the side of his plate: "Say fellows see me mash the per-oxid blond." The young lady calmly ordered her meal, thanked the dude for offering the salt and pepper, then taking her spoon she tapped off the following on the rim of her cup: "Girls I want you to see me teach a masher a Jesson! When I give him the soup let every one contribute something." The impu-dent puppy rushed out followed by the shouts and jeers of every one. No one enjoyed the fun more than Prof. Morse who, in telling the story, always said the young lady was the wife of one prominent in electrical SAM LOYD.

In that Trading Lot puzzle as the same proportion of squashes as acres is lost the farmers lose 4 squashes per acre.

ANSWERS TO PUZZLES ON PAGES 78 TO 84

Answer to the Fire-Escape Puzzle, tended to represent the hour when

simplicity, as Bret Harte would say. It was told that the combined weight shot at exactly 10:30 the night beof the family and dog amounts to fore, There is no connection, there-390 pounds, and that it was only fore, between the death of Lincoln safe to lower thirty pounds at a and the time upon the sign clocks, time, although more could be low- which, as a matter of fact, was ered if the other end was properly adopted several hundred years ago, counterbalanced.

ing the greater weight to the bus- ing the jeweler's name upon the dial. swer, is not necessary.

We will first apportion the weight ter. as follows:

Mr. Watchman, 90 pounds; dog, 60 ing over one piece they will form the pounds; baby, 30 pounds, which we cross. proceed to lower as follows:

First-Lower baby, 30 pounds. Second-Lower dog, 60 pounds, and bring up baby, 30 pounds.

Third-Lower Mr. Watchman, 90 pounds, and bring up dog. 60 pounds.

Fourth-Lower baby, 30 pounds, Fifth-Lower dog, 60 pounds, and bring up baby, 30 pounds.

Sixth-Lower baby, 30 pounds. Seventh-Lower Mrs. Watchman, 210 pounds, and bring up all the others.

Eighth-Lower baby, 30 pounds. Ninth-Lower dog, 60 pounds, and bring up baby, 30 pounds.

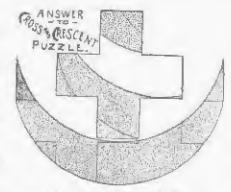
Tenth-Lower baby, 30 pounds. Eleventh-Lower Mr. Watchman, 90 pounds, bring up dog, 60 pounds. Twelfth-Lower dog, 60 pounds, and bring up haby, 30 pounds.

Thirteenth - Lower baby. the ground floor.

In giving the answer to the big watch puzzle, which was to tell the in No. 1 but two. time of day always represented upon time given upon the clocks was in- swer to the puzzle.

Desuite its bland and child-like President Lincoln was assassinated, ish legendry, the puzzle being to This rumor originated from the fact show how the eight rooms were octhere proved to be many curious lit- that many public clocks were stopped cupied, so that there should be eleven the points about the Binks fire escape at 7:22 a. m., to represent the mo- persons on each side of the house, problem which escaped the attention ment when Lincoln died, but the with twice as many on the top floor, of some of our keen-eyed puzzlists. official records show that he was it can be shown as follows: for the sake of symmetry, and to Many answers were received, giv- give a convenient space for displayband, which the picture plainly re- The exact time, as indicated upon jutes, or other plans which lower those sign clocks, with the hands at the dog or haby and then endow equal distances from the figure 6, which shows eleven on all four sides them with phenomenal and preco- can only be 18 and 6/13th minutes in both instances. gious intelligence which enable them past 8, or as it may also be exto climb in and out of the buckets pressed: 8 o'clock, 18 minutes, 27 without assistance, all of which, as and 9/13th seconds. It constitutes shown by the following correct an- a pazzling little problem which many good mathematicians failed to mas-

The crescent can be divided into Mrs. Watchman, 210 pounds; six pieces as shown, when by turn-



Puzzle of the Honest Milkman,

That honest milkman had five gallons of milk in can No. 2 and eleven gallons of pure water in can No. 1. Therefore, from can No. 1 pour five gallons of water into No. 2. Then pour six of that mixture back into No. 1, and then pour from No. pounds, and they have all reached I into No. 2 and there are eight gallons in each can, although in No. 2 there are three gallons of milk, and it was required to show that other

By selling from can No. 1 at 10 the signs in front of jewelry stores, cents a quart he really gets 40 cents multiplied together. I find that de-I wish to correct a curious misap- a quart for all the milk it contains, prehension which seems to have while for the other, which he sells taken hold of the public mind. I at 5 cents a quart, he gets but 13 1/3 was not surprised to find that almost cents a quart, so he really gets three every correspondent who youchsafed times as much for the milk from an opinion on the subject stated that can No. 1 as for that from No. 2, it was a well known fact that the which, therefore, is the correct an- which could not be duplicated with

Now, regarding that bit of Span-

To	n Fic	007.	Secon	nd Fi	oor.
1	5	1	1	2	1
5		5	2		2
1	5	1	1	2	1

After the nine were carried off. the rest were arminged as follows:

Top	r Flo	OCIT.	Secon	nt Fi	COT.
3	2	3	1	1	1
1		1	1		2
中	1	3	1	1	1

The office boy's puzzle being interpreted says: "Trustee's room,"

The Centennial Puzzle has sometimes been solved as shown in the first of these additions, but is plainly wrong as it gives two additions:

74.3/6 05.3/7

13	73 9/18	4 16/28
6 5 4	100	100
98 2	98 3/6 1 27/54	94½ 5 38/76
100	100 1 6/7 3 95 4/28	100 57 3/6 42 9/18
	100	100

Six answers are shown using fractions.

In that Poetical Perplexity, the lines were written in the following order: Gray, Shakespear, Byron, Pope, Pope, Goldsmith, Pope, Goldsmith. Beatrie, Milton, Young. Shakespear, Pope, Shakespear, Shakespear, Milton, Pope, Goldsmith, Grav. Shakespear.

Regarding that little puzzle in multiplication and addition, wherein numbers besides 2 and 2 would produce the same results when added or spite its extreme simplicity ninetynine out of every hundred persons have always been led to agree with the editor of "Notes and Oueries" in believing that $2\times2=4$ and 2+2=4was an arithmetical feat in numbers or without the use of fractions.

There are billions or simple answers obtained from the formula x + x by giving any required value to x, as 3+1%=4, or $3\times$

In that matter of domestic complications, Mrs. Jones was the daughter of Smith and the niece of Brown, so there were but four persons. \$100 was contributed, \$92 spent and each received \$2 in the distribution.

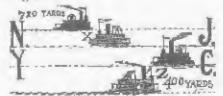
Answer to the Fighting Fish Puzzle.

There would certainly have been a battle royal in the Siamese aquarium had there been as many fishes in that fight as I have received answers to the problem, and they all maintained such different views. There are answers galore worked out in trigonometry and algebra, showing how one side or the other should win out in from one to twelve minutes.

For clearness and simplicity as agreeing with the actual record of the last fight I am inclined to accept the following decision of the timekeeper as being correct;

Three of the little fish were paired off with each of three of the big fish and engaged their attention while the other four little fighters polished off the fourth big one in just three minutes. Then five little fellows tackled one hig fish and killed him in two minutes and twenty seconds. while the other little ones were battling with the other big ones. It is evident that if the remaining two groups had been assisted by one more fighter they would have finished in the same time, so there is only sufficient resistance left in each of the big ones to call for the attention of a little fish for two minntes and twenty-four seconds. Therefore if seven now attack instead of one, they would do it in one-seventh of that time, or twenty and four-sevenths of a second. In dividing the little fish forces against the remaining two big ones-one would be attacked by seven and the geometry or mathematics, we have ally, I would say that for every year other by six-the last fish therefore at the end of the twenty and four- arithmetic a problem which would have six, viz.: If Tommy is 1 his sevenths seconds would still require baffle half the mathematicians in the father would be 6 so by adding four the punishment which one little one city. could administer in that time. The whole thirteen little fellows concentrating their attack, would give the that 101,000 feet, or a little more in the picture, he will be five times fish his quietus in one-thirteenth of that time, or one and fifty-three gather 100 potatoes placed ten feet their combined ages amount to 140. ninety-first seconds.

simple addition, which I will proceed toes. to do liv reference to the following diagram:



It was told that the two ferry-

boats started simultaneously from

New York shore. A glance at the sketch clearly shows that the comand that the black boat has gone 720 yards. Well, they continue their journey and reach the opposite shores, and the distance traveled is landing is of no consequence and at Z, as shown. Now, the distance the required 1,000 feet. traveled by both is equal to three times the width of the river, as shown by the lines, so it is obvious that each boat has gone three times as far as when they first met, and had made but one width. The black hoat had then gone 720 yards, so it has now gone three times that distance, viz., 2,160 yards, to Z. This the sketch shows to be 400 yards more than the width of the river, so all the mathematical work we are obliged to do is to deduct 400 from 2,160 to find that the river from New York to Jersey City is 1,760 yards wide, which is exactly one Crow Farm contained 58 acres. mile. Without the aid of algebra,

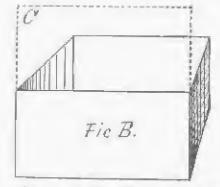
Adding up the totals of the time looks as if Tom, who was 2.04 per given in the several rounds-3 min- cent, quicker and should win in utes, 2 minutes and 24 seconds, 20 ninety-nine cases out of a hundred, 4/7 seconds and 53/91 seconds, we yet Harry will win by the slightest have 5 minutes 46 2/13 seconds as possible margin if he takes the odds the entire time consumed in the bat- of the ninety-ninth potato. Tom being the quicket, will get the first Regarding that ferryboat puzzle, potato. Harry the second, and so on I promised to show how the problem to the last, but Tom never gets the can be solved by common sense and chance to capture two adjacent pota-

> Harry will have to go 49,980 feet to bring in his 49 potatoes, and as Tom can go 2.04 per cent, quicker, he could go just 50,999 and a half feet during the same time, but as he would have to go 51,000 feet in bring in his 50 potatoes, Harry will win by less than half a foot!

The lady who was "deeply injured" had removed a tight shoe!

In that moving day puzzle: First the sales of the river and met at the move the whisky flask I, scrubbing point X, just 720 yards from the brush 2. flatiron 3, whisky flask 4, pepper-box 5, mouse trap 6, whisky flask 7, flatiron 8, semibbing brush bined distance which both have trav- 9, pepper-box 10, flatiron 11, whisky cled is equal to the width of the river bottle 12, mouse trap 13, flatiron 14, pepper-hox 15, scrubbing brush 16, whisky buttle-and the feat is accomplished.

In the Plumber's problem it will equal to twice the width of the river. be found that a rectangular tank The amount of time consumed at the twice as wide as it is deep gives the most economical form. If a cube does not affect the problem. They 12.6 feet square holds 2,000 cubic started on their return trip and meet feet, then half that depth would give



Our surveying class find that

To tell Mother's age experimentsolved by elementary kindergarten of Tommy's age his father must years to each Tompay will be 5 and In the Potato Race puzzle, it his father twice as much. So whatdoes not take much time to prove ever age Tommy may be, as shown than 19 miles, must be traveled to as old at the second stage, when apart. Despite of the fact that it At first Tommy's age plus six times

his age, added to the mother's equals No. 1, who should pay for the game. 70. So the mother's age and seven times Tommy's age equals 70. Then matter which would seem to reverse as the father and mother both take against No. 1, by special agreement, on the same number of years, we but as No. I has beaten No. 4, he is switch, find that the adding of twelve times relieved of all responsibility, and as Tommy's first age has raised the Nos. 3 and 4 played upon even right, combined ages of the three an extra terms, without any agreement, No. 3 seventy years. By dividing 70 by 12, loses, as he can only plead the terms left. therefore, we find that Tommy's age of the handicap when it is a quesmust have been 5 years and 10 tion of paying between No. 1 and months, the father six times as old, No. 3, unaffected by the acceptance viz., 35 years, and the mother just of No. 4. 29 years and 2 months.

The second player should win in the Daisy game, but the secret is to keep the number of petals divided into two equal halves. If your opponent leads off with No. 1 you draw Nos. 7 and 8. But if he draws Nos. 1 and 2 you draw No. 8, and in both cases you would have the flower divided into two groups of five leaves on a side, as shown be-

Now continue the play by imitating his play. If he draws two leaves on the left side, you must draw the corresponding two from the right. If he draws a single leaf from the left, you draw a single from the right. By this system you keep the number of "pulls" even and must get the last play, which leaves him with the "stump,"

Answer to the Great Pool Puzzle. This complicated mix-up resulted from an expert agreeing to make as many balls as two inferior plays combined. A fourth player came in the game, however, and being a stranger of unknown strength, played upon even terms with each of the other three, neither giving nor receiving odds. The best player claimed that as he beat No. 4, he did not lose. But No. 4, having beaten No. 3, said that he could not be held for the game, while No. 3 maintained that in partnership with No. 2 he had beaten No. 1, and therefore, according to contract, could not be held for the game.

There are other complications which open up different lines of argument, but as No. 4 came in as a free-lance, he is not bound by any private argreements; so, when he made four to the low man's two, he track. put on his hat and coat and went home. No. I then had to live up to three cars to left of switch. his agreement, so, as he had secured but five balls to his opponents' six, the defeat which No. 3 would have sustained was transferred over to left.

But there is another view of the Tommy gets four times as old, and that verdict. No. 3 has scored

The Free Acres Problem.

Forty-three thousand, five hundred and sixty rails will just inclose that number of acres and is, therefore, the correct answer, which we get at in the following way: We first find the possibilities of one rail. so we cut a twelve-foot rail into four pieces three feet long, and by then cutting again for the four sides find that the one rail would enclose just one foot, so there are just 43,-560 square feet in an acre, as one foot is to 43,560, gives the correct answer. Take 43,560 rails, divide by three to get the three-rail high, and by four to get the four sides. We then multiply the side by 12 again to get the length in feet, and find it is still 43,560, which we square to get the total number of feet. Divide again by 43,560, the number of feet to an acre, and we get the correct answer.

Answer to Missing Numbers.

A careful analysis of the sum, as presented in the Mormon souvenir. proves that the figures when restored must have been as follows;

749) 638897 (853 5992 3969 3745. 2247

Primitive Railroading. 1. Back the R engine far out to

out to the right.

6. I, engine on to switch,

7. R engine and cars to right.

9. L engine runs to main track.

10. L. engine backs to train. 11. L engine pulls five cars to right of switch,

12. L engine backs rear car on to

13. L engine draws four cars to

14. L Engine backs four cars to

15. L engine goes alone to right. 16. L engine backs to switch,

17. L engine pulls car from switch to track.

18. L engine backs to left.

19. L engine goes forward with

20. L, engine backs rear car on to

21. L engine goes to right with

22. L engine backs five curs to

23. L engine goes to right with one car. 24. L engine backs to switch.

25. L engine goes to right with

26. L engine backs to left of 27. L engine draws seven cars to

right of switch. 28. L engine backs end car on to

29. L car goes to right.

30. R train backs to right.

31. R train picks up its four cars and skips. 32. L train backs to switch.

33. L train picks up its third car and goes on its way rejoicing.

Dollars and Sense.

U. S. A. money can be treated the same as English money, for if you take any row of figures and reverse them and deduct the smaller from the greater it will leave 99 or the multiple of 99, viz.:

> \$8.57 9.31 7.58 1.39 1234 .99 7.92 3087

Answer to Counting Coins.

Heindricks had a 25-cent piece 2. Run the R engine on to switch. and a dime, Claus had a \$2.50 gold 3. Run L engine with three cars piece and a 2-cent piece, Karl had a dime and a 3-cent piece, and at the 4. R engine back to the main end of the play Heindricks had the 3 and 2-cent pieces, which would 5. R engine out to the left, with show a loss of 30 cents; Claus had the \$2.50 gold piece and one dime, which show a profit of 8 cents, while Karl has the 25-cent piece and one 8. R engine pulls seven cars to dime, which shows a profit of 22

liog, and that each man spent three were given as 21 inches, 21x21-441. guineas more than his wife; likewise that Hendrick bought 23 more hogs that Caterin, and Class bought II more than Geertring. The puzzle was to pair the husbands and wives as proven by their purchases. It results in a curious complication of extracting the square roots of the pigs and wives which finally results in showing that Geertring bought 1 little pig for 1 shilling, and that her busband who must have been Cornelius bought 8 hogs for 8 shillings each. Caterin bought 9 for 9 shillings each, while her husband Claus bought 12 bogs for 12 shiftings each. Anna bought 31 large hogs for 31 shillings each, while her good man Hendrick by name, bought 32

The Diamond Robbery,

The second arrangement of the diamonds, with two gens missing, is as follows:

hogs at 32 shillings apiece.



Answer to Puzzling Letter.

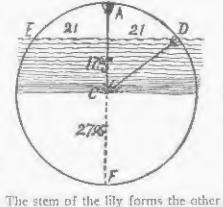
Our young folks have come nobly to my aid in deciphering that crypto- must be an even number of children, gramic letter from my boy on the farm, and tell me that instead of being a Ku Klux notice from the Molly McGuires, it is merely a statement that "the season is backward for potatoes!" The ec on is (backward) 4 put oooooooo (eight o's). All of which is a great relief to an buns two for a penny and twelve anxious parent.

The Water Lily Problem.

Euclid says: "That when two chords of an are intersect within a circle, the products of the parts of spite the various attempts to solve

In the remarkable story of the one will be equal to the products of the puzzle in other ways, this will three Dutchmen and their wives the parts of the other." Therefore be found to be the only answer. who came to town to buy hogs, it in the following illustration the surwas told that each person bought as face of the water forms the chord many bogs as they paid shillings per of one are, and as the two parts

Ancient Order of Iron Cross. The following illustrations show how to cut the cross into only four



intersecting chord, and as its height

above the water forms one part of

the chord, that part, 10 inches, mul-

tiplied by the other part, must be the

same as the 441 inches obtained by

the parts of the other chord. So di-

vide 441 by 10, and we get 44.1

inches as the other part of that

chord. Adding the 10 and the 44.1.

we get 54.1 for the total length of

the chord from A to F, which is the

diameter of the circle. This we

must halve to get the radius, 27.05,

but as the flower stood ten inches

above the surface of the water, we

must deduct that ten inches and we

will find that the lake was only 17.05

The Missing Number.

turn make 2, the sum must also

Missing-word Anagram.

Vile, evil, veil, Levi and live.

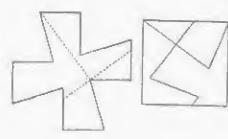
Answer to the Hot-Cross-Bun

Puzzle.

As the digits add up 45, which in

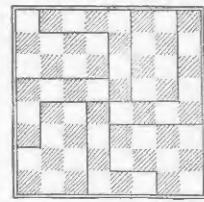
inches in depth.

is the required figure.



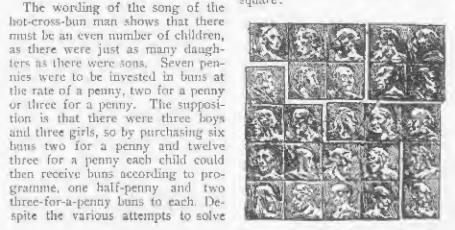
The Battle Royal.

The accompanying illustration shows how the chess board which the young Dauphin broke over the Duke of Burgundy's head was restored by the court carpenter.



Guido Mosaic Puzzle.

equal 9, therefore we know that 8 This puzzle is based upon that famous 47 problem of Euclid which proves that the squares of the side and base must equal the square of the hypothemise. We here see that 3 square and 4 square equal 5



ANSWERS TO PUZZLES ON PAGES 106 TO 111

Problems of History.

To that curious study of the nine ponderous volumes of Hume's History of England which were to be arranged upon the two shelves 80 that the two rows of figures might he made to represent fractions equivalent to one-balf, or one-third, one-fourth, one-fifth, one-stath, oneseventh, one-cighth or one-ninth, the following elever arrangements have been received as fulfilling the condi-

6729	1	5832	- 1	4392	1
13458 2709		17496 2943	3.	17568 2394	4.
13845 3187	1	17658 63	81	1	7,
25496	8	574		9,	4

Of course, some of the numbers can be slightly varied and yet give the same results.

In that bottle puzzle, only two burglars were in view, but it does not take a Sherlock Holmes an instant to prove that there were three burglars in this gang; there were 21 pints of wine to be divided and 24 hottles, and as three is the only number which will divide those mantities, we know that there must have been three men, so we will go on with the puzzle part of the question, which even at this stage of the game calls for a sober brain,

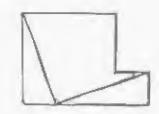
One burglar takes 3 full quarts, 1 empty quart, I full pint and three empty pints. Each of the others take 2 full quarts and 2 empty ones, 3 full pints and I empty one, so each them at the same rate of speed, so man gets three and a half quarts of the would also finish his work in wine, and four large and four small/ bottles.

Poetical Decapitations.

Growing, rowing, owing, wing. Trifling, rifling, I fling, fling. Caprice, a piece, rice, ice,

Pythagora's Classical two-square problem solves itself by the application of the rule which shows that the combined squares of the smaller sides of a right-angled triangle are equal to the square of the largest. Taking our scissors we cut from A to B. which produces a triangle whose base and elevation are equal to the sides of the two squares as given in the puzzle. The line of the hypothenuse, therefore, should show the dimensions of the large square which combines the other two

squares. We therefore cut from A to C and clip off another triangle and fit the three pieces together so as to form the large square A B E



This rule holds good to give the combined size of any two squares:

Answer to Fo'castle Yarns.

In reply to those conundrums of the old salt who asked Neptune what he would do if all the seas were dried up, that jolly old sea god replied: "Really, I would'nt 'ave an ocean." In reply to the clever conundrum: "Why is a man looking for the philosopher's stone like Neptune?" the folly tar's quaint reply was "Because he's a sea king what never was."

Man With the Hoe,

There being just twelve rows, as shown in the picture, Hobbs would drop six rows in 120 minutes, and, we will then say, could cover at the rate of a row in sixty minutes, so he would drop and cover his six rows in eight hours. Nobbs, according to statement, would drop his six rows in 240 minutes, and could cover eight hours, so each man would be entitled to \$2.50 for eight hours'

The "Mysterious properties of 9" may be applied to test the correctness of subtraction by finding the "root" of the minuend and subtrahend as well as remainder and the difference must be equal to the root of the remainder. For example:

> From 6894321 = 6Take 2960864 = 8

Leaves 3933457 = 7

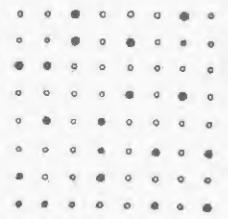
As 8 cannot be taken from 6 we will add 9 before deducting the root 8; this leaves a difference of 7.

Answer to the Boxer Puzzle.

This odd little puzzle-game proved to be replete with opportunities for surprises and fine points of play, as shown in the following answer, which proves that the first player should score seven boxes by beginning with a line from G to H. If the second player then marks from I to K, the first will score two boxes by marking from K to O and P to L, and will then play the waiting move, L to H, instead of scoring two more boxes. The other player now scores the two boxes by G and K, and is then compelled to make a play which gives the first player five others. If, when the first player marks from G to H, the second player marks C-G, B-F, E-F, and then makes the waiting play of M-N, which scores four more boxes. It is this sharp play of giving your opponent two boxes so as to then get four which constitutes the pretty points of the game.

Answer to Picket Posts.

To that odd little lesson in milltary tactics wherein it was required to place sixteen checkers upon a board of sixty-four squares so that no three should be in line from any possible direction, the accompanying diagram shows the correct answer. The stipulation of beginning by first placing two men in the center of the board bars out many answers which would otherwise be quite as correct as the one here shown:

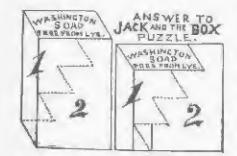


That puzzling return trip from the Klondike proved to be no easy task for our young puzzlists, and but few succeed it getting out of the wonds with their treasure. For the benefit of such as could not escape the endless whirlpool of numbers which held them in its vortex we will say that the only escape leads through the backward and forward sequence of S. W. to 4, S. W. 6, M. E. 6, M. E. 2, M. E. 5, S. W. 4, S. W. 4, S. W. 4, and a bold strike via N. W. to liberty

Those who failed to master it readily discovered that one false step at any stage of the game throws one into the whirlpool from which there is no egress.

Answer to Jack and the Box.

The following illustrations show how to cut the box into two pieces which will fit together and form a perfect square. Cut on the dotted lines, as shown in Figure 1, and the pieces will fit together to form a square, as shown in Figure 2.



Answer to the Fore and Aft Puzzle

This curious and interesting puzzle is given in the puzzle books to be solved in fifty-two moves, but many of our clever puzzlists succeeded in ing the moves incorrectly.

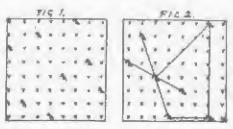
only necessary to mention the direc- potatoes. "Have plenty of sand." tion of the play, as shown in the folchanges: East, West, West, East, nor lose your temper; be sharp," East, North, West, North, East, West, South, West, North, East, accomplished.

The Dewey Pillow puzzle reads: vegetables. "Yes, look out for the Good people always die young.

Answer to Crows-in-the-Corn Puzzle.

The accompanying diagram shows the correct way of picketing the cornfield with eight crows so that every bird has an unobstructed view of all the others, and so that there are no two birds in the same row or diagonal. It being also impossible for the hunter to discover any standpoint from which he might get a line-shot on three birds.

The second diagram shows one of the many answers submitted by our chess experts who attempted to prove that the puzzle is similar to the famous problem of placing eight queens on a chess-board so that no one attacks another. Chess players. however, know more about rooks than crows, as the hunter readily discovers that two of the shots illustrated would wing three birds, while in the first diagram no such feat is possible if the exact center of the points are calculated upon.



The Secret-of-Success Puzzle.

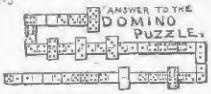
"Don't do business on tick," said the clock. "You lack push," said the button. "Don't be led," said the demonstrating the possibility of per- pencil. "Take pains," said the winforming the feat in forty-seven dow, "Whoop your business and plays. Some attempted to give a never lose your head," said the barshorter method, but erred in count- rel. "Don't do a light business," said the lamp. "Look alive and be said the sugar. "Don't get blue," South, North, North, South, East, said the knife. "When you see a South, West, North, West, North, good thing stick to it," said the fly- the name Newark. In the "noted" West. South, East, East, South, paper. "Keep cool," said the refrig- puzzle we discover "Eldorado." North, West, North, South, South, erator. "Never get stuck on yourself," added the tack. "Keep your the hare, the hounds gain 6 rods in hands busy and never sell on time," ware of the beats," remarked the 336 rods.

mucliage says, 'It's bad business to get stuck,' "Prices should not be too steep," remarked the Oolong, "for honest tea is the best policy." "Yes, make your prices draw," said the stove; "give every one a warm reception, and always honor your draughts." "Bills should be met." said the chicken. "And should be promptly reseated," added an old chair. "Meat your customers with a smile," said the corn-beef. "Try to soot everybody," suggested the stovenipe. "It is your winning weighs that have the most weight, said the scales. "But don't get caught," added a saucy little sardine. "No, you mustn't lye," said the notash. "Yes, do write," interposed the pen. "Polished manners are very effective," said the blacking. "It shows you are well bred," remarked the flour. "Give your patrons no grounds for complaint," remarked the coffee. "Keep in the swim," suggasted the smoked herring, "Give greater bargains every day," said the notmeg. "That's a great idea," remarked the stove, "but don't have too many irons in the fire." "Nor count your chickens before they are hatched, for it's too bad to be beaten," said a fresh egg. "Rise early and work," suggested the yeast. "Yes, the sooner you are out of bed the better," remarked the asparagus. "Loafing makes you stale," said the bread. "It gives you a seedy look," suggested the orange. "Raising the dough is more important, as you may need it," said the baking-powder. "Look after the scents, the dollars take care of themselves," remarked the limburger. "That's right, look after the little leeks," said the onions. "Be up to date," suggested the calendar. "It is best to reflect seriously," said the looking-glass, "for as the cement says, 'It is never As there is never more than one sharp not mild," said the cheese, too late to mend." "Well, well," vacant square to be covered, it is "Keep your eyes peeled," said the said the ink, "if you want to suck seed you only waste theme on a navel orange." At this all the artilowing sequence of forty-seven said the indigo. "Never cut price cles laughed, and the grocer awoke, an astonished Budweiser man. The labor strike puzzle conceals

skins," said the banana, "for as the

In the problem of the hounds and every 21. They must therefore run South, East, West, West, East, suggested the clock. "Yes, C. O. D. as many times 21 as 6 will go into South, North, South, and the feat is is the best," said the salt fish. "Be- 96. Therefore 96 - 6 = 16. 21 =

Patience and perseverance, com- your money back if three different amount of luck; will enable a good domino player to demonstrate that- for an outlay of \$6, contrary to popular belief-200 game of straight muggins. The 3-1, 1-6, 6-4, 4-4, 4-3, 3-6, 6-0, 0-3,



Answer to Disputed Claims.

The finding of two triangles of equal area, such as base 40, elevation 48, and the hypothenuse 148, which would contain the same area as one with an elevation of 80, a base of 84 and the hypothemise of 116, is not difficult. To find the third right angled triangle which will also contain 3,360 square feet is so difficult that such noted mathematicians as Euler and LaPiace are said to have claimed that it was impossible to discover a

Here is the third: Elevation of 30, base 224 and hypothenuse 226. CHARADE-Steel-yard.

Sam Loyd's Puzzle.

The chances are 125 to 108 that in the following illustrations: you will lose, for if you select one number and then play all the chances 125 would lose and \$1 would win. But as there are 15 throws which would win an extra \$1 and one triple throw which would win an extra-\$2, the correct answer is that you would lose \$125 to win \$108. The part of winning \$108, which is half of the possible 216 chances, has led writers on the subject into the error of saying that the chances are even. The error appears when you play all six numbers, then you get

bined with eleverness and a certain numbers appear, but if three of a kind turn up you get back only \$4

Regarding the answer to the points might possibly be scored in a Grazy Hatter's community as to "why is a writing desk like a raproblem can the gauntlet of the ven?" there is no absolute certainty mathematicians and experts some of any answer having been intended. years ago, when, by careful analysis, as Lewis Carroll never vonchanted makes a man healthy, wealthy and the limit was raised to 195. But I any replies to the curious problems wise," afterwards discovered that by one pertaining to Alice's trip through pretty stroke of play, which seemed Wonderland; nevertheless, my acto have been overlooked in the dis- quaintance with Carroll and his pecussion, five more points could be culiar traits, convinced me that it scored, which struck me as being was not altogether a haphazard worthy of being presented in puzzle query. My own guess, following form. The play may be slightly va- the alliterative style which characried, but is substantially as follows: terizes the entire work, would be First lead the three-two, and con- "that the notes for which they are tinue to build up so as to present noted are not noted for being musithe following lines: 5-5, 5-6, 6-6, cal notes"; nevertheless, there is 6-2, 2-1, 1-1, 1-4, 4-2, 2-2, 2-3, 3-3, considerable scope for ingenuity and cleverness, as other answers, equally 3-5, 5-0, 0-0, 0-4, 4-5, 5-2, 2-0, 0-1, as good or better, might be suggested, like "because Poe wrote on both," "Bills and tales are among their characteristics," "Because they stand on their legs," "Because they conceal their steels" or "Ought to be

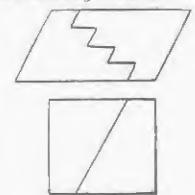
made to shut up," etc., etc. Concealed Geography. 71, Hebrides; 72, Arno; 73, Sorrento; 74, Reading; 75, Borneo; 76, Basel; 77, Po; 78, Orleans.

Aesop's Eagle.

There were three traps to avoid in this puzzle: The circumference of the earth at the latitude given would be but 19,055 miles. Gaining 500 miles per day would require 39 days, but having gone around the world gained one day. Then the old principle of the frog in the well parale comes into play, as he does not have to fly back when he once gets there. Ans., Friday, Feb. 7th.

The New Year's Resolution reads "Be always upright, honest and industrious.

How to make Diamonds is shown



News Boy's Puzzle.

The Joneses won out by 220 papers.

A Riddle.

Auctioneer: Concealed geography conceals "Easton."

The old time proverb rebus reads: "Early to bed and early to rise.

All About 2 Penny,

We see in the illustration: Hare. Date, Temple, Tullps, Neck, Star, Brow, Eye, Lids, Lash, Crown, Month, Liberty, Copperhead, Locks, One Cent by the U. S. A.

Susie paid 5 cents for silk, 4 cents for worsted.

In reply to the question as to which of the States can be spelled with two letters, it may be said that oO represents o high o, while we all know that I O A and X a c (Ten a c) require but three letters each,

Arithmetical Puzzle, $99 \cdot 9/9 = 100.$

No. 1907 was Mashed Potutoes.

Couldn't Tell a Lie.

There were originally 8 in the box.

The Inspector's Puzzle,

Articles weighed on false scales will register out of their true weight in the same proportions as the lengths of the arms from the fulcrum point are to each other. The

"Weigh the articles on one side of the scales, then upon the other. Maltiply the two results together and the square root of the product will be the true weight of the article."

On the lung arm one pyramid equaled two and two-thirds cubes, while on the short arm it weighed one-sixth of a cube.

One-sixth multiplied by two and two-thirds equals four-ninths, the square root of which is two-thirds,

Therefore, a pyramid weighs two-

thirds of a square.

Assuming that a pyramid weight one onnce, a cube would weigh one and one-half ounces, and the answer to the question, "What should have been the true weight of the eight cubes?" is twelve ounces.

Answer to Candy Puzzle.

The children must have bought three packages of fudge at four cents each; fifteen chocolate drops for seven and a half cents and two gum drops to make up the extra half cent.

Answers to Puzzles.

In False Alarms the locality was "Athens."

The Little Brown Jug.

To coin an expressive term which explains the situation, I would say that the problem is best solved by the principle of symmetrical equivalents, which resolves a geometrical form into a certain number of parts which can be duplicated. By counting the number of branches, it will be found that there are, as a matter so, as our sharp puzzlers readily disof fact, but five starting points to covered, it must have been February be analyzed, which will give a total 29, 1896. When they first met at of 372 ways of spelling red rum, an earlier stage of the game, he was which reaches the center,

the puzzle, although the same is very age he was when first they met. self-evident, for there must be just. Mathematicians and others deep in as many ways of getting out as there astrology and the occult sciences were of reaching the center, so the demonstrated that Tom was fifteen square of the sum 372x372 gives and his sweetheart five when first the grand total of 138,384 ways they met, so on the 29th of Februwithout any two being alike. The ary mentioned she would be friteen trick of the puzzle turns upon the and he would be twenty-five. So, fact of there being a dozen R's in when she is forty-five he will be the middle of the diagram, which fifty-five, which would make their may be used as starting and finish- combined ages amount to the reing points.

Answer to Squaring Accounts.

town we find that the agent started five on the 29th of February, 1896. with \$13 cash and \$59.50 in liquors, fell into the error, as did Tom himand in buying \$283.50 more in- self, in thinking that 1900, which creased his stock to \$343 wholesale. came four years after, was a leap Upon this he put an advance of 10 year, which would make Tom just raises the value to \$377.30. He sold the calendar, as explained by the \$285.80 at retail, which leaves \$91.50 dream books, 1900 was not a leap on hand, as shown in the picture, year, so the next leap year did not which balance would be worth at occur until 1904, on which eventful wholesale, \$83.18, 'The profit on the occasion Tom was 33 years of age sales would amount to \$25.98, which, and was free once more to continue added to the \$12 cash and \$59.50 his course of statistical training, and liquors with which he started, would that good old rule of dividing the amount to \$97.38, from which we year by 4 to determine whether it deduct his commission of \$14.29 to is a leap year or not was again in leave \$83-19 for the balance on hand, force. which shows the accounts to be correct within two cents.

Hope cheered the pilgrim in that rebus puzzle.

The Pony-Cart Puzzle.

solved mentally as follows:

ence of the outer circle must be puzzlist to master. twice that of the inner. As five feet Utilizing spades, clubs, hearts and

twenty feet gives us 62,832 feet as remarkably difficult puzzle. the circumference of the circle described by the outer wheel.

That missing word is "brigand," so the sentence reads: The brigand placed the loot in his brig and es-

Answer to Smith's Age Problem.

It was mentioned that this statistical problem was sprung upon her busband on the 29th of February, three times her age, but on that Then comes the curious feature of eventful leap-year day she was the quired century run.

Some of our scientists, however, In that story of the temperance who reasoned that Tom was twenty-

> The traveler by express went via "Bolivia."

Peaches and Pears.

Many of our puzzlists succeeded in placing ten peach trees so as to The circumference of the track form five rows of four-in-line, described by the outer wheels of the Some found it an easy matter to cart in making the turn may be locate the peach trees properly, and 2 few succeeded in getting the per- given. For the outer wheel to go twice simmons in line, but the plum ques-

is equal to half the radius of the diamonds to represent the four vari- the name of Astoria. outer circle, ten feet must be the eties of fruit and the dots to the re-

of the outer circle. 3.1416 times diagram gives the answer to this

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Puzzle of the Harlem Goats.

In Professor Blumgarten's unique satire upon the workings of the Peace Congress, he gave by way of illustration one of George Abercrombie's curious deductions regarding the strength, or resisting power of a goat's skull- The distinguished scientist, who lived before the advent of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, says: "By repeated experiments I have found that the strength of a blow equal to the momentum of 30 pounds falling 20 feet, will just break the skull of a goat, so as to kill it."

The problem was to determine the relative speed of the two animals per cent. for a retail profit, which 29 years old. By some odd freak of the problem turns upon the wellnecessary to kill both. Of course, known law that a heavy body falling from a state of rest, descends in the first second of time 16 feet and 1 inch, after which it increases in speed in a regular geometrical progression, from which we compute that the 30 pounds falling 20 feet, would give a blow equal to the contact of a 57-pound goat running at the speed of 9,4395 feet per second, meeting a 54-pound goat coming at the rate of 9.9639 feet per second. which would therefore just kill both of the belligerent animals. Of course, it is assumed that the goats strike with equal momentum and 'drop dead in their tracks,' otherwise the velocity of either goat might vary from O to double the velocity

In the "naughty" puzzle six as fast as the inner, the circumfer- tion was too difficult for the average straight lines will make the naughts read, "Good dog do go."

That saying life puzzle conceals

That philanthropist thought the radius and twenty feet the diameter maining quinces, the accompanying old horse loved to respond to the call of whoa, but Sydney Smith's many pickets for the base as it does puzzle turned upon the word "class." for the hypothenuse, according to

His two stock jokes were in telling that the boat was the Maid of the Mist, and the "cat erect" was like the falls of Niagara.

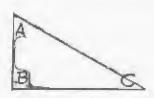
That big pain occurred in Boston. Harry's donation motto says, "a fool and his money soon part."

Answer to Bunny Puzzle, Here is the way we discovered the mischievous little white bunny which overturned one of the jardineres of rare exotics. You can see the cause of the catastrophe in the center between the two vases nibbling at the



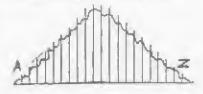
The Old Beacon Tower.

into which mathematicians and puzzlists fell. It is a simple matter to the second, four for the third, etc., grove that the length of the hand always doubling up to the 64th rail would represent Pythagoras' line of the hypothenuse of a rightangled triangle. Take a triangular quired to pay the debt. piece of paper and wrap it around a pencil and B to C is the length plication for anyone who can do sixand A C the hypothenuse-



Now, in the Beacon Tower problem the height is 300 feet, and, as the diameter of the circle is 23 feet earth until he counted a trillion. If 3.1416 would give a circumference hours a day it would be a 75,000 of 75 feet, which four times around would also give 300 feet as the brain energy in endeavoring to take length of the base, and the rail in the immensity of 18,446,744,073,would be equal to the length of the 709,551,615 grains of wheat! line of the hypothenuse, which, however, is the first of the catches, for some of the puzzlists and mathematicians forgot that it takes just as

Tootsey Wootsey resided at Baby- the old puzzle of the pickets of a fence which goes over a hill:



Whether you go from A to Z direct on the level or over the hill there are just 35 pickets, just one foot apart. So in the problem of the Beacon Tower, as four times the circumference would be 300 feet. there would be 300 pickets plus 1 for the top, which is the second point of the problem which so many overlooked, and which makes the correct answer to the puzzle to be 301 pickets or steps.

Charade-Mama.

That Indian is "a well read man" and the inscription tells you to "th in k twice before a speak."

The tohoggan puzzle conceals the name Canada.

The Corner-in-Wheat.

In that odd bit of encyclopedia lore, regarding the agreement made by Sheran, the Indian King, to reward Sessa for inventing the game There were two tricks or pitfalls of chess by giving him one grain of wheat for the first square, two for square, it was asked to tell how many grains of wheat would be re-

It is a question of simple multily-three sums without an error, and when we see the answer it looks easy and yet no human mind realizes or grasps its immensity. It was easy for Sessa to compute his store of wheat, but to count the grains was a different matter.

A trillion is a small number if you say it quick, yet we cannot grasp it. According to the old legend the "Wandering Jew" was to walk the 101/2 inches, which multiplied by he could count one a second for ten year contract. So do not waste any

> 2- Z doubling each succes-4-3 sive square until 64

"In this problem of

16-5 would give us a table 32- 6 running like this, which 64-7 is known as an arith-128-8 metical progression.

256- 9 To continue this up to 512-10 64 and then adding for 1024-11 the sum total becomes 2048-12 somewhat laborious, es-

4096-13 pecially when the upper 8192-14 numbers are reached. 16384-15 It then becomes a ques-32768-16 tion, 'Can this be 65536-17 reached by a shorter

etc., etc. method?'

A glance at the table shows certain characteristics, that the amounts bear certain relations to each other. For instance, the 3d and 5th terms multiplied together give us the amount for the 7th term: the 6th and 12th for the 17th, the 7th by the 7th for the 13th and so on infinitum, which seems to give us a rule that by adding the numbers and subtracting one we get the number of the term they produce.

According to the above the 8th term (for instance) multiplied by itself would give us the 15th term (8+8-1=15), that is $128\times128=$ 16,384, for the 15th term.

Now, according to the rule, the 15th term, multiplied by itself, would give us (15+15-1=29), the 20th term, that is 16,384 × 16,384 equals 268,435,456 for the 29th term.

Then the 29th term multiplied by itself would give us (29+29-1= 27), the 57th term, or, in other words, 268,435,456, multiplied by itself gives 72,057,594,037,927,936, for the 57th term.

Still applying the rule, multiply the 57th term by the 8th (5748-1 =64), for the last or 64th term, that is 72,057,594,037,927,936×128 gives 9,223,372,036,854,775,808 for the last term.

Now all of the 64 terms must be added together. This would be a pretty big addition, enough to frighten the average school boy. This is overcome by a very simple rule: The sum of an arithmetical progression is found by doubling the last term and subtracting the first term from it, thus we can easily find the sum total to be 18,446,744,073,709,-551,615 kernels demanded by this checker-board proposition,"

Kate's charade turned upon the word potatoes.

The milkman's retort tells us that the chair, like his bill, should be 8-4 squares are reached re-seated. His cow gives milk but the chair "gives way." The chair, as one side of a triangle, with 600 which shows that two square boxes, like the dress, should be sat in. The bad boy dreamed of Lewis-

Santa Claus started off with his left foot to chase that turkey and if you follow in his tracks in the snow counting left foot, right foot, etc., you will find he has gained one step somewhere. This can only be done by going round the first circle twice, so he has made four complete the same length, merely divide the letter S for the L at the very begin-

Answer to Bird Puzzle.

The question as to whether a bird flying round in a closed box would increase or lessen the weight of the box has been discussed pro and con, by some of our correspondents, but the preponderance of opinion is so vided into the 600, gives 136 and overwhelmingly in favor of the weight of the bird being added to hare to the left-hand bridge, and as that of the box, that it would be the two routes are of equal length difficult to present reasonable argu- it would make the cross-lots cut 713 ment for the other side, despite of and 7/11 yards, as previously menthe popular belief that such would boned, and we have not stumbled be the case. The propounder of the over any square roots on our run. question cited the familiar problem of the fish in a vase of water, but there are two versions to that prob- 1em, it was explained for the benefit lem; the one which asks why a fish of the few, if such there be, who put into a tank of water does not know less than ourself about this increase its weight is a silly joke, exciting pastime, that there were as it does increase the weight, unless the tank being full to the brim and 300, 250, 325, 275, 350, 225, 400 and enough water overflows to equalize 425 yards apart, which were to be matters. The problem of the fish reached in succession by two strokes is not the same, as the weight of of different lengths played directly the fish is the same as the water and towards the holes. Some of our the fish floats. The bird is heavier clever players prove that the feat than the air and supports itself by can be performed in 26 shots by striking down upon the air and the using a 150 yard drive and a 125 power of such strokes would un- yard approachdoubtedly show on the dial the difference in weight between the bird financiering, which called for the and its displacement of air.

Cuba.

Cross-Country Running.

First to give the answers: It may be said that the bound runs back 111 yards I foot and I and I/II of an inch to the left-hand bridge, and thence across the field on the hypothenuse line 713 and 7/11 yards."

This shows the hare to be 850 yards from the home flag going by either route. Mathematicians show that the total length along the canal would be 111 and 4/11 yards. Plus the 25 yards to the hare, plus the care a bit about it, we won't try. 250 yards to the right-hand bridge, would make the distance from

and 7/11 yards as the lien of the by the natural puzzle method.

tance from the hare to the left-hand bridge, when the two routes are of base of the triangle (that 600) by ning, so it reads: "Set the rich, etc." the distance of the hare to the bridge, 250, and to the quotient add 2, and with that sum once more divide the base, and the quotient will be the distance from the hare to the left-hand bridge, viz., 250)600(2.4, to which we add 2-4.4, which, di-4/11 yards as the distance from the

Answer to Golf Puzzle,

In the description of golf probnine holes located respectively 150.

In that confusing bit of Celestial price of a fat puppy dog for 11 bits, The man with the monkey was in when 11 round coins are worth 15 bits, 11 square ones 16 bits, and 11 triangles 17, such of our puzzlists and mathematicians as are up in Oriental laundry lore report that the transaction would be consummated by paying 7 pieces of cush with round holes and one piece with a square hole. The total value of the eight pieces would be exactly 11 hits. The amount in our money would be such an insignificant sum that it could hardly be estimated, and as I don't believe anyone would

The Mixed Tea Puzzle.

yards as the other, which gives 713 the one exactly 17,299 inches inside measurement, and the other 25.409 hypothenuse, according to Euclid's inches square on the inside, will be forty-seventh proposition. This equal to twenty-two tea chests, exproves the answer to be correct, actly 9.954 inches square. So the which I will now proceed to obtain proportions of green and black teas must have been mixed in the propor-To discover that unknown dis- tions of as 17.299 is to 25,469.

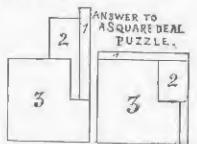
That Grammatical puzzle may be entirely changed by substituting the

The Time Puzzle.

Regarding Harry's problem of the clock, which conflicts with the popular notion of this old-time puzzle, it may be seen that if the minute hand goes twelve times faster than the hour hand that they will meet eleven times during every twelve hours, so by taking the eleventh part of the twelve hours for our constant we find that there will be a meeting of the bands every 65 minutes 27 and 3/11 seconds; therefore the hands will be together at 12 o'clock and at 1:5:27 3/11, 2:10:54 6/11, 3:16:21 9/11, 4:21:49 1/11, 5:27:16 4/11, 6:32:43 7/11, 7:38:10 10/11, 8:43:38 2/11, 9:49:5 5/11 and 10: 54:328/11.

The Square-Deal Puzzle,

Out of an unusually large number of competitors to this curious bit of carpentering I find that many succeeded in doing the feat in five pieces; some did it in four pieces, but few discovered the correct answer in three. The accompanying illustration conveys a pretty lesson in square root by showing that three squares containing I and 16 and 64 inches, when combined, should form a square of 81 inches with 9 on each side as shown:

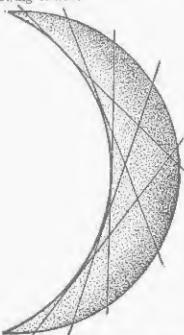


The Oriental love story tells of a broken pipe!

Answer to the Moon Problem.

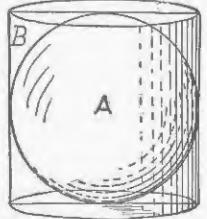
By taking the best possible advantage of the crescent form of the moon, our clever puzzlists ltave suc-There is a cute puzzle method for ceeded in producing fifteen pieces bridge to bridge 386 and 4/11 yards solving such puzzles of this kind, of cream cheese for the hungry

lowing sketch:



In the Moon Problem wherein Professor Spaarwood undertook to reach the moon through the aid of a captive balloon, it was to give a common sense way of telling how many miles of wire one one-hundredths of an inch thick could be made out of a sphere twenty-four inches in diameter,

the student to know that a round to the extreme points of the crescent. box termed a cylinder contains ex- then continue the cut around the in- the diameter of the top, actly one-half more than a sphere side of the circle and move the piece which it would hold, as shown in (A) to the left so as to get the folthe illustration presented herewith. lowing change;



Therefore, if the sphere A is twentybox B, which is twenty-four inches

cylinder, and as wire is really noth- and were exchanged for a one-karat ing but an extended cylinder, we stone worth \$100 and a seven-karat readily find out the relative propor- stone worth (7x7) \$4,900, which tion between twenty-four inches and shows the two-karat gems to be of the one one-hundredth of an inch, as the same value as the other twothe one is 2,400 times larger in diameter than the other, so 2,400x2,400 gives 5,760,000 as the number of little cylinders one one-hundredth of an inch thick, contained in the big cylinder, and as they would be sixteen inches long, we multiply by sixteen and find that there would be 92,160,000 inches which will reduce readily to 1,454 miles 2,880 feet as the length of the wire.

The relative proportions of a sphere to a cylinder was discovered by Archimedes 380 years B. C., and was engraven upon his tomb to perpetuate to succeeding ages what the of the middle section. Now, as the great mathematician looked upon as his most important discovery.

That high stepping kid was a soldier of metal because he was led!

The Crusader's Puzzle.

In that remarkable trick of converting a Turkish flag into the Crusader's Cross, it is merely necessary



Diamond and Rubies.

Having explained that diamonds increase in value according to squares of their weights, it was required to give the size of two small stones, which could be represented in value by two stones of different size, without employing fraction of four inches in diameter, it occupies a karat, and upon the assumption that two-thirds of the interior of that hat a single karat stone is worth \$100.

The trade which gave rise to this high. Therefore, the ball would be puzzle and which struck me as being equal to a cylinder two-thirds that unique and interesting was the ex- that the ambitious darkey would height, viz, twenty-four inches in change of two five karat stones, climb six feet in six minutes, but

mountaineers, as shown in the fol- high. That converts the ball into a So the two stones were worth \$5,000,

The Tinker's Kettle.

Taking 282 cubic inches as a one beer gallon, we have for 25 gallons 7,030 cubic inches. Then, by prismoidal formula for obtaining volume of figures of proportionate ends (sum of areas of two ends plus four times area of middle section parallel to them, multiplied by one-sixth vertical height, equals volume, we have 12 inches, the vertical height, divided by 6 equals 2; and 7,050 divided by 2 equals 3,525. which is the combined area of the two ends plus four times the area diameter of the top and bottom are as 2 to 1, the diameter of the middle section will be represented by 11/2 and areas will be in proportion The Y was on the flag because it is of 4, 214 and 1; but as we take the 4th of July! The 4th of July is four times the area of the middle like an oyster stew because it don't sections, the proportions, per foramount to much without crackers. mula, will be as 4, 9 and 1, or a total of 14, of which the area of the top represents 4/14, and 4/14 of 3,525 equals 1,007 2/14, the area of the top. Then, dividing 1.007 2/14 to make a straight cut down through by .785398163397 and extracting the Well, all that is necessary is for the center of the eight-pointed star square root of the quotient to obtain diameter, we get 35,8096-which is

The Hoop Snake Puzzle.

Professor Von Schafskoppen gratefully acknowledges the valuable assistance of our puzzlists, in mastering the difficulties of reconstructing that hoop snake.



Climbing the Greased Pole,

In this little problem which was given to afford the young folks an opportunity of exercising their ingenuity and common sense, it was told diameter, but only sixteen inches worth \$2,500 each, viz., 5x5=25. that at the end of every six-foot

climb he would slide back three just thirty-four minutes and forty cians fell into the mistake of saying while taking a rest. The height of seconds1 the pole was to be guessed at or to be calculated according to facts or

completely nonplussed and saw no straight cuts and accomplishes the ground upon which to base their calculations. Among puzzlists, how- turning one of the pieces over-a ever, there was a wonderful unanimity of opinion regarding the height of the pole, which auyone with half an artistic eye would place somewhere between eighteen and twenty feet, without giving any other reason than the general effect of the center of the left side E to middle shadows in the picture.

of a tower or pole from the length corner G, and the three pieces will of its shadow is well known. One form the square shown as Fig. 2. of Sir Walter Scott's knights figured out the height of a tower with the aid of a ten-foot lance, but a clearer illustration of the principle is given in Conan Doyle's "The White Company," where Sir Nigel and his gallant comrades were locked up in a besieged castle:

"The grizzled archer took several lengths of rope from his comrades and knotting them together he stretched them out in the long shadow, which the rising and threw from the frowning keep. Then he fixed the yew-stave of his bow upon end and measured the long, thin, black line which it threw upon the of the two catches presented in this turf. 'A six-foot stave throws a twelve-foot shadow,' he muttered. "The keep throws a shadow of sixty paces, so thirty paces of rope will be enough!

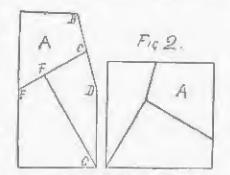
There is the secret of this little puzzle. All shadows in the picture heights of the objects which cast them. A plumb line from the finger tips of that sporting man will show that the shadows are to the scale of one-third the height of the objects. The pole, therefore, is three times as high as the shadow from center of high.

Now, remembering the fable of the frog in the well, we can allow know 'how long it would have taken for the various slips of the little to eat those ten dozen eggs if there darkey and will find that he gets a had been but half as many guests

The Joiner's Problem.

This problem called for a solucircumstances as shown in the pic- tion in the fewest possible number of pieces; it will be seen that the Of course, a good many were best answer requires but two feat through the happy medium of practical piece of carpentering which some of the followers of Euclid did not think of.

Whether the angle from D to B is more acute or less acute makes no difference. Draw the line from the of the angle at C. Then draw the The idea of judging of the height line at right angle, so as to hit the



The Dutch Barber's Puzzle. Many clever puzzlists and mathe-

maticians got caught on at least one new version of the old-line apple by the use of decimals carried out women's problem. In saying that to considerable length the answers thirty eggs were eaten during the will be less than the billion billionth first course of an Easter banquet, part of a hair, at the rate of three eggs per minute, would naturally require ten minutes. and to eat thirty more at the rate of the tower, a distance of 179 feet, will be in the same proportion to the of two eggs per minute would be fifteen more, so that sixty eggs were tenth of the height of each fall, will eaten in twenty-five minutes. But during the third course, when sixty more eggs were consumed, first three in a minute and then two in a minute alternately, so as to again a more accurate answer. If the row average five eggs in two minutes, pole to end of shadow line. We can those who know the mathematics of then compute the length of that the situation can see that five eggs shadow from the fact that all trolley in every two minutes would consume car tracks are four feet eight inches the sixty eggs in twenty-four minwide and we will readily find that utes, so the entire dozen eggs would the pole is nineteen feet eight inches he eaten in exactly forty-nine min-

But the Dutch barber wanted to

that if the eggs were eaten in fortynine minutes, half the number of guests would have required twice the time, viz: ninety-eight minutes, It took the clever puzzlists, however, to discover that the eggs, which must have been very small ones. were all eaten by one person! It was a very exclusive banquet with but one guest! So half the number of guest could not have eaten the eggs at all I Take the time as stated: Thirty eggs in ten minutes, then thirty in fifteen and sixty in twentyfour, and you can plainly see that but one egg was being eaten at a time, and as it was said they were eaten without intermission, it would require but one person to do the job!

More than one person could not conform to the terms of the problent. The last sixty eggs were eaten first three in a minute and then two in a minute. How could two persons eat three eggs? Or how could three persons eat two? There is no number which will divide into two and three, except one !

Answer to Tower of Pisa Puzzle. Ninety-nine per cent- of our puzzlists and mathematicians fell into the popular error of confounding this pazzle with the famous race between Achilles and the tortoise, and pronounce the problem to be unsolvable. Skilled mathematicians give approximate solutions and show that

It can be shown, however, that an elastic ball, dropped from the top and which continues to rebound onecome to a rest after traveling 218 feet 9 inches and one-third.

Many make the mistake of sunposing that 218.777777+ would be of sevens were carried out to a billion billion decimal points it would not be so accurate as that nine and one-third inches.

If a ball dropped from the extreme top of the tower fell half of the distance in the last second, would prove the tower to be 187,4806 feet

The Rebus word is Myriad.

The Bridges of Konigsberg.

There are 416 ways of doing this firm hold on the top of the pole in at the banquet?" The mathemati- trick of which the shortest route is

via O-P. D-C. E-F, H-G, I-F, L-K, and had two ounces over. If these cal numbers which can be squared N-M and A-B, but as there are several million ways of not doing it. such a small matter as 416 routes may have been overlooked.

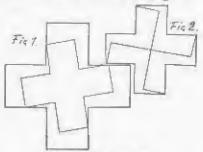
Dresden.

The General-Store Puzzle.

I find that algebra is more popular with our puzzlists than is generally supposed, and they found no trouble whatever in adding up bow-wow goods. chops. Alson's pale ale and cow's cheese so as to make it all wool. To such-if any there were-who could not solve the mystery which has puzzled me all these years, it may be stated that the keyword to the situation is "peach blows," a most popular variety of potatoes. Give each of these letters a number, running from 1, 2, etc., to 0, and it becomes an easy matter to discover the algebraic value of hoes, apples, soap, etc., the total of which adds up "all wool," which, to say the least, is a remarkable coincidence.

The Red Cross Puzzle.

The following illustration shows how the Greek cross may be cut into five pieces which will form two crosses of the same size. Cut as shown in Fig. 1, and rearrange the small pieces as shown in Fig. 2.



False Weights.

In regard to the puzzle of the broker in camel's hair who used a when buying and sold with a fifteenounce weight, so that he made \$25 by cheating in addition to his two commissions of 2 per cent., it may be said that the ordinary methods by algebra or ratio and proportion seemingly fail to give a satisfactory answer, so I will attempt to give a plain, common-sense explanation. based upon simple arithmetic.

In the first place, if the broker weighed the goods with a pound weight one ounce too heavy, he got 17 ounces for a pound. When he sold them by a weight one ounce familiar with the subject, which it would be a mile and three-quarters. light he gave 15 ounces for a pound.

We find, however, that he received 2 per cent, from the seller, portions shown in the sketch, \$3.75, and \$4.25 from the purchaser, making \$8 brokerage in addition to \$25, by cheating. Now, if he had dealt honestly, he would have paid for 17 ounces, which, to be exact, would have been \$199.21875. His ranged in a 27x27 plaza which gives brokerage for buying and selling would therefore only be \$7,96875, so he has made an additional 31/4 cents by cheating. As the story said that he made exactly \$25 by cheating, we must reduce the \$187.50, price so that his two cheatings will amount to just \$25.

Now, as 31/4 cents is exactly the 801th part of \$25,03125, we must reduce \$187,50 by its 801th part, which will bring it down to \$187.27, so that he will make just \$25 and the .0006 of a cent by cheating. To such as wish to be very exact and honest, I would suggest that the seller be paid \$187.2659176029973125 less the 2 per cent, brokerage of \$3.745 plus.

City Hotel Puzzle.

Mary Ann was mother to the sick

Football Puzzle.

The cubical area of the ball may be considered as made up of a great number of small pyramids, with multiplied by one-third of its height. Therefore, the volume of the sphere answer as 63,504 different ways. is equal to the sum of the bases multiplied by one-third of the constant helght, viz: The surface of the sphere multiplied by one-third of the radius. If this volume is to be equal in number to the surface, it follows that one-third of the radius is unity; therefore, the radius is 3 and the diameter of the ball 6 inches.

Plato's Cubes.

two ounces were sold at the same or formed into a cube, hit upon the price, so as to make \$25 by cheating, elementary combination of 4, viz; it is plain that the two ounces rep- 4x4x4 makes a cube containing 64 resent 2/15ths of what he paid for cubes. This monument, therefore, The Andre captors came from the whole and charged for the 15 might readily be placed in the centre ounces. One-fifteenth being worth of a square plaza of 8x8 cubes, also \$12.50, friteen-fifteenths, or the containing 64 cubes. Puzzlists, whole, would be \$187.50, which, if however, who know that the picture there was no question of commis- cuts an important figure in the puzsion, would be what he paid for the zle, saw at a glance that the dimensions just described would not build a monument and plaza of the pro-

They, therefore, suggested a higher series of numbers, and found that 9x9x9 would form a square monument containing 729 cubes. This same number of cubes could be arthe correct dimensions as shown in the picture. Of course the multiples of these numbers could be employed. but 729 cubes is the only number below 1,000 which would fill the bill.

The Monastery Puzzle, Our clever puzzlists who were fa-

miliar with the ancient couplet: Persevere ye perfect men,

Ever keep these precepts ten," found no difficulty in reading one of the "precepts ten" so shown in the window. It is translated to be C on T in U in hole in S, which may be read: "Continue in holiness."

Answer to the Cat Puzzle.

Many good mathematicians fell into the error of attempting to solve Alice's cryptogram of "Was it a cat I saw," upon the basis of there being twenty-four starting points and the same number of endings. They reasoned that the square of 24, viz: 576 different ways, would be the correct answer. They overapexes meeting at the center of the looked the branch routes which give ball, and their bases representing the exactly 252 ways of reaching the surface. We know that the volume center, C, and as there are just as pound weight of seventeen ounces of a pyramid is equal to its base many ways of getting out to the Wa. the square of 252 gives the correct

How we knew that Annapolis was the hidden city!

The Steeplechase.

Our puzzlists and mathematicians have had a hot race to the finish in that steeple chase puzzle. It was told that the sketch showed the judges' stand to be at the opposite end of a rectangular field, bounded by a road of a mile long on one side The majority of our mathemati- by three-quarters of a mile on the cians, who were to a certain extent other. By the road, therefore, it is plain to be seen calls for geometri- which could be run in three minutes-

They were at liberty, however, to cut across lots at any point, but owing to the rough ground would run 25 per cent. slower. By starting down the mile course and going a little over the eighth of a mile, and then taking a cut across lots to the finish the race can be won in 2 minutes and 51 seconds plus, which is somewhat better than by starting off on the hypothenuse line at once,

"Grandfather's Clock" Puzzle.

"The clock stopped short, Never to go again when the old man died."

it was explained that the bour and minute hands had tangled up, and the puzzle was to determine their point of contact from the position of the second hand. Well, as the second hand may be said to be a little less than 51/2 seconds past 60. we will find that the time must have been 49 minutes, 5 and 5/11ths of a second past 9, which would bring the hour and minute hands together so that they caught and stopped the clock, which so irritated and excited grandfather that he just "up and

Hands off of that tiger which is on exhibition at Bangor.

The Switch Puzzle.

The problem is solved in thirtytwo moves, as follows: First engine F passes alone through the switch via C, B, A (two moves), pulls engine E to D and once more passes through switch via C, B, A (total. five moves) : pulls car D to D, pushing E out to right; passes again through switch (eight moves); pulls G to D, pushing others out to right, engine goes through switch again (eleven moves); pulls B to D, and passes through switch as before (fourteen moves); pulls A to D and passes through switch for the last time (seventeen moves); goes to right, then draws A, B, C, D, E, G to left and backs G onto switch (twenty moves): draws A. B. C. D. E to left, backs them to right (twenty-two moves); goes to left alone, backs up on switch at A and takes G to left (twenty-four moves); goes to right, then pulls everything out to left, backs H. I onto switch (twentyseven moves); pulls G. A. B. C. D. E out to left, backs them to right, then takes F to right and backs up to switch and connects G to H. I (thirty-one moves), and is now prepared to go ahead on the thirtysecond move.

Uniform Price Puzzle.

My friend, who was explaining the "uniform price" system of doing quart of liquor was the key to the the gray matter in the brain. whole situation, and gave the price for all of the other articles in the window. The lady's side saddle would be worth \$4, as it holds a "gal on." The anchor would be worth \$40, because in wine measure an anker holds ten gallons. The hogshead would be worth \$252, as there are that many quarts to a hogshead, and the pipe would be worth twice as much, as there are 504 quarts to a pipe.

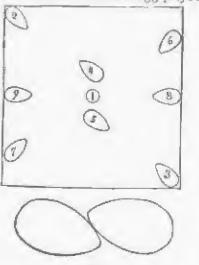
Great Columbus Puzzle.

The secret of winning in a contest to see who can place the last home. egg upon a square napkin as described in the Columbus puzzle, Arno. turns upon placing the first egg exactly in the center of the napkin, as shown in the square diagram, Then, no matter where your opponent places an egg, duplicate his play on the opposite in a direct line through egg No. 1. The numbers given illustrate the beginning of the game, proceeding in regular order of play, viz.:

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, etc.

The placing of the first egg in the center would not win, if simply laid on the table, for, owing to the oval form of the egg, the second player might place an egg in close proxunity to the conical end, as shown in the last illustration, which could not be duplicated.

The only way to win, therefore, as discovered by the great navigator, according to popular history, is to flatten one end of the first egg played



so as to make it stand erect, so as to represent a circle.

This puzzle, as previously exbusiness at the Klondike, showed me plained, was not given for practical that the price of one dollar for a demonstration, but just to develop

Lost Opportunities.

Every one of our young lady correspondents voted Cholly Slowpop a mutton head for his explanation of the sweetness of stolen kisses, and the stupid answers to those easy conundrums. Of course he should have replied that they were like that tempting fruit because they were such a "nice pair." If, when she had asked him what kind of animals feil from the clouds, he had replied "reindeer," the atmosphere would have been less chilly during the ride

That drifting scene hides the name

Dividing the Spoils.

The correct answer is that Nellie, who was 41/2 years old, got 198. Mary, who was 6 years of age, got 264, and Susie, who was 7 years old, took 308.

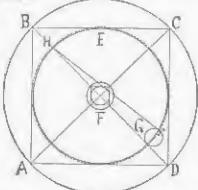
The analysis of the problem shows that as Susie gets 7 to Mary's 6, and that Nellie gets but 3 to Mary's 4, she would get just 41/2 in each division of 4, 5, 6 and 7, which amounts to 171/2, so by dividing the 770 chestnuts by 17.5 we get 44 as the number to multiply the ages by to tell how many chestnuts each received. Mathematically speaking, the divisions and proportions would be correct if we gave the ages as 9, 12 and 14, or any other of the multiples of 4.5 and 6 and 7 years, but as a glance at the picture would show that the ages would not correspond to the little girls as shown, those answers would not be correct. according to puzzle principles.

The Grindstone Puzzle.

Our Syrian friends could get the approximate number of square inches contained in a circle of 22 inches diameter; from this they would deduct the number of inches contained in the 3 and 1/7 hole. Then they would figure out the approximate size of a circle containing half of the number of square inches, which would be the size of the grindstone when the first man is done with it. The only perfect method, however, is based upon our demonstration that the area of circles may be computed from the

squares of their diameters. Know- would increase "until the number of nose language every word is repreine from our Pythagorian problem, that a square drawn within a circle would contain another circle just when reflected in a mirror would half the size of the larger circle, show the number of the entire the sentence must be translated or let us take the grindstone, and after flock," it may be said that the peasdrawing the lines A to C and B to ants, as well as some of our puz-D, build the square, A, B, C, D; zlists, experimented before a mirror then draw the circle, E. just within until they hit upon the number of that square, and it contains exactly nine sheep and nine goats. 9x9= zle being to change the position of one half the area of the large circle.

Having stated, however, that loss from the centre hole must be divided of the flock. between the two owners of the grindstone, we draw a square inside that small square describe another none. small circle, which is just half the size of the circle, F. We will now work the Pythagoras rule for adding circles, and place the small cirele at G, and the line from H to I will form the hypothemuse line of a right-angled triangle, which gives the diameter of a circle, combining the area of the circle E and the smallest circle, which is half of F. This enlarges the circle E, so that the dotted line shows a circle which contains exactly one-half of the grandstone, and will have a dinmeter of 15.5/7 inches.



Hoch der Kaiser conceals the name Berlin.

One Cent Shy.

In that simple little study in United States coins, wherein the conductor happened to be one cent short to change the dollar bill, it will be found that he must have had a fifty-cent piece, two twenty-cent pieces, a three-cent and a one-cent piece. As the smaller coins are of different sizes, he could not have had two two-cent pieces as some supposed.

"Lowes."

The Oracle Puzzle.

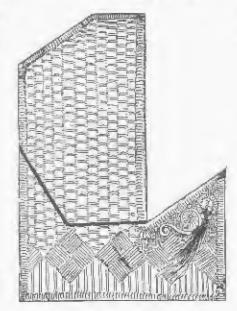
which told the peasants their flocks tence of twelve words, as in the Chi-

sheep multiplied by the number of sented by a specific sign word, but goats would show a product which 81, which held before a mirror, be- the block, by sliding them like the comes 18, which would be the total

That neck-tie puzzle reads, "It was the season for bass, but with of the circular hole, and inside of such heavy seas on they caught

The Sedan-Chair Puzzle.

In that odd little cutting puzzle. where it was required to divide the sedan chair into the fewest number of pieces which could be fitted together so as to form a perfect square, the following line shows how several of our clever puzzlists perform the feat in only two pieces:



Barnum brought Jumbo from "Boouton,"

The Chinese Switch-Word Puzzle.

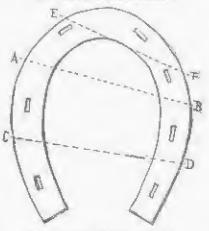
In this little switch-word puzzle, which was built upon similar lines to the old star puzzle, I took occasion to explain the principle of such puzzles, and, incidentally, to give a good tip regarding the nature and character of the word which, ac-One thing at a time occurred at cording to my own analysis, would furnish the best key to the Chinese mystery. In the original Chinese To that mystic reply of the oracle switch-word puzzle they use a sen-

in the present Americanized version of the puzzle it was explained that represented by a twelve letter word, one letter on each block-so I introduced the portraits of two interpreters translating the word. The puzold 14-15 puzzle, in the fewest possible moves, so that the word would read correctly from left to right, instead of from top to bottom.

Many clever and ingenious answers were received, giving all manner of twelve-letter words, and varying in from thirteen to twenty-five moves, but few solvers canglit on to my intimation that there was a peculiarly appropriate word, or who took their "queues" from the Chinese interpreters, hit upon the lucky word "interpreting" which runs it right off the reel in twelve plays without any "drilling," as the railroad men term it.

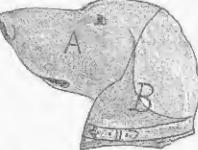
More trouble is located at "Corea."

The Good Luck Puzzle,



The Dog's Read Puzzle.

The following cut shows the way of dividing the head in two equal



The kings of the turf lived in Alexandria.

In Fritz the Barber's problem Many tradesmen made fortunes in there are eleven positions where the ntinute hand will take just fifteen. First came the tailor on whose sign minutes to get as far ahead of the hour hand as it was previously behind it, but as there would be but one position which conforms to the A florist then followed with a choice position of the second hand as shown in the picture, and where the hands cannot be seen, so the only answer would be that he began at 10.47 and After this a jeweler selling LINKS 2 and 8-11 seconds, and ended at 11.2 and 2 and 8-11 seconds,

CONCEALED GEOGRAPHY, 85. Rathisbon, 86. Briston, 87. Cowes, 88. Normandy, 89, Albania, 90. Ostend. 91. Liege, 92. Ghent, 93. Madawaska, 94. Labrador, 95. Grenada, 96. Iowa, 97. Meuse, 98. Lyons, 99. Acre. 100. Siam, 101. Iser.

The weary traveler started from Erie.

In the problem of the pyramids it is evident that if the lion goes seven steps, the guide six and the tourist five, 7x6x5 gives 210 as the number of steps, which would bring them out together at the top. As the lion is five steps shy in the sketch. the guide three and the tourist one, we can readily see that the pyramid must be 201 steps high to bring about the tableau shown.

Hidden city, Finland.

In regard to the crop of cabbage heads Mrs. Wiggs takes occasion to explain that by dividing the increase 211 as nearly as possible in halves, the squares of those two sums will show the relative dimensions of the two patches, namely, 105x105 gives 11,025 as last year's crop, and 106x 106 equals 11,236 as this year's crop, with an increase of 211 cabbage heads.

False keys were heard at Sing Sing.

That autobiography of a silver quarter of a dollar tells of its being stamped in 1853 and re-fused when it was worn smooth.

Concealed Geography I. Constantinople, 2. Samarla, 3. Thebes, 4. London, 5. Sedan, 6. Tours, 7. Metz, 8. Inkermann, 9. Edinburgh, 10. Bergen, 11. Genoa, 12. Balkan, 13. Ferlin.

Bingham was in Utah,

The horseshoe on the door puzzle may be solved poetically as follows: With a golden horseshoe nailed over would now be thinking of a golden the door,

this famous store.

was writ PANTS.

Next a dealer who in PINTS saw his chance.

lot of PINKS. Which in turn were displaced by a

furrier's MINKS. made his pile,

But the plumber with his SINKS beat him a mile.

SILKS were the source of the dry goods man's wealth.

And the carpenter did not make SILLS for his health.

The druggist sold such a great lot of PILLS That his successor, the notary, kept

busy writing WILLS. The mason built WALLS and a for-

tune, too. While the undertaker made PALLS for Gentile and Jew.

money in PAILS. Then made room for the chandler

to spread out his SAILS. NAILS proved a boon for the hardware man-

And that is as far as old records ran, But if "Old Abe" ever occupied that store.

He surely must have sold RAILS galore.

That Gordian Knot Puzzle,

Our puzzlist readily discovered by actual practice that the scissors may be removed from the string by working the loop backwards along the circle with a pair of compasses, and double cord. First down on the left remembering that invaluable rule side, up through the center, down that the distance from the center, on the right side, up the center, down called the radius, will always divide the left, up center, down left and a circle into six equal parts, mark it then pass the scissors through the off into six equilateral triangles, as loop, and they will come off if you shown. We will then triangulate it have not produced an unfortunate once more by introducing the intertangle by twisting the cord.

tenth anniversary on next St. last Tuesday was to-morrow" it 1896, and when Biddy said, "When a day just two fortnights hence will as no other day would fill the bill except 1868, in which case they celebration.

753

Concealed Geography 102. Annapolis, 103. Arles, 104. Oregon, 105. Chester, 106. Pan, 107. Gath, 108. Maine, 109. Hague, 110. Utica, 111. Boston, 112. Omaha, 113. Glasgow, 114. Utah, 115. Dan, 116. Dan, 116. Stoneham, 117. Syria, 119. Parma, 120. Milan, 121. Perugia, 122. Magdeburge, 123. Cyprus, 124. Leeds, 125. Candia, 126. Corea, 127. Goshen, 128. Greece, 129. Berne, 130. Georgia, 131. Pultora, 132. Macon.

Answer to Chicken-in-the-Corn Puzzle.

The real point of this puzzle is that, play as you will, the "man" could never eatch the "rooster" nor the "woman" the hen," for, as they say in chess or checkers, the rooster "has got the move" on the man, and for the same reason the woman can never get the "opposition" on the hen. But if they will reverse matters the answer is very simple-the man can catch the hen in nine moves When the grocer moved in he made and the woman will catch the hen in eight. The principle can best be shown on a checkerboard: First move the man toward the woman, and the woman toward the man. Both birds move, following their would-be captors. Now move the man down one square and move the woman to the square above him. After that transposition has been effected the continuation is simple, The hirds each move and are closely pursued until captured.

Lincoln's Rail Problem.

To solve the problem, draw the mediate distances from A to B, and Regarding the problem of Biddy's from B to C, etc., which represent wedding day, it can be shown that our 16-foot rails. From this we can the happy couple will celebrate their readily compute that the distance from C to B is 30 feet 11 inches, and Patrick's Day. "When a week ago as from A to D is just half as long, any puzzlist will speedily discover must have been Monday, Feb. 17, that the triangles X X can be fitted with the triangles Y Y to form one oblong 30 feet 11 inches by 15 feet be yesterday," she was talking about 51/2 inches. Thus 4773/4 feet repre-St. Patrick's Day, March 17, 1896, sents just one-sixth of the area of the entire field, 2,8661/2 square feet being the correct answer.

NOW AND THEN conceals the name Amberst.

ANSWERS TO PUZZLES ON PAGES 195 TO 202

The Merchant of Bagdad.

The number at the end of a paragraph denotes the number of manipulations in that paragraph.

The libit contains 63 gaft, water, and the barrel 311/2 gall, honey. Fill the three 10-gall, buttles with boney, pouring remaining 11/2 gall, into 2gall, measure, thus emptying barrel

By means of the 4-gall, measure fill barrel from hlid., eventually leaving 1/2 gall, in 4-gall, measure. Give this 1/2 gall to camel No. 1. By means of 4-gall, measure return 28 gall, of water from barrel to had, Pour 11/2 gall. honey from 2-gall, measure into 4-gall, measure. Pour 2 gall. water from barrel into 2-gall. measure and return to hhd. Draw off remaining 11/2 gall, water from barrel into 2-gall, measure and give this to camel No. 2. Pour 13/2 gall. honey from 4-gall, measure into 2gall, measure (37).

Repeat the whole of the operations in last paragraph 11 more times, so that 6 camels shall have each received two 1/2-gall, drinks, and other 6 camels two 11/2-gall, drinks. But on the 10th and 11th repetition, instead of returning the 2 gall, to blid., deliver them to any two camels who have already received two 1/2 gall. only. Eight camels have now received 3 gall, each, and four camels I gall, each, and there will be 35 gall, water in hhd. (407)

Fill barrel from bogsbead, using 4-gall, measure and give 1/2 gall, over to camel No. 13. Draw 3 gall. in hogshead into 4-gall, measure (18).

Return all honey to hogshead. Empty barrel into 3 10-gall, bottles, and draw remaining 11/2 gall, into 2gall, measure. Return contents of 3 bottles to barrel, and pour 11/2 gall. from 2-gall, measure into bottle No. 1 (12).

Fill the 2-gall, measure from 4 gall, leaving I gall, in 4 gall. Fill remaining 1/2 gall, to camel No. 13.

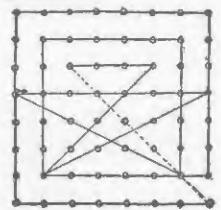
in bottle No. 3, using 2-gall, and 4- would suppose.

gall, measures. Empty the I gall. from bottle No. 2 into 4-gall. measare, and fill up that measure with honey from hottle No. 3. Pour contents of 4-gall, measure into bottle No. 2. Draw 2 gall, water from barrel and put into bottle No. 2 (10).

The 13 camels have now each received 3 gall, of water, one of the 10-gall, bottles contains 3 gall, of water, another 3 gall, honey, and the third 3 gall, of honey and 3 gall, of water mixed. The hogshead contains 251/2 gall, of honey, and the barrel 18 gall, of water, while the total number of manipulations is 506.

Answer to Going Into Action.

In this naval problem, wherein it was required to show the fewest possible number of moves whereby Incle Sam's battleship could run down and destroy the sixty-three vessels of the enemy, it may be said that there are many simple ways of performing the feat in from fifteen lo eighteen moves, but the following plan in fourteen moves, returning to starting point, seems to be the best name Albany. nossible answer:



Answer to the Lip-Reading Puzzle,

Out of the thousands of persons who were interested in the scientific feature of that curious lip-reading puzzle the ease and unanimity with which they picked out little Matthew barrel from 2-gall, measure, and give as the first boy on the top row encouraged them to tackle the next, Give 5 camels 2 gall, each, all the and by a large majority Matthew, camels having now been served (13). Alfred and Eastman were located Fill the 2 empty bottles from bar- on the top row, Richard, Theodore, rel, and draw remaining 11/2 gall. Luke and Oom on the second row. into bottle No. 1. Return contents with Hisswald, Shirmer, Fletcher, of bottles Nos. 2 and 3 to barrel (5). Arthur and Alden below, From the many correct answers received it Pour I gall. from 4-gall. measure would appear to be an easier feat to into No. 2 bottle. Put 6 gall, honey read the motion of the lips than one

THE BIRD CATCHER lived in

In weighing the haby the scales show their combined weight to be 170 pounds, and as Mrs. O'Toole weighed 100 pounds more than the combined weight of the dog and bally, she must have weighed exactly 135 pounds. As the dog weighed 60 per cent, less than the baby, we can readily see that the baby weighs 25 pounds and the dog but 10 pounds. All of which is very simple when you know it.

In that match trick the nine matches are laid in the form of letters so as to spell TEN, while Harry is expected to spell NIX.

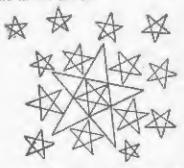
Concealed Geography.

Concealed Geography-54, Venice; 55, Remina; 56, Senegal; 58, Berlin; 59, Corinth; 60, Bath; 61, Calcutta: 62, Elba: 63, Lansing: 64, Malta; 65, Tarragona; 66, Peru; 67, Italy; 68, Versailles; 69, Oneida.

Those chattering monkeys hide the

The New Star Puzzle.

The accompanying diagram shows how the French astronomers would locate the new celestial find which proves to be of such heroic dimensions as to cast the other little stars quite in the shade.



THE CLEVER COIN TRICK is answered as follows:



In that instructive visit to the zoo, our young friend readily computed that if there were one hundred feet and thirty-six heads among the two riders. Also, as it was told that there were fifty-six feet and twenty heads among the curiosities, and we can see ten animals and seven birds in the picture, it is plain that only three more curiosities are to be accounted for, which can have but two feet and three heads among them, so it does not require a vivid imagination to surmise that the attraction in the cage which absorbs so much attention must be the wonderful Hindoo snake-charmer with her two ser-

THAT TURKEY weighed just 24 pounds, which would cost therefore 16 times 24, or \$3.84, Dr. Shylock played a trick on the butcher by weighing the turkey on his own scales, whereby in troy or apothecary's weight, it would weigh but 350 ounces instead of 384, as claimed on the butcher's scales.

The unsophisticated butcher stood the loss of 34 cents, and to show that he had no ill feeling ordered as many pounds of rock salt at 3 cents a nound as he had sold ounces of tur-

The doctor thought that if he heat the butcher on ounces he would also get ahead of him on pounds, weighed out 350 pounds of salt, which, according to his own scales should be worth \$10.50, but when he reweighed it, as per agreement, on the butcher's scales, 350 pounds troy only weighs 288 pounds (avoirdupois) on the butcher's scales, therefore the butcher gained 62 pounds of salt at 3 cents a pound, which would be worth \$1.86 to offset his loss of 34 cents on the turkey. So the answer to the problem is that the butcher comes out \$1.52 ahead on the whole deal.

Heard at the Zoo.

In that complicated bit of octamal arithmetic, wherein it was asked to

wished to describe 1902 by the sep- wind. Therefore two and one-third tantal system, we would divide 1902 by the multiples of 7, viz., first by toal speed, because the wind helped 343, then the remainder by 49, and borses and riders, there must have what is left by 7. We get the answer him, so his actual speed for a single been fourteen horses and twenty- 5355, which represents five 343's, mile without any wind would be 3 three 49's, five 7's and five units.

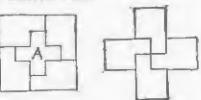
Answer to Christians and Turks.

This puzzle is just the reverse of of the ordinary story of the Turks who were thrown overboard, as in that problem the point is to arrange the men in a circle so that every thirteenth man would be a Turk, while in this puzzle the question was to find the best number as well as the correct starting point, to count out all the boys.

As discovered by some of our clever puzzlists, the solution is obtained by commencing the count with second girl from the left in the upper part of the circle, and, counting her as No. 1, continue to the right counting off every thirteenth one. This method will count out all the girls and the boys will be "left," but if you wish to count out only the boys, so the girls will be left, use fourteen in place of thirteen, so that by picking out every fourteenth boy, they would have got the pennics and Tommy Muttonhead would have escaped the licking.

Red Cross Volunteers.

The Red Cross puzzle showed how to make two crosses of the same size, so we will now make two crosses of different sizes:



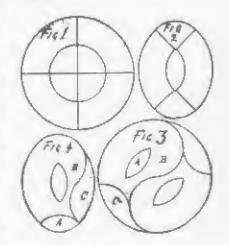
Riding Against the Wind.

Contrary to the popular answer to problems of this kind, that if a rider goes a mile in three minutes with the wind, and returns against the wind in four minutes, that 3 and 4 equal 7. should give a correct average, so write the year 1902 in a system of that his time should be taken to be criticism of Mr. Shaw's grammar notation which only employs the first 31/2 minutes. We find this answer in saying that he and not his goods eight digits, it may be shown that to be incorrect, because the wind has could not be beaten. the answer would be 3556. This helped him for only three minutes, sum represents six units, five 8's, while it has worked adversely for five 64's and three 512's. To pro- four minutes. If he could ride a mile duce the answer, first divide 1902 by in three minutes with the wind, it 512. Then divide the remainder by is clear that he could go a mile and 64, and what is left by 8, and we get a third in four minutes, and one the answer as given, 3556. If we mile in four minutes against the bark.

miles in eight minutes gives his achim just as much as it has retarded minutes and 26 seconds.

Old Saws With New Teeth.

In the following diagram Fig. 1 shows the popular way of solving this old puzzle according to the puzzlebnoks. This would divide each of the oval rings into four pieces, as shown in Fig. 2. According to our recently-discovered method, which introduces the Chinese Monad ign, as shown in Fig. 3, the feat can be performed with six pieces instead of eight.



Keen Wit.

In the juvenile puzzle wherein the object was not only to discover the locality of the incident, but to explain the meaning of the jolly Hibernian's sarcasm, it may be said that our young puzzlists readily located the incident as concealed in the sentence: "Begora, Mr. P. (hiC) (HIC) A GOod batin ye'd get if I could get in yer cage!"

Everyone, however, did not appreciate the subtlety of his addressing the nine dummy tailors as one man, nor his slurring intimation that Mr. Shaw's name should be snelled "Fshaw!" to say nothing about his

Old Style Enigma Ans.

My whole is now before you. HIDDEN CITY-Hartford.

That apple tree conundrum is because the tail is farthest from the

Santos-Dumont's Balloon.

48 seconds, and that the propelling shape. speed of the flying machine is 3 and made by Santos-Dumont.

Railroad Lingo Puzzle.

railroad lingo readily interpreted the an amount of silver had been introconductor's statement that the train duced. 8.2245 of silver would weigh would stop four minutes, 222222! to but a little over 48 ounces, so it is mean that there would be a four minutes' stop, and that the time, in gold. A puzzlist would say, suprailroad lingo, would be two to 2, to pose half of quantity was gold, we two 2, which means two minutes to would have 4.11225 inches of gold 2 until two minutes past 2. It is no and 4.11225 inches of silver which by wonder, however, that Mandy simple multiplication, is found to thought the conductor was trying to weigh 66.6595725 ounces, which imitate an engine with his "chu, chu, should be but 63. chu, chu, chu, chu!"

Dividing His Flocks,

In that curious story of the Western ranchman who divided his herdy among his sons and their wives, it will be found that he had seven sons, fifty-six cows, and, as shown in the picture, just seven horses. The eldest son took two cows and his wife six, which was one-ninth of the remainder. The next son received three cows and his wife five. The next 28.8036 ounces of silver weigh 63 son four and his wife four, and so on down to the seventh son, who took eight cows, which left none for the wife. Then each son took one horse, so every family received eight cows and one horse and all shared

THOSE LUCKY BOYS found three 5s, three 25s and a \$3 gold piece which they threw in the well.

Heiro's Crown.

Archimedes was a Greek Hebrew of pronounced business proclivities,

their crowns in soak found the fol- to the top and twice to the ground Almost every one, mathematicians lowing results: Weighed in the air and twice on every step, it may be as well as puzzlists, fell into the com- the crown was exactly 63 ounces, but briefly stated that the feat can be mon error of supposing that the wind weighed in the water, as shown in would average up even, as would be the picture, it had displaced 8.2245 the case if we went ten minutes with cubic inches of water, which was to ground, and proceed by the steps the wind and ten minutes against it, readily determined by its difference when it holds in one direction just in weight, as it was well known that 9, 8, 9. Every step has been used as much as it retards in the other, a cubic foot of water containing 1728 twice and the ground as well as the while in the case cited it helps for cubic inches, weighed 62.5 pounds. only ten minutes and retards for a Thereupon any articles will weigh whele hour. It is a simple matter less in the water, just in proportion to find that the wind was blowing to its size, or the amount of water it at the rate of a mile in 4 minutes and has removed, irrespective of its

It was known that a cubic inch of 9-21sts of a minute per mile, so that pure gold carefully tested, weighs he would cover the ten-mile course exactly 10.36 ounces, and that a cubic in a calm in 34 minutes, 17 and 1-7 inch of silver but 5.85 ounces, being seconds. The problem was given as not much more than half the weight a puzzle for the mathematicians who of gold. Therefore it becomes a failed to note the palpable error in simple matter to calculate the comthe description of the time actually position of an alloy which weighs 63 ounces and represents 8.2245 bulk.

8.2245 inches of gold would weigh over \$5 ounces and we know that Such of our readers as are up in the crown weighed but 63, so quite plain that the jeweler did use some

> Then says the puzzlist, let us say that one-third of the quantity was gold, and we find that 2.7415 inches of gold weighs 28.401940 ounces. which leaves 32.075550 ounces of silver (viz. 5.4830x5.85), which weighs but 60.477490 ounces instead of 63. From these two trials the first of which was too rich in gold and the other too poor, we at once strike the happy medium and find that 34.1964 ounces of gold and ounces and fill the space of 8.2245

> The gold at \$21 per ounce would be worth \$718.1244, which, with \$17.570196 for the silver, at 61 cents an ounce, would make the crown as finished worth \$735.694596, whereas the 63 ounces of gold would be worth \$1323, so the dishonest jeweler really stole about \$587.30.

That Hod-Carrier's Problem.

In the puzzle wherein it was asked ing potentates who were wont to put take to go up and down, up twice feet of rope, worth \$1.63, and \$3.40,

performed in nineteen steps, as follows: First go to step 1, then back 1, 2, 3, 2, 3, 4, 5, 4, 5, 6, 7, 6, 7, 8, top has been reached twice.

Crossing the River.

In that complicated puzzle of the summer tourist who harl to cross the stream in a boat which would hold but two, and where certain personal feeling added to the difficulties of the strained relations, it can be shown that the entire party can be ferried across the stream in seventeen trips as follows:

First-Mr. and Mrs. C. cross over. Second-Mr. C. returns alone. Third-Mr. C. takes over a lady.

Fourth-Mr. C. returns with his

Fifth-Mr. C. takes over another

Sixth-Mr. C. returns alone.

Seventh-The two gentlemen cross Eighth-Gentleman and wife re-

Ninth-Mr. and Mrs. C. cross

Tenth-Gentleman and wife re-

Eleventh-Two gentlemen cross

Twelfth-Mr. C. comes back

Thirteenth-Mr. C. takes lady

Fourteenth-Mr. and Mrs. C. re-

Fifteenth-Mr. C. takes lady over. Sixteenth-Mr. C. returns alone. Seventeenth-Mr. C. and wife 20 over and the entire party have been transported to the other side.

Used to Kissing.

The story describes two billiard balls!

In that problem of dickering for rope at Manila, it was told that the dealer measured off twenty feet with a yard stick which was three inches short at one end. It is plain, therefore that three inches were lost on each yard in measuring eighteen feet, but none on the last two feet, as the yard stick was only short on the extreme end. The tope being worth who had many dealings with the rul- to tell how many steps the man must two cents a foot, the dealer loses 813/2

he loses \$5.03, as the feature of getting the bill changed by a neighbor question of profit or loss, many good contrary opinion notwithstanding,

Tabby and Sport.

and puzzlists, in giving the answer to that exciting race between the cat and dog, say that, as Sport sprang five feet at each bound and the cat of the third weight with the littlest only three, but Tabby made five and the second, that the light est is springs to Sport's three, they would be going at the same rate of speed, so the race should be a tie. It would be a tie if it were "a straightaway race," but in running to the stake and back seventy-five yards, each half of the race would be 112% feet. The dog would be compelled to make twenty-three leaps to the stake and the same number in returning, which would be forty-six leaps of five feet each, so the dog goes 230 feet in all, which is a waste of five feet. The cat would go there and back in seventy-six leaps, which would call for 228 feet so Tabby should win the race by two feet.

The Star Theatre Puzzle.

The interesting feature of this puzzle is that the people from the other side of the street would read the banners: "Tiny Democrats."

Answer to the Problem in Chances.

In that curious puzzle of George Washington Johnston and mixed-up hats, our bright mathematicians have demonstrated that the chances against any one of the six men receiving his own hat would be as 265 is to 455.

The comical dog story conceals the name of Calhoun.

The Adinco Puzzle.

The boy was right, here after AD would make it adhere. Here after in becomes IN HERE and liere after CO would be COHERE.

AT THE RUINS hides the name: Corinth.

Macaulay's Last Riddle is the word "Manslaughter."

The description of the becalmed vachts conceals the name of Fairhaven.

which he gave in good change, so Outwitting the Weighing Machine.

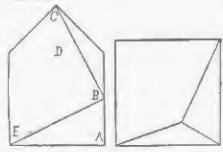
In that little problem of the five little girls who beat the weighing Object, has nothing whatever to do with the machine, it can readily be shown that there could be just ten different mathematicians and puzzlists to the combination couples weighed, and that their separate weights must have been 56, 58, 60, 64 and 65 pounds to produce weights as given of 129, Of course, many mathematicians 125, 124, 123, 122, 121, 120, 118, 116 and 114. The two lightest together must weigh 114, and as we find by comparison of the veights two pounds lighter, we know that she weighs 156 and the next 158, after which it is easy to tell the rest.

The Price of Eggs,

In the cook's problem in domestic arithmetic it was said that she paid twelve cents for the lot, but made the grocer throw in two extra ones because they were so small, which made them cost just one cent per dozen less. Our elever puzzlist shows that the grocer offered her sixteen eggs for twelve cents, which would be at the rate of nine cents a dozen. She made him throw in two eggs extra, so that she got eighteen eggs for the twelve cents, which is at the rate of eight cents a dozen, or one cent a dozen less than the first price asked. Some pretty good mathematicians were puzzled over this little problem.

The Charade is Mated.

The young carpenters out the table top as here shown, which is merely reversing the principle of the remnant prizzle so as to make it more dimcult:



The description of those bookworms conceals the name alaska.

FRESHMAN IMPRUDENCE is made to read: Orthodox Oxford dons don't know old port from logwood, which is like the other: Persevere ve perfect men, ever keep these precepts ten.

The missing word puzzles are: 1. entrance. 2. Desert, 3. Objects. 4.

The necktie puzzle reads: "He might have gotten off with a fine but he got ten days as well."

Answer to Jimmy's Age,

If we call Paddy's age at the time he took to drink N, then Mrs. Murphy's age must have been 2-3 of X plus 2 2-3 years and Jimmy's age was 3 1-3 years. When the family total reaches 4 2-3 X minus 4 years it will equal 100 years, from which we get the value of X as 22 and 2-7 years.

Jimmy's present age is represented by 3 1-3 years plus 1-3 of X, so it is clear that he must be 10 and 16-21 years of age.

Answers to Concealed Geography, 133. Hague, 134. Houlton, 135. Amoy, 136. Erin, 137. Persia, 138. Erie, 139. Texas, 140. Stralsund, 141. Natick, 142. Olga, 143. Palos, 144. Verona, 145. Houghton, 146, Bogota, 147. Angier, 148. Hereford, 149. Erie, 150. Lima, 151. Hayti, 152. Acra and Peru, 153. Cork. 154. Nice, 155. Onesda, 156, Genoa, 157. Thebes, 158, Taunton, 159, Lima, 160. Saugus, 161. Alaska, 162.

In the puzzle of Tom the Piper's Son, who stole the pig. Mother Goose reports that Tom had to min 571 3-7 yards to catch the pig, while the porker ran three-quarters of that distance, which would be 428 4-7 yards. The simple rule for solving problems of this class is to halve the distance the man would have to travel to catch the pig in a straight line added to the distance he would go if they advanced toward each other. Tom is 250 yards from the pig, and as he goes one-third faster, in a straight line, he would catch him in 1,000 yards. If they run toward each other, Tom goes four-sevenths of the distance, viz.: 142 6-7 of the 250 yards, which, added to 1,000, equals 1,142 6-7 yards. Half of this equals 571 3-7 yards, which is the correct answer.

A Rebus=

Wedding bells were rung in the "Hebrides.

Aesop's Fable of the Wolf.

The best answer to the story of the hungry wolf who impersonated a policeman to accuse an innocent little goat which had been sleeping, of throwing snowballs at him, is well told in verse by a clever correspond-

"That cruel, wolfish copper Told the awful snowball whopper, To the little kid, on purpose to entrap her

To confess a graver deed. And he quickly did succeed, For a sleeping kid is surely a kidnapper!"

Answer to the Strike Puzzle.

The foreman received \$1.10 for the first day and then 90 days at \$1.11, making 91 days for \$1.01. The handy man worked 101 days for \$101. The helper put in I day at 90 cents and then 110 days at 91 cents, making 111 days for \$101. In all 303 days work, for which the employer paid \$303.

In this curious demonstration of the truth of the old adage that "the longest way round may be the shortest way across" the problem was to "find the shortest way to string an electric wire so as to connect the two ends of a room 30 feet long. The wire was to be strung along the walls, ceiling or floor, from a push button three feet above the floor from the center of the room, near the door, as shown in the picture, to a point 9 feet high, or 3 feet from the ceiling, in the rear of the room, the room being 12 feet wide by 12 feet high and 30 deep.

The shortest distance will be found to be a winding course, along the two end walls, along one side and across one end of the floor, as shown in the accompanying illustration which requires 41,785 feet of wire.

The answer to that illustrated charade is because they are both fast.

Fido's Age Puzzle.

Let the sign X stand for Fido's age five years ago. Then sister's age (being four times older, or five times as old), would be represented by 5X. Adding five years to each, 5X+5 stands for sister and X+5 for Fido, and they are now in the ratio of three to one. That is, should we multiply Fido's age by three, resulting in 3X+15 it equals sister's age of Independence because it began by of 5X+5. A comparison of the two dropping the T into the C.

forms shows that 2X equals 10 and X five years. To-day Fido is ten years of age and sister must own to

Bixley to Quixley,

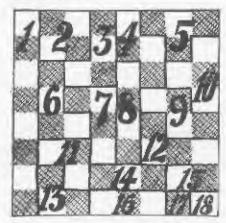
After traveling forty minutes the guide stated that they had gone just half the remaining distance to Pixley, so it is clear that the time between Bixley and Pixley consumed 120 minutes. Later on between Pixley and Quixley he stated they were just half as far away from Quixley as from Pixley. Then they reached Quixley in an hour, which makes it clear that they consumed 180 minutes between Pixley and Ouixley. Thus we have the time of the whole journey as five hours. It required 200 minutes for the seven-mile stretch, so the distance covered between Bixley and Quixley in 300 minutes must have been ten and a half miles.

In the Baseball problem the Sockers were victorious because if they had the 2 score, the Sluggers, accontinued after scoring 3 points.

In the Legal problem Grandfather first married Mary Ann who died and he married her sister and then departed this world himself, this evidently proves that he had married his widow's sister.

In that Criss-cross puzzle the word is "amaze."

That clever young carpenter divided the checkerboard into 18 pieces as here shown:



In the puzzle of Well Recommended the testimonial was like the War

The Tower of Hanoi.

It would require 8191 transfers to solve this problem, according to rule it would be the 13 power of 2, less 1.

The Clothes Line Puzzle.

Since one piece of the clothes line was equal to five-sevenths of the other, the entire length of 100 feet divided by 1 5-7 will give the length of Mrs. Hogan's share as 58 1-3 feet and the balance, 41 2-3 feet, belonged to Mary O'Neill,

The Eccentric Will.

That remarkable puzzle of the Eccentric Will proved to be, as was intended, a remarkably difficult problem which baffled the most of our experts. It was told that Captain Smith left his money to nine heirs. consisting of a married son with a wife and child, a married daughter, her husband and child, and a stepson with a wife and child. Each husband was to receive a specific sum more than the wife, but the wife was to receive that same sum in excess cording to usage, would not have of the child. The money consisted of one-dollar bills, put up in packages of sealed envelopes, each envelope containing just as many dollar bills as there were sealed envelopes in his or her package. It was stated that "Mary and Sarah together got just as much as Tom and Bill together, while Ned, Bill and Mary together got \$299 more than Hank, while the Jones family got over three times as much as the Browns." Only the Christian names of the beirs being given, the puzzle was to guess their surnames by the terms of the will, which solves as follows: Bill Jones got \$8,836: Mary, his wife, \$5,476, and the son, Ned, \$2,116. Hank Smith received \$16,129; his wife, Elizabeth, \$12,-769, and their daughter, Susan, \$9,-409. Jake Brown got \$6,724; his wife, Sarah, \$3,364, and their son, Tom, the black sheep of the flock, only \$4!

Answer to Billiard Puzzle,

In that problem of the hilliard match, mathematics as well as practice shows that if Apfelhaum can beat Blumenstein when he gives him 20 points in 100, Apfelbaum makes 100 to Blumenstein's 79, for it is clear that if Blumenstein made 80 be would win, and A would not beat him at those odds. As Blumenstein gives Gugelheim 25 points, Blumen-

stein makes 100 to Gugelheim's 74. Therefore 74-100ths of 79, which is 58.46, shows what Gugelheim should make while Apfelbaum runs 100. While Apfelbaum runs 200 Gugelheim would make twice 58.46, which as there are no half points must be called 117. Apfelbaum could, therefore, give him the olds of 82 points, as 82 plus 117 equals 199, and would then just beat him by the required margin of I point. Mathematically speaking, Apfelbaum makes I and 2077-2923 to every I that Gugelheim scores.

In Pictorial Arithmetic Boat+ Woman-Man leaves Boatwo, and this-Boa leaves TWO.

That puzzling query is because he is making a banquet.

That illustrated square word reads

POST ODOR SODA TRAP

Answer to Family Puzzle.

Miss Pocahontas Smith must have been twenty-four and little Capt. John but three, with thirteen brothers and sisters ranging between. Once more some of our solvers failed to note that "seven times older" is the same as eight times as old.

The Postmaster's Puzzle.

She got five 2s, fifty Is and eight 5s=\$1.

That rebus puzzle takes the first letter of shark, the C from ace, a from mean or base and to these add MP and it spells scamp.

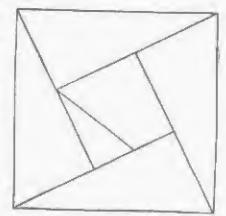
In the Pictorial Charade we read Pot-he-carries weight.

The Mystery Puzzle.

This problem is readily solved by working backward, when it is revealed that I must have started with \$260, the baron had \$80 and the count \$140.

After the first round I had left \$40, the count and baron each doubling their piles and having then on hand \$280 and \$160 respectively. After the second round I had \$80, the baron \$320 and the count \$80. Then the count and I each doubled our money at the expense of the baron, and we were each left with the extent of \$100.

The Juggler's Puzzle is solved as complished, but you will find it a follows, by having one of the triangles:



The Miller's Problem is explained by saying the customer has now nine parts of how much wheat? If he has nine-tenths of a bushel he must originally have had 10-9ths of a bushel; The miller took 1-9 and left him 9-9ths or one bushel.

Solomon's Temple Puzzle.

The carrying of the cube up an incline one mile long by half a mile in height would throw the centre of gravity of the block of marble back four and a half inches, so-mathematically speaking-the head man's hold of the arms is equivalent to 491/2 inches from centre. The positions of the other two men must be equal to half that distance each, so as to give them the best possible working positions we would place one man 143/4 inches back from the centre of gravity and the other 3434 inches; then if each man lifts 210 2-3 pounds the weight will be evenly distributed. Of course, other distances besides 1434 and 3434 might be used to divide the 491/4 inches.

In that buried proverb we read: 'A rolling stone gathers no moss."

A Rebus=Decanter.

A Rebus=Vivid.

Answer to Infantry Drill.

Describing this puzzle by the letters upon the hats of the little sol-B and C to the end of the line next in a row so that a player could knock the drummer. Fill up the gap with down a single pin or any two ad-E and F. Fill up the new gap with jncent ones. They play in turns, and \$160, and I was the only loser, to H and B, when by filling up the gap as the little man of the mountains

backwards again from this point, so as to bring them to the original position so that the boys and girls stand alternately in a row.

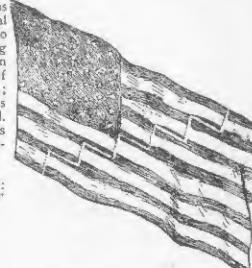
Mr. Funnyman's Joke is 69 cents.

Two Men and A Ditch Puzzle.

In that famous unanswerable probiem wherein it is stated, that two men dug a ditch 100 yards long, wherein the first got 90 cents per running yard, and the other \$1.10 on account of the ditch being deeper, it can be shown that if the first man dug 55 5-9 yards at 90 cents, he would receive \$50. From the point C, the other man dug down to the road five feet deeper, and measured the hypothenuse line of 45 and 45-99ths, at \$1.10, which also makes \$50. Which is doubtless the intended answer to this problem, which has been a bugbear for several centuries.



The FALSE COLOR puzzle is explained by the following illustra-



Rip Van Winkle's Game.

In the little bowling problem it diers we will solve it by first moving was told that the pins were arranged again with A and E, the feat is ac- has knocked down pin No. 2, the puzzle was to tell what is the best O is like a horse, because G makes shot for Rip to make to win the

To retain the championship of Sleepy Hollow, Rip should now knock down pin No. 6, so as to di- Q is a guide, because it always goes vide the row into groups of 1,3 and 7. Then, no matter what play the R is a winner, because it leads in little fellow makes, he will surely be beaten if Rip continues to make the S is a titled lady when it is a dutch best plays. To have won the game at the start, the little man of the T is like an island, because it stands mountains should have knocked out into two groups of 6. Then, whatever Rip knocked out of one group V he would duplicate on the other, and thus win by a sure rule.

22 Birds.

1, Lark; 2, Eagles; 3, Black Cap; 4, Bird of Paradise; 5, Swallow; 6, Rook; 7, Kite; 8, Blackbird; 9, Sailor; 10, Crane; 11, Butcher; 12, Rail; 13, Mocking; 14, Rice; 15, Tailor; 16, Pedlar; 17, Secretary; 18, Turkey; 19, Armadillo; 20, Swift; 21, Jay; 22, Wren.

REBUS-PICEON.

Alphabet Conundrums,

Of course there were different answers submitted to many of those commidmins built upon the letters of the alphabet, from which the following are selected as the best:

A is like honeysuckle, because the B comes after it.

must be before we can see. is like a schoolmarm, because she

changes lasses into classes, D is like a squalling child, because

it makes ma mad. E is like London, because it is the pieces which will fit into the egg. capital of England.

F is like a fishhook, because it makes an eel feel.

G is a hot day, because it is the middle of August.

H is a cure for deafness, because it makes the ear hear.

I is the lucky vowel, because it is in bliss while E is in hell and the others in purgatory.

J is like your nose, because it is next to your eye.

K is like a pig's tail, because it is the end of pork.

L is like a queen, because it makes the knee kneel.

M is a favorite with miners, because it makes ore more.

N is like a pig, because it makes "a sty" "nasty."

P is a false friend, because although the first in pity it is the last in help.

head of U.

a race.

in the middle of water. pin No. 7 so as to divide the row U is not so queer as I, because I was the queerist.

> is the spooney letter, because it is always in love.

is like a scandal, because it makes ill will.

X is a mystery, because it is in explicable.

Fourth of July,

is like monkey cage, because it is secured which will cover all expenses. the leading feature of the Zoo.

Alphabetical addition is solved by the key-word Peach Blows, a famous brand of potatoes. Number each of the letters consecutively.

Second Alphabetical Addition is Don't be lazy,

Evolution Puzzle-Fade, made, male, mile, milk, silk,

A CHARADE is Parrot.

In our trip through the dictionary we found the words: Scion, Suspi-B is placed before C, because we cion, coercion, internecion and epi-

Answer to the Goose Puzzle.

The accompanying figure shows how to divide the goose into three



STREET FUZZLES.

There is one class of puzzle which may be referred to as noveltics or curigs, which are peddled on the sidewalks by the street hawkers and about which I desire to give a few words of advice or caution. Hardly a day passes without my receiving a communication about some game, puzzle or novelty which the author desires to put upon the market. I always remind them of Puck's advice to young couples contemplating matrimony: "dun't!"

In the first place street sales are very disappointing. It is great cry and little woo! Such sales scarcely amount to anything at all and actually kill the orders from the big stores. My advice is never patent, copyright is a great lady, because it is the or manufacture any article of this kind until a positive order has been

> Not more than one muzzle or game out of a laundred is a success. You run no risk in showing your idea before a patent has been seenred; I have been handling inventions (or half a century and never heard of an idea being stolen.

> Here is a specimen of a streethawker's proposition:



The picture represents two empty cages, but there is another piece of movable cardboard which slides in grooves behind the picture. The spaces between the bars are cut out and two rats are drawn (in sections) which can be concealed by the bars). By moving the card board from right. to left only one rat can be seen at a time, so it gives the appearance of jumping from one cage to another.

13, 9, 12, 4, 8, 5, 4, 8, 9, 13, 14, 60, and the answer will always be speed for the half-mile run. 10, 6, 2 and 1.

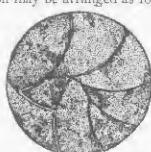
5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 8 and 12. To produce swer. a magic square adding 30 the following is the best; 12, 8, 4, 3, 2, 6, 10, 9, 13, 15, 14, 12, 8, 4, 7, 10, 9, 14, 12, 8, 4, 7, 10, 9, 6, 2, 3, 10, 9, 6, 5, 1, 2, 3, 6, 5, 3, 2, 1, 13, 14, 3, 2, 1, 13, 14, 3, 12, 15 and 3.

The real trick of the puzzle could only be performed by changing the 9 into a 6 and the 6 into a 9, by turning them upside down during two 46656s which, added together, the manipulation of the blocks.

ANSWER TO PICNIC PUZ-ZLE.

There must have been 900 picnickers who would be seated 9 to a wagon if there were 100 vehicles. or 10 to a wagon after 10 of the wagons but broken down. When they started for home with 75 wagons, it was necessary for 12 persons to ride in each wagon.

Miss Tokio first steps to the first rung then back to the ground; then to I and 2, back to 1, up to 2 and 3, etc., always one step down and two up, and the feat can be performed in 23 steps. Hiki's watermelon may be arranged as follows:



The first charade is Godlike: the second Massacre; the third Pocketbook.

TELEGRAPH POLE PUZZLE.

the fact that no matter how many lent of 1,360 feet and Jill but 1,260 pounds altogether, which is a gain varies, but the distance between to 68. As Jack beats Jill by 5-63 new method.

319 feet between poles. But as WORTH THEIR WEIGHT IN Fig. 3 may be reached in 39 there would only be 59 spaces beplays: 1-1, 15, 10, 6, 7, 11, 15, 10, tween 60 poles, we should divide

The Bungalose crap player must have thrown a 1 which added to 4 gives him 5, leaving 10 to the other player who wins by 5 points. 109,778 represented in the sextimal notation would be 2204122. The figure to the right represents units; then two 6s, then one 36, four 216s; no 1296s; two 7776 and proves the sum. The numbers increase by the multiples of 6 instead of 10, as in the decimal notation.

The first characle is Sunshing, the next Blockhead.

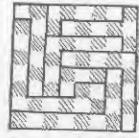
SOLUTION TO DROVER'S PUZZLE.

Hank had eleven animals. Jim seven and Duke twenty-one, so that there were thirty-nine animals alto- the 2.

FUZZLELAND ALGEBRA is: 96327 85014

181341.

The Darktown students patched the checkerboard as follows:



The first characle is Windlass, te next Margin, then Offence.

JACK AND HLL PUZZLE,

In the Jack and Jill problem, it being clear that 60 feet down hill The bewildering feature of the is equal to 40 feet up hill, we see

THIS FAMOUS 14-15 PUZZLE. poles is the same, because we mul- of his time, which was equal to halt Starting from original position tiply and divide by the same num- a minute, 1-63 of his time is equal Fig. 2 may be reached in 44 plays ber. Let x represent the number to 6 seconds, and his whole time, as follows: 14, 11, 12, 8, 7, 6, 10, of poles passed and multiply by therefore, would be 6 minutes and 12, 8, 7, 4, 3, 6, 4, 7, 14, 11, 15, 3 5-8 times 5,280 (number of feet 18 seconds, which is the correct 13, 9, 12, 8, 4, 10, 8, 4, 14, 11, 15, to a mile), and divide by x times unswer to the problem of Jack's

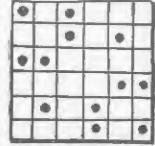
GOLD.

In the problem of the dowers of 13, 9, 5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 12, 15, 10, 13, the 19,140 feet by 59 to get the June brides we were told that 9, 5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 12, 15, 14, 13, 9, 324 24-59 feet, as the correct an- the three brides weighed 396 pounds, and that there was a difference of 10 pounds between each. Kitty therefore weighed 122, Nellie 132 and Minnie 142 pounds. As Brown weighed the same as his bride, we will pair Kitty and Brown, weighing 244, We pair Nellie and Jones (198) at 330, and Minnie with Robinson (284) to make the required 426, which gives a total of 1,000 pounds, or half a ton.

> THE GAME OF MATRIMONY WIRS by the play of one, two or three. Then the winning points are 9, 15, 22 and 28. You will also win if you count 34 on the thumb, 32 on the 2, 31 on the 3, 30 on the 4, 24 on the 3, 19 on the 2, 17 on the 4, 16 on the 2, 11 on the 3 or 6 on

In that clever riddle either screw is insecure.

A STUDY IN EGOS.



Good Advice says: "In order to be wise beak on tent tool urn." PUZZLE.

Had Mrs. O'Flaherty invested but 42 cents she might have purchased one pound of turkey and one pound of goose. Now, if she spent that same amount of money equally divided between geese and turkeys she would have received 21-24s of a pound of turkey and telegraph pole problem turns upon that Jack accomplished the equiva- 1 2-18s pounds goose-2 1-24s poles you may assume to pass in when they met, which shows their of 1-24 of a pound, resulting from one minute, the speed of the train speeds to be in the proportion of 63 her laying out her 42 cents by the

will produce a difference of 1-24th of a pound between the two methods of purchasing, it is clear that she must invest 48 times 42 cents, or \$20.16, to gain 2 pounds by the Christmas method.

Investing \$10.08 in turkeys and the same amount in geese she received 42 pounds of one and 56 pounds of the other, whereas had she bought equal quantities of each she would have received but 96 pounds altogether.

THE ARCHITECT cut on a straight line from the second place, as indicated by the King's thumb, to the third space as pointed out by a finger at the top, then move the right hand piece up one space and you will find that there are but 124 cells, which enables you to lay out a route starting from and returning to the left hand corner,

THE ILLUSTRATED TOWNS are slie really lost 32 cents by the ex-

MERRY-GO-ROUND PUZZLE.

There must have been thirteen children on that Merry-go-round. Those who rode ahead of Willie at the same time came behind him. As there were twelve of them, we simply add three-quarters of twelve to one-third of twelve, which gives thirteen, the total number including Willie himself.

HEIDELBERG PUZZLE.

A rule for solving this problem is to divide the total number of students into the difference between the amounts produced by multiplying the separate student groups by the total group-the quotient being the number by which one group exceeds the other.

We must find a number less than 24 which will divide evenly into 108, and 18 fills the bill. The quotient 6 is the excess of Red Caps over Blue Caps. Therefore there must have been 12 Red Caps and 6 Blue Caps. The Red Caps consumed 216 steins and the Blue Caps

had 55 children as proven by the springs.

Since an investment of 42 cents occupations and sports of those shown in the picture.

> THE LETTER CARRIER COMmenced at Ave. B and 1st street, went up 1st street to Ave. C, which he followed to 3rd street, down to Ave. A', thence backward to 2d street, up to Avc. C, along to 4th street, down to Ave. A, back to 1st street, up to Ave B, and through to 4th street.

> THE DICE GAME: Player should commence with 2 or 4 if he hopes to win.

THE ARCHERY Puzzle answer is 17, 17, 17, 17, 16, 16 = 100.

THE RECESS HOUR Puzzle may he read: "One ought to wait for

MATHEMATICAL COP PUZ-

The mathematical cop says that passing through all the cells but his conversation with McGuire occurred at 9:36 A. M., because onequarter of the time from midnight would be 2 hours and 24 minutes, which, added to half the time till midnight (7 hours and 12 minutes), equals 9:36,

> Were it not for the fact that Mc-Guire bid Clancy good morning, showing that their conversation took place in the A. M., it might be assumed that the time was P. M., and 7,12 P, M. would be an equally correct answer.

> THREE 12-INCH NAPKINS WILL cover a 15 and 1-4 inch square table. Place one squarely on one corner and the others will easily cover the remainder.

> These are the Twenty-one Palindromes that the rhymes concealed: 1. Anna. 2. Eve. 3. Ada. 4. Nun. 5. Madam. 6, Bib. 7. Pap. 8. Gig. 9. Level, 10. Ewe. 11. Noon. 12. Eve. 13. Pop. 14. Pup. 15. Pip. 16. Mum. 17. Gog. 18, Eye. 19, Tenet. 20. Peep. 21. Deed.

THE HARDWARE STORE sells: Hammers, glass, spades, bolts, The Frenchman wished to say locks, buckets, tacks, pails, casters, that he found a hair in the butter. stove lifters, saws, pulleys, monkey-THE OLD WOMAN in the shoe wrenches, white leads, quays and

THAT FRENCH CRYPTOGRAM reads: "Tai grande apetite" a little too long too wait for tea. The P. S., is supposed to mean "add a line more" viz.: Adaline Moore. THE FOUR SOUNDS are ring, mar, back and creek.

BUSINESS PUZZLE.

As the difference between a price which is 10 per cent, advance upon one doll and one which is 20 per cent, advance upon ninety cents is two cents, which is 1.55 of the former price, so in this case the price for which the goods sold is fiftyfive times twenty-five cents, which is \$13.75.

A little study will give the several names of Bluebcard's wives correctly, and the keys may be placed in the following groups: 78x 345 = 26910.

SUBSTITUTE an E for R and spell Fealty.

In Puzzleland you can see the portrait of Washington by glancing from left to right along the center of the big tree. The simplest way to cut a square into six squares is to mark it off into nine squares, then the largest one will he made up of four squares, and there will be five more little ones:

THE CHARADES are: Hardship, Shakespear and Bugbear.

CREDIT CHECK PUZZLE.

In that mark down china sale Mrs. Bargainhunter bought ten plates at 13 cents each on Saturday and returned them on Monday for eighteen saucers at 3 cents each and eight cups at 12 cents each, making a total of \$1.50, as she returned the plates at 15 cents each; but on Saturday she could have bought thirteen cups at 10 cents each, so

LITTLE Bo PEEr arranged the four pieces as follows:



THE CHARADES read: Vanguard, strategem and Sapling. MILITARY PUZZLE: Align.

THE PUZZLELAND Swiss Flag weights, so as to place some on opposite ends of the scales as counter balances, any odd number, like three and a half pounds, may be weighted. THE BURIED CITY puzzle is Dub-

OUR COLUMBUS PROBLEM.

80.55 decimally expressed = 80.5

97 99

82. Total. Therefore = 82.

The . over a number signifies that it is a repeater which would go on for ever, as when we endeavor to describe 1-3 decimally, viz.: 3) 10. (.3333 etc., ad infin., but

Puzzle is solved as follows: A

Swiss Cheese can be divided in to

26 pieces by five straight cuts. A

chessboard may be divided into 18

pieces without any two pieces be-

SOLUTION TO ABACUS PUZ-

ZLE.

ton merchant must have purchased

44 puppy dogs for 88 bits, and 22

pairs of rats at 2 bits a pair, mak-

ing in all 132 bits. He sold 39

dogs at 2.2, equals 85.8, and 21

back his original outlay of 132 bits.

He then had 5 dogs to retail for 11

bits, and one pair of rats for 2.2,

pound, three-quarters of a pound,

cent, upon his first investment,

In the Abacus problem, the Can-

ing exactly alike, as follows:

expressed .3; with a series of numbers we place the dot over the first and last, as with 1-7, viz.: 7)10(1.42857, which series of numbers would repeat in the same sequence for ever. The remarkable feature being that a repeater is exactly

equal to 1-9, viz.: 1-9 and .1 are the same, -5.9 = .5, just as the

series .142857 = 142857 over

CHARADES: Nameless, Butchery, FUZZLING FRATTLE,

In that puzzling prattle it is evident that the children were so befogged over the calendar that they had started to school with their ANSWER TO EGG PUZZLE. books on Sunday morning! for it THE PHILIPPINE TRADERS have to be midway between the two "tofour rings weighing a quarter of a days."

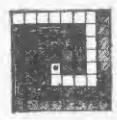
HIDDEN CITIES and RIVERS: two pounds and a quarter and six Pesthe, Augusta, Lima, Carson, pounds and three-quarters. By Cleburn, Atchison, Po, Nile, Seine, clever juggling with these four and Don.

HORSE TRADE PUZZLE.

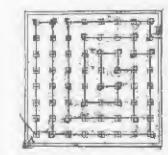
Sixty dollars is half the cost of the animal and three-quarters of the cost of his keep. This makes one quarter of the keep one-third of \$47 and the total loss \$282-3.

ANSWER TO BATTLE OF FOUR OAKS.

The accompanying cut shows how to divide the square lot into four pieces of the same shape and size, with a tree to each piece.



REBUSES: Pideon and Aspire. A SWITCH BOARD Problem may be wired so as to require but 234 inches, as follows:

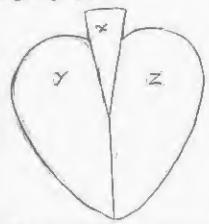


THE HISTORICAL BURIED CITY is Edinburg, followed by 195 Weser, Elbe, Thames, Ganges, Tagus, Canada, Kissingen, Hingham, Angora, Daiton, Ireland, Bethel, Rye, Stafford, Acre, Susa, Gravesend, Coromandel, Persepalis and Cordova.

Regarding the question as to pairs of rats at 2.2, thereby getting is plain that when the day after to- how high Hans could safely build morrow is yesterday, to-day will a pyramid of eggs if each egg be three days hence, just as when weighs two ounces and would susthe day before yesterday was to- tain a pressure of eight pounds, it which would be 13.2, or 10 per morrow carries us back three days may be said that the industrious from now, which must be Sunday, grover has found by actual trial that a triangular pyramid of 193 eggs on the line of the base would contain 18,721 eggs, which would support the 192 layers containing 1.216.865 eggs. It makes no difference whether we build a square or triangular pyramid, the number the symbol in 14 strokes as follows: SOLUTION TO RENT PUZof layers will be the same.

To find the number of eggs in a square pyramid multiply the number of eggs on one side of the base by that same number plus one, multiplied by twice the number plus one, and divide by 6. Mathematically expressed in would be n (n plus I) (2a plus 1) divided by 6. To calculate the number of eggs in a triangular pyramid it would be n (n plus 1) (n plus 2) divided by 6.

THE RED SPADE may be changed into a heart by cutting into three pieces as shown, and insert the triangular piece below.



PLAYING THE SYSTEMS.

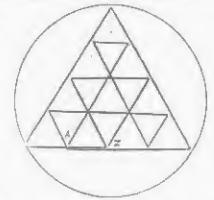
Lord Rosslyn's system of playing of 7.

varying the answer, but the print total to 10,228 days, which is just ciple involved is always the same in twice that of the two boys, which, producing the required result.

succession, then loses three 7-franc 5.114 days, bets and wins four 7-franc ventures, which makes his losses and saying, the young lady having gains equal,

loses five times on the same num- days for four leap years, and the ber, and then wins seven times on extra one day, which comes with

wins twice on 16,807 and loses tury muddle). five times, and finally wins seven that in all he has won 869,288 francs and lost 91,511, which ahead of the game.



THE BURIED CITY is Coblentz.

THE CHMINAL CLASS buried city puzzle conceals the name

THE BOY'S AGE PUZZLE.

The first girl was just 638 days old, and the boy twice as much, namely 1,276 days. The next day the youngest girl will be 639 days old, and her new recruit 1,915 days, total, 2,554 days, which doubles that of the first boy, who having gained one day, will be 1,277 days old. The next day the boy, being 1,278 days old, brings his big brother, who is 3,834 days old, so their combined ages amount to 5.112 days, which is just twice the ages of the girls, who will now be The conditions were according to 640 and 1,916, or 2,556.

The next day, the girls gaining seven times each upon the multiples one day each, will represent 2,558 days, which added to 7,670 days of There are one or two ways of the last recruit, brings up their sum with the two points added for the He löses seven single francs in last day, would be increased to

We arrive at the 7,670 days by reached her twenty-first birthday, He then wins twice on 49 and 21 times 365 equals 7,665 plus 4 the twenty-first birthday (which is He now loses three times on one day towards the twenty-second 2,401 and wins four times, then year, involving the twentieth cen-

In answer to the query how old times on the limit of 117.649, so was that youngest hoy, the reply should be 1.276 days.

Those who gave the boy's age as leaves him just 777,777 francs 3 1-2 years entirely overlooked the feature of increasing the ages of In Ancient Greece they draw the pupils from day to day,

ZLE.

As a difference of 25 cents per bushel in the price of wheat makes a difference of a dollar an acre in the rent, the rent paid in wheat is four bushels per acre. Deducting the value of four bushels of wheat from the total rent leaves \$4 an acre as the rent paid in eash, and dividing \$80 by four gives the number of acres as twenty.

TRADE SECRET Puzzle should be read "He's easy."

THE MONASTERY TREAS-URY.

We practically absorb the leap year feature by saying that a year is 52 weeks, I day and 6 hours long, which is the same as 52 5-28 weeks long. Now, as it takes just 28 years to make that 5-28 run into even years, we wils say 28x52 5-28 =1461 weeks as a periect circle of years ending with a Saturday. But as we must have a number of coins which can be divided by four or five or six we find that we must have a number of weeks divisible by 60, so we get such a number by multiplying 1416 by 20, which will give 29,220 as a series of weeks divisible by 4, 5 or 6 to suit the piles of coins, and divisible by 52 i-28 weeks, which converts it into 500 years, as representing the correct age of the monastery when the coins were counted.

THE REBUS and CHARADE HITE Scamp and Decanter.

THE LONDON For teaches the moral that it is "vain to aspire."

INVERNESS TO GLASGOW

Regarding the trip from Inverness to Glasgow, a distance of 189 miles, the difference between the two speeds being one mile per hour, we get x plus a half mile per hour for speed of the stage, and x minus one-half mile per hour for that of the train, which gives the equation 189 over x-one-half-189 over x plus one-half equals 12. Whence 192 equals 12 x sq. and x equals 4. The speeds, therefore, are 41-2 miles and 31-2, which shows that the place of meeting was seven-sixteenths of 189, or 52 11-16 miles.

ZLE.

In this problem it was told that a miser had a heard of \$5, \$10 and \$20 gold pieces which be could of the other two sides. divide into four, five and six parts, do this it has been shown that he must have lind not jess than 60 would make a total of \$2,100.

THE FOUR ELOPEMENTS.

but two persons at a time, the feat can be performed in 17 trips, in- to equal 11 acres. The area of our out his stock and left him with stead of 24. Utilizing the island triangle A D B is clearly the half \$70 in cash." in the middle of the stream and of 9x17, which equals 76.5 acres, complying with the conditions that and as the areas of the oblong and PUZZLING PARTNERSHIPS. no young lady was to be in the company of any gentleman unless her hance was present, and no man 76.5 to prove that the lake contains as if any number of fish from 33 to was to be alone in a boat, if any young lady was left alone, except the one to whom she was engaged.

Describing the young men as A B C D, and the young ladies as a h c d, the 17 trips of the boat can readily be followed.

Island. Over. Shore ABC Dabed o 0 a b ABCDed 0 ARCDbed 0 a ABCDd) C ABCDed Now the men begin to do some

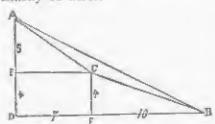
rowing. ABa CDcd. BCDcd b Aa BCD bed Aa BCDd he Aa Dd be ABCa abc ABC Dd ABCac Dd 13 ACac BDd b ABCDac 2 be ABCDa d ABCDabc d ABCDab c d 0 ABCDabed 0 0

ANSWER TO THE LAKE PUZZLE.

eleven acres, therefore the approxiacres" is not sufficiently correct. This definite answer is worked out

angle the square of the longest side cash on hand. is equal to the sum of the squares

acres long and B D 17, because half a ham cost as much as a whole 9x9 equals 81, which added to ham. reins of each denomination, which 17x17 (289) equals the 370 acres He then met the hotel man, who, of the largest field. A E C is a out of the remainder of two and a right-angle triangle, and the square half hams, "took half a ham and of 5 (25) added to the square of the half of what remained, which Contrary to the published an- 7 (49) shows that the square on would be a ham and a half, for \$2,swers to the famous puzzle of the A C equals 74. C B F is a right- 50, leaving just one ham, which four couples who had to cross a angle triangle, which shows that was purchased by the friend, who river in a boat which would carry the square of its sides 4 and 10 took half of what was left and half prove the square estate on B C a ham, for \$1.25, which cleaned two triangles can plainly be seen to be 65.5, we deduct the same from exactly 11 acres.



ANSWER TO BEATING THE RECORD.

In that trotting match puzzle it can be shown that the four quarters were trotted respectively in 27 1-4, 27, 27 1-8 and 27 1-8, made in the record time of 1 minwhich proves the mile to have been rite and 48 1-2 seconds.

ANSWER TO THE HAM PUZ-

Many puzzlists and good mathematicians will be surprised to learn that he started off with fifty-five hams. Let us prove the answer and find out how much he received for them.

The first person he met purchased half his stock and half a In this remarkable problem we eight hams for \$35. His next cusfind that the lake contained exactly tomer took half of his stock and four pieces, which will fit together half a ham (fourteen hams), and and form the symmetrical Greek mute answer of "nearly eleven directed him to another place, where cross. The following figures show he disposed of half of what re- the manner of cutting and placing mained and half a ham, which the pieces together:

ANSWER TO MISER PUZ- by the Pythagorean law, which would be seven more, which leaves proves that in any right-angle tri- him with six hams and \$61.25

The landlady then buys half of his stock and half a lam, which In the illustration A B D repre- would be three and a half hams, each containing similar coms. To sents our triangle, A D being 9 for which she must pay \$5, as the

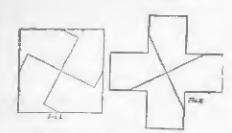
It would seem at the first blush 43 might have been caught, as one may try experimentally by giving A from O to 11 fish and the quantities to be received by the others become apparent. There being five partners, however, who are to receive equal amounts in the final division, it is clear that the number must be 35 or 40. Take the latter number and it readily solves and shows that A had 8, B 6, C 14, D 4 and E S. Now if B, C and D pool their issues, making 24, each gets 8, after which no matter how many join and then divide their stocks, the shares remain 8, but if any number is experimented with, even if the fish could be chopped up, it resolves itself into an odd compli-

WEARY WILLIE PUZZLE,

Willie had traveled 72 miles and Dusty only 54 when they first met, so the distance from Joytown to Pleasantville was 126 miles.

ANSWER TO EASTER MORN.

In this pretty puzzle, which, as ham, which disposed of twenty- may be seen, is closely allied to the Red Cross problem, there are to be

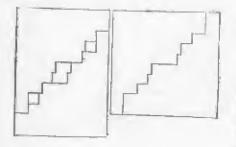


ANSWER TO THE MESSEN-GER BOYS PUZZLE.

It will be found that Harry started with 30 cents and Jimmy 48, and at one time had doubled his pile to 60, which left Jimmy with 18, who then plunged and had coins according to their size, 3,840 36. It behooved Harry, therefore, x24 gives 92,160 as the correct anto return Jimmy just 12 cents.

ANSWER TO CHINESE PUZ-ZLE

The following diagrams show the manner of cutting the prisoner's board into two pieces which can be 56 bunches of yellow and the other fitted together so as to form a perfect square. The ingenious trick which was referred to as making it difficult to locate the exact position of the openings turns upon the odd nitches which were hidden by his head.



UNCLE SAM'S FOB-CHAIN PUZZLE.

Mathematicians and puzzlists who revel in the mysteries of permutations and possible combinations, have computed that no less than 92,160 different job chains could be made from four coins and the pendant eagle, so that no two could be exactly alike.

It is evident that the large coin could be suspended from any one of the five holes, and with either side toward you, which would make ten possible changes. As the five-

cent piece can be placed in eight positions, these two alone would represent eighty combinations, which, multiplied by the six positions of the cent piece, and again by the four changes of the dime. and by two positions of the eagle, would show that in the order of size in which they are now strung there could be 3,840 changes made. as there are twenty-four different strings of coins to be made, by merely changing the order of the swer to the puzzle.

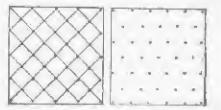
BANANA FUZZLE.

The amount of money was 336 shillings. This would buy 48 bunches each of red and vellow, 96 in all, but 168 shillings would buy 168 would buy 42 bunches of red, 98 in all. The difference between three-sevenths and one-half which is one-fourteenth is an amount which would buy two more at three shillings than it would at four, which amount is twenty-four shill-

Therefore, if one-fourteenth of the money is 24 shillings, the whole amount must be 336 shillings.

THE INQUISITIVE CHILD Said because It is past your age.

Referring to the problem of Martha's Vineyard, wherein it was required to tell how many grape vines, not closer than nine feet apart, can be set out in a square plot just one-sixteenth of an acre in size, it may be assumed that all hands found that the plot would not be large enough to get more than 36 vines in the regular rows. By drawing a line on the bias, from one corner to another, and crossing and paralleling the same, it will be found that 41 vines can be planted. a little over nine feet apart, and well within the fence line, while on the other hand, to plant the first of the young roosters are sold to row of six vines on the base line, maintain the ratio of 10 to 2. and a second row 7.77 feet above with but five vines, and the next be found that the first leg of with six, etc., arranged upon the the triangle was sailed in 80 min-



COUNTING CHICKENS,

People who count their chickens before they are hatched are so reckless with figures that it was to be expected that out of the many answers received to that poultry problem very few of them would have seen the young couple through their wedding expenses, to say nothing about the \$3,000 mortgage which had to be met on the third year. To show, however, that their calculations were all right, we will explain that Claude started off with twelve chickens, of which ten were hens, so that with the spring came ten broads of a dozen little chicks, half of which being hens, he would have now altogether seventy hens and sixtytwo gentleman chickens. He would sell off forty-eight broilers, so as to always keep the same ratio of the sexes. The second spring he would have seventy broods of a dozen each, which would add 420 hens to his poultry yard and give him 336 broilers to sell for household expenses. He would then have 490 hens and 98 roosters, so with the next hatching of 5,880 plus 490 hens and 98 roosters he would have the required 6,468 wherewith to pay off the mortgage.

It will be seen that twelve eggs represents the number furnished by each hen, and that at each hatching the number of male and female little chicks are equal, and enough

IN THAT YACHT RACE it will pattern of an equilateral triangle, utes, the second in 90 and the last we could plant but thirty-nine vines. in 160, making in all five and a half

hours; so if the boats started at 9 equal 1.732 cubic feet, which, at SOLUTION TO MARBLE PUZminutes past 10, the race finished the rate of \$5 per cubic foot, would at 3:40.

SOLUTION TO DIRECTOR'S PUZZLE.

stock.

DROP LETTER PUZZLE, "To be wroth with one we love, doth work like guadaesa in the braid."

THE EXPRESS PUZZLE.

The answer to this paradoxical problem is the shortest reply to the many correspondents who claim that it is impossible of solution.

It was told that the belle of the Mining Camp had received two square boxes by express. One of the boxes is visible and the other is concealed in the wagon; but we are told that they are both perfectly square and that one is just twice as high as the other. It was by the road, of course, was 3,000 further explained that the expressman wished to collect according to the cubical contents of the boxes, but that the miners objected and proposed paying according to the length of the boxes per running foot.

The expressman had demanded the rate of \$5 per cubic foot, and when he compromised and accepted \$5 per running foot it was discovered that there was not the thousandth part of a cent difference in the two ways of charging. Hence the question of the puzzle: What were the sizes of the two boxes?

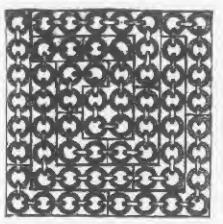
The larger box must be 13,856 inches square and the smaller one is 6.928 inches wide. The two together would measure 20,784 inches, which at \$5 per running foot would amount to \$8.66. We then ascertain that the two boxes would contain 2.992 cubic inches, which

also amount to \$3.66.

the reapers who cut a swath round The difference in interest at 6 and round a square field until half per cent, and 71-2 per cent, on the crop was gathered, I find that \$4,000,000 is \$60,000, which is they had a simple rule which can equal to 1 per cent, on the common be applied practically without any stock. Therefore there must have knowledge of mathematics. They been \$6,000,000 worth of common said that "one-quarter the difference between a short cut cross lots, and round by the road, gave the width of the strip round the lot which took half the field." All of which requires a little explanation to make clear to mathematicians, who will understand it better when we say; from the sunt of the two sides substract the diagonal and divide the remainder by 4.

The field was 2,000 yards long by 1,000 wide, so by the aid of a tape line the farmers found that diagonal line, cross lots, from one corner to another, was a little over 2,236 yards, while to go "round" little less than 764 yards. Onequarter of which would be just a ittle shy of 191 yards. So the honest farmers staked off a swath all round the field that width (190,-9831) and found that it gave to each an equal share of the crop.

ENDUESS CHAIN PUZZLE.



CONCEALED GEOGRAPHY: Ventee, Corinch, Malta, Newark, Salamanca, Rullier, Palmyra, Serlingapatant, Bethjalda, Missolonghl, Chica, Rome, Athena, Hanover, Stow. Vecous, Geneva, Gerham, Athol, Normandy, Chester, Colorado, Ebro, Rhine and Rhone.

ZLE.

The number of marbles which In that interesting problem of Harry had left is one-fifth of the whole number or two-fifths of his original number. The original number increased by twenty is sixfifths and twenty is one-fifth of the original number. Therefore, each of the boys must have started with just one hundred marbles,

THE BATTLE OF HASTINGS PUZZLE..

There seems to be such a unanimity of opinion among our historian puzzlists regarding the numher of men in the eventful battle of Hastings, which occurred Oct, 14, 1066, that I am inclined to accept their account of the deployment of troops as being correct. They estimate that Harold had thirteen squares of 180 men on each side, which would give 180x180x 13=421,200 men. This number, with Harold added, would form yards, so the difference would be a one great square with 649 men on the sides. Just how many men William of Normandy must have had in his army, to rout them as he did, might readily be shown in the same way.

> It may be of interest to mention that a square number is a number produced by the multiplication of any number into itself: Thus 4 multiplied by 4 is equal to 16, and 16 is consequently a square number, 4 being the square root from which it springs. The extraction of the square root of any number takes some time, and after all your labor you may perhaps find that the number is not a square number. To save this trouble, it is worth knowing that every square number ends either with 1, 4, 5, 6 or 9, or with two ciphers, preceded by one of these numbers.

Another property of a square number well worth mentioning is that if it be divided by 4, the re-

the square of 5 is 25, and divided be just two-thirds of a shilling. by 4 leaves a remainder of 1; and, again, 16 being a square number, can be divided by 4 without having a remainder. It must be understood, however, that whereas square numbers show that peculiarity, other numbers, like 20 or 21, etc., are not square numbers, atthough divisible by 4, etc.

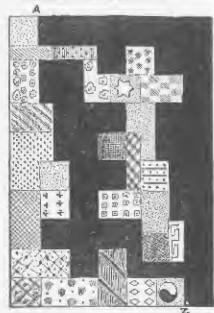
SOLUTION TO CHICKEN PUZZLE.

Josiah and Matiah must have had 300 chickens, with feed enough to last sixty days.

Multiplying 300 by 60 gives the number of individual daily chicken meals as 18,000. Should Mariah's suggestion be followed, and 75 chickens sold off, then 225 divided into 18,000 shows that the feed would last 80 days, whereas if Josiah purchased a hundred extra fowl, 400 divided into 18,000 gives 45 as the number of days the stock would last.

PUZZLELAND MOTHER GOOSE, Twice I equals 8, and 20 equals 28, so it one-seventh, the four dead once, remained.

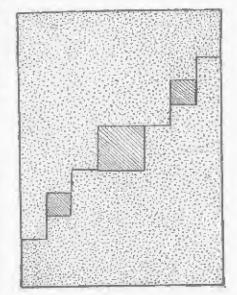
the rest flew twoy. CHARATES, Sunlight, Looking Glass, PUZZLELAND cutting puzzles.



Cut on line from A to 2 THAT LOBSTER PROBLEM.

Lobsters are first sold for eight shillings a dozen, which would be the same as forty-eight shillings for six dozen, or thirty-two shillings for four dozen, as stated. Therefore, whether we are talking English or United States money,

mainder, if any, will be 1. Thus, the cost of a single lobster would



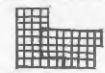
SUBSTITUTION FUZZLE, Carlek.

IN PUZZUJELAND shows 31 Triangles. The answer to Solomon's Sent is given in Ancient directo,

SOLUTION TO ENGINEER'S PUZZLE.

From the engineer's statement, we learn that had he gone 50 miles at full speed, instead of at threelittle speed, he would have saved 40 minutes. He could have gone 83 1-3 miles at full speed in the same time that it required to go 50 miles at three-fifths speed. Thus be would have saved 33 1-3 miles. If at the same time he saves 40 minutes, then 33 1-3 divided into 40 gives 1 1-5 minutes as his time per mile going at full speed. It is clear that, being reduced to threefifths of his speed, he would lose four-fifths of a minute every mile. and therefore would have to go 150 miles to lose 2 hours. Thus he went 50 miles at full speed and 150 miles at three-fifths speed, and his entire rim was 200 miles.

CHARADE, CARMINE, Puzzieland Gingorbread cuta:

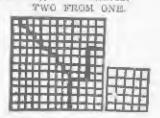


MIXED TEA PUZZLE.

If the Chinese merchant gave his customers a square deal he must have used 30 pounds of the five "bit" tea and 10 pounds of the three "bit" in his forty pounds of mixture, which sold at six "bits" per pound. The cost price being 180 "bits" and the selling price 240 "bits," he gained 33 1-3 per cent.

CHARADE IS HATEGN. CHARADES Old Maide, Shoolyards. ANSWER TO STAGE PUZ-

From the hotel to the wayhouse was 6 miles and from there to Piketown 3 more, so, if the traveler took the stage to the wayhouse and then walked to Piketown he would beat the stage 15 minutes.

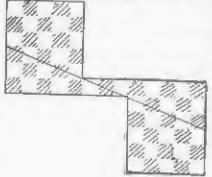


THE MATHEMATICAL MILKMAN started with five and a half gallons of water in Can No. 1, and two and a half gallons of milk in Can-No. 2, after the manipulations discribed he had three gallous of water and one gallon of milk in Can No. 1 and one and a half gallons of milk and two and a half gallons of water in Can No. 2. In the second proposition the first mixture is 40 to one and the second one to 40.

ANSWER TO MILK PUZZLE, The milkman delivered altogettier 871/2 quarts of pure milk to his customers. Street No. 1 received 32 quarts; No. 2, 24 quarts; No. 3, 18 quarts, and the last street only 13 quarts and a pint.

PUZZLELAND CHESS BOARDS.





In the Xmas "Zoo" parzle there are 108 different animals!

In the educated cat puzzle, the words are: Spackling, spacking, sparing, spring, spring, pring ple, pr. I.

The complimentary relus which the old beau seat to the young lady reads; A chin well rounded is a charming feature.

In that silbnuette puzzle of the cherker players: The 7th is the French georlaman from Dunkirk, the 15th a Scotchman from Durelee and the 15th is from Dundalk, fre-

Here is the way of cutting the checkered pattern in two pieces which will fit together so ne to form a square:

Here is the 32 squared checker hoard on which the regular game may be played:



Here is the abortest possible game of

concensed in a				
z. 24 to go.	I,	14	10	16.
2. 28 to 24.	20.	9	t in	13-
J. 22 to 10.	3.	11	10	Tife
4. 21 to 17.	4.	24	60	2 B.
5. Ty fo 15.	5.	5	50	9
6. 36 to 32.	6.	7	LU	1.2.
7. 23 10 19.	7.	3	to	7.
B. ao to a6.	8.	7	tio	II.
	p.	II	To	bag.
10. 10 10 46.	ID.	- 1	40	54
11. 12 10 18.	TE.	4	10	7.
12. 26 to 22.	14.	2	10	ti wins
Harris Street at 1		- 1		

Regarding the value of the letters of T. Owen, just number them consecutively Ti, Oz, W3, E3, and No: then the T W and O are worth 6. TEN equals ten. NONE is worth 16, while a TON amounts

In the Nomination Puzzle Taft jumps Knox, Juliuses, LaFollette and Cannon in succession. Gray jumps Fairbanks. Hughes Jumps Bryan. Cray jumps Hughes and Taft tumins to the centure.

Here is the answer to the Presidential Puezle, which is a wominefully distinute



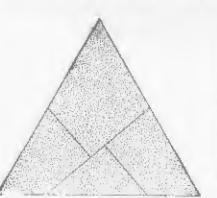
Decapitations.—1. M-abel. z. M-anns. 3. R-least. 4. C-hip. 5. H-air. 6. S-hovel. 2. F-rock. 3. C-lock. 9. S-pool. 19. S-kate. 11. M-arch. 12. H-arbor. 13. B-ear. 14. W-beel. 15. H-efm. 16. H-earth. 17. H-acc. 18. S-hop. 19. H-owl. 20. M-adder. 21. P-lane. 22. 1,-ash. 23. M-ark. 24. S-table. 25. S-trap.
A lurred proverb says: A rolling stone

be spelled 14,400 different ways, and in the second puzzle the name can be spelled 4,624

Coule Geography: 1. Wales, 2. Ite-land, 2. Child 2. Hungary, 5. Poland, 6. Finland, 7. Siefly, 8. Tuecany, 9. Turkey, 10. Greece, 11. Barbary, 12. When he gold to have Golnes, 13. Heronse it is Dublin every year. 14. The city of Rhouns, 15. Rosen, 16. Berne, 17. Nuousmatical Partie.—Calcutta.

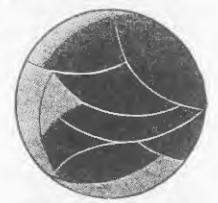
In Jungle arithmetic a munkey or cencodife is worth \$r. An elephant is worth one and puc-third dollars, so het cost five and one-third dollars.

In Puzzleland we cut the triangular into four pieces to form a square, as follows:





ifore is the way to fit the can spots to-



THE HOTANICAL TREE-TICE. c. The Tea tree, a Hop vine. 23. Hound, 24. Lime. 25. Linden.

	Der	20,	DOX.
5.	India-rubber.	22.	Dogwood
ń.	Bay.	zK.	Aspen.
	Pine.		Hose.
Н,	Yew (You, not I).	30.	Sine.
	Fig.		Plane.
þ.	Date.		Tulip.
	Bann	33.	Spruce.
	T7		

14. Tiller-tree or Indea. eim (beim). Peach. Sveniegie. Bon Chretien 37. Sautherawa 38. Ivy. 39. Scrub esk. Sauthernwood Broom.

Cypress. Mightsbode 40. Rurning bush-Breadfruit. 4t. Hocci. 21. Orange. 22. Olive (O-live). qu, Lilan.

GEOGRAPHICAL REBUSES. Concord, Madagascar, Marblebead and SOLUTION TO TROLLEY PUZZLE

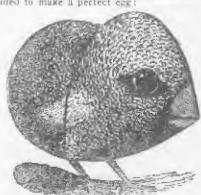
Charley Smalleash and his best girl could trolley three times as fast as they could walk. Therefore, there quasiers of their outing time was spent to walking, and but one-quarter in riding, since they had to walk back. They tode for two hours, uning its miles, and walked back in six hours, thus consuming their eight hours.

Ou that "no smoking allowed" sign we read the wrichs mase, many noon, no, our, and, don, noone, ople, owed, aled, smell, make, smile, onl, due, singe, alon, singe, singe, alon, singe, sticke, emile, soil, singe, slinge, skin, stow, saw, saw, sawe, solled, soil, stow, mill, mile, sured, mire, mood, old, male, me, mad, mrw, singled, slow, sule, skill, do, single, soil, and, il., glowart, gibe, skill, do, single, soil, and, il., glowart, gibe, salled, gad, God, gale, knew, awe, mill, we, west, mingled, and many others.

The Perfect Numbers below ro, one of 28, 496, and 5128,
The precedual little chicken were one

The precocious little chicken gets one worm out of every thirty-six. Papa keeps twenty-four, the mannin kerps aix and gives aix to the sixteen chicks; but as that linde broller is equal to three, he represents threealghteenths of six, which equals one.

Here is the way the little chicken in divided to make a perfect eag:



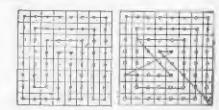
ANSWER TO THE CRAZY CLOCK OF ZURICH.

It calls for a very presty bit of calculation to prove that if the hands of a clock are storted at 6 o'clock, with the hour hand thoming upon the pinion of the minute hand, as explained in the story of the crazy clock of Zurich, that the dial will show the correct time of the day at a minutes, 27 and 3-17th seconds past 7. The problem yields readily to mathematics after one has mastered the principle upon which it is hased, but it would be a difficult, if not impossible, task to obtain a correct answer by experimenting with a watch, according to the method which naturally anguests itself.

In regard to that freak hill in the Washington store window, it may be explained that the face of a bill is the provise to pay; the back of a bill—like the curl in a pig's tail—is purely for armamental purposes, Not unfrequently a person gives a note and afterward gets wikitional loans until the paper becomes covered with promises in pay. The government has ruled that there are two propries to pay on the bill in question, and has offered to pay both the twenty-dellar and ten-dollar claims.

Some good advice by the Bishop of Oxford says: Watch over your heart to keep

Peter the Postman followed the following



The first shows Peter's trip in 16 moves; one move may be saved by going on the blas as Blustrated in the

Regarding the puzzle of the chess playing colonel, it will be found that the Fifth Regi-ment, which received but 30 men per week, while the others recruited too, will be passed by the other ninetoen regiments; the chess player will have 1370 men in his regiment, and we find that it will require eighteen more weeks, gaining 30 each week, to bring his quota above the 1.900 now required; so az weeka, with 1,910 men, will be found to is the correct answer

In Puzzieland, Christopher Columbus's fa-mous chicken luid the reggs as here shown; It is possible to mark oll the piece eggs in four lines, tlass :





Three charades: Sackbut, Locket and Sun-SOLUTION TO WINE PUZZLE.

The wine uriginally cost 798 francs, so to gain 5 per cent, the merchant must receive so when madame and the butler each receive 5 per cent. discount the metchant will get

THE MOONSHINERS first filled both measures with cider, then emptied the citler barrel into the keg. Empty both measures back into the cider barrel and pour two more gallons from keg to cider barrel. Now measure two gallons of apple-jack into the keg and fill both measures divides the flag in two pieces, as with that mixture, leaving 1 and 9-17 of apple-jack in the mixture. Fill up the tub from the cider barrel and it will contain a mixture of 16 times as much eider as apple-jack.

In that trading chickens puzzle it is plain to any farmer that a caw is worth twenty-five chickens, and a borne is worth sixty. They must have already selected five horses and seven cows, worth 475 chickens, and that as they had just enough to trade for seven more cows, they had 175 chickens left. which would make 650 in all

ANSWER TO THE WATCH CONUNDRUM.

The moral which grandmother wished to inculcate by saying that the watch should always remind us to be modest is that "it runs down its own works and keeps its hands before its face."

TWO OLD-STYLE REBUSES.

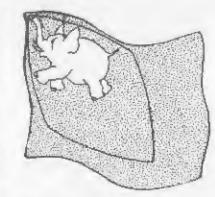
First be sure you are right then go ahead. Where there is a will there is a

THE FIVE WHIST TABLES.

end of each game, while the young folks move down one table in the opposite direction. By this plan, on the first round, we would have: First round-Table 1, Mr. and Mrs. S. vs. T. and N.; table 2, Mr. and Mrs. J. vs. H. and D.; table 3, Mr. and Mrs. B. vs. G. and M.; table 4, Mr. and Mrs. C. vs. P. and K.; table 5, Mr. and Mrs. W. vs. C. and B. On the second round Mr. and Mrs. S. move to table 2, Mr. and Mrs. J. to table 3, Mr. and Mrs. B. to table 4, Mr. pole. In Puzzleland the Princess divide one and Mrs. C. to table 5, and Mr. square into six as follows; and Mrs. W., who were at table 5, go round to table 1. The young couples go in opposite directions. T. and N. go to table 5, H. and D. go up to table I, G. and M. go to table 2, P. and K. go to table 3, and C, and B. go to table 4. On the third round the same changes 837.90. He now charges madame 931 francs. are repeated, so that at the end of the fifth round no player has played twice at the same table, and the married couples have competed against every one of the single

That foraging trick was very simple for the boys. They first filled the 3, then pour the 3 into the 5; fill the 3 once more from the keg and pour out the 5, which leaves one

In Puzzleland, the King of Siam shown, and turns the diamondshaped piece around:



The Princess commences at No. 15 to 16, 12, 11, 10, 14, 15, 9, 5, 1, 2, 6, 7, 8, 4, 3 and to the heart.

The charade is Peacock.

IN THE PALMISTRY PUZZLE. The gypsy queen earned \$2.25 the first week, as it had to be a sum less than three dollars, made up of quarters divisible by Then on the second week she made 75 cents and only 25 cents the third week, making \$3.25 in all.

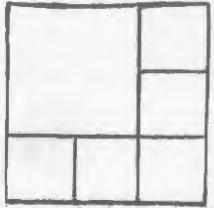
the problem is for the married as written the owl's wise remark can ter the distance around the flag. The

couples to move up one table at the be read ten different ways.

The Baron's frogs can form a pyramid in 516 jumps.

The charades are: Support and a

IN THE CARRYING PUZZLE. The length of pole, four feet, is divided by the point from which the donkey was suspended in the same ratio as the respective weights they sustained. Mechanically, this point compares to the folcrum of a lever and the longer arm has a greater power and consequently a lesser strain than the shorter end, in the same proportion as their lengths, taken inversely. Since the boy carried 15 pounds, which is 95-220th of the whole weight, the donkey must be suspended at a point 27 3-11ths inches from his shoulder, which is 125-220ths of the length of the



King Puzzle Pate shows how to pr 16 even rows, which is the same as abown in Abbet Hawker' Puzzle. The second propoalsion of this puzzle produces 18 rows by removing the four center coins.



Here is the answer to the Plimsoll puzzle:



ANSWER TO DANISH FLAG PUZZLE.

In the puzzle of the rectangular Danish flag, of five feet wide by seven and a half long, the problem was to find a simple rule for giving the width of the white cross which takes up exactly one-half of the

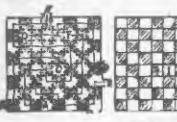
There are many ways of solving this puzzle mathematically, but for simplicity's sake, I should tell the poor Danish sailors, who know nothing about square root, to subtract The rule which readily solves In Puzzleland, the King tells that one-half the diagonal from one-quardistance around the flag being exactly 25 feet, and the diagonal being 9,01388, we must take 4,50694 from 6.25 to find that 1,74306 in fact gives the breadth of the cross.

TRADING IN PUZZLELAND.

Farmer Jones started with 719 (or additions thereto of 780) melons, which by being disposed of according to program shows that he received for all \$50. Tominy Riddles had two piles, of 130 and \$60, which he rebuilt into one large pyramid of 680. Charades: Horseradish, Simpleton and Barguin.

Substitution Puzzle: Agile Monkeys, in Puzzleland Tower of London.

Here is the answer to one of the London Tower puzzles and the Boy's Checkerboard:



Here is the way to arrange Tron Quixote's windmill. Sancho travelled exacily 600 feet before he came to a rest.



In the Puzzleland races, the odds would be 11 to 4 against the giraffe. In the second puzzle the giraffe should beat the hippo by 23-64ths of a mile.

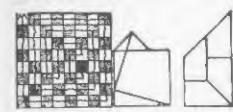
The puzzles of our grand-daddies say: Peace, to be sure, requires justice, and, Be not too wise nor overwise, for if you be, you see how like an idiot you be.

The charades are: Blunderbuss, invalid and maidstone.

IN THE GRAIN PUZZLE.

The landlord was estitled to 33 1-3 dol-lars worth of the crop, since the tenant took \$50 worth as his 3-5 share of the whole. Similar quantities of wheat and tye being valued respectively at \$50 and \$37.25, and the further fact that 13 bushels of wheat were worth \$8 more than 8 bushels of reproves wheat to have been worth \$1 and 170 for 170 for

Here is the Tallor's problem, the Remnant Puzzle, and one of the London Tower problems:



The charades are: Aspire and steelyards.

In the watermelon problem, some boys would say; Frank should get back his 30 cents and Charlie 15; then they get their feast for nothing. Brainy mathematicians would try to coorince the hoys that Frank owned 30-48 of the melon, and Saminy 18-48; and as Billy bought 16-48. Frank wold rand and Sammy but 3-65, and as he got three times what his part cost, Frank should receive an cents and Sammy 6 cents. This is the answer given in the books, but just listen to what Sammy says is the correct answer; We bought the melon for 46 cents and unloaded on the guy 1-3 for the coat of the whole, so we each took back our origi-nal money. Now Sammy owns 18-45 of the remainder, which is 12-48 of a whole melon, and Frank owns 30-45 of the remainder, which is ac-48 of a melon, and as Sammy must now huy 4-48 to eat one-half, he pays Frank 4 cents and has 14 cents left, and Frank 34 cents. The error of the popular solution consists in permitting Frank to unload that t-is upon Sastony at a profit instead of at cost. Samuey was no guy!

In the puxile of the young stenographer's salary, she gained \$12.50 the first year, but after that lones atcadily. Some puzzleists fall into the error of adding the whole of each raise in a lump sum at the end of every six months, whereas the salary was raised each time to a yearly basis of \$35 better, which is only an improvement of State every six months. Of course, a raiso of \$100 per year would give the clerk in five years, \$600 plus \$700 plus \$500 plus \$600, plus \$1,000, equaling \$4,000. Instead of which the clerk loses \$417.50 by her own plan, as follows :

	hanis.
First six months\$300.00	\$500
	605
	654
Fourth six months 337.30	675
Fifth six months 150.00	700
Sixth six morethe 36a.50	725
Seventh six months 375.00	750
Eighth six months 387-50	773
Minth six months 400.00	800
Tenth six months 413-50	1125

CHARADE: SURFACE,

IN THE PARTNERSHIP PUZZLE.

We must assume that Robleson was getting his money's worth when he paid \$3,300 for a third interest in the firm of Brown and Jones. Therefore the firm stock was worth \$7,500, before Robinson entered. Brown owning one and one-half as much interest as Jones, possessed a \$4,500 interest, and Jones \$3,000. Robinson's \$2,500 was to be divided so that each of the three partners abould have an equal interest, or \$2,500 invesjed. Therefore Brown received \$2,000 of Robinson's purchase money and Jones received \$500.

In this story of the return trip of the farmer with a fox, a goose, and some corn, who had such trouble and tribulation in crossing.

Now, as a bright little miss of Grammar School No. 7 says, "If a fox can carry but three ears at a time, he could take but one ear of corn each trip, for that would make three ears with the two ears of his head, so he must cross twenty-three times, which, with the one other trip he made in the morning, will make two dozen times the fox has crossed the river in one day."

What poet is like a sly piece of bacon? Cunningham,

When did Job call nicknames? When he said "Bildad."

Did Jonah cry when the whale swallowed him? He thought he was going to blub-er, but he didn't.

When is roast beef most valuable? When it's very rare.

What is that which every one likes to have, and to get rid of as soon as possible after he gets it?

If you should lose your nose, what kind of a one would you get? The firsts one that turned up.

Why is a weathercook like ambition? Because it is often vain (vane) to aspire (a spire).

Why is a turk like a violin belonging to an inn? He is an infidel (inn fiddle).

Why is a used-up horse like a bad play? He is likely to have a good

Why is a cricket on the hearth like a soldier in a battle? He faces

Why should a brigadier general, with his troops, be able to cross any river? Because there is a bridge in every brigade.

To what port was Heary VIII. bound when he sought a divorce from his wife? Havannah (have anna).

If the earth were annihilated, why would it be a pleasant pastime to make it again? It would be re-

What is it you keep after giving it to another? Your word.

What is that which makes every person sick except the one that swallowed it? Flattery.

If I shoot at three pigeons on a tree and kill one, how many will remain? The dead one; the others will fly away.

What town in Asia is a fit residence for a wild beast? Aden.

When does the weather show a good disposition? When it's mild (it smiled).

Why is a drummer the greatest person of the times? Because time beats all men, and the drummer beats time.

When is a sewing machine a very great comfort? When it is used to sew lace (solace).

When does the weather resemble a lawyer? When it's a-mining (arraigning).

Why is a passenger by the 12.50 train very likely to be late? It will be ten to one if he catches it.

The answer to the puzzle of the Graces and Muses necessitate that each of the three Graces had 144 apples, and every one of the nine Muses 48 flowers. Then let each of the Graces give a dozen apples to every Muse, and let every Muse give 4 flowers, one of each hue, to each of the Graces, and it will be found that every Grace and Muse has three dozen apples and three dozen flowers, and that the flowers being nine of each color, their stores are all just alike.

This feature of the problem is not a catch, but was evidently intended as that part of the mystery which interested Euclid and Archimedes, and which has made the legend so famous.

THE COURIER AND ARMY. Following the rule for solving puzzles of this kind, which is to multiply the length of the army by its length; then divide by 2 and the square root multiplied by 2 and added to the length of army will give the answer, we find that the courier travels a little over 120 miles.

In the second proposition the courier would have to travel a little over 209 miles.

THE COIN PUZZLE shows the first boy got a 50-cent piece, the next two 2-cent pieces, and the last a 2cent piece and 2 cents.

ANSWER TO INVESTMENT PUZZLE. One-fourth of Mrs. Smith's money, or observed the problem of their combined funds would buy that shally grove and babiling brook. The other six-savenths of the grove, must have been \$831.25,

ANSWER TO APPLE PUZZLE.

After writing out the various ways in which the apples might have been distributed among the boys, based upon the numbers their sisters had received, it will be found that but one combination will work out the required total of 32 apples.

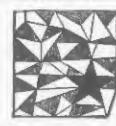
Ann Jones and her brother Bill received together 4 apples; May Robinson and her brother Jack received 10; Jane Smith and brother Ned were given 6, while Kate Brown and brother Tom got 17.

WILLIAM TELL shot two No. 11s and six No. 13s. The shadow of the net stake where William stands in just half as long as the stake, and as shadows show the same ratio at the same hour, that 35-yard shadow would prove the pole to be 310 feet

WHITTINGTON'S CAT went from A to 4-C-I-Y-2 B-6X3 and Z.

It took six seconds to strike six; so the intervals were one and onefifth seconds; therefore cleven times One and a fifth would be thirteen and one-fifth seconds.

THE LOST STAR was found here:



This the way the elephant ran!



COMING TO TOWN Aunt Cynthia tells me that they started out with \$29, and that Reuben paid \$8.50 for his suit and \$6.50 for his hat. She gave \$8.50 for a hat and \$5.50 for a dress. Therefore if Renben had bought a \$6 hat and she a \$9 hat, her's would have cost half as much more than this, and they would each have spent \$14.50.

THE ODES AND EVENS puzzle is solved by the man on the lence taking an old-rash-losed 33 gold piece and giving each boy a 25 and a 5 creet piece.

ANSWER TO ANNUITY PUZZLE The three daughters together received 135 per annum. The first year, Phoste, the sidest, was ten years of age, Martha, sight, and Mary Ann two. They received respectively 117.5, 114 and 25.50. Five years later, when the first payment was dis, their combined ages amounted to thirty-five. Phoche received 15, which was one-seventh less than size first received. Martha received 213, being one dollar less than her first payment, while Mary Ann got 7—or double her first share.

The first whiat problem to solved by Bouth leading diamond 5, to which North Chemarks spade ace, after which it is plate salling. In the sacond problem South leads heart, 7 and North disparch diamond are. South leads spade 5. North takes and leads club 2, etc., ste

In the Billiard Problem, bit the nearest ushion fourteen inches from the end rail.

The Chess Problem is solved by R. to Rt. 1.

Byron's Enigne was the letter L.

ANSWER TO REAPER'S PROBLEM.

In that problem of the three respers, Hencould have done the work in 12 and 12-29 days, and Bill would have required 48 days, while if they both worked together they could complete it in 8 and 62-72 days.

Jake, who rould do the job in 6 days, is evidently worth ten shillings per day, so be gets 50 shillings for the five days. Hen, whee should have received 49 shillings and 3 shillings and 9 peace less, as that was given to Bill, which establishes his ratters, so that it would take thin 48 days to save 90 shillings.

OLD STYLE REBUS: Time and Tide wait

In that square word puzzle each word can be spelled four ways. In the little girl's magic square the placed a figure 4 is each corner and an 8 in each of the other five, so that 15 can be added ten ways.

ANSWER TO CHARLITY PUZZIAN
This problem is resultly solved by the elever
puzzian method of working hackwards. If she
had I send lef lafter giving 5 couls more
than had a the sensition, then it is clear
that she thust have had 8 cents prior in reakleg her last doubtlos. To the sensend applicent she gave I cents more than half of what
after the third has half of sense
Turrefore, which has next the sensend languar
the state that first all for application when has next the sensend languar
the gave I cent more than half of her money
—leaving 20 sente—she just have find 42
cents. ANSWER TO CHARLEY PURRLE.

SOLUTION TO JACK SPRATT PUZZLE. It is easie to assume that Juck will not fought the fat me long as there is any beam left, and that Mrs. Eppart will take a like course with reference to the lean. Now, Jack's capacity for lear 13 % minus 1-30, or 1.30 of a barrel per week, he that he can eat the lean take of the barrel for work will eat 7-12 lear 1-8 of 5-12 of a barrel of fat. At the end of five weeks, therefore, there will be left just 1-12 of a barrel of fat, which will estime Mr. and Mrs. Spratt for two days. Thirredore, they will require just forty days to clean up the harrel of last been and half fat pork. SOLUTION TO JACK SPRATT PUZZLE

ANSWER TO TANDEM PRIZELY Harman contributed throe-quarters of the great for the dest third, or one-quarter of the motive power required for the entire pourcey of the gave possibility of the necessary query for the next querier, or one-twelfth of the form the next fitted of the entire of the form that of the pourcey he gave four-twelfths of the givent product for the entire into the next formal into tenting five-twelfths of the may florough the remining five-twelfths of the may florough into the whole, which, togglebe with his cantibutions of one-quarter and que-twelfth, makes up obe-half.

ANSWED TO PEANUT PREELE.
There were 1,921 peanute. The first boy received 225, then a girl 193, then 144 to the cent boy and to the little too 168, which left Acut Mary 521.

Catch the Christmas turkey in 13 plays by moving them from 33 to 36 In the puzzlu take the turkey in the foliawing 24 moves: 6, 52, 14, 15, 8, 9, 16, 18, 10, 11, 42, 39, 31, 33, 25, 22, 45, 60, 6, 60, 60, 60, 2, 3, 7,

Accidental burials conesal the tollowing words; I. Stag. 2, Suw, tued, 3, Scal, sea, Hon, hare 4, Rhone, Po, cow, ase, rat, 5, Hon, hen. 6, Asa. 7, Shail, 8, Cat. 9, Rat. 10, Hun. 11, Asp, reading, cont. 12, Fice, cmu. 13, Ass, moth, fish. 14, Lion, hind, Dan. 15, Ant, ant. 16 Ast, hen. bare, hare, ant, roo, cow, cot, man, tar, Sam, doe, rat, 12 Fice, emu. 13. Are, muth, firsh. 14,

SOLUTION TO AUTOMOBILE PURELE, The everage speed for the first two hours was 67% miles per hour, for the last two bours, in the fact, for the last two bours, 52 miles, in the hours or Pamiles in one hour.

Home the distance amonglished in the first hour was 71% miles, in the hound 68%, in the third 68%, and in the fourth 48% miles.

ANSWER TO A NAUTICAL PUZZLE



Concerning Guagelhelm's two turkeys, which together weighed twenty pounds it can be proved that the larger bird weighed 10 pounds and the smaller 4 puunte.

The bookworm turns upon the fact that, as the books stand on the shelf, the bookworm has to here through two covers only, so it requires but two hours.

Thrice behead the word Nascent and it becomes ascent, scent and cent.

The spinster's age, plus one-half and one-third of her age, plus one-third of her age, plus nine years, equals 70 years, according to her reply to the communitation. Therefore, sleven-sixths of her age is equal to 01 years, and her age much be \$3.3-11 years.

In the workshop problem the paper-hanger charged \$200, the painter \$900, plumber \$800, alectrician \$300, carpenter \$3,000, and the mason \$2,300.

If there are sixteen players in the lawn tendis contest and the winner must then play with the last year's champion for the new champlonship, the chances are 31 to I against any one of the first players winning from the old champion,

Pat's answer to the volcano riddles was that the man was trying to get to the mouth of the cruter.

THE REAL ESTATE PUZZLE.

At the request of many correspondents, I will give a simple, common sense method of getting at the correct answer, which differs from the way others tackled it. According to the puzzle method of working backward, I should analyze it from the last payment by saving that final \$1,000 is 105 per cent of what sum of money? Dividing \$1,000 by 105 shows that \$952.3809 with 5 per cent interest would be the amount of the last payment. Going backward again to the previous payment we ask. what sum must \$1,952,3809 have been 105 per cent of? Divide again by 105, and we get \$1,859.4103. Add the other payment of \$1,000 and we get \$2,723.2479 as the previous amount. Add \$1,000 to make it \$3,723.2479, and another division carries it back to \$3,545.9503. Add \$1,000 once more and another division will give \$4,329,4764 as the balance to bear interest, after the first \$1,000 payment, so \$5,329,4764 was the actual value received for the property, because that sum drawing interest at 5 per cent would just meet the six \$1,000 payments, according to agreement.

ANSWER TO PEDDLER'S PUZZLE.

The old lady who bought some abovstrings, four times as many papers of pins and eight times as many handkerchiefs, puring as many penules for each article as she hought number of that article, and expanding \$3.24, must have purchased two shoe-strings, eight papers of pine and sixteen bandkerchiefs.

Solution of Games of the East.

There are 216 p ossible variation in the way three dice may fall, of which 42 foot up seven or eleven. Therefore the chances are 42 out of 216 in throwing seven or eleven.

ANSWER TO INSTALMENT PUZ-ZLE.

As the terms of the furniture pur-chase call for a cash payment of \$5 to begin with, the layer thus has to de-chie between an additional \$60 cash payment or fourteen has allments of \$5 each, so let us see how long she has the use of the money. She has \$60 for one month, \$55 for the next, \$45 for the next, \$45 for the next, then \$40, \$35, \$30, \$25, \$20, \$15, \$10, and \$5, making in all \$380 for one month, for the use of which she pays \$10, which would be at the rate of \$120 a year, which is paying 30.769+ per cent.

The remnant puzzle cut is as follows:



The diamond cuts as follows:



In the race between the hare and the tortoise the length of the track makes no difference. The tortoise has ene-righth start, and has run 4.25 times as fast as the hare up to the time they meet, and as the hare has five-sixths yet to run 5x4.25 equals 21.25 as fast as he went before, but as the question said how much faster, and 20.25 faster is equal to 21.25 as fast, we will say that the answer should be 20.25 plus faster to win. It being clear that 20.25 would only the the race, he must go a little over to win.

HORSE

SIMPLE REPETITIONS.

The following words, when placed in the blank spaces, complete the sentences: Painted, cowslips, hasten, uscless, feather and sallving.

A CHAPTER OF ACCIDENTS.

following words in their given order: ed by the son's age, 1-2 of X plus 4, Not, sat, but, hat, cal, mat, rat, cat, vat, total 75-84 of X plus 9 years as equal fat, Pat, I, at.

A FISHING EXCURSION.

The names of the fish are: t. Star, 3. correct answer. Carp, 4. Pike, 5. Dog. 6. Cat, 7. Globe, . Dab, 9, Torpedo, 10, Sword, 11, Ray, 12, Sole, 13. Cod, 14. Bass, 15. Sturgeon, 16.

REMOVING A LETTER

SCREAM is the word from which the first letter may be removed to praduce a country product, again behend it, it leaves a quantity of paper,

SHAKESPEARE REBUS PUZZLE 'WHAT'S IN A NAME."

PERPLEXED PROFESSOR.

If five times six is 33-ten would naturally be 1-J of what Jo would be, viz:

REBUS PUZZLES.

The Soldier wrote to his Sweetheart: "I cannot bear to leave you" und she replied "All's well that ends well."

DOUBLE BEHEADINGS AND CURTAILMENTS.

1 Stable, 2 Stone, 3 Switch, 4 Swear, 5 Stare, 6 Trace, 7 Trail, 8 Twin, 9 Wheat, 10 About, 11 Brink, 12 Cleat, 14 Chill, 14 Smail, 15 Frank, 16 Shears, 17 Price, 18 Plate, 19 Place, 20 Start, 21 Strain, 22 Steam, 23 Spending, 24 Agate, 25 Preach.

CATTLE PUZZLE.

Farmer Jones originally paid \$150 for one cow and \$50 for the other. In selling he made 10% on one and lost 10% on the other, receiving \$210, or a gain of 5% on the transaction.

REBUS PUZZLE.

The Poet said "I think some wonderful thoughts" and the editor replied "You think you think."

GEOGRAPHICAL DROP-LETTER PUZZLES.

r Nashville-Ashville; a Croson-Croon; Abert- A Bet; 4 Tampa-Turna; 5 Pearl-Peal; 7 Tioga-Toga; 8 Virgil-Vigil; 9 Amboy-A Boy; 10 Bath-Bat; (and) Potter and Otter; it Buras-Urns; 12 Hume-Hum; 13 Rome-Roe; (and) Fine-Fin; 14 Wheeling-Heeling; 15 Orange-Rooge; 16 Maine-Mine; 17 Cuba Cub; 18 Hion-Lion; 10 France-Franc; 20 Olean-Lean; 21 Spain-Pain; 22 Salem Sale; 23 and 24 Volga-Olga; 25 Pike-Pie; 26 Islip-Slip; 27 Helena-Helen; 28 Nile-Nil; 29 Boone-Bone; 30 Ravena-Raven: 31 Cato-Cat; 32 Dover-Hornet minus Net plus Scal plus Arm plus Clock minus Alarm Clock equala— HORSE.

POLITICAL PUZZLE

The political hass spent 1-6 of his age, plus 1-12 of his age plus 1-7 of his age plus 5 years before his son was horn, Four years ago the son was 1-2 of his father's age, so today he must be 1-2 of his dad's age plus a years. Calling the father's age X, we have 1-6, 1-12 and 1-7 of X plus 5 years plus the years The blank spaces are filled by the since the son's birth, which is representto the father's present age, X. This equation gives the value of X, the "boss's" age as 84 years, which is the

PUZZLE SUMS.

Crow plus Heel minus Wheel plus Sold, 17. Sun, 18. Skate, 19. Perch, 20. Cod plus Rec plus file minus Beef equals -Crocodile.

ANSWERS TO PUZZLES ON PAGES 335 TO 339

RHYMING BIRDS

The following words complete the rhyming lines: Eagle, Raven, Owl, Bobolink and Robin.

THE SEA SERPENT PUZZLE.

There were three totally blind serpents and three with both eyes sound.

SHAKESPEARE'S REBUS PUZZLE. "All's Well that Ends Well."

CAT AND DOG PUZZLE.

In the Cat and Dog Puzzle, she goes "there and back" a distance of 162 feet in 54 Jumps, but as the dog gues 5 feet at a bound, he has to make 17 leaps each way, which is the same as losing 8 feet. Dividing the cat's 54 jumps by 8 and multiplying by 5, shows that the dog would be beaten by 1 foot 3 inches.

PICTURE SUMS.

Tap plus Bee plus Fir minus Beef equals TAPIR

A DOZEN LEGAL SEPARATIONS.

1 Pump-kin; 2 Rat-her; 3 Extertionate; 4 Per-verse; 5 End-ear; 6 Reinstate; 7 Pur-chase; 8 Aver-age; 9 Bargain; 10 Car-mine; 11 Hum-drum; 12 Cape-ring; 13 Bug-bear.

A BURIED PROVERB.

Tis a Long Lane that has no turning." Begone.

A PUZZLE TRAGEDY OF THE HIGH SEAS.

NINEVEH -- PARIS -- PALMYRA - SPARTA - THEBES - NAPLES - ANDOVER - DOVER-ATHENS - VERONA and ROME,

DOUBLE DECAPITATIONS.

Trills, Rilfs, Ills; Trout, rout, Out; Skill, Kill, Ill; Spray, Pray, Ray; Flit, Lit. It.

SHAKESPEARE'S REBUS PUZZLE. "TO BE OR NOT TO BE."

SKATER'S PUZZLE

Jennie amst have skated a mile in 4 minutes, to Mand's 10, being 21/2 times as quick, and allowing her to win by six

PUZZLE SUM.

Shark.

SIMPLE REPETITIONS.

The following words placed in the blank spaces complete the sense of the sentences in their given order:- T Reaten-be at ten; 2-Notable-not able; 3-Often-of ten: 4-Tomato-To ma: 5-Parentspa-rents; 6-Profit-able, Profitable; 7-Alter-native-alternative; 8-Hand-ledbandled; g-Abet-A-bet; to-About-A bout; 11-Useless-Use less; 12-Beg one-

DOUBLE DECAPITATIONS.

1 Spear, 2 Blink, 3 Scold, 4 Wheel, 5 Shark, 6 Snail, 7 Still, 8 Stone,

CONDUCTOR'S PUZZLE.

According to the suburbanite's reply to the conductor, the son, daughter, wife and husband are collectively 81 times the age of the daughter, and since their combined ages equal the grandmother's By years, the baby is one and the boy five years of age.

FIND YOUR PORTRAIT IN THE

The mirror held in a slanning position away from the gas reveals the portrait of a donkey.

THE PISTOL MATCH

The score of 96 containing three "doublets" was made by scoring twice Shawl minus awl plus Ark equals in the 25 ring, twice in the 20 and twice in the 3.

> The grey cow's soliloguy phonetically read may be translated as follows:

"I browze all day through lone wood or vale waiting for the sun's low rays to mark the hour the maid with her pail on her head leads the herd home by the gate."

KITTIE'S PUZZLE

Kittle had 7c and her brother Harry

